

Health and Nutrition

This section presents statistics on health expenditures and insurance coverage, including medicare and medicaid, medical personnel, hospitals, nursing homes and other care facilities, injuries, diseases, disability status, nutritional intake of the population, and food consumption. Summary statistics showing recent trends on health care and discussions of selected health issues are published annually by the U.S. National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) in *Health, United States*. Data on national health expenditures, medical costs, and insurance coverage are compiled by the U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) (formerly Health Care Financing Administration), and appear on the CMS Web site at <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe> and in the annual *Medicare and Medicaid Statistical Supplement to the Health Care Financing Review*. Statistics on health insurance are also collected by NCHS and are published in Series 10 of *Vital and Health Statistics*. U.S. Census Bureau also publishes data on utilization of insurance coverage. Statistics on hospitals are published annually by the Health Forum, L.L.C., an American Hospital Association Company, in *Hospital Statistics*. Primary sources for data on nutrition is the annual *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures*, issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. NCHS also conducts periodic surveys of nutrient levels in the population, including estimates of food and nutrient intake, overweight and obesity, hypercholesterolemia, hypertension, and clinical signs of malnutrition.

National health expenditures—CMS compiles estimates of national health expenditures (NHE) to measure spending for health care in the United States. The NHE accounts are structured to show spending by type of expenditure (i.e., hospital care, physician and clinical care, dental care, and other professional care; home health care; retail sales of prescription drugs; other medical nondurables; vision products and other medical

durables; nursing home care and other personal health expenditures; plus non-personal health expenditures for such items as public health, research, construction of medical facilities, administration, and the net cost of private health insurance) and by source of funding (e.g., private health insurance, out-of-pocket payments, and a range of public programs including medicare, medicaid, and those operated by the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA)).

Data used to estimate health expenditures come from existing sources, which are tabulated for other purposes. The type of expenditure estimates rely upon statistics produced by such groups as the American Hospital Association, the Census Bureau, and the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). Source of funding estimates are constructed using administrative and statistical records from the medicare and medicaid programs, the Department of Defense and VA medical programs, the Social Security Administration, Census Bureau's *Governmental Finances*, state and local governments, other HHS agencies, and other nongovernment sources. More information and detailed descriptions of sources and methods are available on the CMS home page at <http://cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>.

Medicare and medicaid—Since July 1966, the federal medicare program has provided two coordinated plans for nearly all people age 65 and over: (1) A hospital insurance plan, which covers hospital and related services and (2) a voluntary supplementary medical insurance plan, financed partially by monthly premiums paid by participants, which partly covers physicians' and related medical services. Such insurance also applies, since July 1973, to disabled beneficiaries of any age after 24 months of entitlement to cash benefits under the social security or railroad retirement programs and to persons with end stage renal disease.

Medicaid is a health insurance program for certain low-income people. These include: certain low-income families with children; aged, blind, or disabled people on supplemental security income; certain low-income pregnant women and children; and people who have very high medical bills. Medicaid is funded and administered through a state-federal partnership. Although there are broad federal requirements for medicaid, states have a wide degree of flexibility to design their program. States have authority to establish eligibility standards, determine what benefits and services to cover, and set payment rates. All states, however, must cover these basic services: inpatient and outpatient hospital services, laboratory and X-ray services, skilled nursing and home health services, doctor's services, family planning, and periodic health checkups, diagnosis and treatment for children.

Health resources—Hospital statistics based on data from the American Hospital Association's yearly survey are published annually in *Hospital Statistics* and cover all hospitals accepted for registration by the Association. To be accepted for registration, a hospital must meet certain requirements relating to number of beds, construction, equipment, medical and nursing staff, patient care, clinical records, surgical and obstetrical facilities, diagnostic and treatment facilities, laboratory services, etc. Data obtained from NCHS cover all U.S. hospitals that meet certain criteria for inclusion. The criteria are published in *Vital and Health Statistics* reports, Series 13. NCHS defines a hospital as a nonfederal short-term general or special facility with six or more inpatient beds with an average stay of less than 60 days.

Statistics on the demographic characteristics of persons employed in the health occupations are compiled by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and reported in *Employment and Earnings* (monthly) (see Table 615, Section 12, Labor Force, Employment, and Earnings). Data based on surveys of health personnel and utilization of health facilities providing long-term care, ambulatory care, and hospital

care are presented in NCHS Series 13, *Data on Health Resources Utilization and Advance Data from Vital and Health Statistics*. Statistics on patient visits to health care providers, as reported in health interviews, appear in NCHS Series 10, *National Health Interview Survey Data*.

The CMS's *Health Care Financing Review* and its annual *Medicare and Medicaid Statistical Supplement* present data for hospitals and nursing homes as well as extended care facilities and home health agencies. These data are based on records of the medicare program and differ from those of other sources because they are limited to facilities meeting federal eligibility standards for participation in medicare.

Disability and illness—General health statistics, including morbidity, disability, injuries, preventive care, and findings from physiological testing are collected by NCHS in its National Health Interview Survey and its National Health and Nutrition Examination Surveys and appear in *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 10 and 11, respectively. The Department of Labor compiles statistics on occupational injuries (see Section 12, Labor Force, Employment, and Wealth). Annual incidence data on notifiable diseases are compiled by the Public Health Service (PHS) at its Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in Atlanta, Georgia, and are published as a supplement to its *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*. The list of diseases is revised annually and includes those which, by mutual agreement of the states and PHS, are communicable diseases of national importance.

Nutrition—Statistics on annual per capita consumption of food and its nutrient value are estimated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture and published quarterly in *National Food Review*. Historical data can be found in *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures*, and online at <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption>>. Statistics on food insufficiency and food and nutrient intake are collected by NCHS to estimate the diet of the nation's population. NCHS also collects physical examination data to assess the population's nutritional status,

including growth, overweight/obesity, nutritional deficiencies, and prevalence of nutrition-related conditions, such as hypertension, hypercholesterolemia, and diabetes.

Statistical reliability—For discussion of statistical collection, estimation, and sampling procedures and measures of reliability applicable to data from NCHS and CMS, see Appendix III.

No. 127. National Health Expenditures—Summary, 1960 to 2001, and Projections, 2002 to 2012

[In billions of dollars (27 represents \$27,000,000,000). Includes Puerto Rico and island areas]

Year	Private expenditures				Public expenditures			Health services and supplies				
	Total expenditures ¹	Total ²	Out-of-pocket	Insurance	Total	Federal	State and local	Total ³	Hospital care	Physician and clinical services	Prescription drugs	Nursing home care
1960	27	20	13	6	7	3	4	25	9	5	3	1
1961	29	21	13	7	7	3	4	27	10	6	3	1
1962	31	23	14	7	8	4	4	29	11	6	3	1
1963	34	25	15	8	9	4	5	31	12	7	3	1
1964	38	28	17	9	9	4	5	34	13	8	3	1
1965	41	31	18	10	10	5	6	37	14	8	4	2
1966	45	32	19	10	14	7	6	41	16	9	4	2
1967	51	32	19	11	19	12	7	47	18	10	4	2
1968	58	36	21	12	22	14	8	53	21	11	5	3
1969	65	40	23	13	24	16	9	59	24	12	5	4
1970	73	45	25	16	28	18	10	67	28	14	6	4
1971	81	50	26	18	31	20	11	75	31	16	6	5
1972	91	56	29	21	35	23	12	84	34	17	6	6
1973	101	61	32	23	39	25	14	93	39	19	7	6
1974	114	67	35	26	46	30	16	106	45	22	7	7
1975	130	75	37	30	55	36	19	121	52	25	8	9
1976	149	87	41	37	62	43	20	139	60	28	9	10
1977	169	99	45	45	70	47	23	160	68	33	9	12
1978	189	110	48	52	80	54	26	179	76	35	10	13
1979	214	124	53	60	90	61	29	203	87	41	11	15
1980	246	141	58	68	105	71	34	234	102	47	12	18
1981	285	164	66	81	121	83	39	271	119	55	13	20
1982	321	187	72	94	134	92	42	305	135	61	15	23
1983	354	206	79	104	148	102	46	336	146	68	17	26
1984	390	229	86	118	161	113	48	372	156	77	20	28
1985	427	252	96	130	175	122	52	409	167	90	22	31
1986	457	267	103	135	190	132	59	439	178	100	24	34
1987	498	289	109	148	209	143	66	478	192	112	27	36
1988	558	332	119	175	226	154	72	535	209	127	31	41
1989	623	371	126	205	252	172	79	599	229	142	35	46
1990	696	414	137	234	283	193	90	670	254	158	40	53
1991	762	441	142	254	321	222	99	735	280	175	45	58
1992	827	469	146	274	359	251	107	797	302	190	48	62
1993	888	498	147	298	390	274	116	856	320	201	51	66
1994	937	510	144	312	427	299	129	905	332	211	55	68
1995	990	533	146	329	458	324	134	958	344	221	61	75
1996	1,039	558	152	344	482	344	138	1,005	355	229	67	80
1997	1,093	589	162	360	504	360	143	1,056	368	241	76	85
1998	1,150	628	175	382	522	369	153	1,112	378	257	87	89
1999	1,220	670	184	412	550	386	164	1,179	394	270	104	90
2000	1,310	719	195	449	591	415	176	1,262	417	289	122	94
2001	1,425	778	206	496	647	455	192	1,373	451	314	141	99
2002, proj. . .	1,548	849	218	551	699	489	210	1,493	485	334	161	104
2003, proj. . .	1,661	918	231	603	742	517	225	1,603	511	357	182	108
2004, proj. . .	1,779	987	246	653	792	550	243	1,717	542	381	205	113
2005, proj. . .	1,907	1,058	262	702	850	588	262	1,841	576	407	229	120
2006, proj. . .	2,044	1,132	279	753	913	630	283	1,973	612	436	254	127
2007, proj. . .	2,194	1,213	297	811	981	676	305	2,118	649	467	281	134
2008, proj. . .	2,355	1,299	315	873	1,056	727	329	2,273	688	500	310	142
2009, proj. . .	2,525	1,389	334	938	1,136	781	355	2,438	729	535	341	150
2010, proj. . .	2,702	1,481	353	1,006	1,221	838	383	2,609	771	571	373	159
2011, proj. . .	2,887	1,575	374	1,072	1,311	899	412	2,788	814	608	408	169
2012, proj. . .	3,080	1,670	396	1,138	1,410	966	444	2,975	860	646	446	179

¹ Includes medical research and medical facilities construction, not shown separately. ² Includes other private expenditures, not shown separately. ³ Includes other objects of expenditure, not shown separately.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Health Accounts," <<http://cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>>.

No. 128. National Health Expenditures by Type: 1990 to 2001

[In billions of dollars (696.0 represents \$696,000,000,000), except percent. Includes Puerto Rico and island areas]

Type of expenditure	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Total	696.0	990.1	1,039.4	1,092.7	1,150.0	1,219.7	1,310.0	1,424.5
Annual percent change ¹	11.8	5.7	5.0	5.1	5.2	6.1	7.4	8.7
Percent of gross domestic product	12.0	13.4	13.3	13.1	13.1	13.2	13.3	14.1
Private expenditures	413.5	532.5	557.5	589.2	628.4	669.7	718.7	777.9
Health services and supplies	401.9	520.0	544.2	574.2	612.8	654.3	701.1	759.4
Out-of-pocket payments	137.3	146.2	152.0	162.2	175.2	184.4	194.7	205.5
Insurance premiums ²	233.5	329.1	344.1	359.9	382.0	412.1	449.0	496.1
Other	31.1	44.8	48.1	52.1	55.6	57.8	57.4	57.8
Medical research	1.0	1.4	1.6	1.6	2.0	2.1	3.4	3.6
Medical facilities construction	10.7	11.1	11.6	13.3	13.6	13.3	14.2	14.9
Public expenditures	282.5	457.7	481.9	503.6	521.6	550.0	591.3	646.7
Percent federal of public	68.2	70.7	71.4	71.5	70.7	70.2	70.2	70.3
Health services and supplies	267.7	437.6	460.9	481.2	498.9	524.4	561.2	613.1
Medicare ³	110.2	184.2	197.7	209.6	210.6	213.6	224.4	241.9
Public assistance medical payments ⁴	78.7	149.5	157.6	164.7	176.6	191.6	209.4	232.9
Temporary disability insurance ⁵	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	0.1	0.1
Workers' compensation (medical) ⁵	17.5	21.9	21.9	20.5	20.7	23.0	24.8	27.2
Defense Dept. hospital, medical	10.4	12.1	12.0	12.1	12.2	12.7	13.7	15.5
Maternal, child health programs	1.8	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.7	2.7
Public health activities	20.2	31.4	32.9	35.4	38.0	40.9	44.1	46.4
Veterans' hospital, medical care	11.3	15.4	16.3	16.3	16.9	17.7	19.1	21.7
Medical vocational rehabilitation	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
State and local hospitals ⁶	13.1	14.1	13.6	13.3	13.8	13.8	13.7	13.8
Other ⁷	3.8	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.9	7.8	8.7	10
Medical research	11.7	15.7	16.2	17.1	18.5	21.4	25.7	29.2
Medical facilities construction	3.1	4.4	4.8	5.2	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.3

- Represents or rounds to zero. ¹ Change from immediate prior year. For explanation of average annual percent change, see Guide to Tabular Presentation. ² Covers insurance benefits and amount retained by insurance companies for expenses, additions to reserves, and profits (net cost of insurance). ³ Represents expenditures for benefits and administrative cost from federal hospital and medical insurance trust funds under old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance programs; see text of this section. ⁴ Payments made directly to suppliers of medical care (primarily Medicaid). ⁵ Includes medical benefits paid under public law by private insurance carriers, state governments, and self-insurers. ⁶ Expenditures not offset by other revenues. ⁷ Covers expenditures for Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Indian Health Service; school health and other programs.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Health Accounts," <<http://cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>>.

No. 129. National Health Expenditures by Object, 1990 to 2001, and Projections, 2002

[In billions of dollars (696.0 represents \$696,000,000,000). Includes Puerto Rico and outlying areas]

Object of expenditure	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002, proj.
Total	696.0	990.1	1,039.4	1,092.7	1,150.0	1,219.7	1,310.0	1,424.5	1,547.6
Spent by—									
Consumers	370.8	475.2	496.2	522.1	557.2	596.5	643.7	701.6	769.0
Out-of-pocket	137.3	146.2	152.0	162.2	175.2	184.4	194.7	205.5	218.0
Private insurance	233.5	329.1	344.1	359.9	382.0	412.1	449.0	496.1	551.0
Public	282.5	457.7	481.9	503.6	521.6	550.0	591.3	646.7	698.9
Other ¹	42.8	57.2	61.3	67.0	71.2	73.2	75.0	76.3	79.7
Spent for—									
Health services and supplies	669.6	957.5	1,005.1	1,055.5	1,111.8	1,178.7	1,262.3	1,372.6	1,492.9
Personal health care expenses	609.4	865.7	911.2	959.2	1,009.4	1,064.6	1,137.6	1,236.4	1,331.4
Hospital care	253.9	343.6	355.2	367.6	378.4	393.7	416.5	451.2	484.6
Physician and clinical services	157.5	220.5	229.4	241.0	256.8	270.2	288.8	313.6	330.4
Dental services	31.5	44.5	46.8	50.2	53.2	56.4	60.7	65.6	70.1
Other professional services ²	18.2	28.5	30.9	33.4	35.5	36.7	38.8	42.3	44.8
Home health care	12.6	30.5	33.6	34.5	33.6	32.3	31.7	33.2	36.2
Prescription drugs	40.3	60.8	67.2	75.7	87.3	104.4	121.5	140.6	160.7
Other nondurable medical products	22.5	25.6	27.1	27.9	28.6	30.4	31.2	31.8	32.6
Durable medical equipment ³	10.6	14.2	15.3	16.2	16.9	17.3	17.8	18.4	19.3
Nursing home care	52.7	74.6	79.9	85.1	89.1	89.6	93.8	98.9	103.7
Other personal health care	9.6	22.9	25.8	27.7	30.2	33.6	36.7	40.9	45.5
Public administration and net cost of private health insurance ⁴	40.0	60.4	61.1	60.8	64.3	73.2	80.7	89.7	110.9
Public health activities	20.2	31.4	32.9	35.4	38.0	40.9	44.1	46.4	50.6
Medical research ⁵	12.7	17.1	17.8	18.7	20.5	23.5	29.1	32.8	34.7
Medical facilities construction	13.7	15.5	16.4	18.5	17.7	17.6	18.6	19.2	20.1

¹ Includes nonpatient revenues, privately funded construction, and industrial implant. ² Includes services of registered and practical nurses in private duty, podiatrists, optometrists, physical therapists, clinical psychologists, chiropractors, naturopaths, and Christian Science practitioners. ³ Includes expenditures for eyeglasses, hearing aids, orthopedic appliances, artificial limbs, crutches, wheelchairs, etc. ⁴ Includes administrative expenses of federally financed health programs. ⁵ Research and development expenditures of drug companies and other manufacturers and providers of medical equipment and supplies are excluded from research expenditures, but are included in the expenditure class in which the product falls.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Health Accounts," <<http://cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>>.

No. 130. Health Services and Supplies—Per Capita Consumer Expenditures by Object: 1990 to 2001

[In dollars, except percent. Based on Social Security Administration estimates of total U.S. population as of July 1, including Armed Forces and federal employees abroad and civilian population of outlying areas. Excludes research and construction]

Object of expenditure	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Total, national	2,635	3,576	3,721	3,870	4,039	4,244	4,502	4,851
Annual percent change ¹	10.6	4.8	4.0	4.0	4.4	5.1	6.1	7.8
Hospital care	999	1,283	1,315	1,348	1,375	1,418	1,486	1,595
Physician and clinical services	620	824	849	884	933	973	1,030	1,109
Dental services	124	166	173	184	193	203	217	232
Other professional services ²	72	107	114	122	129	132	138	150
Home health care	49	114	124	127	122	116	113	117
Prescription drugs	159	227	249	278	317	376	434	497
Other nondurable medical products	88	96	100	102	104	109	112	114
Durable medical equipment ²	42	53	57	59	61	62	63	65
Nursing home care	207	279	296	312	324	323	335	350
Other personal health care	38	86	96	102	110	121	131	144
Public administration and net cost of private health insurance	157	226	226	223	234	263	288	317
Public health activities	80	117	122	130	138	147	157	164
Total, private consumer ³	1,459	1,775	1,837	1,914	2,024	2,148	2,296	2,480
Hospital care	426	454	455	461	482	509	544	587
Physician and clinical services	386	498	510	532	558	572	610	657
Dental services	120	158	165	175	184	193	205	218
Other professional services ²	47	69	75	83	88	91	94	102
Home health care	20	36	43	50	54	53	50	47
Prescription drugs	132	181	198	220	250	296	338	388
Other nondurable medical products	86	91	96	98	100	105	108	109
Durable medical equipment ²	33	38	41	42	44	44	44	45
Nursing home care	90	95	100	106	117	119	119	122
Net cost of private health insurance	117	153	154	150	148	167	185	208

¹ Change from immediate prior year. ² See footnotes for corresponding objects in Table 128. ³ Represents out-of-pocket payments and private health insurance.

No. 131. Government Expenditures for Health Services and Supplies: 2001

[In millions of dollars (613,124 represents \$613,124,000,000). Includes Puerto Rico and island areas. Excludes medical research and construction]

Type of service	Other health services							
	Total ¹	Federal	State and local	Medicare ² (OASDHI)	Public assistance ³	Veterans	Defense Dept. ⁴	Workers' compensation ⁵
Total ¹	613,124	429,002	184,122	241,884	232,899	21,747	15,543	27,177
Hospital care	263,107	209,366	53,742	134,953	80,151	16,326	9,782	9,432
Physician and clinical services	105,437	86,972	18,466	63,913	22,863	1,297	3,291	8,622
Prescription drugs	30,846	17,608	13,238	2,418	26,440	42	898	883
Nursing home care	60,853	41,807	19,046	11,588	47,165	2,099	-	-
Public administration	29,728	17,108	12,620	7,364	16,329	95	450	5,152
Public health activities	46,393	5,337	41,056	-	-	-	-	-

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes other items not shown separately. ² Covers hospital and medical insurance payments and administrative costs under old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance program. ³ Covers medicaid and other medical public assistance. Excludes funds paid into medicare trust fund by states to cover premiums for public assistance recipients and medically indigent persons. ⁴ Includes care for retirees and military dependents. ⁵ Medical benefits.

No. 132. Personal Health Care—Third Party Payments and Private Consumer Expenditures, 1990 to 2001, and Projections, 2002

[In billions of dollars (609.4 represents \$609,400,000,000), except percent. See headnote, Table 133]

Item	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002, proj.
Personal health care expenditures	609.4	865.7	911.2	959.2	1,009.4	1,064.6	1,137.6	1,236.4	1,331.4
Third party payments, total	472.1	719.5	759.1	797.0	834.2	880.2	942.9	1,030.9	1,113.3
Percent of personal health care	77.5	83.1	83.3	83.1	82.6	82.7	82.9	83.4	83.6
Private insurance payments	203.6	288.2	302.5	319.0	341.3	365.8	397.1	437.2	474.0
Public expenditures	237.9	387.2	409.2	426.6	438.2	457.6	489.5	537.0	580.2
Other ¹	30.6	44.1	47.4	51.4	54.8	56.8	56.3	56.7	59.1
Private consumer expenditures ²	340.9	434.4	454.6	481.3	516.5	550.2	591.8	642.7	692.0
Percent met by private insurance	59.7	66.3	66.6	66.3	66.1	66.5	67.1	68.0	68.5
Hospital care	108.4	121.6	122.8	125.6	132.7	141.3	152.4	166.0	178.6
Percent met by private insurance	89.6	91.4	91.4	91.2	91.0	91.1	91.4	91.7	91.7
Physician and clinical services	98.1	133.4	137.8	145.0	153.4	158.9	171.0	185.9	199.4
Percent met by private insurance	69.0	80.3	80.5	80.2	80.0	80.2	80.4	81.2	81.5
Prescription drugs	33.6	48.5	53.3	60.0	68.8	82.2	94.8	109.7	125.8
Percent met by private insurance	29.2	46.5	50.3	53.6	55.7	58.2	59.8	60.7	61.6

¹ Includes nonpatient revenues and industrial implant health services. ² Includes expenditures not shown separately. Represents out-of-pocket payments and private health insurance benefits. Excludes net cost of insurance.

Source of Tables 130-132: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Health Accounts," <<http://cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>>.

No. 133. Personal Health Care Expenditures by Object and Source of Payment: 2001

[In millions of dollars (1,236,422 represents \$1,236,422,000,000), except as indicated. Includes Puerto Rico and island areas. Covers all expenditures for health services and supplies, except net cost of insurance and administration, government public health activities, and expenditures of philanthropic agencies for fund raising activities]

Object of expenditure	Private payments							
	Total	Total	Consumer				Government	Third party pay ²
			Total	Out of pocket pay-ments	Private health insur-ance	Other ¹		
Total	1,236,422	699,420	642,671	205,497	437,174	56,749	537,002	1,030,925
Hospital care	451,220	188,113	165,976	13,828	152,148	22,137	263,107	437,393
Physician and clinical services	313,649	208,212	185,934	34,987	150,947	22,278	105,437	278,662
Dental services	65,568	61,849	61,721	28,471	33,250	128	3,720	37,097
Other professional services ³	42,333	31,667	28,713	12,344	16,370	2,954	10,666	29,989
Home health care	33,168	14,446	13,247	6,258	6,988	1,199	18,722	26,910
Prescription drugs	140,574	109,729	109,729	43,126	66,602	-	30,846	97,448
Other nondurable medical products	31,758	30,312	30,312	30,312	-	-	1,446	1,446
Durable medical equipment	18,379	12,652	12,652	9,306	3,346	-	5,727	9,074
Nursing home care	98,911	38,058	34,389	26,866	7,523	3,670	60,853	72,046
Other personal health care	40,861	4,383	-	-	-	4,383	36,478	40,861

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes nonpatient revenues and industrial plant. ² Covers private health insurance, other private payments, and government. ³ See footnotes for corresponding items on Table 129.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Health Accounts," <<http://cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>>.

No. 134. Hospital Care and Physician and Clinical Service Expenditures by Source of Payment: 1990 to 2001

[In billions of dollars (253.9 represents \$253,900,000,000)]

Source of payment	Hospital care					Physician and clinical services				
	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001
Total	253.9	343.6	393.7	416.5	451.2	157.5	220.5	270.2	288.8	313.6
Out-of-pocket payments	11.2	10.5	12.5	13.1	13.8	30.4	26.3	31.5	33.4	35.0
Third-party payments	242.7	333.1	381.2	403.4	437.4	127.1	194.3	238.8	255.4	278.7
Private health insurance	97.1	111.1	128.7	139.3	152.1	67.7	107.1	127.5	137.5	150.9
Other private funds	10.3	14.6	20.6	22.0	22.1	11.3	17.6	22.9	21.5	22.3
Government	135.2	207.3	231.8	242.1	263.1	48.2	69.6	88.4	96.3	105.4
Federal	102.7	167.2	185.3	193.0	209.4	38.7	56.2	73.4	79.8	87.0
State and local	32.4	40.2	46.6	49.1	53.7	9.4	13.3	15.0	16.5	18.5
Medicare ¹	67.8	108.0	122.0	125.9	135.0	30.2	41.7	55.2	59.6	63.9
Medicaid ²	27.6	54.5	66.0	69.9	77.1	7.0	14.8	17.6	19.0	21.4

¹ Medicare expenditures come from federal funds. ² Medicaid expenditures come from federal and state and local funds.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Health Accounts," <<http://cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>>.

No. 135. Retail Prescription Drug Sales: 1995 to 2002

[2,125 represents 2,125,000,000]

Sales outlet	Number of prescriptions (millions)					Retail sales (bil. dol.)				
	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total	2,125	2,707	2,865	3,009	3,138	72.2	125.8	145.6	164.1	182.7
Traditional chain	914	1,246	1,344	1,415	1,474	28.8	53.8	61.2	67.7	73.4
Independent	666	680	689	700	707	21.1	28.9	31.4	33.9	36.7
Mass merchant	238	289	293	314	339	7.7	11.8	13.5	15.2	17.4
Supermarkets	221	357	394	418	444	7.4	13.8	17.4	19.8	21.8
Mail order	86	134	146	161	174	7.4	17.4	22.1	27.6	33.5

Source: National Association of Chain Drug Stores, Alexandria, VA, *The Chain Pharmacy Industry Profile, 2003* (copyright). <<http://www.nacds.org>>.

No. 136. Personal Health Care Expenditures by State, 1990 to 1998, and by Selected Object, 1998

[In millions of dollars (612,245 represents \$612,245,000,000). This series of state health expenditures (SHE) uses the same definitions and, to the extent possible, the same data sources as does the national health expenditures series. For health services, this structure clusters spending according to the establishment providing those services. For retail purchases of medical products, it groups spending according to product classification. Thus, SHE is establishment-based, grouping services together according to place of service or of product sale rather than according to type of service. Establishment-based expenditures are those in which spending is located in the state of the provider rather than in the beneficiary's state of residence. Because people are able to cross state borders to receive health care services, health care spending by provider location is not necessarily an accurate reflection of spending on behalf of persons residing in that state]

State	1998					Hospital care	Physician and other professional services	Prescription drugs	Nursing home care
	1990	1995	1996	1997	Total ¹				
U.S.	612,245	876,212	920,970	965,701	1,016,383	380,050	296,102	90,648	87,826
AL	9,163	13,654	14,537	15,519	16,056	6,618	4,609	1,552	1,064
AK	1,347	1,921	2,042	2,133	2,299	936	568	133	42
AZ	8,562	12,352	13,146	13,834	14,782	4,977	5,135	1,397	839
AR	4,925	7,149	7,538	8,033	8,463	3,324	2,225	903	776
CA	74,369	99,215	102,378	105,790	110,057	34,948	44,239	7,537	5,626
CO	7,740	11,395	12,004	12,776	13,669	4,850	4,314	970	904
CT	10,013	13,662	13,952	14,600	15,221	4,686	4,292	1,354	2,264
DE	1,728	2,619	2,698	2,915	3,106	1,166	792	300	290
DC	3,564	4,184	4,223	4,205	4,258	2,585	781	180	245
FL	35,789	51,328	54,404	56,754	59,724	19,742	18,985	6,204	4,880
GA	15,303	23,096	24,489	25,940	27,219	10,396	8,510	2,460	1,545
HI	2,745	4,168	4,427	4,452	4,658	1,775	1,594	311	204
ID	1,697	2,758	2,994	3,194	3,397	1,236	935	334	264
IL	27,618	39,000	40,738	42,267	44,305	17,996	11,975	3,964	3,924
IN	12,692	18,388	18,727	20,207	21,259	8,515	5,613	2,058	2,337
IA	6,067	8,513	9,073	9,496	10,198	4,084	2,457	945	1,186
KS	5,540	7,989	8,417	8,890	9,394	3,580	2,538	854	920
KY	7,820	11,790	12,651	13,592	14,414	5,731	3,785	1,564	1,283
LA	9,975	14,673	15,272	15,946	16,500	7,139	4,249	1,507	1,248
ME	2,695	3,908	4,242	4,554	4,925	1,846	1,219	456	476
MD	11,755	16,838	17,824	18,596	19,646	7,313	5,978	1,678	1,695
MA	19,027	25,997	27,033	28,471	30,039	11,305	8,322	2,172	3,568
MI	22,133	31,089	32,888	34,435	35,647	14,641	9,186	3,885	2,459
MN	11,462	16,826	17,776	18,858	20,313	6,540	7,183	1,491	1,964
MS	4,729	7,447	7,997	8,431	8,882	3,848	2,212	962	687
MO	12,690	18,024	19,900	19,783	20,911	8,828	5,310	1,814	2,002
MT	1,628	2,445	2,496	2,680	2,838	1,224	695	234	222
NE	3,591	5,091	5,500	5,721	6,095	2,597	1,367	626	697
NH	2,806	4,471	4,795	5,170	5,606	1,865	1,918	478	164
NV	2,558	3,779	4,033	4,333	4,658	1,559	1,405	391	425
NJ	20,169	29,504	30,865	31,580	32,695	11,191	9,506	3,545	3,233
NM	2,917	4,430	4,839	5,075	5,344	2,317	1,415	402	257
NY	53,926	75,183	78,503	81,100	85,785	32,636	20,103	7,122	10,586
NC	13,748	21,966	23,773	25,584	27,327	10,987	7,106	2,566	2,347
ND	1,639	2,373	2,461	2,542	2,680	1,282	612	192	287
OH	26,896	37,246	39,470	40,552	42,581	16,763	11,024	3,998	4,978
OK	6,357	9,454	10,095	10,419	10,988	4,218	2,978	1,056	954
OR	6,247	9,182	9,637	10,259	10,840	3,545	3,285	918	838
PA	32,635	45,050	46,398	48,853	51,322	20,213	13,434	5,035	5,883
RI	2,728	3,783	3,900	4,149	4,515	1,702	1,095	400	468
SC	6,806	10,616	11,199	12,363	13,204	5,597	3,254	1,315	907
SD	1,513	2,301	2,479	2,635	2,842	1,257	747	201	286
TN	12,213	18,820	20,026	21,154	22,021	8,276	6,719	2,129	2,001
TX	37,682	56,504	60,410	64,245	67,750	25,322	20,071	6,023	4,346
UT	3,233	4,807	5,229	5,622	6,044	2,290	1,648	564	300
VT	1,172	1,762	1,821	1,933	2,066	712	563	183	177
VA	13,252	18,712	19,899	21,103	22,261	8,689	6,265	2,130	1,546
WA	11,276	16,810	17,461	18,214	19,292	6,362	5,908	1,603	1,492
WV	3,930	6,024	6,314	6,692	7,037	2,955	1,793	776	515
WI	11,441	16,739	17,738	18,738	19,945	7,252	5,844	1,745	2,110
WY	793	1,179	1,260	1,313	1,407	582	343	133	113

¹ Includes other expenditures not shown separately.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Health Accounts," <<http://cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>>.

No. 137. Consumer Price Indexes of Medical Care Prices: 1980 to 2002

[1982-1984=100. Indexes are annual averages of monthly data based on components of consumer price index for all urban consumers; for explanation, see text, Section 14. See Appendix III]

Year	Medical care services						Medical care commodities		Annual percent change ³		
	Medical care, total	Professional services				Hospital and related services	Total ²	Prescription drugs and medical supplies	Medical care, total	Medical care services	Medical care commodities
		Total ¹	Total ¹	Physicians	Dental						
1980	74.9	74.8	77.9	76.5	78.9	69.2	75.4	72.5	11.0	11.3	9.3
1985	113.5	113.2	113.5	113.3	114.2	116.1	115.2	120.1	6.3	6.1	7.2
1990	162.8	162.7	156.1	160.8	155.8	178.0	163.4	181.7	9.0	9.3	8.4
1995	220.5	224.2	201.0	208.8	206.8	257.8	204.5	235.0	4.5	5.1	1.9
1996	228.2	232.4	208.3	216.4	216.5	269.5	210.4	242.9	3.5	3.7	2.9
1997	234.6	239.1	215.4	222.9	226.6	278.4	215.3	249.3	2.8	2.9	2.3
1998	242.1	246.8	222.2	229.5	236.2	287.5	221.8	258.6	3.2	3.2	3.0
1999	250.6	255.1	229.2	236.0	247.2	299.5	230.7	273.4	3.5	3.4	4.0
2000	260.8	266.0	237.7	244.7	258.5	317.3	238.1	285.4	4.1	4.3	3.2
2001	272.8	278.8	246.5	253.6	269.0	338.3	247.6	300.9	4.6	4.8	4.0
2002	285.6	292.9	253.9	260.6	281.0	367.8	256.4	316.5	4.7	5.1	3.6

¹ Includes other services not shown separately. ² Includes other commodities not shown separately. ³ Percent change from the immediate prior year.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *CPI Detailed Report*, January 2003.

No. 138. Average Annual Expenditures Per Consumer Unit for Health Care: 1990 to 2001

[In dollars, except percent. See text, Section 13, and headnote, Table 678. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Item	Health care, total					Percent distribution		
	Amount	Percent of total expenditures	Health insurance	Medical services	Drugs and medical supplies ¹	Health insurance	Medical services	Drugs and medical supplies ¹
1990	1,480	5.2	581	562	337	39.3	38.0	22.8
1995	1,732	5.4	860	512	360	49.7	29.6	20.8
1997	1,841	5.3	881	531	428	47.9	28.8	23.2
1998	1,903	5.4	913	542	448	48.0	28.5	23.5
1999	1,959	5.3	923	558	479	47.1	28.5	24.5
2000	2,066	5.4	983	568	515	47.6	27.5	24.9
2001	2,182	5.5	1,061	573	549	48.6	26.3	25.2
Age of reference person:								
Under 25 years old	530	2.3	251	135	144	47.4	25.5	27.2
25 to 34 years old	1,286	3.3	695	354	237	54.0	27.5	18.4
35 to 44 years old	1,879	4.0	925	573	381	49.2	30.5	20.3
45 to 54 years old	2,265	4.7	1,038	676	551	45.8	29.8	24.3
55 to 64 years old	2,703	6.5	1,189	769	745	44.0	28.4	27.6
65 to 74 years old	3,583	11.2	1,759	866	959	49.1	24.2	26.8
75 years old and over	3,397	14.7	1,792	507	1,098	52.8	14.9	32.3
Race of reference person:								
White and other	2,307	5.6	1,115	622	570	48.3	27.0	24.7
Black	1,264	4.4	663	214	386	52.5	16.9	30.5
Origin of reference person:								
Hispanic	1,343	3.9	652	354	338	48.5	26.4	25.2
Non-Hispanic	2,262	5.7	1,100	594	568	48.6	26.3	25.1
Region of residence:								
Northeast	2,084	5.1	1,045	551	488	50.1	26.4	23.4
Midwest	2,292	5.6	1,126	570	596	49.1	24.9	26.0
South	2,194	6.0	1,086	529	578	49.5	24.1	26.3
West	2,129	4.9	964	864	501	45.3	40.6	23.5
Size of consumer unit:								
One person	1,441	6.1	688	331	421	47.7	23.0	29.2
Two or more persons	2,494	5.4	1,218	675	601	48.8	27.1	24.1
Two persons	2,827	7.0	1,366	714	746	48.3	25.3	26.4
Three persons	2,265	5.0	1,135	600	531	50.1	26.5	23.4
Four persons	2,253	4.1	1,110	680	464	49.3	30.2	20.6
Five persons or more	2,150	4.0	1,042	656	453	48.5	30.5	21.1
Income before taxes:								
Complete income reporters ²	2,222	5.4	1,058	583	552	47.6	26.2	24.8
Quintiles of income:								
Lowest 20 percent	1,422	7.5	679	274	469	47.7	19.3	33.0
Second 20 percent	2,074	7.8	999	441	633	48.2	21.3	30.5
Third 20 percent	2,199	6.2	1,102	536	561	50.1	24.4	25.5
Fourth 20 percent	2,494	5.1	1,192	748	553	47.8	30.0	22.2
Highest 20 percent	2,921	3.8	1,318	967	636	45.1	33.1	21.8
Incomplete reporters of income	2,037	6.2	1,070	487	481	52.5	23.9	23.6

¹ Includes prescription and nonprescription drugs. ² A complete reporter is a consumer unit providing values for at least one of the major sources of income.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Consumer Expenditure Survey*, annual. <<http://www.bls.gov/cex/>>.

No. 139. Medicare Enrollees: 1980 to 2002

[In millions (28.4 represents 28,400,000). As of July 1. Includes Puerto Rico and island areas and enrollees in foreign countries and unknown place of residence]

Item	1980	1985	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total	28.4	31.1	34.3	37.6	39.1	39.6	40.1	40.4
Aged	25.5	28.1	31.0	33.2	33.9	34.1	34.4	34.6
Disabled	3.0	2.9	3.3	4.4	5.2	5.4	5.7	5.8
Hospital insurance	28.0	30.6	33.7	37.2	38.7	39.2	39.7	40.0
Aged	25.0	27.7	30.5	32.7	33.5	33.7	34.0	34.2
Disabled	3.0	2.9	3.3	4.4	5.2	5.4	5.7	5.8
Supplementary medical insurance	27.3	29.9	32.6	35.6	37.0	37.3	37.7	38.0
Aged	24.6	27.2	29.6	31.7	32.4	32.6	32.7	32.9
Disabled	2.7	2.7	2.9	3.9	4.6	4.8	5.0	5.2

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "Medicare Enrollment Selected Years"; published September 2002; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/researchers/pubs/datacompendium>>.

No. 140. Medicare Disbursements by Type of Beneficiary: 1990 to 2001

[In millions of dollars (109,709 represents \$109,709,000,000). For years ending Sept. 30. Distribution of benefits by type is estimated and subject to change]

Type of beneficiary	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Total disbursements	109,709	180,096	194,263	210,342	213,412	211,959	219,275	241,175
Hospital insurance disbursements	66,687	114,883	125,317	137,789	137,140	131,441	130,284	141,723
Benefits	65,721	113,394	123,908	136,007	134,321	129,107	125,992	135,979
Aged	58,503	100,107	109,287	120,091	118,412	113,339	110,251	118,700
Disabled	7,218	13,288	14,621	15,916	15,909	15,768	15,741	17,279
Disabled ESRD ¹	6,467	12,300	13,548	14,755	14,793	14,733	14,707	16,120
Home health transfer ²	-	-	-	-	-	1,035	1,034	1,158
Peer review activity	191	189	180	168	188	177	236	274
Administrative expenses ³	774	1,300	1,229	1,614	1,653	1,978	2,350	2,368
Supplementary medical insurance disbursements	43,022	65,213	68,946	72,553	76,272	80,518	88,991	99,452
Benefits	41,498	63,490	67,165	71,117	75,782	79,151	88,876	100,514
Aged	36,837	54,830	57,807	60,988	65,115	67,989	76,404	86,100
Disabled	4,661	8,660	9,358	10,129	10,666	11,161	12,472	14,413
Disabled ESRD ¹	3,758	7,363	7,976	8,654	9,247	9,790	10,956	12,614
Home health transfer ²	903	1,297	1,382	1,475	1,419	1,371	1,516	1,799
Peer review activity	-	-	-	-	-978	-179	-1,706	-3,103
Administrative expenses	-	2	11	16	33	36	43	55
Administrative expenses	1,524	1,722	1,771	1,420	1,435	1,510	1,779	1,986

- Represents zero. ¹ Represents persons entitled because of End Stage Renal Disease only. Benefits for those who have ESRD but would be entitled due to their aged or disabled status are included in aged and disabled benefits. ² Beginning 1998 home health agency transfers are excluded from total supplementary medical insurance disbursements and included in total hospital insurance disbursements. ³ Includes costs of experiments and demonstration projects. Includes costs of the health care fraud and abuse control program.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, unpublished data.

No. 141. Medicare Benefits by Type of Provider: 1990 to 2001

[In millions of dollars (65,721 represents \$65,271,000,000). For years ending Sept. 30. Distribution of benefits by type is estimated and subject to change]

Type of provider	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Hospital insurance benefits, total	65,721	113,395	123,908	136,007	134,321	129,107	125,992	135,979
Inpatient hospital	57,012	81,095	84,614	88,991	87,451	86,524	86,844	93,338
Skilled nursing facility	2,761	8,684	10,377	12,104	13,213	11,683	10,353	12,539
Home health agency	3,295	15,715	17,095	17,771	13,770	7,971	4,513	3,801
Hospice	318	1,854	1,969	2,082	2,080	2,494	2,818	3,464
Managed care	2,335	6,047	9,853	15,059	17,807	20,435	21,463	22,837
Supplementary medical insurance benefits, total	41,998	63,490	67,165	71,117	75,782	79,151	88,876	100,514
Physician fee schedule	(NA)	31,110	31,569	31,958	32,339	33,389	35,957	40,436
Durable medical equipment	(NA)	3,576	3,785	4,112	4,103	4,270	4,578	5,228
Carrier lab ¹	(NA)	2,819	2,654	2,414	2,166	2,086	2,196	2,365
Other carrier ²	(NA)	4,513	4,883	5,452	5,854	6,398	7,153	8,398
Hospital ³	(NA)	8,448	8,669	9,208	8,926	8,456	8,520	11,070
Home health	(NA)	223	236	244	184	340	4,282	4,151
Intermediary lab ⁴	(NA)	1,437	1,352	1,464	1,533	1,597	1,746	2,008
Other intermediary ⁵	(NA)	5,110	5,664	6,373	6,545	5,645	6,096	7,610
Managed care	(NA)	6,253	8,353	9,893	14,132	16,970	18,348	19,249

NA Not available. ¹ Lab services paid under the lab fee schedule performed in a physician's office lab or an independent lab. ² Includes free-standing ambulatory surgical centers facility costs, ambulance, and supplies. ³ Includes the hospital facility costs for Medicare Part B services which are predominantly in the outpatient department. The physician reimbursement associated with these services is included on the "Physician Fee Schedule" line. ⁴ Lab fee services paid under the lab fee schedule performed in a hospital outpatient department. ⁵ Includes ESRD free-standing dialysis facility payments and payments to rural health clinics, outpatient rehabilitation facilities, psychiatric hospitals, and federally qualified health centers.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, unpublished data.

No. 142. Medicare—Enrollment by State and Other Areas: 1995 to 2001

[Hospital and/or medical insurance enrollment as July 1 (37,535 represents 37,535,000)]

State and area	1995	1999	2000	2001	State and area	1995	1999	2000	2001
All areas	37,535	39,140	39,620	40,026	MO	833	854	861	867
U.S.	36,758	38,299	38,762	39,149	MT	130	135	137	138
AL	642	677	685	695	NE	249	252	254	255
AK	34	40	42	44	NV	194	229	240	251
AZ	602	658	675	691	NH	156	167	170	173
AR	423	436	439	442	NJ	1,168	1,195	1,203	1,208
CA	3,633	3,837	3,901	3,955	NM	211	229	234	238
CO	421	458	467	476	NY	2,630	2,694	2,715	2,729
CT	502	512	515	516	NC	1,027	1,111	1,133	1,155
DE	101	110	112	114	ND	103	103	103	103
DC	78	76	75	75	OH	1,666	1,692	1,701	1,705
FL	2,628	2,771	2,804	2,838	OK	488	504	508	511
GA	833	898	916	933	OR	469	484	489	496
HI	149	162	165	168	PA	2,071	2,088	2,095	2,095
ID	150	161	165	169	RI	168	170	172	172
IL	1,617	1,629	1,635	1,640	SC	509	555	568	580
IN	823	845	852	858	SD	117	119	119	120
IA	474	476	477	478	TN	771	815	829	842
KS	383	389	390	391	TX	2,080	2,223	2,265	2,300
KY	586	615	623	630	UT	187	201	206	210
LA	581	597	602	605	VT	83	88	89	90
ME	201	213	216	219	VA	818	876	893	910
MD	602	635	645	655	WA	688	725	736	746
MA	933	954	961	961	WV	330	336	338	340
MI	1,347	1,389	1,403	1,414	WI	762	777	783	787
MN	631	648	654	660	WY	60	64	65	66
MS	397	414	419	423	PR	477	525	537	550
					Other areas	300	316	321	327

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Medicare Beneficiaries Enrolled as of July 1 of Each Year, Years 1995-1998," published 29 July 1999. "Medicare Beneficiaries Enrolled by State as of July 1, 1999-2001"; published September 2002. <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/statistics>>.

No. 143. Medicare—Estimated Benefit Payments by State: 2001

[For the year ending September 30. In billions of dollars (236.5 represents \$236,500,000,000). Medicare fee for service payments are based on the state of the provider. Managed care organization payments are distributed based on the state of the plan. Both types of payments are on a paid basis. This distribution may differ from similar tables based on the state of the beneficiary]

State and area	Estimated ¹ payments, total	Fee for service	Managed care	State and area	Estimated ¹ payments, total	Fee for service	Managed care
All areas	236.5	194.4	42.1	Missouri	4.8	3.8	1.0
U.S.	235.0	192.9	42.1	Montana	0.7	0.7	-
Alabama	4.3	3.9	0.4	Nebraska	1.4	1.3	0.1
Alaska	0.2	0.2	-	Nevada	1.3	0.7	0.6
Arizona	3.3	1.8	1.5	New Hampshire	0.7	0.7	-
Arkansas	2.4	2.3	0.1	New Jersey	6.9	5.9	1.0
California	24.9	13.7	11.2	New Mexico	0.9	0.7	0.2
Colorado	2.7	1.8	0.9	New York	20.4	17.1	3.4
Connecticut	3.1	2.6	0.5	North Carolina	6.8	6.5	0.3
Delaware	0.5	0.5	-	North Dakota	0.6	0.6	-
District of Columbia	0.8	0.6	0.2	Ohio	10.7	9.1	1.6
Florida	21.6	16.3	5.3	Oklahoma	2.3	2.1	0.3
Georgia	4.4	4.1	0.3	Oregon	2.2	1.2	1.0
Hawaii	0.7	0.4	0.3	Pennsylvania	15.1	11.4	3.7
Idaho	0.7	0.7	-	Rhode Island	1.1	0.8	0.4
Illinois	8.0	7.0	1.0	South Carolina	3.4	3.4	-
Indiana	5.0	4.9	0.1	South Dakota	0.6	0.6	-
Iowa	1.6	1.6	-	Tennessee	5.5	5.3	0.2
Kansas	2.1	2.1	0.1	Texas	16.3	14.6	1.7
Kentucky	3.6	3.5	0.1	Utah	1.1	1.1	-
Louisiana	4.9	4.2	0.7	Vermont	0.4	0.4	-
Maine	0.9	0.9	-	Virginia	3.9	3.9	-
Maryland	4.6	4.3	0.3	Washington	3.2	2.3	0.9
Massachusetts	6.0	4.4	1.6	West Virginia	1.8	1.8	-
Michigan	7.0	6.5	0.6	Wisconsin	4.0	3.8	0.2
Minnesota	3.1	2.8	0.4	Wyoming	0.3	0.3	-
Mississippi	2.1	2.1	-	Puerto Rico	1.5	1.5	-
				Island areas	0.1	0.1	-

- Represents zero. ¹Medicare fee for service estimated benefit payments are based on the state of the provider.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Medicare Estimated Benefit Payments by State." <www.cms.hhs.gov/researchers/statsdata/feeforservice/default.asp>.

No. 144. Medicare Trust Funds: 1990 to 2002

[In billions of dollars (72.2 represents \$72,200,000,000)]

Type of trust fund	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
HOSPITAL INSURANCE (HI)									
Net contribution income ¹	72.2	103.3	115.9	119.5	130.7	140.3	154.5	160.9	162.7
Interest received ²	8.5	10.8	10.2	9.6	9.3	10.1	11.7	14.0	15.1
Benefit payments ³	66.2	116.4	128.6	137.8	134.0	128.8	128.5	141.2	149.9
Assets, end of year	98.9	130.3	124.9	115.6	120.4	141.4	177.5	208.7	234.8
SUPPLEMENTARY MEDICAL INSURANCE (SMI)									
Net premium income	11.3	19.7	18.8	19.3	420.9	419.0	20.6	22.8	25.1
Transfers from general revenue	33.0	39.0	65.0	60.2	64.1	459.1	65.9	72.8	78.3
Interest received	1.6	1.6	1.8	2.5	2.7	2.8	3.5	3.1	2.8
Benefit payments ³	42.5	65.0	68.6	72.8	76.1	80.7	88.9	99.7	111.0
Assets, end of year	15.5	13.1	28.3	36.1	46.2	44.8	44.0	41.3	34.3

¹ Includes income from taxation of benefits beginning in 1994. ² Includes recoveries of amounts reimbursed from the trust fund. ³ Includes premiums from aged ineligible enrolled in HI. ⁴ Beginning 1998 monies transferred to the SMI trust fund for home health agency costs, as provided for by P.L. 105-33, are included in HI benefit payments but excluded from SMI benefit payments. ⁵ Premiums withheld from check and associated general revenue contributions that were to occur on Jan. 3, 1999, actually occurred on December 31, 1998. These amounts are therefore excluded from 1999 data.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, *Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund and Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund*.

No. 145. Medicaid—Selected Characteristics of Persons Covered: 2001

[In thousands, except percent (31,375 represents 31,375,000). Represents number of persons as of March of following year who were enrolled at any time in year shown. Excludes unrelated individuals under age 15. Person did not have to receive medical care paid for by Medicaid in order to be counted. See headnote, Table 565]

Poverty status	Poverty status							65 years old and over
	Total ¹	White	Black	Hispanic ²	Under 18 years old	18-44 years old	45-64 years old	
Persons covered, total	31,375	21,400	7,927	7,026	16,276	7,950	3,878	3,270
Below poverty level	13,313	8,273	4,244	3,171	7,219	3,434	1,634	1,026
Above poverty level	18,063	13,127	3,683	3,855	9,057	4,516	2,245	2,244
Percent of population covered	11.1	9.3	22.1	18.8	22.6	7.2	5.9	9.7
Below poverty level	40.5	36.4	52.2	39.7	61.5	27.4	31.2	30.1
Above poverty level	7.3	6.3	13.3	13.2	15.0	4.6	3.7	7.4

¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports, P60-219, earlier reports; "Table 24. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics for All People in Poverty Universe: 2001"; <<http://ferret.bls.census.gov/macro/032002/pov/new24001.htm>>.

No. 146. Medicaid—Recipients and Payments: 1990 to 2000

[For year ending September 30 (25,255 represents 25,255,000). Includes Puerto Rico and island areas. Medical vendor payments are those made directly to suppliers of medical care]

Basis of eligibility and type of service	Recipients (1,000)					Payments (mil. dol.)				
	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000
Total¹	25,255	36,282	40,649	40,184	42,763	64,859	120,141	142,318	153,479	168,307
Age 65 and over	3,202	4,119	3,964	3,774	3,731	21,508	36,527	40,602	42,521	44,503
Blindness	83	92	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	434	848	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Disabled ²	3,635	5,767	6,638	6,697	6,889	23,969	48,570	60,375	65,850	72,742
AFDC ³ program	17,230	24,767	26,872	26,348	28,473	17,690	31,487	37,639	39,952	44,537
Other and unknown	1,105	1,537	3,176	3,365	3,671	1,257	2,708	3,702	5,156	6,525
Inpatient services in—										
General hospital	4,593	5,561	4,273	4,497	4,933	16,674	26,331	21,499	22,231	24,266
Mental hospital	92	84	135	97	99	1,714	2,511	2,801	1,758	1,768
Intermediate care facilities, mentally retarded	147	151	126	122	118	7,354	10,383	9,482	9,332	9,375
Nursing facility services ⁴	1,461	1,667	1,646	1,617	1,703	17,693	29,052	31,892	33,251	34,432
Physicians	17,078	23,789	18,555	18,373	19,104	4,018	7,360	6,070	6,556	6,806
Dental	4,552	6,383	4,965	5,622	5,892	593	1,019	901	1,204	1,404
Other practitioner	3,873	5,528	4,342	3,986	4,735	372	986	587	470	658
Outpatient hospital	12,370	16,712	12,158	12,417	13,226	3,324	6,627	5,759	6,094	7,053
Clinic	2,804	5,322	5,285	6,746	7,667	1,688	4,280	3,921	5,801	6,174
Laboratory ⁵	8,959	13,064	9,381	10,194	11,396	721	1,180	939	1,158	1,288
Home health ⁶	719	1,639	1,225	814	995	3,404	9,406	2,702	2,906	3,119
Prescribed drugs	17,294	23,723	19,338	19,855	20,517	4,420	9,791	13,522	16,612	20,014
Family planning	1,752	2,501	2,011	(NA)	(NA)	265	514	449	(NA)	(NA)
Prepaid health care	(NA)	(NA)	20,203	20,687	21,261	(NA)	(NA)	19,296	21,514	24,413

NA Not available. ¹ Recipient data do not add due to small number of recipients that are reported in more than one category. Includes recipients of, and payments for, other care not shown separately. ² Permanently and totally. Beginning 1998, includes blind. ³ Aid to families with dependent children. From 1997 onwards Temporary Assistance to Needy Families which includes children, adults, and foster care children. ⁴ Nursing facility services includes skilled nursing facility services and intermediate care facility services for all other than the mentally retarded. ⁵ Includes radiological services. ⁶ Data for 2000 not comparable with earlier years.

Source: Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, OIS/EDG/DQCDD 1990 through 1998 Medicaid Statistical Report HCFA-2082; Beginning from 1999, Medicaid Statistical Information System, MSIS <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/medicaid/datasources.asp>>.

No. 147. Medicaid—Summary by State and Other Areas: 1995 and 2000

[For year ending September 30 (36,282 represents 36,282,000). Data for 2000 includes managed care recipients and capitation payments]

State and area	Recipients ¹ (1,000)		Payments ² (mil. dol.)		State and area	Recipients ¹ (1,000)		Payments ² (mil. dol.)	
	1995	2000	1995	2000		1995	2000	1995	2000
All areas	36,282	(NA)	120,141	(NA)	MO	695	890	2,039	3,270
U.S.	35,210	42,763	119,885	168,307	MT	99	104	326	433
AL	539	619	1,455	2,391	NE	168	229	608	958
AK	68	96	252	470	NV	105	138	350	515
AZ	494	681	218	2,112	NH	97	97	473	651
AR	353	489	1,376	1,510	NJ	790	822	3,813	4,707
CA	5,017	7,915	10,521	17,060	NM	287	376	714	1,249
CO	294	381	1,063	1,809	NY	3,035	3,420	22,086	26,148
CT	380	420	2,125	2,839	NC	1,084	1,209	3,175	4,830
DE	79	115	324	528	ND	61	61	297	356
DC	138	139	532	793	OH	1,533	1,305	5,585	7,090
FL	1,735	2,360	4,802	7,350	OK	394	507	1,055	1,604
GA	1,147	1,290	3,076	3,578	OR	452	542	1,327	1,700
HI	52	204	258	535	PA	1,230	1,492	4,633	6,366
ID	115	131	360	594	RI	135	179	673	1,070
IL	1,552	1,516	5,600	7,807	SC	496	685	1,438	2,672
IN	559	705	1,878	2,976	SD	74	102	305	401
IA	304	314	1,036	1,476	TN	1,466	1,568	2,772	3,491
KS	256	263	831	1,226	TX	2,562	2,603	6,565	9,075
KY	641	771	1,945	2,913	UT	160	224	464	959
LA	785	761	2,708	2,631	VT	100	139	320	479
ME	153	192	760	1,307	VA	681	627	1,833	2,484
MD	414	665	2,019	3,586	WA	639	895	1,461	2,432
MA	728	1,047	3,972	5,397	WV	489	335	1,169	1,392
MI	1,168	1,352	3,409	4,881	WI	360	577	1,894	2,906
MN	473	559	2,550	3,277	WY	51	46	171	214
MS	520	605	1,266	1,807	PR	1,055	(NA)	244	(NA)
					VI	17	(NA)	12	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Persons who had payments made on their behalf at any time during the fiscal year. ² Payments are for fiscal year and reflect federal and state contribution payments. Data exclude disproportionate hospital share payments. Disproportionate share hospitals receive higher Medicaid reimbursement than other hospitals because they treat a disproportionate share of Medicaid patients.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, OIS/EDG/DQCCD data before 1999 Medicaid Statistical Report HCFA2082, 1999 data and onwards Medicaid Statistical Information System, MSIS <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/medicaid/datasources.asp>>.

No. 148. State Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)-Enrollment and Expenditures by State: 2000 and 2002

[3,334 represents 3,334,000. For year ending September 30. This program provides health benefits coverage to children living in families whose incomes exceed the eligibility limits for Medicaid. Although it is generally targeted to families with incomes at or below 200 percent of the federal poverty level, each state may set its own income eligibility limits, within certain guidelines. States have three options: they may expand their Medicaid programs, develop a separate child health program that functions independently of Medicaid, or do a combination of both]

State	Enrollment ¹ (1,000)		Expenditures ² (mil. dol.)		State	Enrollment ¹ (1,000)		Expenditures ² (mil. dol.)	
	2000	2002	2000	2002		2000	2002	2000	2002
US	3,334	5,315	31,928.8	33,776.2	MO	74	112	41.2	62.2
AL	38	83	31.9	55.0	MT	8	14	4.3	12.1
AK	13	22	18.1	21.0	NE	11	16	6.1	11.8
AZ	61	93	29.4	126.8	NV	16	38	9.0	20.4
AR	2	2	1.5	1.5	NH	4	8	1.6	3.9
CA	478	857	187.3	454.2	NJ	89	117	46.9	252.5
CO	35	52	13.9	31.2	NM	6	20	3.4	13.9
CT	19	21	12.8	16.2	NY	769	807	401.0	371.6
DE	4	10	1.5	2.6	NC	104	120	65.5	86.0
DC	2	5	5.8	5.5	ND	3	4	1.8	3.8
FL	227	368	125.7	270.0	OH	111	183	53.1	129.0
GA	121	221	48.7	105.9	OK	58	84	51.3	30.2
HI	2	8	0.4	3.9	OR	37	43	12.5	16.3
ID	12	17	7.5	14.3	PA	120	149	70.7	104.0
IL	63	68	32.7	36.3	RI	12	20	10.4	34.5
IN	44	66	53.7	60.4	SC	60	69	46.6	41.6
IA	20	35	15.5	28.7	SD	6	11	3.1	8.7
KS	26	41	12.8	35.9	TN	15	(NA)	41.7	4.0
KY	56	94	60.0	71.9	TX	131	727	41.4	535.7
LA	50	88	25.3	65.1	UT	25	34	12.8	25.8
ME	23	23	11.4	17.8	VT	4	6	1.4	2.6
MD	93	125	92.2	119.2	VA	38	68	18.6	39.7
MA	113	117	44.2	59.9	WA	3	9	0.6	8.0
MI	37	72	36.2	39.6	WV	22	36	9.7	26.9
MN	(Z)	(NA)	(Z)	64.7	WI	47	62	21.4	80.3
MS	20	65	21.1	69.7	WY	3	5	1.0	3.2

NA Not available. Z Less than 500 or \$50,000. ¹ Number of children ever enrolled in CHIP. ² Expenditures for which states are entitled to federal reimbursement under Title XXI and which reconciles any advance of Title XXI federal funds made on the basis of estimates. ³ U.S. expenditures totals include Puerto Rico and island areas.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, *The State Children's Health Insurance Program, Annual Enrollment Report* and the Statement of Expenditures for the SCHIP Program (CMS-21) <www.cms.gov/schip/>.

No. 149. Medicaid Managed Care Enrollment by State and Other Areas: 1995 to 2001

[For year ending June 30. (33,373 represents 33,373,000)]

State and area	Managed care enrollment		State and area	Managed care enrollment		State and area	Managed care enrollment				
	Total medicaid (1,000)	Number (1,000)		Percent of total	Total medicaid (1,000)		Number (1,000)	Percent of total	Total medicaid (1,000)	Number (1,000)	Percent of total
1995	33,373	9,800	29.4	IL	1,456	136	9.4	NC	959	674	70.3
1999	31,940	17,757	55.6	IN	617	433	70.2	ND	44	26	58.3
2000	33,690	18,786	55.8	IA	233	207	88.6	OH	1,293	278	21.5
2001, total	36,563	20,774	56.8	KS	205	118	57.6	OK	442	299	67.7
U.S.	35,496	19,876	54.4	KY	608	490	80.6	OR	413	361	87.4
AL	652	350	53.7	LA	826	57	6.9	PA	1,369	1,037	75.8
AK	116	-	-	ME	222	96	43.2	RI	163	112	68.5
AZ	549	528	96.1	MD	617	421	68.3	SC	644	42	6.5
AR	444	258	58.1	MA	955	616	64.5	SD	82	80	97.4
CA	5,487	2,871	52.3	MI	1,138	1,023	90.0	TN	1,427	1,427	100.0
CO	269	247	92.0	MN	502	323	64.3	TX	1,822	754	41.4
CT	331	240	72.4	MS	586	298	50.8	UT	139	129	93.0
DE	102	83	81.8	MO	840	379	45.1	VT	129	78	60.8
DC	124	80	64.4	MT	73	47	64.2	VA	476	292	61.3
FL	1,923	1,185	61.6	NE	202	151	74.8	WA	766	766	100.0
GA	1,041	878	84.4	NV	124	48	38.2	WV	264	122	46.3
HI	163	128	78.3	NH	79	6	7.9	WI	515	267	51.8
ID	134	38	28.4	NJ	759	459	60.5	WY	40	-	-
				NY	332	212	64.0	PR	1,049	898	85.6
				NY	2,803	729	26.0	VI	18	-	-

- Represents zero. ¹ The enrollment figures include individuals enrolled in state health care reform programs that expand eligibility beyond traditional medicaid eligibility standards.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Medicaid Managed Care"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/medicaid/managedcare/enrolstats.asp>>.

No. 150. Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs): 1990 to 2002

[As of January 1. (33.0 represents 33,000,000). An HMO is a prepaid health plan delivering comprehensive care to members through designated providers, having a fixed periodic payment for health care services, and requiring members to be in a plan for a specified period of time (usually 1 year). A group HMO delivers health services through a physician group that is controlled by the HMO unit or contracts with one or more independent group practices to provide health services. An individual practice association (IPA) HMO contracts directly with physicians in independent practice, and/or contracts with one or more associations of physicians in independent practice, and/or contracts with one or more multispecialty group practices. Data are based on a census of HMOs]

Model type	Number of plans						Enrollment ¹ (mil.)					
	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total	572	550	643	568	541	500	33.0	46.2	81.3	80.9	79.5	76.1
IPA	360	323	309	278	257	229	13.7	17.4	32.8	33.4	33.1	31.6
Group	212	107	126	102	104	100	19.3	12.9	15.9	15.2	15.6	14.9
Mixed	(NA)	120	208	188	180	171	(NA)	15.9	32.6	32.3	30.8	29.5

NA Not available. ¹ 1990-1995 exclude enrollees participating in open-ended plans; beginning 1999 includes open-ended enrollment.

No. 151. Persons Enrolled in Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs) by State: 2001 and 2002

[76,121 represents 76,121,000. Data are based on a census of health maintenance organizations. Pure and open-ended enrollment as of January 1]

State	Number 2002 (1,000)		Percent of population 2001 2002		State	Number 2002 (1,000)		Percent of population 2001 2002		State	Number 2002 (1,000)		Percent of population 2001 2002	
	2001	2002	2001	2002		2001	2002	2001	2002		2001	2002	2001	2002
U.S. ¹	76,121	76,121	27.9	26.4	KS	356	356	16.1	13.2	ND	2	2	1.3	0.4
AL	209	209	6.5	4.7	KY	1,294	1,294	30.4	31.8	OH	2,461	2,461	23.4	21.6
AK	-	-	-	-	LA	627	627	15.6	14.0	OK	513	513	13.9	14.8
AZ	1,367	1,367	32.4	25.8	ME	308	308	27.9	23.9	OR	1,046	1,046	35.5	30.1
AR	208	208	10.5	7.7	MD	1,865	1,865	38.4	34.7	PA	3,838	3,838	33.4	31.2
CA	17,420	17,420	53.4	50.5	MA	2,702	2,702	44.3	42.4	RI	369	369	35.0	34.8
CO	1,455	1,455	36.4	32.9	MI	2,551	2,551	26.7	25.5	SC	324	324	9.5	8.0
CT	1,311	1,311	39.7	38.3	MN	40	40	0.9	1.4	SD	87	87	9.7	11.5
DE	183	183	22.8	23.0	MO	1,758	1,758	31.0	31.2	TN	1,066	1,066	33.0	18.6
DC	178	178	31.0	31.2	MT	52	52	7.7	5.8	TX	3,180	3,180	17.5	14.9
FL	4,866	4,866	29.8	29.8	NE	149	149	9.9	8.7	UT	726	726	35.5	32.0
GA	1,275	1,275	15.9	15.2	NV	479	479	20.4	22.4	VT	64	64	4.2	10.5
HI	402	402	31.8	32.8	NH	142	142	30.3	30.3	VA	1,142	1,142	16.2	15.9
ID	39	39	4.3	2.9	NJ	381	381	39.3	30.9	WA	1,042	1,042	15.3	17.4
IL	2,246	2,246	19.2	18.0	NY	2,622	2,622	31.7	30.9	WV	180	180	10.9	10.0
IN	654	654	11.7	10.7	NY	531	531	27.9	29.0	WI	1,585	1,585	29.6	29.3
IA	150	150	6.5	5.1	NY	6,390	6,390	35.0	33.6	WY	10	10	1.7	2.0
					NC	1,210	1,210	16.3	14.8					

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes Guam and Puerto Rico.

Source of Tables 150 and 151: InterStudy Publications, St. Paul, MN, *The InterStudy Competitive Edge*, annual (copyright).

No. 152. Health Insurance Coverage Status by Selected Characteristics: 1990 to 2001

[Persons as of following year for coverage in the year shown (248.9 represents 248,900,000). Government health insurance includes medicare, medicaid, and military plans. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Number (mil.)							Percent				
	Total persons	Covered by private or government health insurance				Medicare	Medicaid ³	Not covered by health insurance	Covered by private or government health insurance			Not covered by health insurance
		Total ¹	Private	Group health ²	Government				Total ¹	Private	Medicaid ³	
1990	248.9	214.2	182.1	150.2	32.3	24.3	34.7	86.1	73.2	9.7	13.9	
1995	264.3	223.7	185.9	161.5	34.7	31.9	40.6	84.6	70.3	12.1	15.4	
2000	276.5	237.9	200.2	177.3	37.0	28.6	38.7	86.0	72.4	10.4	14.0	
2000 ⁵ 6	279.5	239.7	201.1	177.8	37.7	29.5	39.8	85.8	71.9	10.6	14.2	
2001, total⁵ 6	282.1	240.9	199.9	176.6	38.0	31.6	41.2	85.4	70.9	11.2	14.6	
Age:												
Under 18 years	72.6	64.1	49.6	46.4	0.4	16.5	8.5	88.3	68.4	22.7	11.7	
Under 6 years	23.4	20.9	15.1	14.3	0.2	6.5	2.5	89.3	64.4	28.0	11.7	
6 to 11 years	24.6	21.9	16.9	16.1	0.1	5.7	2.8	88.8	68.6	23.1	10.3	
12 to 17 years	24.6	21.4	17.7	16.1	0.1	4.3	3.2	86.9	71.9	17.4	13.1	
18 to 24 years	27.3	19.6	17.0	13.8	0.2	2.8	7.7	71.9	62.3	10.4	28.1	
25 to 34 years	38.7	29.6	26.9	25.3	0.5	2.6	9.1	76.6	69.6	6.7	23.4	
35 to 44 years	44.3	37.2	34.3	32.4	0.9	2.5	7.1	83.9	77.5	5.7	16.1	
45 to 54 years	39.5	34.4	31.6	29.5	1.3	2.1	5.2	86.9	80.0	5.2	13.1	
55 to 64 years	25.9	22.5	19.6	17.5	2.3	1.8	3.4	86.9	75.7	7.0	13.1	
65 years and over	33.8	33.5	20.8	11.6	32.5	3.3	0.3	99.2	61.5	9.7	0.8	
Sex: Male	137.9	116.1	98.2	88.0	16.4	13.8	21.7	84.2	71.2	10.0	15.8	
Female	144.2	124.7	101.7	88.6	21.7	17.8	19.5	86.5	70.5	12.4	13.5	
Race: White	230.1	198.9	169.2	148.4	33.0	21.5	31.2	86.4	73.5	9.4	13.6	
Black	36.0	29.2	20.4	19.0	3.8	8.0	6.8	81.0	56.5	22.2	19.0	
Asian and Pacific Islander	12.5	10.2	8.6	7.7	0.9	1.3	2.3	81.8	69.2	10.1	18.2	
Hispanic origin ⁷	37.4	25.0	17.3	16.0	2.3	7.1	12.4	66.8	46.3	18.9	33.2	
Household income:												
Less than \$25,000	62.2	47.7	24.3	16.0	17.9	18.1	14.5	76.7	39.0	29.1	23.3	
\$25,000-\$49,999	76.2	62.7	51.7	45.0	11.5	8.6	13.5	82.3	67.9	11.3	17.7	
\$50,000-\$74,999	58.1	51.5	47.9	44.2	4.2	2.8	6.6	88.7	82.4	4.9	11.4	
\$75,000 or more	85.5	78.9	76.0	71.4	4.4	2.1	6.6	92.3	88.9	2.4	7.7	
Persons below poverty	32.9	22.8	8.4	5.5	4.8	13.3	10.1	69.3	25.6	40.5	30.7	

¹ Includes other government insurance, not shown separately. Persons with coverage counted only once in total, even though they may have been covered by more than one type of policy. ² Related to employment of self or other family members. ³ Beginning 1997 persons with no coverage other than access to Indian Health Service are no longer considered covered by health insurance; instead they are considered to be uninsured. The effect of this change on the overall estimates of health insurance coverage is negligible; however, the decrease in the number of people covered by medicaid may be partially due to this change. ⁴ Data based on 1990 census adjusted population controls. ⁵ Estimates reflect results of follow-up verification questions. ⁶ Implementation of Census 2000 based population controls. Sample expanded by 28,000 households. ⁷ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

No. 153. Persons With and Without Health Insurance Coverage by State: 2001

[240,875 represents 240,875,000. Based on the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

State	Total persons covered (1,000)	Total persons not covered		Children not covered		State	Total persons covered (1,000)	Total persons not covered		Children not covered	
		Number (1,000)	Percent of total	Number (1,000)	Percent of total			Number (1,000)	Percent of total	Number (1,000)	Percent of total
U.S.	240,875	41,207	14.6	8,509	11.7	MO	4,960	565	10.2	66	4.7
AL	3,815	573	13.1	101	8.9	MT	771	121	13.6	27	12.2
AK	534	100	15.7	20	10.4	NE	1,523	160	9.5	32	7.3
AZ	4,365	950	17.9	273	17.8	NV	1,791	344	16.1	83	14.2
AR	2,229	428	16.1	82	11.9	NH	1,139	119	9.4	21	7.2
CA	27,770	6,718	19.5	1,489	15.1	NJ	7,361	1,109	13.1	215	11.5
CO	3,723	687	15.6	155	13.0	NM	1,431	373	20.7	75	15.0
CT	3,047	346	10.2	63	7.7	NY	15,911	2,916	15.5	425	9.3
DE	719	73	9.2	17	8.6	NC	6,932	1,167	14.4	236	11.2
DC	484	70	12.7	10	8.6	ND	561	60	9.6	10	7.9
FL	13,491	2,856	17.5	624	15.9	OH	9,943	1,248	11.2	201	7.5
GA	6,912	1,376	16.6	349	15.0	OK	2,762	620	18.3	136	15.6
HI	1,096	117	9.6	29	9.3	OR	3,018	443	12.8	97	11.0
ID	1,105	210	16.0	45	11.9	PA	10,983	1,119	9.2	220	8.0
IL	10,655	1,676	13.6	318	10.3	RI	963	80	7.7	11	4.5
IN	5,322	714	11.8	164	11.2	SC	3,517	493	12.3	101	10.0
IA	2,645	216	7.5	34	4.7	SD	670	69	9.3	14	7.6
KS	2,341	301	11.4	49	7.6	TN	5,042	640	11.3	88	6.2
KY	3,505	492	12.3	97	9.7	TX	16,105	4,960	23.5	1,320	21.3
LA	3,544	845	19.3	157	12.7	UT	1,927	335	14.8	84	11.5
ME	1,147	132	10.3	16	6.2	VT	549	58	9.6	4	3.3
MD	4,673	653	12.3	129	9.1	VA	6,331	774	10.9	142	7.6
MA	5,802	520	8.2	74	5.3	WA	5,151	780	13.1	170	11.3
MI	8,864	1,028	10.4	196	8.1	WV	1,539	234	13.2	29	7.5
MN	4,530	392	8.0	65	5.6	WI	4,927	409	7.7	54	4.2
MS	2,341	459	16.4	82	10.4	WY	411	78	15.9	14	11.7

Source of Tables 152 and 153: U.S. Census Bureau; Current Population Reports, P60-220, and unpublished data.

No. 154. People Without Health Insurance for the Entire Year by Selected Characteristics: 2000 and 2001

[In thousands, except as noted (279,517 represents 279,517,000). Based on the Current Population Survey, Annual Demographic Supplement, and subject to sampling error; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Characteristic	2000			2001		
	Total persons	Uninsured persons		Total persons	Uninsured persons	
		Number	Percent distribution		Number	Percent distribution
Total ¹	279,517	39,804	100.0	282,082	41,207	100.0
Under 18 years	72,314	8,617	21.6	72,628	8,509	20.6
18 to 24 years	26,815	7,406	18.6	27,312	7,673	18.6
25 to 34 years	38,865	8,507	21.4	38,670	9,051	22.0
35 to 44 years	44,566	6,898	17.3	44,284	7,131	17.3
45 to 64 years	63,391	8,124	20.4	65,419	8,571	20.8
65 years and over	33,566	251	0.6	33,769	272	0.7
Male	136,559	20,791	52.2	137,871	21,722	52.7
Female	142,958	19,013	47.8	144,211	19,485	47.3
White	228,208	30,075	75.6	230,071	31,193	75.7
Non-Hispanic	193,931	18,683	46.9	194,822	19,409	47.1
Black	35,597	6,683	16.8	36,023	6,833	16.6
Asian and Pacific Islander	12,693	2,287	5.7	12,500	2,278	5.5
Hispanic ²	36,093	11,883	29.9	37,438	12,417	30.1

¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2001 and 2002 Annual Demographic Supplements.

No. 155. Percent of Workers Participating in Health Care Benefit Programs and Percent of Participants Required to Contribute: 2000

[Based on National Compensation Survey, a sample survey of 1,436 private industry establishments of all sizes, representing over 107 million workers; see Appendix III. See also Table 648]

Characteristic	Percent of workers participating—			Single coverage medical care			Family coverage medical care		
	Medical care	Dental care	Vision care	Employee contributions not required (percent)	Employee contributions required (percent)	Average monthly contribution ¹ (dol.)	Employee contributions not required (percent)	Employee contributions required (percent)	Average monthly contribution ¹ (dol.)
Total	52	29	17	32	68	54.40	19	81	179.75
Professional, technical, and related employees	64	42	24	25	75	54.32	15	85	183.51
Clerical and sales employees	50	30	17	28	72	54.14	16	84	187.07
Blue-collar and service employees	47	24	15	38	62	54.63	23	77	172.69
Full time ²	61	35	21	31	69	53.93	19	81	180.16
Part time ²	13	6	4	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Union ³	75	53	41	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Nonunion ³	49	27	15	27	73	55.63	13	87	185.79

NA Not available. ¹ The average is presented for all covered workers and excludes workers without the plan provision. Averages are for plans stating a flat monthly cost. ² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. ³ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *National Compensation Survey: Employee Benefits in Private Industry in the United States, 2000*, <www.bls.gov/nscs>; (accessed 19 August 2003).

No. 156. Outpatient Prescription Drug Benefits—Selected Features: 2000

[In percent except as indicated. (50,464 represents 50,464,000). Covers only drug benefits for full-time employees. Based on National Compensation Survey, a sample survey of 1,436 private industry establishments of all sizes, representing over 107 million workers; see Appendix III. See also Table 648]

Characteristic	Full-time employees, total	Professional, technical, and related	Clerical and sales	Blue-collar and service
Number with coverage (1,000)	50,464	13,380	14,112	22,972
Percent with—				
Coverage for brand name drugs	99	99	99	99
Higher reimbursement for generic drugs	78	78	84	74
Coverage for mail order drugs ¹	64	64	64	65
Higher reimbursement for prescriptions filled at selected pharmacies	42	45	39	42

¹ Programs that provide drugs for maintenance purposes, that is, drugs required on a continuous basis.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor Bulletin 2555, January 2003; <www.bls.gov/nscs/eps/>.

No. 157. Medical Care Benefits of Workers by Type and Amount of Employee Contribution: 2000

[In percent except as indicated (37,961 represents 37,961,000). See headnote, Table 155]

Type and amount of contribution	Individual coverage				Type and amount of contribution	Family coverage			
	All employees	Professional, technical, and related	Clerical and sales	Blue-collar and service		All employees	Professional, technical, and related	Clerical and sales	Blue-collar and service
Number with contributory coverage (1,000)	37,961	10,913	11,306	15,742	Number with contributory coverage (1,000)	44,822	12,276	13,207	19,338
Total with contributory coverage	100	100	100	100	Total with contributory coverage	100	100	100	100
Flat monthly amount	79	76	77	81	Flat monthly amount	81	79	80	84
Less than \$5.00	-	-	1	-	Less than \$40.00	5	5	4	6
\$5.00-\$9.99	2	3	1	1	\$40.00-\$49.99	2	3	1	2
\$10.00-\$14.99	3	3	4	3	\$50.00-\$59.99	4	3	3	5
\$15.00-\$19.99	6	7	5	7	\$60.00-\$69.99	3	3	2	3
\$20.00-\$29.99	11	10	9	12	\$70.00-\$79.99	4	4	3	4
\$30.00-\$39.99	13	12	13	15	\$80.00-\$89.99	5	5	4	4
\$40.00-\$49.99	12	15	11	12	\$90.00-\$99.99	3	3	3	3
\$50.00-\$59.99	6	6	9	4	\$100.00-\$124.99	9	10	10	8
\$60.00-\$69.99	5	3	5	6	\$125.00-\$149.99	5	6	7	4
\$70.00-\$79.99	5	3	5	6	\$150.00-\$174.99	10	8	10	12
\$80.00-\$89.99	4	3	4	4	\$175.00-\$199.99	5	3	4	6
\$90.00-\$99.99	1	-	1	1	\$200.00-\$224.99	4	5	3	4
\$100.00-\$124.99	3	2	3	4	\$225.00-\$249.99	3	2	4	3
\$125.00 or more	7	10	5	7	\$250.00-\$299.99	8	4	10	8
Dollar amount unspecified	-	-	-	-	\$300 or more	13	15	13	11
Composite rate ¹	2	3	2	3	Composite rate ¹	2	2	1	2
Varies ²	5	5	5	4	Varies ²	4	5	5	4
Other	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	Other	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Flexible benefits ³	8	12	7	7	Flexible benefits ³	7	11	6	6
Percent of earnings	-	-	-	-	Percent of earnings	-	-	-	-
Exists, but unknown	6	4	9	5	Exists, but unknown	5	3	8	4

- Represents zero. Z Less than 0.5 percent. ¹ A composite rate is a set contribution covering more than one benefit area; for example, health care and life insurance. Cost data for individual plans cannot be determined. ² Based on worker attributes. For example, employee contributions may vary based on earnings, length of service, or age. ³ Amount varies by options selected under a "cafeteria plan" or employer-sponsored reimbursement account.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *News*, USDL 02-389, July 16, 2002.

No. 158. Annual Receipts/Revenue for Health Care Industries: 1999 to 2001

[In millions of dollars (417,228 represents \$417,228,000,000). Based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System, (NAICS), see text, Section 15. All firms in NAICS 6211, 6212, 6213, and 6215 are defined as taxable. Estimates for the nonemployer portion are derived from administrative records data provided by other federal agencies. These data are available only at the total revenue level. Estimates for tax-exempt firms are derived only from a sample of employer firms. See Appendix III]

Kind of business	NAICS code	Total, all firms ¹			Employer firms		
		1999	2000	2001	1999	2000	2001
Ambulatory health care services	621	417,228	443,040	480,191	391,157	416,182	450,633
Offices of physicians	6211	201,386	215,221	232,146	190,049	202,913	219,492
Offices of dentists	6212	56,389	60,774	65,586	54,592	58,812	63,556
Offices of other health practitioners ²	6213	39,224	41,580	44,963	30,902	32,512	35,309
Offices of chiropractors	62131	8,324	8,661	9,619	7,291	7,576	8,433
Offices of optometrists	62132	7,932	8,612	8,950	7,318	7,941	8,256
Offices of PT/OT/speech therapy & audiology ³	62134	9,788	9,807	11,003	8,574	8,531	9,503
Outpatient care centers	6214	56,589	58,929	65,347	55,975	59,731	64,593
Medical & diagnostic laboratories	6215	20,385	23,196	26,487	19,546	22,215	25,541
Home health care services	6216	30,649	29,977	31,763	29,148	28,431	29,978
Other ambulatory health care services	6219	12,605	13,363	13,899	10,945	11,568	12,165
Hospitals	622	413,035	430,329	462,215	413,035	430,329	462,215
General medical & surgical hospitals	6221	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	385,480	402,578	432,749
Psychiatric & substance abuse hospitals	6222	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	15,379	14,944	15,287
Other specialty hospitals	6223	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	12,176	12,807	14,179
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	102,336	108,607	116,066	101,049	107,174	114,472
Nursing care facilities	6231	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	63,128	65,774	69,270
Residential mental retardation/health facilities ²	6232	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	13,113	14,353	15,542
Residential mental retardation facilities	62321	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	8,609	9,301	9,985
Community care facilities for the elderly	6233	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	19,346	21,257	23,434

NA Not available. ¹ Includes taxable nonemployer firms, not shown separately. ² Includes other kinds of business not shown separately. ³ Offices of physical, occupational and speech therapists, and audiologists.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Service Annual Survey*, 2001.

No. 159. Receipts for Selected Health Service Industries by Source of Revenue: 2000 and 2001

[In millions of dollars (202,913 represents \$202,913,000,000). Based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), see text, Section 15. Based on a sample of employer firms only and does not include nonemployer revenue. See Appendix III]

Source of revenue	Offices of physicians (NAICS 6211)		Offices of dentists (NAICS 6212)		Hospitals (NAICS 622)		Nursing and residential care facilities (NAICS 623)	
	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001
Total	202,913	219,492	58,812	63,556	430,329	462,215	107,174	114,472
Medicare	48,370	52,649	(S)	(S)	138,843	147,841	12,699	14,857
Medicaid	13,896	15,109	1,416	1,790	52,305	56,193	43,834	45,875
Other government	2,025	2,347	(S)	(S)	22,687	24,745	7,157	8,227
Worker's compensation	7,419	8,050	(S)	(S)	4,720	5,117	(S)	(S)
Private insurance	97,193	105,846	30,232	33,201	155,206	169,885	6,231	6,617
Patient (out-of-pocket)	22,865	23,617	25,747	27,174	22,928	23,844	27,019	28,930
Other patient care sources, n.e.c. ³	7,299	8,128	(S)	434	10,622	11,453	3,300	3,223
Nonpatient care revenue	3,846	3,746	(S)	(S)	23,019	23,138	6,910	6,717

S Figure does not meet publication standards. ¹ Veterans, National Institute of Health, Indian Affairs, etc. ² Represents payment from patients and their families plus patients' assigned social security benefits. ³ N.e.c. represents not elsewhere classified.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Service Annual Survey: 2001*.

No. 160. Employment in the Health Service Industries: 1990 to 2002

[In thousands (2,842 represents 2,842,000). See headnote Table 631]

Industry	NAICS code ¹	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002
		Ambulatory health care services ²	621	2,842	3,768	4,227	4,320
Offices of physicians	6211	1,278	1,540	1,787	1,840	1,911	1,983
Offices of dentists	6212	513	592	667	688	705	726
Offices of other health practitioners	6213	276	395	439	438	457	482
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	6215	129	146	156	162	170	174
Home health care services	6216	288	622	630	633	639	675
Hospitals	622	3,513	3,734	3,936	3,954	4,051	4,153
General medical and surgical hospitals	6221	3,305	3,520	3,727	3,745	3,833	3,926
Psychiatric and substance abuse hospitals	6222	113	101	88	86	87	90
Other hospitals	6223	95	112	121	123	132	138
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	1,856	2,308	2,529	2,583	2,676	2,743
Nursing care facilities	6231	1,170	1,413	1,501	1,514	1,547	1,574

¹ Based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002 code; see text, Section 12. ² Includes other industries not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, monthly, June 2003 issue.

No. 161. Registered Nurses by Employment Status: 1996 and 2000

[As of March (2,559 represents 2,559,000). Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability; see source for details]

Age, race and Hispanic origin status	Total (1,000)	Employed in nursing		Not employed in nursing (1,000)
		Number (1,000)	Percent distribution	
1996	2,559	2,116	100.0	443
2000	2,697	2,202	100.0	495
Less than 25 years	66	65	2.9	2
25 to 29 years	177	166	7.5	11
30 to 34 years	248	225	10.2	24
35 to 39 years	360	316	14.4	44
40 to 44 years	464	409	18.6	55
45 to 49 years	465	406	18.5	58
50 to 54 years	342	288	13.1	55
55 to 59 years	238	180	8.2	58
60 to 64 years	156	87	4.0	69
65 years and over	154	41	1.9	113
Unknown age	25	19	0.8	6
White non-Hispanic	2,334	1,891	85.9	443
Black non-Hispanic	133	113	5.1	20
Asian non-Hispanic	93	83	3.8	11
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	6	6	0.3	1
American Indian/Alaska Native	13	11	0.5	2
Hispanic ¹	55	48	2.2	7
Two or more races non-Hispanic	33	27	1.2	6
Unknown race/ethnic	29	23	1.1	6

¹ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, *The Registered Nurse Population, March 2000*, September 2001.

No. 162. Physicians by Selected Activity: 1980 to 2001

[In thousands (467.7 represents 467,700). As of Dec. 31, except 1990 as of Jan. 1, and as noted. Includes Puerto Rico and island areas]

Activity	1980	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001
Doctors of medicine, total.	467.7	615.4	720.3	777.9	797.6	813.8	836.2
Professionally active	435.5	560.0	646.0	707.0	720.9	737.5	751.7
Place of medical education:							
U.S. medical graduates	343.6	437.2	492.2	533.4	542.2	554.2	562.3
Foreign medical graduates ¹	91.8	122.8	153.8	173.7	178.7	183.4	189.4
Sex: Male	386.7	463.9	505.9	538.9	544.1	551.7	556.6
Female	48.7	96.1	140.1	168.1	176.7	185.8	195.1
Active nonfederal	417.7	539.5	624.9	688.0	702.8	718.1	731.7
Patient care	361.9	487.8	564.1	606.4	610.7	631.4	652.3
Office-based practice	271.3	359.9	427.3	468.8	473.2	490.4	514.0
General and family practice	47.8	57.6	59.9	64.6	66.2	67.5	70.0
Cardiovascular diseases	6.7	10.7	13.7	15.1	15.6	16.3	17.0
Dermatology	4.4	6.0	7.0	7.6	7.8	8.0	8.2
Gastroenterology	2.7	5.2	7.3	7.9	8.2	8.5	8.9
Internal medicine	40.5	57.8	72.6	83.3	84.6	88.7	94.7
Pediatrics	17.4	26.5	33.9	38.4	40.5	42.2	44.8
Pulmonary diseases	2.0	3.7	5.0	4.9	5.7	6.1	6.6
General surgery	22.4	24.5	24.1	27.5	26.8	24.5	25.6
Obstetrics and gynecology	19.5	25.5	29.1	31.2	31.1	31.7	32.6
Ophthalmology	10.6	13.1	14.6	15.6	15.2	15.6	16.0
Orthopedic surgery	10.7	14.2	17.1	18.5	17.0	17.4	17.8
Otolaryngology	5.3	6.4	7.1	7.5	7.3	7.6	7.9
Plastic surgery	2.4	3.8	4.6	5.3	5.1	5.3	5.5
Urological surgery	6.2	7.4	8.0	8.4	8.2	8.5	8.6
Anesthesiology	11.3	17.8	23.8	26.2	26.6	27.6	28.9
Diagnostic radiology	4.2	9.8	12.8	14.2	14.3	14.6	15.6
Emergency medicine	(NA)	8.4	11.7	13.3	13.9	14.5	15.8
Neurology	3.2	5.6	7.6	8.5	8.1	8.6	9.2
Pathology, anatomical/clinical	6.0	7.3	9.0	10.0	10.1	10.3	10.6
Psychiatry	15.9	20.0	23.3	25.0	24.4	25.0	25.7
Other specialty	31.9	28.8	35.0	35.9	36.4	42.0	44.1
Hospital-based practice	90.6	127.9	136.8	137.6	137.2	141.0	138.3
Residents and interns ²	59.6	89.9	93.7	92.3	92.5	95.1	92.9
Full-time hospital staff	31.0	38.0	43.1	45.3	44.8	45.9	45.4
Other professional activity ³	35.2	39.0	40.3	41.6	41.2	41.6	41.0
Not classified	20.6	12.7	20.6	40.0	50.9	45.1	38.3
Federal	17.8	20.5	21.1	19.0	18.1	19.4	20.0
Patient care	14.6	16.1	18.1	15.3	14.7	16.0	16.6
Other professional activity ³	3.2	4.4	3.0	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.4
Inactive/unknown address	32.1	55.4	74.3	70.8	76.8	76.3	84.5
Doctors of osteopathy⁴	18.8	30.9	35.7	40.8	43.5	44.9	47.0

NA Not available. ¹ Foreign medical graduates received their medical education in schools outside the United States and Canada. ² Includes clinical fellows. ³ Includes medical teaching, administration, research, and other. ⁴ As of June 1. Total DOs. Data from American Osteopathic Association, Chicago, IL.

Source: Except as noted, American Medical Association, Chicago, IL, *Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S.*, annual (copyright).

No. 163. Active Nonfederal Physicians, 2001, and Nurses, 2000 by State

[As of December. Excludes doctors of osteopathy, federally-employed persons, and physicians with addresses unknown. Includes all physicians not classified according to activity status]

State	Physicians		Nurses		State	Physicians		Nurses	
	Total	Rate ¹	Total	Rate ¹		Total	Rate ¹	Total	Rate ¹
United States	721,034	253	2,249,440	797	Missouri	13,041	231	52,590	938
Alabama	8,975	201	35,430	796	Montana	1,901	210	7,600	841
Alaska	1,174	185	5,030	801	Nebraska	3,887	226	15,770	920
Arizona	10,325	195	34,660	671	Nevada	3,659	174	10,770	533
Arkansas	5,124	190	19,470	727	New Hampshire	3,086	245	11,140	898
California	85,752	248	185,500	545	New Jersey	25,761	303	72,150	856
Colorado	10,386	234	33,430	773	New Mexico	3,901	213	11,430	627
Connecticut	12,234	356	33,490	982	New York	72,666	381	164,490	866
Delaware	1,896	238	7,240	921	North Carolina	19,248	235	70,870	877
District of Columbia	3,862	673	8,690	1,520	North Dakota	1,403	220	6,380	995
Florida	38,397	235	129,210	805	Ohio	27,515	242	103,180	908
Georgia	17,260	205	58,420	709	Oklahoma	5,655	163	22,520	652
Hawaii	3,343	272	8,570	707	Oregon	8,169	235	25,780	751
Idaho	2,064	156	8,340	642	Pennsylvania	35,710	290	133,780	1,089
Illinois	32,798	262	104,790	842	Rhode Island	3,553	335	11,160	1,062
Indiana	12,388	202	49,650	815	South Carolina	8,791	216	27,670	688
Iowa	5,182	177	29,870	1,020	South Dakota	1,481	195	8,310	1,100
Kansas	5,594	207	24,440	908	Tennessee	14,035	244	48,360	848
Kentucky	8,647	213	34,090	842	Texas	43,094	202	127,680	609
Louisiana	11,339	254	35,680	798	Utah	4,537	199	13,480	601
Maine	3,156	246	13,270	1,039	Vermont	2,055	335	5,800	951
Maryland	20,181	335	43,260	814	Virginia	17,840	248	55,110	776
Massachusetts	26,820	419	75,750	1,191	Washington	14,684	245	45,130	763
Michigan	23,064	230	83,370	837	West Virginia	3,946	219	15,550	860
Minnesota	13,072	262	46,530	943	Wisconsin	12,721	235	49,200	915
Mississippi	4,806	168	21,670	761	Wyoming	856	173	3,750	759

¹ Per 100,000 resident population. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimates as of July 1.

Source: Physicians: American Medical Association, Chicago, IL, *Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S.*, annual (copyright); Nurses: U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services; Health Resources and Services Administration, unpublished data.

No. 164. Health Professions—Practitioners and Schools: 1990 to 2001

[573 represents 573,000. Data on the number of schools and total enrollment are reported as of the beginning of the academic year; all other school data are reported as of the end of the academic year. Data are based on reporting by health professions schools]

Year	Registered nursing									
	Medicine	Osteopathy	Total	Baccalaureate	Associate degree	Diploma	Licensed practical nursing	Dentistry ¹	Optometry	Pharmacy
ACTIVE PERSONNEL (1,000)										
1990	573	28	1,790	² 682	³ 1,107	(3)	441	148	26	168
1995	646	36	2,116	² 881	³ 1,235	(3)	399	159	29	181
1999	721	43	2,202	² 965	³ 1,237	(3)	357	165	32	193
2000	738	45	2,249	² 983	³ 1,267	(3)	374	168	32	196
NUMBER OF SCHOOLS⁴										
1990	126	15	1,470	489	829	152	1,154	56	17	74
1995	125	16	1,516	521	876	119	1,210	54	17	75
1999	125	19	1,513	550	885	78	1,138	55	17	81
2000	125	19	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	55	17	82
2001	125	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
TOTAL ENROLLMENT										
1990	65,016	6,615	201,458	74,865	106,175	20,418	46,720	16,412	4,723	23,013
1995	66,788	8,146	268,350	112,659	135,895	19,796	59,428	16,353	5,201	27,667
1999	66,539	9,882	211,694	93,763	109,423	8,508	52,221	17,033	5,313	28,568
2000	66,377	10,388	192,202	89,508	95,598	7,096	(NA)	17,242	5,464	29,586
2001	66,160	10,817	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	17,349	5,428	30,301
GRADUATES										
1990	15,398	1,529	66,088	18,571	42,318	5,199	35,417	4,233	1,115	6,956
1995	15,883	1,843	97,052	31,254	58,749	7,049	44,234	3,908	1,219	7,837
1999	16,008	2,169	67,169	23,942	40,828	2,399	(NA)	4,095	1,316	7,141
2000	15,712	2,279	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	4,171	1,315	7,260
2001	15,778	2,597	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Personnel data exclude dentists in military service, U.S. Public Health Service, and U.S. Dept. of Veterans Affairs. ² Includes nurses with advanced degrees. ³ Diploma nurses included with associate degree nurses. ⁴ Some nursing schools offer more than one type of program. Numbers shown for nursing are number of nursing programs.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, Bureau of Health Professions, unpublished data; American Medical Association, Chicago, IL, *Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S.*, annual; and American Association of Colleges of Osteopathic Medicine, Rockville, MD, *Annual Statistical Report*.

No. 165. Percent Distribution of Number of Visits to Health Care Professionals by Selected Characteristics: 2000 and 2001

[Covers ambulatory visits to doctor's offices and emergency departments, and home health care visits during a 12-month period. Based on the redesigned National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. See Appendix III]

Characteristic	None		1-3 visits		4-9 visits		10 or more visits	
	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001
All persons¹	16.6	16.5	45.4	45.8	24.7	24.4	13.3	13.3
Age:								
Under 6 years	6.3	5.5	44.3	45.8	38.3	37.9	11.2	10.8
6-17 years	15.1	14.6	58.2	58.9	20.7	20.5	6.0	6.1
18-44 years	23.2	23.3	45.3	46.1	19.2	18.9	12.2	11.8
45-64 years	15.0	15.6	43.4	42.9	25.7	25.7	15.8	15.9
65-74 years	9.0	8.1	34.5	35.8	34.4	33.5	22.1	22.6
75 years and over	5.8	5.8	29.3	28.2	39.3	38.1	25.6	27.9
Sex:¹								
Male	21.5	21.3	46.0	46.5	22.4	21.6	10.1	10.7
Female	11.9	11.9	44.8	45.1	27.0	27.1	16.4	15.9
Race:^{1,2}								
White only	16.0	15.9	45.1	45.7	25.3	24.8	13.7	13.5
Black or African American only	17.3	16.4	46.7	46.4	23.4	24.0	12.6	13.2
American Indian or Alaska Native	21.2	21.4	42.9	36.4	20.0	25.4	15.8	16.9
Asian only	20.2	20.8	49.2	48.3	20.9	22.3	9.7	8.6
Two or more races	12.1	18.0	41.6	41.2	28.3	23.5	17.9	17.3
Race and Hispanic origin:¹								
Hispanic	26.5	27.0	41.8	40.2	20.0	20.7	11.7	12.0
White, non-Hispanic	14.5	14.3	45.4	46.4	26.0	25.4	14.1	13.9
Black, non-Hispanic	17.2	16.4	46.9	46.4	23.4	24.0	12.6	13.1

¹ Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using six age groups: Under 18 years, 18-44 years, 45-54 years, 55-64 years, 65-74 years, and 75 years and over. ² Estimates by race and Hispanic origin are tabulated using the 1997 standards for federal data on race and ethnicity. Estimates for specific race groups are shown when they meet requirements for statistical reliability and confidentiality. The categories "White only," "Black or African American only," "American Indian and Alaska Native (AI/AN) only," and "Asian only" include persons who reported only one racial group; and the category "2 or more races" includes persons who reported more than one of the five racial groups in the 1997 standards or one of the five racial groups and "Some other race."

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2003*.

No. 166. Medical Practice Characteristics by Selected Specialty: 1990 to 2001

[Dollar figures in thousands (164.3 represents \$164,300). Based on a sample telephone survey of nonfederal office and hospital based patient care physicians, excluding residents. Survey not conducted for 2000. For details see source. For definition of mean, see Guide to Tabular Presentation]

Specialty	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2001
MEAN PATIENT VISITS PER WEEK							
All physicians ¹	120.9	107.6	109.4	110.6	105.0	106.7	107.2
General/Family practice	146.0	133.7	133.1	130.1	125.0	122.9	126.6
Internal medicine	112.0	99.7	104.7	106.4	102.8	103.0	102.7
Surgery	107.6	97.1	95.1	99.3	93.5	95.8	97.7
Pediatrics	134.0	125.9	121.1	125.5	110.9	120.5	111.0
Obstetrics/Gynecology	120.0	94.0	104.2	103.8	99.3	101.8	101.2
MEAN HOURS IN PATIENT CARE PER WEEK							
All physicians ¹	53.3	51.3	53.4	53.2	51.7	51.6	52.8
General/Family practice	55.0	52.9	53.5	53.1	51.3	50.6	50.7
Internal medicine	55.7	53.9	57.2	56.0	54.3	54.2	56.2
Surgery	53.1	53.2	54.2	55.0	51.7	53.3	53.1
Pediatrics	52.4	50.4	51.0	51.6	48.6	49.5	49.4
Obstetrics/Gynecology	60.4	54.6	60.5	59.9	59.9	59.0	59.3
MEAN NET INCOME							
All physicians ¹	164.3	195.5	199.0	199.6	194.4	(NA)	205.7
General/Family practice	102.7	131.2	139.1	140.9	142.5	(NA)	144.7
Internal medicine	152.5	185.7	185.7	193.9	182.1	(NA)	196.1
Surgery	236.4	269.4	275.2	261.4	268.2	(NA)	274.7
Pediatrics	106.5	140.5	140.6	143.5	139.6	(NA)	137.8
Obstetrics/Gynecology	207.3	244.3	231.0	228.7	214.4	(NA)	227.0
MEAN LIABILITY PREMIUM							
All physicians ¹	14.5	15.0	14.1	14.2	16.8	(NA)	18.4
General/Family practice	7.8	9.0	8.4	12.0	10.9	(NA)	13.8
Internal medicine	9.2	9.4	8.9	9.4	16.5	(NA)	13.7
Surgery	22.8	23.3	21.7	19.7	22.8	(NA)	23.6
Pediatrics	7.8	7.9	8.3	12.3	9.0	(NA)	11.6
Obstetrics/Gynecology	34.3	38.6	35.2	33.0	35.8	(NA)	39.2

NA Not available. ¹ Includes other specialties not shown separately.

Source: American Medical Association, Chicago IL, *Physician Socioeconomic Statistics, Periodic* (copyright)

No. 167. Ambulatory Care Visits to Physicians' Offices and Hospital Outpatient and Emergency Departments: 2001

[1,017.1 represents 1,017,100,000. Based on the annual National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey and National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey and subject to sampling error; see source for details. For composition of regions, see map inside front cover]

Characteristic	Number of visits (mil.)				Visits per 100 persons			
	Total	Physician offices	Outpatient dept.	Emergency dept.	Total	Physician offices	Outpatient dept.	Emergency dept.
Total	1,071.7	880.5	83.7	107.5	383	314	30	38
Age:								
Under 15 years old	187.2	146.7	18.3	22.2	310	243	30	37
15 to 24 years old	92.8	65.6	9.8	17.4	239	169	25	45
25 to 44 years old	253.9	200.6	20.6	32.7	306	242	25	40
45 to 64 years old	280.0	239.1	21.6	19.3	437	373	34	30
65 to 74 years old	126.8	113.0	7.3	6.6	702	625	40	36
75 years old and over	130.9	115.5	6.1	9.3	837	739	39	60
Sex:								
Male	443.9	360.4	33.2	50.3	325	264	24	37
Female	627.8	520.1	50.5	57.2	437	362	35	40
Race:								
White	922.8	777.5	63.2	82.0	407	343	28	36
Black/African-American	105.4	66.1	17.0	22.2	302	189	49	64
Asian/Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	34.0	29.2	2.7	2.1	307	264	24	19
American Indian/Alaska Native	2.8	1.9	0.3	0.6	104	72	10	12
More than one race reported	3.0	2.8	1.1	0.1	76	69	13	4
Region:								
Northeast	238.2	195.8	21.6	20.8	449	369	41	39
Midwest	233.7	185.2	21.8	26.7	366	290	34	42
South	355.2	287.2	27.5	40.5	357	288	28	41
West	244.5	212.3	12.8	19.5	385	334	20	31
Primary source of payment:								
Private insurance	591.5	517.4	30.9	43.2	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Medicare	221.5	192.1	13.5	15.9	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Medicaid	102.7	63.6	20.3	18.8	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Worker's compensation	18.5	14.9	1.0	2.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Self pay	57.4	35.3	6.2	15.9	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No charge	7.4	3.1	13.3	11.0	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Other	22.0	16.4	3.3	2.3	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Unknown	50.7	37.6	5.3	7.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

X Not applicable. ¹ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Advance Data, Nos. 335, 337, and 338; June 4, 2003; August 11, 2003; and August 5, 2003.

No. 168. Visits to Office-Based Physicians and Hospital Outpatient Departments by Diagnosis: 2000 and 2001

[369.0 represents 369,000,000. See headnote, Table 167]

Leading diagnoses ¹	Number (mil.)		Rate per 1,000 persons ²		Leading diagnoses ¹	Number (mil.)		Rate per 1,000 persons ²	
	2000	2001	2000	2001		2000	2001	2000	2001
MALE					FEMALE				
All ages	369.0	393.6	2,760	2,883	All ages	537.8	570.6	3,829	3,975
Under 15 years old ³	85.3	86.7	2,765	2,803	Under 15 years old ³	75.4	78.3	2,556	2,654
Routine infant or child health check	17.9	19.9	580	642	Routine infant or child health check	17.5	18.0	593	610
Acute respiratory infections ⁴	8.5	7.5	276	243	Acute respiratory infections ⁴	8.1	7.0	276	239
Otitis media ⁵	7.1	5.8	231	188	Otitis media ⁵	6.6	6.4	222	216
Asthma	3.1	3.0	101	96	Acute pharyngitis	2.3	2.4	78	81
Attention deficit disorder	3.4	2.8	110	89	Asthma	1.2	1.6	40	54
15 to 44 years old ³	98.9	102.5	1,660	1,697	15 to 44 years old ³	194.8	194.2	3,199	3,159
Acute respiratory infections ⁴	3.6	4.2	60	70	Normal pregnancy	24.5	20.1	402	327
General medical examination	3.9	3.8	66	63	Gynecological examination	6.1	6.1	100	99
Spinal disorders	4.4	3.7	74	62	Acute respiratory infections ⁴	6.0	6.0	99	97
Rheumatism, excluding back	1.9	3.5	32	59	General medical examination	6.6	5.0	108	81
Essential hypertension	2.7	3.2	46	53	Rheumatism, excluding back	2.3	4.6	37	75
45 to 64 years old ³	96.5	105.0	3,294	3,384	45 to 64 years old ³	141.0	155.7	4,511	4,714
Essential hypertension	6.8	7.5	233	243	Essential hypertension	8.3	8.1	264	246
Diabetes mellitus	5.8	6.4	199	206	Arthropathies and related disorders	6.6	8.1	211	245
Spinal disorders	4.1	4.5	139	145	Diabetes mellitus	5.6	5.7	181	173
Arthropathies and related disorders	2.9	3.1	99	100	Spinal disorders	5.7	5.5	182	166
Rheumatism, excluding back	1.4	3.1	49	99	Rheumatism, excluding back	3.0	5.4	94	162
65 years old and over ³	88.2	99.4	6,340	7,010	65 years old and over ³	126.6	142.5	6,736	7,291
Essential hypertension	6.6	6.3	478	444	Essential hypertension	11.8	10.8	628	555
Heart disease, excluding ischemic	4.1	5.2	296	365	Diabetes mellitus	6.0	8.0	318	412
Diabetes mellitus	4.8	5.1	344	361	Arthropathies and related disorders	6.3	7.5	335	384
Ischemic heart disease	4.9	5.1	349	359	Heart disease, excluding ischemic	3.6	5.9	194	300
Malignant neoplasms	7.1	4.5	507	319	Cataract	4.0	5.0	212	258

¹ Based on the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification, (ICD-9-CM). ² Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. ³ Includes other first-listed diagnoses, not shown separately. ⁴ Excluding pharyngitis. ⁵ Includes Eustachian tube disorders. Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Advance Data, Nos. 335 and 337, June 4, 2003, and August 11, 2003.

No. 169. Visits to Hospital Emergency Departments by Diagnosis: 2001

[50,321 represents 50,321,000. See headnote, Table 167]

Leading diagnoses ¹	Number (1,000)	Rate per 1,000 persons ²	Leading diagnoses ¹	Number (1,000)	Rate per 1,000 persons ²
MALE			FEMALE		
All ages	50,321	369	All ages	57,169	398
Under 15 years old ³	12,148	393	Under 15 years old ³	10,096	342
Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	1,094	35	Acute respiratory infections ⁴	1,096	37
Acute upper respiratory infections ⁴	1,071	35	Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	813	28
Open wound of head	750	24	Contusions with intact skin surfaces	467	16
Contusions with intact skin surfaces	689	22	Open wound of head	416	14
Fractures, excluding lower limb	499	16	Pyrexia of unknown origin	354	12
15 to 44 years old ³	22,864	379	15 to 44 years old ³	27,239	443
Open wound, excluding head	1,577	26	Abdominal pain	1,525	25
Contusions with intact skin surfaces	1,357	22	Complications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium	1,352	22
Strains and sprains of neck and back	855	14	Contusions with intact skin surfaces	1,148	19
Spinal disorders	843	14	Sprains and strains of neck and back	978	16
Fractures, excluding lower limb	716	12	Acute upper respiratory infections ⁴	975	16
45 to 64 years old ³	8,813	284	45 to 64 years old ³	10,447	316
Chest pain	620	20	Chest pain	674	20
Open wound, excluding head	444	14	Abdominal pain	455	14
Spinal disorders	311	10	Spinal disorders	403	12
Contusions with intact skin surfaces	311	10	Contusions with intact skin surfaces	344	10
Abdominal pain	269	9	Rheumatism, excluding back	301	9
65 years old and over ³	6,496	458	65 years old and over ³	9,387	480
Chest pain	386	27	Heart disease, excluding ischemic	562	29
Heart disease, excluding ischemic	377	27	Chest pain	493	25
Open wound, excluding head	238	17	Contusions with intact skin surfaces	434	22
Schematic heart disease	222	16	Cerebrovascular disease	307	16
Pneumonia	214	15	Fractures, excluding lower limb	289	15

¹ Based on the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification, (ICD-9-CM). ² Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. ³ Includes other first-listed diagnoses, not shown separately. ⁴ Excluding pharyngitis. Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Advance Data, No. 338, August 5, 2003.

No. 170. Hospitals—Summary Characteristics: 1980 to 2001

[For beds, 1,365 represents 1,365,000. Covers hospitals accepted for registration by the American Hospital Association; see text, this section. Short-term hospitals have an average patient stay of less than 30 days; long-term, an average stay of longer duration. Special hospitals include obstetrics and gynecology; eye, ear, nose, and throat; rehabilitation; orthopedic; and chronic and other special hospitals except psychiatric, tuberculosis, alcoholism, and chemical dependency hospitals]

Item	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Number:									
All hospitals	6,965	6,649	6,291	6,201	6,097	6,021	5,890	5,810	5,801
With 100 beds or more	3,755	3,620	3,376	3,347	3,267	3,216	3,140	3,102	3,084
Nonfederal	6,606	6,312	5,992	5,911	5,812	5,746	5,626	5,565	5,558
Community hospitals ²	5,830	5,384	5,194	5,134	5,057	5,015	4,956	4,915	4,908
Nongovernmental nonprofit	3,322	3,191	3,092	3,045	3,000	3,026	3,012	3,003	2,998
For profit	730	749	752	759	797	771	747	749	754
State and local government	1,778	1,444	1,350	1,330	1,260	1,218	1,197	1,163	1,156
Long-term general and special	157	131	112	112	125	125	129	131	136
Psychiatric	534	757	657	636	601	579	516	496	491
Tuberculosis	11	4	3	3	4	3	4	4	4
Federal	359	337	299	290	285	275	264	245	243
Beds (1,000):									
All hospitals ³	1,365	1,213	1,081	1,062	1,035	1,013	994	984	987
Rate per 1,000 population ⁴	6.0	4.9	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.5
Beds per hospital	196	182	172	171	170	168	169	169	170
Nonfederal	1,248	1,113	1,004	989	973	956	939	931	936
Community hospitals ²	988	927	873	862	853	840	830	824	826
Rate per 1,000 population ⁴	4.3	3.7	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9
Nongovernmental nonprofit	692	657	610	598	591	588	587	583	585
For profit	87	102	106	109	115	113	107	110	109
State and local government	209	169	157	155	148	139	136	131	132
Long-term general and special	39	25	19	19	17	18	20	18	19
Psychiatric	215	158	110	106	100	95	87	87	89
Tuberculosis	2	(Z)							
Federal	117	98	78	73	62	57	55	53	53
Average daily census (1,000):									
All hospitals	1,060	844	710	685	673	662	657	650	658
Community hospitals ²	747	619	548	531	528	525	526	526	533
Nongovernmental nonprofit	542	455	393	379	376	377	381	382	385
For profit	57	54	55	56	60	60	58	61	63
State and local government	149	111	100	96	92	87	86	83	85
Expenses (bil. dol.): ⁵									
All hospitals	91.9	234.9	320.3	330.5	342.3	355.5	372.9	395.4	426.8
Nonfederal	84.0	219.6	300.0	308.3	319.6	332.9	349.2	371.5	399.3
Community hospitals ²	76.9	203.7	285.6	293.8	305.8	318.8	335.2	356.6	383.7
Nongovernmental nonprofit	55.8	150.7	209.6	216.0	225.3	238.0	251.5	267.1	287.3
For profit	5.8	18.8	26.7	28.4	31.2	31.7	31.2	35.0	37.3
State and local government	15.2	34.2	49.3	49.4	49.3	49.1	52.5	54.5	59.1
Long-term general and special	1.2	2.7	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.8	2.8	3.3
Psychiatric	5.8	12.9	11.7	12.0	11.0	11.2	11.0	11.9	13.2
Tuberculosis	0.1	0.1	0.4	(Z)	0.1	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Federal	7.9	15.2	20.2	22.3	22.7	22.6	23.7	23.9	27.5
Personnel (1,000): ⁶									
All hospitals	3,492	4,063	4,273	4,276	4,333	4,407	4,369	4,454	4,535
Nonfederal	3,213	3,760	3,971	3,981	4,036	4,071	4,074	4,157	4,236
Community hospitals ²	2,873	3,420	3,714	3,725	3,790	3,831	3,838	3,911	3,987
Nongovernmental nonprofit	2,086	2,533	2,702	2,711	2,765	2,834	2,862	2,919	2,971
For profit	189	273	343	359	385	383	362	378	379
State and local government	598	614	670	654	640	614	614	614	637
Long-term general and special	56	55	38	40	37	37	42	41	44
Psychiatric	275	280	215	212	204	198	191	200	201
Tuberculosis	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Federal	279	303	301	295	296	336	295	297	299
Outpatient visits (mil.)	263.0	368.2	483.2	505.5	520.6	545.5	573.5	592.7	612.0
Emergency	82.0	92.8	99.9	97.6	97.4	99.0	103.8	106.9	109.8

¹ Z Less than 500 beds or \$50 million. ² Includes hospital units of institutions. ³ Short term (average length of stay less than 30 days) general and special (e.g., obstetrics and gynecology; eye, ear, nose and throat; rehabilitation etc. except psychiatric, tuberculosis, alcoholism and chemical dependency). Excludes hospital units of institutions. ⁴ Beginning 1990, number of beds at end of reporting period; prior years, average number in 12 month period. ⁵ Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. Estimates reflect revisions based on the 2000 Census of Population. ⁶ Excludes new construction. ⁷ Includes full-time equivalents of part-time personnel.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *Hospital Statistics 2003 Edition*, and prior years (copyright). <<http://www.healthforum.com/>>.

No. 171. Average Cost to Community Hospitals Per Patient: 1980 to 2001

[In dollars, except percent. Covers nonfederal short-term general or special hospitals (excluding psychiatric or tuberculosis hospitals and hospital units of institutions). Total cost per patient based on total hospital expenses (payroll, employee benefits, professional fees, supplies, etc.). Data have been adjusted for outpatient visits]

Type of expense and hospital	1980	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Average cost per day, total	245	687	931	968	1,006	1,033	1,067	1,103	1,149	1,217
Annual percent change ¹	12.9	7.8	5.7	4.0	4.0	2.6	3.3	3.3	4.2	5.9
Nongovernmental nonprofit	246	692	950	994	1,042	1,074	1,111	1,140	1,182	1,255
For profit	257	752	924	947	946	962	968	999	1,057	1,121
State and local government	239	635	859	878	903	914	949	1,007	1,064	1,114
Average cost per stay, total	1,851	4,947	6,230	6,216	6,225	6,262	6,386	6,512	6,649	6,980
Nongovernmental nonprofit	1,902	5,001	6,257	6,279	6,344	6,393	6,526	6,608	6,717	7,052
For profit	1,676	4,727	5,529	5,425	5,207	5,219	5,262	5,350	5,642	5,972
State and local government	1,750	4,838	6,513	6,445	6,419	6,475	6,612	6,923	7,106	7,400

¹ Change from immediate prior year.

No. 172. Community Hospitals—States: 1990 to 2001

[For beds, 928.1 represents 928,100. For definition of community hospitals see footnote 2, Table 170]

State	Number of hospitals			Beds (1,000)		Patients admitted (1,000)		Average daily census ¹ (1,000)		Outpatient visits (mil.)	
	1990	2000	2001	1990	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001
United States	5,384	4,915	4,908	928.1	823.6	33,089	33,813	525.7	532.0	521.4	538.5
Alabama	120	108	107	18.6	16.4	16.6	680	684	9.8	9.8	8.0
Alaska	16	18	19	1.2	1.4	1.4	47	49	0.8	0.8	1.3
Arizona	61	61	61	9.9	10.9	10.7	539	562	6.8	6.9	5.3
Arkansas	86	83	83	10.9	9.8	9.5	368	371	5.7	5.6	4.4
California	445	389	384	80.5	72.7	73.2	3,315	3,332	47.8	48.7	44.9
Colorado	69	69	66	10.4	9.4	9.4	397	413	5.4	5.8	6.7
Connecticut	35	35	35	9.6	7.7	8.0	349	360	5.8	6.0	6.7
Delaware	8	5	5	2.0	1.8	1.9	83	83	1.4	1.4	1.5
District of Columbia	11	11	10	4.5	3.3	3.4	129	131	2.5	2.5	1.3
Florida	224	202	202	50.7	51.2	51.8	2,119	2,207	31.0	31.5	21.8
Georgia	163	151	147	25.7	23.9	24.1	863	903	15.0	15.0	11.2
Hawaii	18	21	23	2.9	3.1	3.2	100	108	2.3	2.4	2.5
Idaho	43	42	40	3.2	3.5	3.4	123	122	1.8	1.9	2.2
Illinois	210	196	192	45.8	37.3	36.8	1,531	1,559	22.4	22.4	25.1
Indiana	113	109	110	21.8	19.2	19.0	700	718	10.8	10.8	14.1
Iowa	124	115	116	14.3	11.8	11.5	360	370	6.8	6.8	9.2
Kansas	138	129	133	11.8	10.8	11.2	310	322	5.7	5.9	5.3
Kentucky	107	105	103	15.9	14.8	15.0	582	595	9.1	9.1	8.7
Louisiana	140	123	125	19.1	17.5	18.0	654	683	9.8	10.2	10.1
Maine	39	37	37	4.5	3.7	3.8	147	149	2.4	2.5	3.2
Maryland	52	49	49	13.6	11.2	11.2	587	608	8.2	8.1	6.0
Massachusetts	101	80	80	21.7	16.6	16.5	740	767	11.7	12.0	16.7
Michigan	176	146	145	33.9	26.1	25.6	1,106	1,122	16.9	16.7	24.9
Minnesota	152	135	133	19.4	16.7	16.5	571	586	11.2	11.2	7.3
Mississippi	103	95	96	12.9	13.6	13.7	425	436	8.0	8.2	3.7
Missouri	135	119	117	24.3	20.1	19.3	773	801	11.7	11.5	14.8
Montana	55	52	53	4.6	4.3	4.5	99	103	2.9	2.9	2.6
Nebraska	90	85	84	8.5	8.2	8.3	209	207	4.8	5.0	3.4
Nevada	21	22	24	3.4	3.8	4.1	199	208	2.7	2.8	2.1
New Hampshire	27	28	28	3.5	2.9	2.9	111	116	1.7	1.7	2.8
New Jersey	95	80	78	28.9	25.3	24.6	1,074	1,084	17.3	16.8	16.3
New Mexico	37	35	35	4.2	3.5	3.6	174	164	2.0	2.1	3.1
New York	235	215	212	74.7	66.4	67.3	2,416	2,411	52.1	52.0	46.4
North Carolina	120	113	111	22.0	23.1	23.8	971	973	16.0	16.3	12.4
North Dakota	50	42	40	4.4	3.9	3.7	89	92	2.3	2.2	1.7
Ohio	190	163	166	43.1	33.8	33.3	1,404	1,439	20.8	20.4	28.9
Oklahoma	111	108	108	12.4	11.1	11.2	429	435	6.2	6.5	4.7
Oregon	70	59	60	8.1	6.6	6.7	330	335	3.9	4.0	7.3
Pennsylvania	238	207	205	52.6	42.3	42.1	1,796	1,809	28.8	28.4	31.8
Rhode Island	12	11	11	3.2	2.4	2.4	119	121	1.7	1.7	2.1
South Carolina	69	63	62	11.3	11.5	11.3	495	505	8.0	8.0	7.8
South Dakota	53	48	50	4.2	4.3	4.5	99	104	2.8	2.9	1.8
Tennessee	134	121	123	23.6	20.6	20.6	737	751	11.5	11.3	10.3
Texas	428	403	411	59.2	55.9	56.3	2,367	2,461	33.1	34.6	29.4
Utah	42	42	42	4.4	4.3	4.4	194	205	2.4	2.5	4.4
Vermont	15	14	14	1.7	1.7	1.7	52	53	1.1	1.1	1.2
Virginia	97	88	87	20.0	16.9	16.8	727	744	11.4	11.6	9.5
Washington	91	84	84	12.0	11.1	11.3	505	523	6.6	6.8	9.6
West Virginia	59	57	57	8.4	8.0	7.9	288	297	4.8	4.9	5.2
Wisconsin	129	118	121	18.6	15.3	15.6	558	579	9.1	9.4	10.9
Wyoming	27	24	24	2.2	1.9	1.9	48	48	1.1	1.0	0.9

¹ Inpatients receiving treatment each day; excludes newborn.

Source of Tables 171 and 172: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *Hospital Statistics 2003 Edition*, and prior years (copyright). <<http://www.healthforum.com/>>

No. 173. Hospital Use Rates by Type of Hospital: 1980 to 2001

Type of hospital	1980	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Community hospitals: ¹								
Admissions per 1,000 population ²	159	125	116	116	115	116	117	118
Admissions per bed	37	34	35	37	38	39	40	40
Average length of stay ³ (days)	7.6	7.2	6.5	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.7
Outpatient visits per admission	5.6	9.7	13.4	14.3	14.9	15.3	15.8	15.9
Outpatient visits per 1,000 population ²	890	1,207	1,556	1,681	1,754	1,816	1,852	1,890
Surgical operations (million ⁴)	18.8	21.9	23.2	24.2	25.3	26.3	26.1	26.5
Number per admission	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Nonfederal psychiatric:								
Admissions per 1,000 population ²	2.5	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.6
Days in hospital per 1,000 population ²	295	190	122	107	101	94	93	94

¹ For definition of community hospitals, see footnote 2, Table 170. ² Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. Estimates reflect revisions based on the 2000 Census of Population. ³ Number of inpatient days divided by number of admissions. ⁴ 18.8 represents 18,800,000.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *Hospital Statistics 2003 Edition*, and prior years (copyright).

No. 174. Hospital Utilization Rates: 1990 to 2001

[30,788 represents 30,788,000. Represents estimates of inpatients discharged from noninstitutional, short-stay hospitals, exclusive of federal hospitals. Excludes newborn infants. Based on sample data collected from the National Hospital Discharge Survey, a sample survey of hospital records of patients discharged in year shown; subject to sampling variability]

Item and sex	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Patients discharged (1,000)	30,788	30,843	30,722	30,545	30,914	31,827	32,132	31,706	32,653
Patients discharged per 1,000 persons, total ¹	122	117	116	114	114	117	117	114	115
Male	100	96	94	92	93	93	95	92	93
Female	143	138	136	135	135	139	138	135	137
Days of care per 1,000 persons, total ¹	784	674	620	597	582	589	581	560	562
Male	694	599	551	533	508	517	510	491	490
Female	869	745	686	657	653	658	649	627	631
Average stay (days)	6.4	5.7	5.4	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.9
Male	6.9	6.2	5.8	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.3
Female	6.1	5.4	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6

¹ Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. Beginning with 1997 data, rates are based on the U.S. Census Bureau estimates of the civilian population that have been adjusted for net underenumeration in the 1990 census. Population estimates for the 2000 census were first used to calculate rates in 2001. The 2000 population estimates were based on the 1990 census.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13; and unpublished data.

No. 175. Hospital Discharges and Days of Care: 1995 and 2001

[30,722 represents 30,722,000. See headnote, Table 174. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Age, race, and region	Discharges				Days of care per 1,000 persons ¹		Average stay (days)	
	Number (1,000)		Per 1,000 persons ¹					
	1995	2001	1995	2001	1995	2001	1995	2001
Total	30,722	32,653	116	115	620	562	5.4	4.9
Age:								
Under 1 year old	790	850	198	211	1,083	1,168	5.5	5.5
1 to 4 years old	744	731	46	48	153	157	3.3	3.3
5 to 14 years old	872	978	22	24	99	106	4.5	4.4
15 to 24 years old	2,943	2,968	80	76	271	265	3.4	3.5
25 to 34 years old	4,201	3,815	102	97	354	324	3.5	3.3
35 to 44 years old	3,449	3,560	81	80	381	345	4.7	4.3
45 to 64 years old	6,168	7,224	119	112	657	565	5.5	5.0
65 to 74 years old	4,832	4,692	260	256	1,685	1,450	6.5	5.7
75 years old and over	6,724	7,834	459	461	3,248	2,734	7.1	5.9
Race:								
White	19,951	20,330	91	89	491	431	5.4	4.9
Black	3,887	3,900	113	108	658	593	5.8	5.5
Asian/Pacific Islander	486	438	51	40	278	210	5.4	5.2
American Indian/Eskimo/ Aleut	107	161	46	59	240	282	5.2	4.8
Region:								
Northeast	7,051	7,026	136	(NA)	858	(NA)	6.3	5.6
Midwest	6,994	7,429	113	(NA)	586	(NA)	5.2	4.3
South	11,373	12,744	122	(NA)	643	(NA)	5.3	4.9
West	5,303	5,453	91	(NA)	410	(NA)	4.5	4.5

NA Not available. ¹ Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13; and unpublished data.

No. 176. Hospital Discharges and Days of Care by Sex: 2001

[12,852 represents 12,852,000. Represents estimates of inpatients discharged from noninstitutional, short-stay hospitals, exclusive of federal hospitals. Diagnostic categories are based on the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification. See headline, Table 174]

Age and first-listed diagnosis	Discharges				Age and first-listed diagnosis	Discharges			
	Number (1,000)	Per 1,000 persons ¹	Days of care per person ¹	Average stay (days)		Number (1,000)	Per 1,000 persons ¹	Days of care per person ¹	Average stay (days)
MALE					FEMALE				
All ages²	12,852	100.2	535.7	5.3	All ages²	19,801	130.9	592.9	4.5
Under 18 years ³	1,629	43.8	200.7	4.6	Under 18 years ³	1,523	43.0	184.3	4.3
Pneumonia	229	6.2	21.2	3.4	Pneumonia	176	5.0	17.1	3.5
Injuries and poisoning	192	5.2	21.3	4.1	Injuries and poisoning	120	3.4	512.1	3.6
Asthma	76	2.0	4.8	2.3	Asthma	45	1.3	2.8	2.2
18 to 44 years ³	2,573	46.2	225.9	4.9	18 to 44 years ³	7,178	129.1	421.5	3.3
Injuries and poisoning	412	7.4	35.7	4.8	Delivery	3,685	66.3	167.0	2.5
Serious mental illness ⁴	538	56.1	547.7	57.9	Serious mental illness ⁴	538	56.1	545.4	57.5
Alcohol and drug ⁶	225	4.0	20.4	5.1	Injuries and poisoning	267	4.8	18.7	3.9
Diseases of heart	150	2.7	10.0	3.7					
45 to 64 years ³	3,519	112.2	578.0	5.2	45 to 64 years ³	3,705	111.9	551.6	4.9
Diseases of heart	768	24.5	98.4	4.0	Diseases of heart	497	15.0	64.5	4.3
Injuries and poisoning	307	9.8	50.0	5.1	Injuries and poisoning	280	8.5	45.9	5.4
Malignant neoplasms	199	6.3	48.5	7.7	Malignant neoplasms ⁴	203	6.1	37.6	6.1
Serious mental illness ⁴	548	54.7	543.9	59.3	Serious mental illness ⁴	184	5.6	58.1	10.4
Diabetes	107	3.4	18.7	5.5					
Cerebrovascular diseases	102	3.3	18.5	5.7	65 to 74 years ³	2,527	252.3	1,431.5	5.7
65 to 74 years ³	2,165	260.9	1,473.0	5.6	Diseases of heart	489	48.8	237.9	4.9
Diseases of heart	566	68.2	315.0	4.6	Injuries and poisoning	189	18.9	117.9	6.2
Malignant neoplasms	149	18.0	136.2	7.6	Malignant neoplasms	147	14.7	106.7	7.3
Injuries and poisoning	143	17.3	127.5	7.4	Cerebrovascular diseases	118	11.7	61.8	5.3
					Pneumonia	115	11.5	74.7	6.5
75 years old and older ³	2,966	471.9	2,801.1	5.9	75 years old and older ³	4,867	455.2	2,694.5	5.9
Diseases of heart	727	115.6	584.8	5.1	Diseases of heart	1,010	94.4	476.7	6.0
Pneumonia	248	39.5	254.5	6.4	Injuries and poisoning	503	47.1	284.9	5.1
Injuries and poisoning	199	31.6	206.2	6.5	Cerebrovascular diseases	301	28.2	146.9	5.2
Malignant neoplasms	156	24.8	171.7	6.9	Pneumonia	286	26.7	180.8	6.8
Cerebrovascular diseases	157	24.9	129.4	5.2	Malignant neoplasms	192	18.0	136.2	7.6

¹ Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. Population figures are adjusted for net underenumeration using the 1990 National Population Adjustment Matrix from the U.S. Census Bureau. ² Average length of stay and rates per 1,000 population are age-adjusted to the year 2000 standard using five age groups; Under 18 years, 18-44 years, 45-64 years, 65-74 years, and 75 years and over. ³ Includes other first-listed diagnoses not shown separately. ⁴ Excludes discharges from other types of facilities such as the Dept. of Veterans Affairs or long-term hospitals. ⁵ Estimates are considered unreliable. ⁶ Includes abuse, dependence, and withdrawal. Excludes discharges from other types of facilities such as the Dept. of Veterans Affairs or day treatment programs.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States 2003*.

No. 177. Organ Transplants and Grafts: 1990 to 2002

[As of end of year. Based on reports of procurement programs and transplant centers in the United States, except as noted]

Procedure	Number of procedures						Number of centers		Number of people waiting, 2002	1-year patient survival rates, 2001 (percent)
	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	1990	2002		
Transplant: ¹										
Heart	2,095	2,342	2,159	2,172	2,202	2,153	148	140	3,751	85.9
Heart-lung	52	69	49	47	27	33	79	78	195	73.9
Lung	203	869	884	955	1,054	1,042	70	75	3,913	77.1
Liver	2,631	3,818	4,594	4,816	5,177	5,326	85	123	17,620	85.7
Kidney	9,358	10,957	12,455	13,258	14,152	14,741	232	248	54,933	(NA)
Kidney-pancreas	459	915	933	910	884	903	(NA)	(NA)	2,400	94.0
Pancreas	60	103	350	420	468	546	84	139	1,420	93.9
Intestine	1	21	37	29	112	107	(NA)	38	177	70.1
Multi-organ	71	124	169	213	228	309	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Cornea grafts	240,631	44,652	45,765	46,949	46,532	346,625	4107	493	(NA)	(NA)
Bone grafts	350,000	450,000	650,000	800,000	875,000	(NA)	30	(NA)	(X)	(NA)
Skin grafts ⁵	5,500	5,500	10,000	15,000	20,000	(NA)	25	(NA)	(X)	(NA)

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Kidney-pancreas and heart-lung transplants are each counted as one organ. All other multi-organ transplants, excluding kidney-pancreas and heart-lung, are included in the multi-organ row. The data and analyses reported in the 2002 Annual Report of the U.S. Organ Procurement and Transplantation Network and the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients have been supplied by UNOS under contract with HHS. The authors alone are responsible for the reporting and interpretation of these data. Data subject to change based on future data submission or correction. ² 1990, number of procedures and eye banks include Canada. ³ Number of procedures does not include Canada. ⁴ Eye banks. ⁵ Procedure data are shown in terms of square feet.

Source: Based on the Organ Procurement and Transplant Network (OPTN) data as of June 6, 2003. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, Office of Special Programs, Division of Transplantation, Rockville, MD; United Network for Organ Sharing, Richmond, VA; University Renal Research and Education Association, Ann Arbor, MI; American Association of Tissue Banks, McLean, VA; and Eye Bank Association of America, Washington, DC; and unpublished data.

No. 178. Procedures for Inpatients Discharged From Short-Stay Hospitals: 1990 to 2001

[23,051 represents 23,051,000. Excludes newborn infants and discharges from federal hospitals. See headnote, Table 174]

Sex and type of procedure	Number of procedures (1,000)				Rate per 1,000 population ¹			
	1990	1995	2000	2001	1990	1995	2000	2001
Surgical procedures, total^{2 3}	23,051	22,530	23,244	24,114	92.4	86.2	83.6	85.0
Cardiac catheterization	995	1,068	1,221	1,208	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.3
Removal of coronary artery obstruction ³	285	434	1,025	1,051	1.2	1.7	3.7	3.7
Reduction of fracture	609	577	628	638	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.3
Coronary artery bypass graft	392	573	519	516	1.6	2.2	1.9	1.8
Male, total²	8,538	8,388	8,689	9,032	70.6	65.9	63.9	65.1
Cardiac catheterization	620	660	732	710	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.1
Removal of coronary artery obstruction ³	200	285	655	689	1.7	2.2	4.8	5.0
Coronary artery bypass graft	286	423	371	365	2.4	3.3	2.7	2.6
Female, total²	14,513	14,142	14,556	15,082	113.0	105.3	102.4	104.2
Repair of current obstetric laceration	795	964	1,136	1,185	6.2	7.2	8.0	8.2
Cesarean section	945	785	855	973	7.4	5.8	6.0	6.7
Hysterectomy	591	583	633	649	4.6	4.3	4.5	4.5
Diagnostic and other nonsurgical procedures⁵	17,455	17,278	16,737	16,925	70.0	66.1	60.2	59.7
Angiocardiology and arteriography ⁶	1,735	1,834	2,005	1,936	7.0	7.0	7.2	6.8
Respiratory therapy	1,164	1,127	991	1,013	4.7	4.3	3.6	3.6
Diagnostic ultrasound	1,608	1,181	886	825	6.4	4.5	3.2	2.9
CAT scan ⁷	1,506	967	754	763	6.0	3.7	2.7	2.7
Male, total⁵	7,378	7,261	6,965	6,973	61.0	57.1	51.2	50.2
Angiocardiology and arteriography ⁶	1,051	1,076	1,157	1,051	8.7	8.5	8.5	7.6
Respiratory therapy	586	572	507	519	4.9	4.5	3.7	3.7
CAT scan ⁷	736	473	345	357	6.1	3.7	2.5	2.6
Female, total⁵	10,077	10,016	9,772	9,952	78.5	74.6	68.8	68.7
Manual assisted delivery	750	866	898	941	5.9	6.5	6.3	6.5
Fetal EKG and fetal monitoring	1,377	935	750	772	10.8	7.0	5.5	5.3
Diagnostic ultrasound	941	682	501	461	7.3	5.1	3.5	3.2

¹ Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. Population estimates for the 1980s do not reflect revised estimates based on the 1990 Census of Population. Beginning in 1997 population figures are adjusted for net underenumeration in the 1990 census using the 1990 National Population Adjustment Matrix from the Census Bureau. Population estimates for the 2000 census were first used to calculate rates for the 2001 data. The 2000 population estimates were based on the 1990 census.
² Includes other types of surgical procedures not shown separately. ³ Beginning 1999 includes separately coded "insertion of stent." ⁴ Excluding skull, nose, and jaw. ⁵ Includes other nonsurgical procedures not shown separately. ⁶ Using contrast material. ⁷ Computerized axial tomography.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13; and unpublished data.

No. 179. Hospital Utilization Measures for HIV Patients: 1985 to 2001

[HIV represents human immunodeficiency virus. See headnote, Table 174]

Measure of utilization	Unit	1985	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001
Number of patients discharged ¹	1,000	23	146	249	180	173	185
Rate of patient discharges ²	Rate	1.0	5.8	9.4	6.5	6.2	6.5
Number of days of care	1,000	387	2,188	2,326	1,310	1,257	1,435
Rate of days of care ^{2, 3}	Rate	16.3	86.9	87.6	47.5	45.2	50.6
Average length of stay ³	Days	17.1	14.9	9.3	7.3	7.3	7.8

¹ Comparisons beginning 1990 with data for earlier years should be made with caution as estimates of change may reflect improvements in the 1988 sample design rather than true changes in hospital use. ² Per 10,000 population. Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. Population estimates for the 1980's do not reflect revised estimates based on the 1990 Census of Population. Beginning 1998, rates are based on civilian population estimates that have been adjusted for net underenumeration in the 1990 census. Population estimates for the 2000 census were first used to calculate rates in 2001. The 2000 population estimates were based on the 1990 census. ³ For similar data on all patients, see Table 174.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13; and unpublished data.

No. 180. Skilled Nursing Facilities: 1980 to 2001

[448 represents 448,000. Covers facilities and beds certified for participation under medicare as of midyear. Includes facilities which have transfer agreements with one or more participating hospitals, and are engaged primarily in providing skilled nursing care and related services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled, or sick persons]

Item	Unit	1980	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001
Skilled nursing facilities	Number	5,155	9,008	13,281	15,037	14,913	14,841	14,755
Beds	1,000	448	512	657	723	837	939	1,050
Per 1,000 medicare enrollees ¹	Rate	16.0	15.2	17.7	18.8	21.6	24.0	28.5

¹ Based on total number of beneficiaries enrolled in the medicare hospital insurance program as of July 1 of year stated.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Providers and Suppliers of Health Services, 1980; and unpublished data.

No. 181. Home Health and Hospice Care Agencies by Selected Characteristics: 2000

[In percent, except as indicated (11.4 represents 11,400). Based on the National Home and Hospice Care Survey. Home health care is provided to individuals and families in their place of residence. Hospice care is available in both the home and inpatient settings. See source for details. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Agency characteristic	Current patients ¹				Discharges ²		
	Agencies, total	Total	Home health care	Hospice care	Total	Home health care	Hospice care
Total (1,000)	11.4	1,460.8	1,355.3	105.5	7,800.1	7,179.0	621.1
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION							
Ownership:							
Proprietary	44.7	33.2	34.1	22.3	24.2	25.0	15.8
Voluntary nonprofit	42.5	57.8	56.6	73.2	66.9	65.8	80.0
Government and other	12.8	9.0	9.3	4.4	8.9	9.3	4.2
Region:							
Northeast	15.9	31.2	31.9	22.0	39.3	41.0	20.1
Midwest	26.1	20.6	20.7	19.5	18.4	17.8	25.7
South	42.7	37.3	37.3	37.7	29.8	29.5	33.7
West	15.3	10.9	10.1	20.8	12.5	11.7	20.6

¹ Patients on the rolls of the agency as of midnight the day prior to the survey. ² Patients removed from the rolls of the agency during the 12 months prior to the day of the survey. A patient could be included more than once if the individual had more than one episode of care during the year.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data.

No. 182. Home Health and Hospice Care Patients by Selected Characteristics: 2000

[In percent, except as indicated (1,460.8 represents 1,460,800). See headnote, Table 181]

Item	Current patients ¹			Discharges ²		
	Total	Home health care	Hospice care	Total	Home health care	Hospice care
Total (1,000)	1,460.8	1,355.3	105.5	7,800.1	7,179.0	621.1
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION						
Age: ³						
Under 45 years old	13.2	13.9	4.5	13.7	14.5	3.9
45-54 years old	6.5	6.7	5.1	6.2	6.3	5.0
55-64 years old	8.9	8.9	8.9	10.2	10.0	11.5
65 years old and over	71.3	70.5	81.4	70.0	69.1	79.6
65-69 years old	7.1	7.1	7.3	9.4	9.4	10.1
70-74 years old	10.2	10.2	9.9	11.1	11.8	14.5
75-79 years old	17.1	16.8	20.9	15.5	15.8	12.5
80-84 years old	14.6	14.5	16.1	16.2	16.2	15.9
85 years old and over	22.3	21.9	27.2	17.8	17.0	26.5
Sex:						
Male	35.8	35.2	42.6	37.3	36.2	49.8
Female	64.2	64.8	57.4	62.7	63.8	50.2
Race:						
White	76.3	76.0	82.8	79.5	79.1	84.1
Black and other ⁴	14.6	14.8	12.3	12.2	12.4	10.3
Black	12.4	12.6	10.6	9.8	10.0	8.1
Unknown	9.0	9.4	5.0	8.3	8.5	5.5
Marital status: ³						
Married	32.7	31.9	42.7	40.9	40.3	47.2
Widowed	34.9	34.8	36.7	29.9	29.6	33.2
Divorced or separated	5.5	5.5	6.3	5.3	5.2	5.7
Never married	17.4	18.0	9.2	14.7	15.3	7.7
Unknown	9.5	9.9	5.0	9.3	9.5	6.2
Primary admission diagnosis:						
Neoplasms	8.6	5.1	52.6	9.7	5.5	58.4
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic and immunity disorders	8.8	9.5	0.3	5.8	6.2	0.3
Diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	2.3	2.4	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.2
Diseases of the circulatory system	23.0	23.6	15.6	21.4	22.3	11.7
Diseases of the respiratory system	6.8	6.8	6.5	9.2	9.4	6.9
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	9.1	9.8	0.1	11.2	12.1	1.0
Injuries and poisoning	9.6	10.2	0.9	11.3	12.3	0.5

¹ Patients on the rolls of the agency as of midnight the day prior to the survey. ² Patients removed from the rolls of the agency during the 12 months prior to the day of the survey. A patient could be included more than once if the individual had more than one episode of care during the year. ³ For current patients, current age or marital status; for discharged patients, age or marital status at time of discharge. ⁴ Patients with multiple races are coded in the "other" category.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2002*

No. 183. Elderly Home Health Patients: 2000

[1,041 represents 1,041,000. Covers the civilian population 65 years old and over who are home health care patients. Age of patient is based on age at the time of interview. Home health care is provided to individuals and families in their place of residence. Based on the 2000 National Home and Hospice Care Survey]

Item	Current patients ¹		Discharges ²		Item	Current patients ¹		Discharges ²	
	Number (1,000)	Percent	Number (1,000)	Percent		Number (1,000)	Percent	Number (1,000)	Percent
Total 65 yrs. old & over	1,041	100.0	5,456	100.0	Own income	61	5.9	85	1.6
Received help with—					Medicare	705	67.8	4,867	89.2
Bathing or showering	544	52.3	2,172	39.8	Medicaid	141	13.5	150	2.8
Dressing	480	46.1	1,900	34.8	Services rendered: ⁵				
Eating	166	15.9	537	9.9	Nursing services	782	75.1	4,672	85.6
Transferring in/out of a bed or chair	373	35.9	1,737	31.8	Social services	138	13.3	977	17.9
Using the toilet room	289	27.8	1,092	20.0	Counseling	37	3.6	255	4.7
Doing light housework	379	36.4	1,031	18.9	Medications	106	10.2	599	11.0
Managing money	17	1.6	30	0.5	Physical therapy	285	27.4	2,216	40.6
Shopping for groceries or clothes	127	12.2	261	4.8	Homemaker-household services	289	27.8	691	12.7
Using the telephone	31	3.0	113	2.1	Nutrition services	53	5.1	204	3.7
Preparing meals	227	21.8	549	10.1	Physician services	48	4.6	307	5.6
Taking medications	216	20.7	1,017	18.6	Occupational therapy	83	8.0	543	10.0
Primary source of payment: ⁴					Speech therapy/audiology	19	1.8	102	1.9
Private insurance	44	4.2	251	4.6					

¹ Patients on the rolls of the agency as of midnight the day prior to the survey. ² Patients removed from the rolls of the agency during the 12 months prior to the day of the survey. A patient could be included more than once if the individual had more than one episode of care during the year. ³ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁴ For current patients, the expected source; for discharges the actual source for the entire episode. ⁵ For current patients, services currently being provided; for discharges services provided during the 30 days prior to discharge.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data.

No. 184. Nursing Homes—Selected Characteristics: 1985 to 1999

[Beds: 1,624 represents 1,624,000. Covers licensed and/or certified nursing homes in the conterminous United States that had three or more beds. Based on the 1999 National Nursing Home Survey, a two-stage survey sample of nursing homes and their residents. Subject to sampling variability. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Characteristic	Beds			Current residents		Full-time equivalent employment			
	Nursing homes	Number (1,000)	Per nursing home	Number (1,000)	Occupancy rate ¹	Administrative, medical, and therapeutic		Nursing	
						Number (1,000)	Rate per 100 beds	Number (1,000)	Rate per 100 beds
1985	19,100	1,624	85	1,491	91.8	89.4	5.5	704	43.4
1995	16,700	1,771	106	1,549	87.4	90.5	5.1	916	51.7
1997	17,000	1,821	107	1,609	88.4	100.0	5.5	950	52.2
1999, total	18,000	1,965	109	1,627	82.8	96.6	4.9	961	48.9
Ownership:									
Proprietary	12,000	1,291	108	1,048	81.2	60.2	4.6	597	46.2
Voluntary nonprofit	4,800	523	109	446	85.3	29.1	5.6	280	53.5
Government and other	1,200	151	126	133	88.1	7.4	4.7	84	55.6
Certification:									
Medicare and medicaid certified	14,700	1,698	116	1,414	83.3	83.2	4.9	842	49.6
Medicare only	2,600	49	82	37	75.5	2.8	5.7	26	53.1
Medicaid only	2,100	177	89	143	80.8	9.0	5.1	75	42.4
Not certified	2,500	40	80	33	82.5	1.6	4.0	18	45.0
Bed size:									
Less than 50 beds	2,000	72	36	59	81.9	7.1	9.9	43	59.7
50-99 beds	7,000	503	72	414	82.3	28.8	5.7	252	50.1
100-199 beds	7,500	998	133	826	82.8	45.0	4.5	476	47.7
200 beds or more	1,400	392	280	328	83.7	15.7	4.0	190	48.5
Region:									
Northeast	3,200	443	138	382	86.2	21.7	4.9	244	55.1
Midwest	6,000	619	103	498	80.4	28.3	4.6	272	43.9
South	6,000	652	109	531	81.6	30.5	4.7	311	47.7
West	2,800	251	90	215	85.7	16.1	6.4	133	53.0
Affiliation: ³									
Chain	10,800	1,179	109	977	82.9	58.7	5.0	556	47.2
Independent	7,200	781	108	646	82.7	37.7	4.8	404	51.7

¹ Number of residents divided by number of available beds multiplied by 100. ² Figure does not meet standards of reliability or precision. ³ Excludes a small number of homes, beds, and residents with unknown affiliation.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13, No. 152.

No. 185. Nursing Home Residents 65 Years Old and Over by Selected Characteristics: 1999

[1,470 represents 1,470,000. Covers licensed and/or certified nursing homes in the conterminous United States that had three or more beds. Based on the National Nursing Home Survey, a two-stage sample survey of nursing homes and their residents. Subject to sampling variability]

Characteristic ¹	Number (1,000)	Percent distribution	Item	Percent of elderly residents	Functional status	Percent of elderly residents receiving assistance
Total ²	1,470	100.0	Type of aids used:		ADLs: ⁶	
			Wheelchair	62.6	Bathing, showering. . .	94.7
Male	378	25.7	Walker	26.1	Dressing	87.5
Female	1,092	74.3			Eating	47.1
					Transferring in or out of beds or chair .	30.2
65 to 74 years	195	13.3	Vision impaired	28.5	Using toilet room	57.6
75 to 84 years	518	35.2	Hearing impaired.	22.8		
85 years and over.	757	51.5				
Living quarters before admission:			Primary source of payment: ³		IADLs: ⁷	
Private residence	447	30.4	Private sources ⁴	26.3	Care of personal possessions	74.3
Retirement home.	23	1.6	Medicare	32.8	Managing money	70.7
Board and care, assisted living, and/or residential facility	81	5.5	Medicaid	37.5	Securing personal items	72.9
Nursing home	164	11.1	Other ⁵	3.4	Using telephone	62.2
Hospital	679	46.2				
Other health facility	76	5.2				

¹ At time of survey. ² Includes other and/or unknown, not shown separately. ³ At admission. ⁴ Includes private insurance, own income, family support, social security benefits, and retirement funds. ⁵ Includes supplemental security income, other government assistance or welfare, religious organizations, foundations, agencies, Veterans Administration contract, pensions, or other compensation, payment source not yet determined, and other and unknown sources. ⁶ Activities of daily living. ⁷ Instrumental activities of daily living.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13, No. 152.

No. 186. Mental Health Facilities—Summary by Type of Facility: 1998

[Beds: 267.7 represents 267,700. Facilities, beds and inpatients as of year-end; excludes private psychiatric office practice and psychiatric service modes of all types in hospitals or outpatient clinics of federal agencies other than U.S. Dept. of Veterans Affairs. Excludes data from Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Guam, and other territories]

Type of facility	Number of facilities	Inpatient beds		Inpatients		Inpatient care episodes ² (1,000)
		Total (1,000)	Rate ¹	Total (1,000)	Rate ¹	
Total	3,729	267.7	99.5	221.2	80.3	2,600
Mental hospitals:						
State and county	229	68.9	25.6	63.8	21.2	269
Private	809	65.3	24.3	49.9	19.3	658
General hospitals ⁴	1,593	54.4	20.2	37.0	13.8	1,195
Veterans Administration ⁵	123	17.0	6.3	14.3	4.0	242
Other ⁶	975	62.1	23.1	56.2	22.0	236

¹ Rate per 100,000 population. Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. ² "Inpatient care episodes" is defined as the number of residents in inpatient facilities at the beginning of the year plus the total additions to inpatient facilities during the year. ³ Includes residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children. ⁴ Nonfederal hospitals with separate psychiatric services. ⁵ Includes U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) neuropsychiatric hospitals, VA general hospitals with separate psychiatric settings and VA freestanding psychiatric outpatient clinics. ⁶ Includes other multiservice mental health facilities with two or more settings, which are not elsewhere classified, as well as freestanding partial care facilities which only provide psychiatric partial care services. Number of facilities, expenditures, and staff data also include freestanding psychiatric partial care facilities.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Center for Mental Health Services, unpublished data.

No. 187. Injury and Poisoning Episodes and Conditions by Age and Sex: 2001

[24,551 represents 24,551,000. Covers all medically attended injuries and poisonings occurring during the 3-month period prior to the survey interview. Users are strongly cautioned that national prevalence estimates derived from the 2001 NHIS injury and poisoning episode data may be underestimated. For further information go to <ftp://ftp.cdc.gov/pub/HealthStatistics/NCHS/DatasetDocumentation/NHIS/2001/srvydesc.pdf.> There may be more than one condition per episode. Based on the redesigned National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

External cause and nature of injury	Both sexes							Male, total	Female, total
	Total	Total, age-adjusted ¹	Under 12 yrs. old	12 to 21 yrs. old	22 to 44 yrs. old	45 to 64 yrs. old	65 yrs. old and over		
EPISODES									
Number (1,000)	24,551	(X)	3,835	4,706	8,199	5,119	2,691	12,966	11,585
Annual rate per 1,000 population, total ²	88.8	87.1	79.4	117.2	88.5	81.9	81.9	96.1	81.8
Fall	28.8	28.5	31.9	27.6	19.9	28.5	50.9	26.5	31.0
Struck by or against a person or an object	11.3	10.1	12.9	28.3	8.9	6.2	4.1	15.1	7.6
Transportation ³	12.5	12.5	5.7	16.8	16.9	12.4	5.2	13.0	12.0
Overexertion	11.7	11.8	1.6	13.6	15.8	15.0	6.3	12.7	10.8
Cutting, piercing instruments	7.0	6.8	6.6	9.9	7.5	7.0	2.5	4.0	5.1
Poisoning	3.2	3.1	6.6	3.1	4.8	1.3	4.8	4.6	3.7
CONDITIONS⁵									
Annual rate per 1,000 population, total ²	110.4	109.0	85.4	138.7	115.0	111.1	98.5	116.4	104.7
Sprains/strains	20.9	20.7	4.8	31.7	28.1	19.9	12.9	19.8	22.0
Open wounds	14.5	14.1	22.2	19.0	12.4	11.0	10.3	18.5	10.7
Fractures	17.8	17.3	17.5	21.9	13.7	19.4	21.7	19.1	16.5
Contusions	8.0	7.8	4.2	10.2	7.5	8.5	11.0	7.2	8.8

X Not applicable. ¹ Data were age-adjusted by the direct method to the 2000 standard population. ² Includes other items not shown separately. ³ Includes the categories "Motor vehicle traffic"; "Pedal cycle, other"; "Pedestrian, other"; and "Transport, other." ⁴ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁵ Poisoning episodes are assumed to have a single condition resulting from the episode.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, unpublished data.

No. 188. Injuries Associated With Consumer Products: 2000

[For products associated with more than 20,000 injuries in 2000. Estimates calculated from a representative sample of hospitals with emergency treatment departments in the United States. Data are estimates of the number of emergency room treated cases nationwide associated with various products. Product involvement does not necessarily mean the product caused the accident. Products were selected from the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission's National Electronic Injury Surveillance System]

Product	Number	Product	Number
Home workshop equipment:		Other doors (excl. garage)	346,288
Saws (hand or power)	95,875	Ceilings and walls	290,830
Hammers	40,707	Household cabinets, racks, and shelves	253,186
Household packaging and containers:		Nails, screws, tacks, or bolts	158,982
Household containers and packaging	204,422	Windows	141,031
Bottles and jars	80,186	Home entertainment equipment:	
Housewares:		Televisions	41,462
Knives	459,898	Personal use items:	
Tableware and flatware	109,146	Footwear	109,681
Drinking glasses	98,924	Wheelchairs	95,877
Home furnishing		Jewelry	72,300
Beds	466,464	Yard and garden equipment:	
Tables ¹	311,208	Lawn mowers	81,888
Chairs	298,894	Sports and recreation equipment:	
Bathtubs and showers	201,465	Trampolines	100,303
Ladders	161,627	Skateboards	86,781
Sofas, couches, davenport, etc.	130,540	All-terrain vehicles	84,900
Carpets, rugs	122,249	Playground climbing equipment	81,060
Home structures, construction:		Swimming pools	80,110
Stairs or steps	1,048,257	Toys, n.e.c. ²	78,370
Floors or flooring materials	1,033,938		

¹ Includes accessories. ² n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

No. 189. Costs of Unintentional Injuries: 2001

[516.9 represents \$516,900,000,000. Covers costs of deaths or disabling injuries together with vehicle accidents and fires]

Cost	Amount (bil. dol.)					Percent distribution				
	Total ¹	Motor vehicle	Work	Home	Other	Total ¹	Motor vehicle	Work	Home	Other
Total	516.9	199.6	132.1	118.1	82.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Wage and productivity losses ²	266.8	73.2	69.2	75.5	52.7	51.6	36.7	52.4	63.9	64.2
Medical expense	95.2	24.9	24.6	26.9	20.2	18.4	12.5	18.6	22.8	24.6
Administrative expenses ³	74.1	50.4	21.7	5.4	4.0	14.3	25.3	16.4	4.6	4.9
Motor vehicle damage	49.2	49.2	2.0	(NA)	(NA)	9.5	24.6	1.5	(NA)	(NA)
Employer cost ⁴	21.4	1.9	11.8	4.5	3.6	4.1	1.0	8.9	3.8	4.4
Fire loss	10.2	(NA)	2.8	5.8	1.6	2.0	(NA)	2.1	4.9	1.9

NA Not available. ¹ Excludes duplication between work and motor vehicle. (\$15.0 billion in 2001). ² Actual loss of wages and household production, and the present value of future earnings lost. ³ Home and other costs may include costs of administering medical treatment claims for some motor-vehicle injuries filed through health insurance plans. ⁴ Estimate of the uninsured costs incurred by employers, representing the money value of time lost by noninjured workers.

Source of Tables 188 and 189: National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, *Injury Facts, 2002 Edition* (copyright).

No. 190. Specified Reportable Diseases—Cases Reported: 1980 to 2001

[190.9 represents 190.9Q. Figures should be interpreted with caution. Although reporting of some of these diseases is incomplete, the figures are of value in indicating trends of disease incidence. Includes cases imported from outside the United States]

Disease	1980	1985	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
AIDS ¹	(²)	8,249	41,595	71,547	58,492	46,521	45,104	40,758	41,868
Botulism ³	89	122	92	97	132	116	154	138	155
Brucellosis (undulant fever)	183	153	85	98	98	79	82	87	136
Chickenpox (Varicella) ⁴ (1,000)	190.9	178.2	173.1	120.6	98.7	82.5	46.0	27.4	22.5
Cholera	9	4	6	23	6	17	6	5	3
Cryptosporidiosis	(²)	(²)	(²)	(NA)	2,566	3,793	2,361	3,128	3,785
Diphtheria	3	3	4	-	4	1	1	1	2
Escherichia coli O157:H7	(²)	(²)	(²)	2,139	2,555	3,161	4,513	4,528	3,287
Haemophilus influenzae	(²)	(²)	(²)	1,180	1,162	1,194	1,309	1,398	1,597
Hansen disease (Leprosy)	223	361	198	144	122	108	108	91	79
Hepatitis: B (serum) (1,000)	19.0	26.6	21.1	10.8	10.4	10.3	7.7	8.0	7.8
A (infectious) (1,000)	29.1	23.2	31.4	31.6	30.0	23.2	17.0	13.4	10.6
C/Non-A, non-B (1,000) ⁵	(²)	4.2	2.6	4.6	3.8	3.5	3.1	3.2	4.0
Legionellosis	(²)	830	1,370	1,241	1,163	1,355	1,108	1,127	1,168
Lyme disease	(²)	(²)	(²)	11,700	12,801	16,801	16,273	17,730	17,029
Malaria	2,062	1,049	1,292	1,419	2,001	1,611	1,666	1,560	1,544
Measles (1,000)	13.5	2.8	27.8	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Meningococcal infections	2,840	2,479	2,451	3,243	3,308	2,725	2,501	2,256	2,333
Mumps (1,000)	8.6	3.0	5.3	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.3
Pertussis ⁶ (1,000)	1.7	3.6	4.6	5.1	6.6	7.4	7.3	7.9	7.6
Plague	18	17	2	9	5	9	9	6	2
Polio myelitis, acute ⁷	9	7	6	7	5	1	-	-	-
Psittacosis	124	119	113	64	33	47	16	17	25
Rabies, animal	6,421	5,565	4,826	7,811	8,105	7,259	6,730	6,934	7,150
Rabies, human	-	1	1	5	2	1	-	4	1
Rocky Mountain spotted fever	1,163	714	651	590	409	365	579	495	695
Rubella ⁸	3,904	630	1,125	128	181	364	267	176	23
Salmonellosis ⁹ (1,000)	33.7	65.3	48.6	46.0	41.9	43.7	40.6	39.6	40.5
Shigellosis ¹⁰ (1,000)	19.0	17.1	27.1	32.1	23.1	23.6	17.5	22.9	20.2
Tetanus	95	83	64	41	50	41	40	35	37
Toxic-shock syndrome	(²)	384	322	191	157	138	113	135	127
Trichinosis	131	61	129	29	13	19	12	16	22
Tuberculosis ¹¹ (1,000)	27.7	22.2	25.7	22.9	19.9	18.4	17.5	16.4	16.0
Typhoid fever	510	402	552	369	365	375	346	377	368
Sexually transmitted diseases:									
Gonorrhoea (1,000)	1,004	911	690	393	325	356	360	359	362
Syphilis (1,000)	69	68	134	69	47	38	36	32	32
Chlamydia (1,000)	(²)	(²)	(²)	478	527	604	657	702	783
Chancroid	788	2,067	4,212	606	243	189	143	78	38

- Represents zero. NA Not available. ¹ Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome was not a notifiable disease until 1984. Figures are shown for years in which cases were reported to the CDC. Beginning 1995, based on revised classification system and expanded surveillance case definition. ² Disease was not notifiable. ³ Includes foodborne, infant, wound, and unspecified cases. ⁴ Chickenpox was taken off the nationally notifiable list in 1991, but many states continue to report. ⁵ Includes some persons positive for antibody to hepatitis C virus who do not have hepatitis. ⁶ Whooping cough. ⁷ Revised. Data subject to annual revisions. ⁸ German measles. Excludes rubella, congenital syndrome. ⁹ Excludes typhoid fever. ¹⁰ Bacillary dysentery. ¹¹ Newly reported active cases.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *Summary of Notifiable Diseases, United States, 2001, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 50, No. 53, May 2, 2003.

No. 191. Children Immunized Against Specified Diseases: 1995 to 2001

[In percent. Covers civilian noninstitutionalized population ages 19 months to 35 months. Based on estimates from the National Immunization Survey. The health care providers of the children are contacted to verify and/or complete vaccination information. Results are based on race/ethnic status of the child]

Vaccination	2001						
	1995, total	2000, total	Total	White non-Hispanic	Black Hispanic	American Indian/Alaskan Native	Asian/Pacific Islander ¹
Diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis (DTP)/diphtheria-tetanus:							
3+ doses	95	94	94	95	95	92	96
4+ doses	79	82	82	84	83	76	84
Polio: 3+ doses	88	90	89	90	91	85	88
Hib: ² 3+ doses	92	93	93	94	93	90	91
Measles, mumps, rubella vaccine	90	91	91	92	92	89	94
Hepatitis B: 3+ doses	68	90	89	90	90	85	86
Varicella ³	(NA)	68	76	75	80	75	69
4+ DTP/3+ polio/1+ MCV ⁴	76	78	79	80	79	73	76
4+ DTP/3+ polio/1+ MCV/3+ Hib ⁴	74	76	77	79	77	71	77

NA Not available. ¹ Non-Hispanic. ² Haemophilus B. ³ Data collection for varicella (chicken pox) began in July 1996. ⁴ MCV=Measles containing vaccine.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 51, No. 30, August 2, 2002; and "Immunization Coverage in the U.S.," <<http://www.cdc.gov/nip/coverage/default.htm>>.

No. 192. AIDS Cases Reported by Patient Characteristic: 1981 to 2001

[Provisional. For cases reported in the year shown. Includes Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Guam, and U.S. Pacific Islands. Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) is a specific group of diseases or conditions which are indicative of severe immunosuppression related to infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). Data are subject to retrospective changes and may differ from those data in Table 190]

Characteristic	1981-2001, total	2001	Characteristic	1981-2001, total	2001
Total ¹	816,149	43,158	Transmission category:		
Age:			Males, 13 years and over	666,026	31,901
Under 5 years old	6,975	(NA)	Men who have sex with men	368,971	13,265
5 to 12 years old	2,099	(NA)	Injecting drug use	145,750	5,261
13 to 19 years old	4,428	(NA)	Men who have sex with men and		
20 to 29 years old	133,725	(NA)	injecting drug use	51,293	1,502
30 to 39 years old	362,021	(NA)	Hemophilia/coagulation disorder	5,000	97
40 to 49 years old	216,387	(NA)	Heterosexual contact ²	22,914	2,213
50 to 59 years old	66,060	(NA)	Heterosexual contact with		
60 years old and over	24,453	(NA)	injecting drug user	9,821	549
Sex:			Transfusion ³	5,057	105
Male	670,687	31,994	Undetermined ⁴	57,220	8,909
Female	145,461	11,164	Females, 13 years and over	141,048	11,082
Race/ethnic group:			Injecting drug use	55,576	2,212
Non-Hispanic White	343,889	13,237	Hemophilia/coagulation disorder	292	9
Non-Hispanic Black	313,180	21,031	Heterosexual contact ²	35,660	3,205
Hispanic	149,752	8,209	Heterosexual contact with		
Asian/Pacific Islander	6,157	430	injecting drug user	21,736	937
American Indian/Alaska Native	2,537	194	Transfusion	3,914	113
			Undetermined ⁴	23,870	4,606

NA Not available. ¹ Includes persons with characteristics unknown. ² Includes persons who have had heterosexual contact with a bisexual male, a person with hemophilia, a transfusion recipient with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection, or an HIV-infected person, risk not specified. ³ Receipt of blood transfusion, blood components, or tissue. ⁴ Includes persons for whom risk information is incomplete (because of death, refusal to be interviewed, or loss to followup); persons still under investigation, men reported only to have had heterosexual contact with prostitutes, and interviewed persons for whom no specific risk is identified.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report*, Volume 13, No. 2.

No. 193. Estimated Persons Living With Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS) by Selected Characteristics: 1995 to 2001

[These numbers do not represent actual cases of persons living with AIDS. Rather, these numbers are point estimates of persons living with AIDS derived by subtracting the estimated cumulative number of deaths in persons with AIDS from the estimated cumulative number of persons with AIDS diagnosed. Estimated AIDS incidence and estimated deaths are adjusted for reporting delays, but not for incomplete reporting]

Characteristic	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Total	214,711	265,464	289,709	312,804	337,017	362,827
RACE/ETHNICITY						
White, not Hispanic	90,984	106,508	113,822	120,731	127,690	134,879
Black, not Hispanic	80,771	104,575	116,178	127,169	138,939	151,717
Hispanic	40,397	51,126	56,126	60,953	66,004	71,360
Asian/Pacific Islander	1,617	2,085	2,312	2,574	2,853	3,193
American Indian/Alaska Native	727	903	981	1,063	1,191	1,304
Other	215	267	290	315	340	374
MALE ADULT/ADOLESCENT EXPOSURE CATEGORY						
Male total	173,117	210,607	228,618	245,934	263,484	282,250
Men who have sex with men	100,131	120,951	131,184	141,080	151,212	162,151
Injecting drug use	43,635	52,599	56,450	60,075	63,756	67,366
Men who have sex with men and inject drugs	16,007	18,227	19,265	20,107	20,756	21,520
Hemophilia/coagulation disorder	1,710	1,771	1,803	1,830	(¹)	(¹)
Heterosexual contact	9,812	15,021	17,725	20,500	23,412	26,660
Receipt of blood transfusion, blood components, or tissue	922	1,070	1,176	1,281	(¹)	(¹)
Risk not reported or identified	900	968	1,015	1,061	1,348	1,453
FEMALE ADULT/ADOLESCENT EXPOSURE CATEGORY						
Female total	38,152	51,224	57,346	63,072	69,689	76,696
Injecting drug use	18,311	22,557	24,307	25,737	27,395	29,145
Hemophilia/coagulation disorder	133	196	224	243	(¹)	(¹)
Heterosexual contact	18,498	27,016	31,225	35,366	40,111	45,128
Receipt of blood transfusion, blood components, or tissue	843	1,010	1,107	1,206	(¹)	(¹)
Risk not reported or identified	367	445	483	520	1,283	1,423
Pediatric ² exposure category	3,440	3,632	3,745	3,798	3,845	3,881

¹ Statistical estimates for AIDS prevalence in 2000 among persons exposed to HIV through hemophilia/coagulation disorder or receipt of blood transfusion, blood components, or tissue are not presented, but are included in the exposure category "other." The relatively small number of AIDS cases in these categories in recent years does not provide information that results in reliable annual estimates of prevalence. ² Less than 13 years old.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, unpublished data; <<http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/stats/hasrlink.htm>>.

No. 194. AIDS, Syphilis, and Tuberculosis Cases Reported by State: 2001

State	AIDS	Syphilis	Tuber- culosis	State	AIDS	Syphilis	Tuber- culosis	State	AIDS	Syphilis	Tuber- culosis
U.S. . . .	141,868	32,221	15,989	KS	98	88	63	ND	3	2	6
AL	438	720	265	KY	333	191	152	OH	581	297	306
AK	18	9	54	LA	861	793	294	OK	243	288	194
AZ	540	1,147	289	ME	48	16	20	OR	259	48	123
AR	199	239	162	MD	1,860	937	262	PA	1,840	726	350
CA	4,315	3,050	3,332	MA	765	446	270	RI	103	39	60
CO	288	149	138	MI	548	1,147	330	SC	729	913	263
CT	584	165	121	MN	157	132	239	SD	25	1	13
DE	248	79	33	MO	418	653	154	TN	602	1,478	313
DC	870	459	74	MS	445	174	157	TX	2,892	3,660	1,643
FL	5,138	2,914	1,145	MT	15	-	20	UT	124	25	35
GA	1,745	1,985	575	NE	74	16	40	VT	25	8	7
HI	124	41	151	NV	252	62	96	VA	951	524	306
ID	19	11	9	NH	40	20	20	WA	532	174	261
IL	1,323	1,541	707	NJ	1,756	1,040	530	WV	100	7	32
IN	378	529	115	NM	143	73	54	WI	193	131	86
IA	90	44	43	NY	7,476	3,604	1,676	WY	5	4	3
				NC	942	1,422	398				

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes cases among persons with unknown state of residence.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA.

No. 195. Persons With Limitation of Activity Caused by Chronic Conditions: 2000 and 2001

[In percent. Limitation of activity is assessed by asking respondents a series of questions about limitations in their ability to perform activities usual for their age group because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem. Respondents are asked about limitations in activities of daily living, or instrumental activities of daily living, play, school, work, difficulty walking or remembering, and any other activity limitations. For reported limitations the causal health conditions are determined and respondents are considered limited if one or more of these conditions is chronic. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Characteristic	2000	2001	Characteristic	2000	2001
Total ^{1 2}	11.7	12.1	Male ²	11.7	12.2
Under 18 years	6.0	6.7	Female ²	11.5	11.9
18 to 44 years	5.8	6.1	White, non-Hispanic ²	11.5	11.8
45 to 54 years	12.4	13.1	Black, non-Hispanic ²	14.3	15.6
55 to 64 years	19.7	20.7	Hispanic ^{2 3}	10.3	10.6
65 to 74 years	26.1	26.0	Mexican	10.4	10.3
75 years and over	45.1	44.7			

¹ Includes all other races not shown separately. ² Estimates for all persons are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using six age groups: Under 18 years, 18-44 years, 45-54 years, 55-64 years, 65-74 years, and 75 years and over. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2003*.

No. 196. Persons 65 Years Old and Over With Limitation of Activity Caused by Chronic Conditions: 1999 to 2001

[In percent. Covers noninstitutionalized persons 65 years old and over. To determine activities of daily living (ADL) limitations respondents were asked "Because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem, does (this person) need the help of other persons with personal care needs, such as eating, bathing, dressing, or getting around inside this home?" Instrumental activities of daily living (IADL) were determined by asking respondents "Because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem, does (this person) need the help of other persons in handling routine needs, such as everyday household chores, doing necessary business, shopping, or getting around for other purposes?" See also headnote, Table 195]

Characteristic	Percent with ADL limitation			Percent with IADL limitation		
	1999	2000	2001	1999	2000	2001
Total ^{1 2}	6.3	6.3	6.4	12.4	12.7	12.6
65 to 74 years	3.1	3.3	3.4	6.2	6.6	6.7
75 years and over	9.9	9.5	9.6	19.1	19.3	18.9
Male ²	4.9	5.1	6.1	8.4	9.2	9.6
Female ²	7.2	7.0	6.6	15.1	15.1	14.6
Hispanic or Latino ^{2 3}	8.6	8.6	11.2	14.1	13.4	17.0
Mexican	8.9	9.4	10.6	15.6	16.3	17.0
Not Hispanic or Latino ²	6.2	6.1	6.1	12.3	12.6	12.3
White	5.7	5.7	5.5	11.5	12.1	11.6
Black or African American	12.0	10.1	11.8	21.0	19.1	18.7

¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using two age groups: 65-74 years and 75 years and over. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2003*.

No. 197. Disability Status of Population by State: 2000

[In thousands except percent (64,689 represents 64,689,000). As of April. Covers civilian noninstitutionalized population. A disability is a long-lasting physical, mental, or emotional condition. This condition can make it difficult for a person to do activities such as walking, climbing stairs, dressing, bathing, learning, or remembering. This condition can also impede a person from being able to go outside the home alone or to work at a job or business. Based on sample data from the 2000 Census of Population and Housing; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

State	Population 5 to 20 years			Population 21 to 64 years			Population 65 years and over		
	With a disability			With a disability			With a disability		
	Total	Number	Percent of total	Total	Number	Percent of total	Total	Number	Percent of total
U.S. . . .	64,689	5,214	8.1	159,132	30,554	19.2	33,347	13,978	41.9
AL.	1,018	91	9.0	2,498	579	23.2	555	275	49.5
AK.	166	11	6.9	358	56	15.6	34	16	46.2
AZ.	1,200	96	8.0	2,813	547	19.4	654	260	39.7
AR.	613	58	9.4	1,474	345	23.4	355	173	48.9
CA.	8,172	609	7.5	19,211	3,848	20.0	3,470	1,466	42.2
CO.	977	73	7.4	2,550	407	15.9	399	159	40.0
CT.	736	56	7.6	1,945	328	16.8	440	163	37.0
DE.	177	16	8.9	443	80	18.0	97	37	37.7
DC.	113	11	10.0	350	76	21.9	66	28	42.5
FL.	3,264	285	8.7	8,746	1,915	21.9	2,720	1,076	39.5
GA.	1,915	158	8.2	4,733	940	19.9	755	359	47.5
HI.	260	17	6.6	670	119	17.7	158	64	40.6
ID.	332	24	7.2	702	117	16.7	141	60	42.5
IL.	2,881	222	7.7	7,053	1,204	17.1	1,416	574	40.5
IN.	1,422	118	8.3	3,434	636	18.5	707	302	42.6
IA.	681	50	7.3	1,602	244	15.2	404	153	37.8
KS.	645	47	7.2	1,465	246	16.8	331	137	41.5
KY.	897	81	9.0	2,322	558	24.0	477	235	49.3
LA.	1,111	104	9.3	2,446	541	22.1	490	235	48.1
ME.	279	25	9.0	733	141	19.2	175	72	41.1
MD.	1,194	97	8.1	3,076	530	17.2	573	228	39.8
MA.	1,356	116	8.6	3,698	663	17.9	807	305	37.8
MI.	2,336	198	8.5	5,631	1,018	18.1	1,171	496	42.3
MN.	1,168	83	7.1	2,804	392	14.0	554	204	36.3
MS.	707	61	8.6	1,542	378	24.5	326	168	51.7
MO.	1,289	103	8.0	3,121	567	18.2	711	303	42.6
MT.	213	15	7.1	505	85	16.9	114	45	39.6
NE.	409	27	6.7	936	143	15.2	217	80	37.1
NV.	436	33	7.7	1,173	256	21.8	214	87	40.6
NH.	282	24	8.4	725	117	16.1	139	54	38.5
NJ.	1,807	134	7.4	4,864	845	17.4	1,064	411	38.6
NM.	457	37	8.1	997	209	21.0	206	92	44.8
NY.	4,198	371	8.8	10,933	2,295	21.0	2,334	941	40.3
NC.	1,750	148	8.5	4,643	970	20.9	924	423	45.7
ND.	154	11	7.2	345	53	15.4	87	34	38.5
OH.	2,601	206	7.9	6,395	1,121	17.5	1,422	583	41.0
OK.	810	70	8.7	1,886	405	21.5	430	201	46.7
OR.	762	63	8.2	1,973	355	18.0	423	176	41.5
PA.	2,690	202	7.5	6,837	1,197	17.5	1,809	713	39.4
RI.	234	22	9.3	590	116	19.7	144	58	40.3
SC.	917	82	9.0	2,270	515	22.7	466	213	45.8
SD.	186	13	6.8	400	62	15.6	101	40	39.5
TN.	1,256	110	8.8	3,291	720	21.9	668	320	47.8
TX.	5,183	410	7.9	11,612	2,315	19.9	1,966	880	44.8
UT.	639	44	6.9	1,176	181	15.4	184	73	39.9
VT.	141	12	8.3	354	57	16.2	73	28	38.6
VA.	1,550	126	8.1	4,074	712	17.5	754	317	42.1
WA.	1,356	104	7.7	3,400	607	17.8	640	270	42.3
WV.	377	34	9.1	1,039	247	23.8	266	129	48.6
WI.	1,258	99	7.9	3,019	450	14.9	663	242	36.5
WY.	119	9	7.7	277	46	16.8	55	21	39.3

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "2000 Census of Population and Housing, Profiles of General Demographic Characteristics"; <<http://www.census.gov/Press-Release/www/2002/demoprofiles.html>>.

No. 198. Disability Status of Population—25 Largest Metropolitan Areas: 2000

[In thousands except percent (944 represents 944,000). As of April. Covers civilian noninstitutionalized population. See headline, Table 197. Covers metropolitan statistical area (MSAs) and consolidated metropolitan statistical areas (CMSAs) as defined by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget as of June 30, 1999. For definitions of metropolitan areas, see Appendix II]

Metropolitan area	Population 5 to 20 years			Population 21 to 64 years			Population 65 years and over		
	With a disability			With a disability			With a disability		
	Total	Num-ber	Per-cent of total	Total	Num-ber	Per-cent of total	Total	Num-ber	Per-cent of total
Atlanta, GA MSA	944	72	7.6	2,520	427	16.9	301	132	44.0
Boston-Worcester-Lawrence, MA-NH-ME-CT CMSA	1,245	103	8.3	3,435	590	17.2	688	261	38.0
Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI CMSA	2,139	164	7.7	5,293	916	17.3	949	387	40.7
Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN CMSA	467	38	8.1	1,129	194	17.1	218	88	40.4
Cleveland-Akron, OH CMSA	657	51	7.8	1,661	282	17.0	399	162	40.5
Dallas-Fort Worth, TX CMSA	1,257	101	8.0	3,095	570	18.4	397	169	42.6
Denver-Boulder-Greeley, CO CMSA	581	44	7.6	1,574	247	15.7	221	87	39.3
Detroit-Ann Arbor-Flint, MI CMSA	1,261	105	8.3	3,149	579	18.4	617	266	43.0
Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX CMSA	1,172	90	7.7	2,727	531	19.5	344	150	43.6
Kansas City, MO-KS MSA	406	30	7.5	1,026	173	16.8	190	78	41.0
Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA CMSA	4,092	305	7.5	9,277	1,933	20.8	1,569	676	43.1
Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL CMSA	828	65	7.9	2,210	482	21.8	546	237	43.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI MSA	696	49	7.0	1,764	232	13.1	268	97	36.2
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA CMSA	4,558	374	8.2	12,410	2,513	20.2	2,569	1,028	40.0
Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD CMSA	1,406	111	7.9	3,486	642	18.4	790	311	39.4
Phoenix-Mesa, AZ MSA	754	60	7.9	1,822	335	18.4	380	146	38.4
Pittsburgh, PA MSA	480	33	6.8	1,317	216	16.4	398	156	39.3
Portland-Salem, OR-WA CMSA	511	41	8.0	1,336	227	17.0	234	97	41.4
Sacramento-Yolo, CA CMSA	437	34	7.7	1,021	199	19.5	196	81	41.5
St. Louis, MO-IL MSA	610	50	8.2	1,467	244	16.6	317	128	40.4
San Diego, CA MSA	640	45	7.1	1,562	279	17.9	304	124	40.8
San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA CMSA	1,465	102	7.0	4,291	739	17.2	755	303	40.2
Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton, WA CMSA	780	59	7.5	2,117	355	16.8	354	146	41.3
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL MSA	463	42	9.0	1,318	302	22.9	446	181	40.7
Washington-Baltimore, DC-MD-VA-WV CMSA	1,671	132	7.9	4,540	737	16.2	737	288	39.1

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "2000 Census of Population and Housing, Profiles of General Demographic Characteristics"; <<http://www.census.gov/Press-Release/www/2002/demoprofiles.html>>.

No. 199. Disability Status of Population—25 Largest Cities: 2000

[In thousands except percent (143 represents 143,000). As of April. Covers civilian noninstitutionalized population. See headline, Table 197]

City	Population 5 to 20 years			Population 21 to 64 years			Population 65 years and over		
	With a disability			With a disability			With a disability		
	Total	Number	Per-cent of total	Total	Number	Per-cent of total	Total	Number	Per-cent of total
Austin, TX	143	12	8.3	418	64	15.3	42	18	42.7
Baltimore, MD	151	18	11.7	363	102	28.1	82	42	51.2
Boston, MA	123	13	10.7	369	81	21.9	57	26	45.7
Chicago, IL	665	66	10.0	1,697	401	23.6	289	137	47.6
Columbus, OH	158	14	9.2	436	79	18.0	59	26	43.5
Dallas, TX	268	27	9.9	710	165	23.2	97	42	43.8
Denver, CO	105	11	10.1	346	70	20.3	60	25	41.7
Detroit, MI	258	29	11.4	510	164	32.1	96	52	54.0
El Paso, TX	153	11	7.3	297	64	21.5	59	28	47.8
Houston, TX	460	40	8.6	1,157	255	22.0	158	70	44.3
Indianapolis, IN ¹	173	16	9.1	459	94	20.4	81	35	43.9
Jacksonville, FL	171	15	8.9	417	93	22.3	72	33	46.2
Los Angeles, CA	860	72	8.4	2,175	504	23.2	345	158	45.7
Memphis, TN	159	16	9.8	361	91	25.1	67	33	48.5
Milwaukee, WI	155	17	11.2	327	77	23.6	61	27	43.2
Nashville-Davidson, TN ¹	112	11	9.7	330	64	19.5	57	27	46.4
New York, NY	1,717	172	10.0	4,780	1,226	25.6	902	417	46.2
Philadelphia, PA	358	34	9.6	835	223	26.7	205	97	47.4
Phoenix, AZ	327	29	8.9	761	153	20.1	105	46	43.5
San Antonio, TX	285	26	9.0	628	142	22.6	114	54	46.9
San Diego, CA	266	19	7.1	708	124	17.5	124	51	41.3
San Francisco, CA	103	8	8.1	533	96	17.9	105	46	44.1
San Jose, CA	204	14	7.1	547	107	19.6	71	30	42.8
Seattle, WA	87	6	7.4	377	57	15.1	66	28	42.0
Washington, DC	113	11	10.0	350	76	21.9	66	28	42.5

¹ Represents the portion of a consolidated city that is not within one or more separately incorporated places.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "2000 Census of Population and Housing, Profiles of General Demographic Characteristics"; <<http://www.census.gov/Press-Release/www/2002/demoprofiles.html>>.

No. 200. Substance Abuse Treatment Facilities and Clients: 1995 to 2002

[As of October 1. Based on the Uniform Facility Data Set (UFDS) survey, a census of all known facilities that provide substance abuse treatment in the United States and associated jurisdictions. Selected missing data for responding facilities were imputed]

Primary focus	Number	Primary focus	Number	Type of care and type of problem	Number
FACILITIES		CLIENTS		Total clients ¹	1,142,080
1995	10,746	1995	1,009,127	Outpatient rehab	1,007,142
1996	10,641	1996	940,141	Outpatient detoxification	18,430
1997	10,860	1997	929,086	24-hour rehab	101,749
1998	13,455	1998	1,038,378	24-hour detoxification	14,759
1999	15,239	2000	1,000,896		
2000	13,428				
2002 total	13,926	2002 total	1,142,080	Drug only	351,575
Substance abuse treatment services	8,391	Substance abuse treatment services	772,742	Alcohol only	241,454
Mental health services	1,152	Mental health services	46,410	Both alcohol & drug	549,051
General health care	464	General health care	33,470	Total with a drug problem ²	900,626
Both substance abuse and mental health	3,510	Both substance abuse and mental health	261,040	Total with an alcohol problem ³	790,505
Other	409	Other	28,418		

¹ Includes clients at facilities that did not provide data on type of substance abuse problem treated. ² The sum of clients with a drug problem and clients with both diagnoses. ³ The sum of clients with an alcohol problem and clients with both diagnoses.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *Uniform Facility Data Set (UFDS): Annual surveys for 1995 - 1999 and National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services (N-SSATS) 2000 and 2002.*

No. 201. Drug Use by Type of Drug and Age Group: 2000 and 2001

[In percent. Current users are those who used drugs at least once within month prior to this study. Based on a representative sample of the U.S. population age 12 and older, including persons living in households and in some group quarters such as dormitories and homeless shelters. Estimates are based on computer-assisted interviews of about 72,000 respondents. Subject to sampling variability; see source]

Age of user and type of drug	Ever used		Current user		Age of user and type of drug	Ever used		Current user	
	2000	2001	2000	2001		2000	2001	2000	2001
12 YEARS OLD AND OVER					18 TO 25 YEARS OLD				
Any illicit drug	38.9	41.7	6.3	7.1	Any illicit drug	51.2	55.6	15.9	18.8
Marijuana and hashish	34.2	36.9	4.8	5.4	Marijuana and hashish	45.7	50.0	13.6	16.0
Cocaine	11.2	12.3	0.5	0.7	Cocaine	10.9	13.0	1.4	1.9
Crack	2.4	2.8	0.1	0.2	Hallucinogens	19.3	22.1	1.8	2.7
Heroin	1.2	1.4	0.1	0.1	Inhalants	12.8	13.4	0.6	0.6
Hallucinogens	11.7	12.5	0.4	0.6	Any psychotherapeutic ¹	19.5	23.3	3.6	4.8
LSD	8.8	9.0	0.2	0.1	Alcohol	84.0	85.0	56.8	58.8
PCP	2.6	2.7	-	-	"Binge" alcohol use ²	(NA)	(NA)	37.8	38.7
Inhalants	7.5	8.1	0.3	0.2	Cigarettes	67.3	69.0	38.3	39.1
Any psychotherapeutic ¹	14.5	16.0	1.7	2.1	Smokeless tobacco	23.6	23.7	5.0	5.4
Pain relievers ¹	8.6	9.8	1.2	1.6	Cigars	42.3	43.8	10.4	10.4
Tranquilizers ¹	5.8	6.2	0.4	0.6					
Stimulants ¹	6.6	7.1	0.4	0.5	26 TO 34 YEARS OLD				
Methamphetamine ¹	4.0	4.3	0.2	0.3	Any illicit drug	50.9	53.3	7.8	8.8
Sedatives ¹	3.2	3.3	0.1	0.1	Marijuana and hashish	46.0	47.9	5.9	6.8
Alcohol	81.0	81.7	46.6	48.3	Cocaine	15.1	15.9	0.8	1.1
"Binge" alcohol use ²	(NA)	(NA)	20.6	20.5	Hallucinogens	15.8	17.5	0.4	0.4
Cigarettes	66.5	67.2	24.9	24.9	Inhalants	11.0	12.0	0.2	0.2
Smokeless tobacco	18.5	19.1	3.4	3.2	Any psychotherapeutic ¹	16.9	18.0	2.1	2.4
Cigars	34.2	35.4	4.8	5.4	35 YEARS OLD AND OVER				
Pipes	16.4	17.0	1.0	1.0	Any illicit drug	35.5	38.4	3.3	3.5
12 To 17 YEARS OLD					Marijuana and hashish	31.6	34.5	2.3	2.4
Any illicit drug	26.9	28.4	9.7	10.8	Cocaine	11.8	13.0	0.3	0.5
Marijuana and hashish	18.3	19.7	7.2	8.0	Hallucinogens	10.1	10.5	-	-
Cocaine	2.4	2.3	0.6	0.4	Inhalants	5.3	5.9	0.1	-
Hallucinogens	5.8	5.7	1.2	1.2	Any psychotherapeutic ¹	13.5	14.7	1.0	1.3
Inhalants	8.9	8.6	1.0	1.0	26 YEARS OLD AND OVER				
Any psychotherapeutic ¹	10.9	11.6	3.0	3.2	Alcohol	85.8	86.5	49.0	50.8
Alcohol	41.7	42.9	16.4	17.3	"Binge" alcohol use ²	(NA)	(NA)	19.1	18.8
"Binge" alcohol use ²	(NA)	(NA)	10.4	10.6	Cigarettes	70.7	71.5	24.2	24.2
Cigarettes	34.6	33.6	13.4	13.0	Smokeless tobacco	19.1	19.8	3.3	3.0
Smokeless tobacco	8.6	8.3	2.1	2.1	Cigars	35.2	36.6	3.9	4.7
Cigars	17.1	16.4	4.5	4.3					

- Represents or rounds to zero. NA Not available. ¹ Nonmedical use of any prescription-type pain reliever, tranquilizer, stimulant, or sedative; does not include over-the-counter drugs. ² Binge use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *Summary of Findings From the 2001 National Household Survey on Drug Abuse.*

No. 202. Estimated Use of Selected Drugs by State: 2000-2001

[15,026 represents 15,026,000. Current users are those persons 12 years old and over who used drugs at least once within month prior to this study. Based on national sample of respondents (see also headline, Table 201). The state estimates were produced by combining the prevalence rate based on the state sample data and the prevalence rate based on a national regression model applied to local-area county and census block group/tract-level estimates from the state. The parameters of the regression model are estimated from the entire national sample. Data in this table covers a 2-year period. For comparison purposes, the data shown here display estimates for all 50 states and the District of Columbia utilizing the modeled estimates for all 51 areas]

State	Estimated current users (1,000)					Current users as percent of population				
	Any illicit drug	Marijuana	marijuana ¹	Ciga- rettes	Binge alcohol ²	Any illicit drug ¹	Mari- juana	mari- juana ¹	Ciga- rettes	Binge alcohol ²
U.S.	15,026	11,433	6,405	55,991	46,201	6.7	5.1	2.9	24.9	20.6
AL.	210	152	98	907	665	5.8	4.2	2.7	25.0	18.3
AK.	45	34	14	117	98	9.2	7.1	3.0	24.1	20.2
AZ.	262	179	135	904	843	6.7	4.6	3.4	23.1	21.5
AR.	143	106	68	599	410	6.7	5.0	3.2	28.0	19.2
CA.	2,159	1,578	918	5,637	5,067	8.2	6.0	3.5	21.3	19.1
CO.	316	254	117	827	752	9.2	7.4	3.4	24.2	22.0
CT.	204	170	78	681	605	7.5	6.3	2.9	25.1	22.3
DE.	48	40	19	161	136	7.6	6.4	2.9	25.5	21.5
DC.	34	25	15	107	93	8.1	5.9	3.5	25.2	22.0
FL.	771	600	312	3,126	2,401	6.0	4.7	2.4	24.4	18.8
GA.	394	296	174	1,587	1,272	6.1	4.6	2.7	24.7	19.8
HI.	71	55	26	198	178	7.5	5.8	2.7	20.7	18.7
ID.	57	46	23	244	208	5.4	4.4	2.2	23.0	19.6
IL.	704	551	284	2,623	2,364	7.2	5.6	2.9	26.7	24.1
IN.	258	193	126	1,349	936	5.2	3.9	2.6	27.4	19.0
IA.	106	83	49	591	522	4.5	3.5	2.1	24.8	21.9
KY.	132	101	63	538	431	6.1	4.7	2.9	24.9	19.9
KS.	220	163	93	1,069	601	6.7	5.0	2.8	32.5	18.3
LA.	236	135	126	1,050	788	6.7	3.8	3.6	29.7	22.3
ME.	89	76	31	278	240	8.4	7.1	2.9	26.2	22.7
MD.	266	202	113	1,048	839	6.2	4.7	2.6	24.4	19.5
MA.	552	456	183	1,184	1,333	10.7	8.9	3.6	23.0	25.9
MI.	602	484	220	2,179	1,766	7.5	6.0	2.7	27.1	21.9
MN.	262	212	107	981	956	6.6	5.3	2.7	24.7	24.1
MS.	128	87	61	599	413	5.7	3.8	2.7	26.5	18.3
MO.	257	200	103	1,252	905	5.7	4.4	2.3	27.7	20.0
MT.	47	39	20	174	176	6.3	5.1	2.7	23.0	23.2
NE.	63	51	28	334	312	4.6	3.7	2.1	24.4	22.8
NV.	113	80	50	446	369	7.3	5.2	3.2	28.6	23.8
NH.	82	71	34	263	222	8.0	7.0	3.3	25.8	21.9
NJ.	390	299	166	1,560	1,438	5.8	4.4	2.5	23.1	21.3
NM.	108	87	40	373	329	7.5	6.0	2.8	25.7	22.7
NY.	1,010	784	416	3,448	2,927	6.8	5.3	2.8	23.2	19.7
NC.	500	368	183	1,750	1,078	7.9	5.8	2.9	27.6	17.0
ND.	22	17	11	134	152	4.1	3.3	2.2	25.5	29.0
OH.	550	428	233	2,708	2,017	5.9	4.6	2.5	29.2	21.7
OK.	148	97	82	737	503	5.4	3.6	3.0	26.9	18.3
OR.	246	203	89	653	510	8.7	7.2	3.2	23.2	18.1
PA.	596	479	274	2,642	2,244	5.9	4.8	2.7	26.3	22.3
RI.	67	56	25	222	199	8.2	6.8	3.0	27.0	24.2
SC.	182	131	86	835	627	5.7	4.1	2.7	26.2	19.7
SD.	27	23	13	161	149	4.5	3.7	2.1	26.4	24.5
TN.	286	221	136	1,313	741	6.2	4.8	2.9	28.4	16.0
TX.	861	588	441	3,832	3,489	5.3	3.6	2.7	23.7	21.5
UT.	85	60	47	285	242	5.0	3.5	2.8	16.8	14.2
VT.	54	46	18	126	119	10.5	9.1	3.6	24.6	23.2
VA.	314	243	146	1,415	1,008	5.5	4.3	2.6	25.0	17.8
WA.	370	285	141	1,120	903	7.7	6.0	2.9	23.4	18.9
WV.	77	61	41	452	280	5.0	4.0	2.7	29.4	18.2
WI.	277	218	120	1,062	1,242	6.3	5.0	2.7	24.2	28.3
WY.	23	18	11	112	99	5.7	4.4	2.6	27.2	24.1

¹ Any illicit drug indicates use at least once of marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), inhalants, hallucinogens (including PCP and LSD), heroin, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any illicit drug other than marijuana indicates use at least once of any of these listed drugs, regardless of marijuana/hashish use; marijuana/hashish users who also have used any of the other listed drugs are included. ² Binge use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. By "occasion" is meant at the same time or within a couple hours of each other.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, Annual*. <<http://www.samhsa.gov/>>.

No. 203. Current Cigarette Smoking: 1990 to 2001

[In percent. Prior to 1995, a current smoker is a person who has smoked at least 100 cigarettes and who now smokes. Beginning 1995, definition includes persons who smoke only "some days." Excludes unknown smoking status. Based on the National Health Interview Survey; for details, see Appendix III]

Sex, age, and race	1990	1995	2000	2001	Sex, age, and race	1990	1995	2000	2001
Total smokers, age-adjusted¹	25.3	24.6	23.1	22.7	Black, total	32.5	28.5	26.1	27.6
Male	28.0	26.5	25.2	24.7	18 to 24 years	21.3	21.6	20.8	21.6
Female	22.9	22.7	21.1	20.8	25 to 34 years	33.8	25.1	23.3	23.8
White male	27.6	26.2	25.5	24.9	35 to 44 years	42.0	36.3	30.8	29.9
Black male	32.8	29.4	25.7	27.6	45 to 64 years	36.7	33.9	32.2	34.3
White female	23.5	23.4	22.0	22.1	65 years and over	21.5	28.5	14.2	21.1
Black female	20.8	23.5	20.7	17.9	Female, total	22.8	22.6	21.0	20.7
Total smokers	25.5	24.7	23.3	22.8	18 to 24 years	22.5	21.8	25.1	23.4
Male, total	28.4	27.0	25.7	25.2	25 to 34 years	28.2	26.4	22.5	23.0
18 to 24 years	26.6	27.8	28.5	30.4	35 to 44 years	24.8	27.1	26.2	25.7
25 to 34 years	31.6	29.5	29.0	27.2	45 to 64 years	24.8	24.0	21.6	21.4
35 to 44 years	34.5	31.5	30.2	27.4	65 years and over	11.5	11.5	9.3	9.2
45 to 64 years	29.3	27.1	26.4	26.4	White, total	23.4	23.1	21.6	21.7
65 years and over	14.6	14.9	10.2	11.5	18 to 24 years	25.4	24.9	28.7	27.2
White, total	28.0	26.6	25.8	25.1	25 to 34 years	28.5	27.3	25.1	25.5
18 to 24 years	27.4	28.4	30.9	32.5	35 to 44 years	25.0	27.0	26.6	27.0
25 to 34 years	31.6	29.9	29.9	29.0	45 to 64 years	25.4	24.3	21.4	21.6
35 to 44 years	33.5	31.2	30.6	27.8	65 years and over	11.5	11.7	9.1	9.4
45 to 64 years	28.7	26.3	25.8	25.1	Black, total	21.2	23.5	20.8	18.0
65 years and over	13.7	14.1	9.8	10.7	18 to 24 years	10.0	8.8	14.2	10.0
					25 to 34 years	29.1	26.7	15.5	16.8
					35 to 44 years	25.5	31.9	30.2	24.0
					45 to 64 years	22.6	27.5	25.6	22.6
					65 years and over	11.1	13.3	10.2	9.3

¹ Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using five age groups: 18-24 years, 25-34 years, 35-44 years, 45-64 years, 65 years and over. ² Data have a relative standard error of 20-30 percent.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States*, annual.

No. 204. Current Cigarette Smoking by Sex and State: 2001

[In percent. Current cigarette smoking is defined as persons who reported having smoked 100 or more cigarettes during their lifetime and who currently smoke every day or some days. Based on the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, a telephone survey of health behaviors of the civilian, noninstitutionalized U.S. population, 18 years old and over; for details, see source]

State	Total	Male	Female	State	Total	Male	Female	State	Total	Male	Female
U.S.¹	23.4	25.5	21.5	KS	22.2	22.5	21.9	ND	22.1	24.6	19.6
AL	23.9	25.8	22.1	KY	30.9	31.7	30.1	OH	27.7	29.0	26.5
AK	26.1	26.2	25.9	LA	24.8	28.7	21.2	OK	28.8	31.2	26.6
AZ	21.5	23.1	20.0	ME	24.0	27.1	21.1	OR	20.5	21.4	19.7
AR	25.6	27.4	23.9	MD	21.3	24.8	18.1	PA	24.6	26.4	22.9
CA	17.2	20.6	14.0	MA	19.7	20.5	18.9	RI	24.0	25.9	22.2
CO	22.4	23.8	21.1	MI	25.7	26.7	24.7	SC	26.2	28.1	24.4
CT	20.8	21.3	20.3	MN	22.2	24.9	19.6	SD	22.4	23.3	21.5
DE	25.1	28.2	22.3	MS	25.4	29.4	21.9	TN	24.4	26.1	22.8
DC	20.8	24.9	17.3	MO	25.9	27.5	24.4	TX	22.5	25.2	19.9
FL	22.5	25.7	19.5	MT	21.9	21.6	22.2	UT	13.3	14.6	12.1
GA	23.7	25.8	21.8	NE	20.4	20.8	20.0	VT	22.4	24.5	20.6
HI	20.6	24.7	16.4	NV	27.0	27.9	26.0	VA	22.5	23.4	21.8
ID	19.7	21.1	18.3	NH	24.1	25.5	22.8	WA	22.6	24.6	20.6
IL	23.6	26.6	21.0	NJ	21.3	21.7	20.9	WV	28.2	28.9	27.6
IN	27.5	29.7	25.4	NM	23.9	27.9	20.1	WI	23.6	25.4	21.9
IA	22.2	24.2	20.4	NY	23.4	26.2	20.9	WY	22.2	22.5	21.9
				NC	25.9	28.6	23.3				

¹ Represents median value among the states and DC. For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular Presentations

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 52, No. 14, April 11, 2003.

No. 205. Use of Mammography for Women 40 Years Old and Over by Patient Characteristics: 1990 to 2000

[Percent of women having a mammogram within the past 2 years. Covers civilian noninstitutional population. Based on National Health Interview Survey; see Appendix III]

Characteristic	1990	1994	2000	Characteristic	1990	1994	2000
Total¹	51.4	60.9	70.3	Years of school completed:			
40 to 49 years old	55.1	61.3	64.2	Less than 12 years	36.4	48.2	57.7
50 years old and over	49.7	60.6	73.6	12 years	52.7	61.0	69.6
50 to 64 years old	56.0	66.5	78.6	13 years or more	62.8	69.7	76.1
65 years old and over	43.4	55.0	68.0	Poverty status: ³			
White, non-Hispanic	52.7	61.3	72.1	Below poverty	28.7	44.4	55.2
Black, non-Hispanic	46.0	64.4	67.9	At or above poverty	54.8	64.8	72.2
Hispanic origin ²	45.2	51.9	61.4				

¹ Includes all other races, not shown separately and unknown education level and poverty status. ² Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. ³ For explanation of poverty level, see text, Section 13.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States*, annual.

No. 206. Cancer—Estimated New Cases, 2003, and Survival Rates, 1980-82 to 1992-99

[1,334 represents 1,334,000. The 5-year relative survival rate, which is derived by adjusting the observed survival rate for expected mortality, represents the likelihood that a person will not die from causes directly related to their cancer within 5 years. Survival data shown are based on those patients diagnosed while residents of an area listed below during the time periods shown. Data are based on information collected as part of the National Cancer Institute's Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results (SEER) program, a collection of population-based registries in Connecticut, New Mexico, Utah, Iowa, Hawaii, Atlanta, Detroit, Seattle-Puget Sound, and San Francisco-Oakland]

Site	Estimated new cases, ¹ 2003 (1,000)			5-year relative survival rates (percent)								
	Total	Male	Female	White				Black				
				1980-82	1986-88	1989-91	1992-99	1980-82	1986-88	1989-91	1992-99	
All sites ²	1,334	675	659	52.1	56.8	60.3	64.4	39.8	42.7	46.2	53.3	
Lung ³	172	92	80	13.5	13.5	14.3	15.1	12.1	11.9	10.8	12.4	
Breast ³	213	1	211	77.1	83.9	86.1	87.9	65.8	69.2	71.1	73.5	
Colon and rectum	148	73	75	54.9	60.9	62.3	63.0	46.6	52.5	54.0	53.4	
Colon	106	49	57	55.7	61.6	63.1	63.0	49.3	53.0	53.9	53.2	
Rectum	42	24	18	53.1	59.2	60.5	63.0	38.1	51.1	54.3	53.8	
Prostate	221	221	(X)	74.5	82.7	91.9	98.4	64.8	69.2	80.7	93.4	
Bladder	57	42	15	78.9	80.7	82.2	82.6	58.3	62.8	61.7	64.0	
Corpus uteri	40	(X)	40	82.8	84.5	85.6	86.3	55.1	57.2	57.7	60.0	
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma ⁴	53	28	25	51.9	52.9	52.0	57.2	50.2	50.2	43.5	47.1	
Oral cavity and pharynx ⁴	28	18	10	55.7	55.4	55.5	59.7	31.1	34.7	32.8	36.1	
Leukemia ⁴	31	18	13	39.5	44.2	46.1	47.6	32.9	38.1	34.4	39.2	
Melanoma of skin	54	30	24	83.2	88.0	88.8	89.8	60.9	69.1	79.1	64.4	
Pancreas	31	15	16	2.8	3.2	4.1	4.4	4.5	6.2	4.0	3.6	
Kidney	32	20	12	51.1	57.5	60.8	62.9	56.0	53.6	58.0	60.7	
Stomach	22	13	9	16.5	19.1	18.4	21.4	19.1	19.3	24.8	20.5	
Ovary	25	(X)	25	38.7	41.9	49.7	52.4	39.1	39.0	41.9	51.5	
Cervix uteri ⁵	12	(X)	12	68.2	71.8	72.4	72.9	61.4	55.6	62.6	61.0	

X Not applicable. ¹ Estimates provided by American Cancer Society are based on rates from the National Cancer Institute's SEER program. ² Includes other sites not shown separately. ³ Survival rates for female only. ⁴ All types combined. ⁵ Invasive cancer only.

Source: U.S. National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, *Cancer Statistics Review*, annual. <<http://www.seer.cancer.gov/csr/>>.

No. 207. Cancer—Estimated New Cases and Deaths by State: 2003

[In thousands (1,334.1 represents 1,334,100). Excludes basal and squamous cell skin cancers and in situ carcinomas except urinary bladder]

State	New cases ¹			Deaths			State	New cases ¹			Deaths		
	Total ²	Lung	Female breast	Total ²	Lung	Female breast		Total ²	Lung	Female breast	Total ²	Lung	Female breast
U.S. . . .	1,334.1	171.9	211.3	556.5	157.2	39.8							
AL	23.6	3.3	3.4	9.8	3.0	0.6	MO	29.5	4.2	4.1	12.3	3.9	0.8
AK	1.8	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.2	0.1	MT	4.6	0.6	0.6	1.9	0.5	0.1
AZ	23.3	3.0	3.9	9.7	2.7	0.7	NE	8.1	1.0	1.1	3.4	0.9	0.2
AR	14.7	2.2	2.0	6.1	2.0	0.4	NV	10.3	1.5	1.4	4.3	1.3	0.3
CA	125.0	14.4	21.1	52.2	13.2	4.0	NH	6.0	0.8	0.8	2.5	0.7	0.2
CO	15.2	1.6	2.5	6.3	1.5	0.5	NJ	42.3	5.0	7.4	17.6	4.5	1.4
CT	16.6	2.0	2.6	6.9	1.8	0.5	NM	7.4	0.8	1.3	3.1	0.7	0.2
DE	4.1	0.6	0.7	1.7	0.5	0.1	NY	85.9	10.0	14.8	35.8	9.2	2.8
DC	2.7	0.3	0.5	1.1	0.3	0.1	NC	39.6	5.6	6.0	16.5	5.1	1.1
FL	96.1	13.2	13.5	40.1	12.1	2.5	ND	3.1	0.3	0.5	1.3	0.3	0.1
GA	33.4	4.6	5.4	13.9	4.2	1.0	OH	60.3	8.0	9.9	25.2	7.4	1.9
HI	4.9	0.6	0.7	2.0	0.5	0.1	OK	17.7	2.6	2.7	7.4	2.4	0.5
ID	5.5	0.6	1.0	2.3	0.6	0.2	OR	17.3	2.3	2.6	7.2	2.1	0.5
IL	59.9	7.4	10.2	25.0	6.8	1.9	PA	70.8	8.7	11.1	29.6	8.0	2.1
IN	31.2	4.4	4.7	13.0	4.0	0.9	RI	5.8	0.8	0.8	2.4	0.7	0.2
IA	15.3	1.9	2.3	6.4	1.7	0.4	SC	20.6	2.8	3.4	8.6	2.5	0.6
KS	12.6	1.7	2.1	5.2	1.5	0.4	SD	3.9	0.4	0.6	1.6	0.4	0.1
KY	22.1	3.5	3.2	9.2	3.2	0.6	TN	30.5	4.5	4.5	12.7	4.1	0.9
LA	22.6	3.0	3.8	9.4	2.7	0.7	TX	83.4	10.9	13.7	34.8	9.9	2.6
ME	7.3	1.0	1.0	3.0	0.9	0.2	UT	6.2	0.5	1.1	2.6	0.4	0.2
MD	24.4	3.2	4.2	10.2	2.9	0.8	VT	3.1	0.4	0.5	1.3	0.4	0.1
MA	32.7	4.1	4.7	13.6	3.7	0.9	VA	32.8	4.3	5.4	13.7	3.9	1.0
MI	47.4	6.1	7.5	19.8	5.6	1.4	WA	26.7	3.5	3.8	11.2	3.2	0.7
MN	21.9	2.5	3.4	9.1	2.3	0.6	WV	11.3	1.7	1.6	4.7	1.6	0.3
MS	14.9	2.2	2.5	6.2	2.0	0.5	WI	25.8	3.0	3.9	10.8	2.8	0.7
							WY	2.3	0.3	0.3	0.9	0.3	0.1

¹ Estimates are offered as a rough guide and should be interpreted with caution. They are calculated according to the distribution of estimated 2003 cancer deaths by state. ² Includes other types of cancer, not shown separately.

Source: American Cancer Society, Inc., Atlanta, Georgia, *Cancer Facts and Figures—2003* (copyright). <<http://www.cancer.org>>.

No. 208. Cumulative Percent Distribution of Population by Height and Sex: 1988-94

[Height was measured without shoes. Based on sample and subject to sampling variability; see source]

Height	Males						Females					
	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years
Percent under—												
4'8"	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.6	0.1	-	-	0.2	1.7
4'9"	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.7	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.7	3.3
4'10"	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	1.2	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.7	4.9
4'11"	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.1	3.1	2.6	1.7	3.1	4.4	9.8
5'	0.1	-	0.2	-	0.4	0.1	6.0	5.5	5.3	6.6	9.9	15.4
5'1"	0.1	-	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.6	11.5	10.4	9.9	11.9	19.0	28.9
5'2"	0.5	0.8	0.7	0.2	0.7	1.9	21.8	18.5	18.8	24.4	34.3	45.6
5'3"	1.3	1.4	0.9	1.0	2.2	2.7	34.3	30.7	31.9	38.6	48.3	61.2
5'4"	3.4	2.2	1.7	2.5	5.8	7.8	48.9	42.9	49.2	52.6	65.5	74.5
5'5"	6.9	5.1	5.6	6.0	9.4	16.5	62.7	59.1	64.3	69.9	76.5	85.9
5'6"	11.7	10.1	12.1	11.7	15.8	27.3	74.0	71.8	77.0	81.6	87.8	93.9
5'7"	20.8	18.9	19.6	20.5	27.4	39.5	84.7	84.1	87.0	89.3	92.5	97.3
5'8"	32.0	28.3	28.0	32.6	38.6	53.4	92.4	91.6	94.5	95.6	96.7	99.2
5'9"	46.3	44.3	42.1	43.9	55.1	68.7	96.2	95.6	97.3	99.0	99.3	99.9
5'10"	58.7	58.0	58.1	60.6	68.8	79.5	98.6	98.1	98.9	99.6	99.8	100.0
5'11"	70.1	70.4	71.1	75.2	81.4	89.2	99.5	99.5	99.4	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'	81.2	79.7	81.5	85.4	90.0	94.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'1"	87.4	86.2	89.0	92.4	95.2	97.2	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'2"	94.7	92.4	94.4	96.4	98.2	99.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'3"	97.9	98.1	97.2	98.2	99.5	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

- Represents or rounds to zero.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data.

No. 209. Percent of U.S. Adults Who Were Overweight and Percent Who Were Obese: 2001

[Percent who are overweight includes those who are obese and represent those who have a body mass index (BMI) equal to or above 25. Percent who are obese represent those who have a BMI equal to or above 30. BMI is a measure that adjusts body weight for height. It is calculated as weight in kilograms divided by height in meters squared. These estimates are based on definitions provided in the *Dietary Guidelines for Americans*, published by the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture and the U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services. Based on the National Health Interview Survey; for details, see Appendix III]

Characteristic	Both sexes		Males		Females	
	Overweight	Obese	Overweight	Obese	Overweight	Obese
All ages (age-adjusted) ¹	58.1	22.5	66.5	22.6	49.9	22.3
All ages (unadjusted) ¹	58.0	22.5	66.5	22.7	50.0	22.3
18-24 years old	38.7	13.9	45.1	14.0	32.2	13.7
25-44 years old	58.2	22.4	69.0	23.2	47.4	21.6
45-64 years old	66.0	27.6	73.8	27.4	58.3	27.8
65 years old and over	58.5	20.0	63.7	19.2	54.5	20.7
Hispanic	66.5	24.3	71.5	21.9	61.3	26.4
White, non-Hispanic	56.3	21.2	66.7	22.4	46.1	20.0
Black, non-Hispanic	67.8	32.6	66.6	28.0	68.5	36.4
Asian/Other Pacific Islander, Non-Hispanic	32.6	6.4	38.9	6.6	26.1	6.1
Educational attainment:						
Fewer than 9 grades	66.0	25.0	69.4	23.3	62.3	26.6
Grades 9 - 11	62.7	28.9	65.3	26.6	60.2	31.4
General equivalency degree	65.2	26.8	68.8	23.3	61.4	30.8
High school graduate	60.0	24.0	68.3	25.1	52.3	23.0
Some college - no degree	58.6	24.3	69.3	26.0	48.9	22.8
Associate of Arts - Technical	62.1	25.3	69.5	24.0	55.0	26.4
Associate of Arts - Academic	57.2	21.0	66.0	19.2	50.4	22.1
Bachelor of Arts or Science	52.1	15.3	63.7	15.4	40.2	15.3
Graduate degree	46.7	15.2	58.2	15.6	34.0	14.0

¹ Age-specific rates are unadjusted; all other estimates were adjusted to the 2000 projected population.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data, <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/>>.

No. 210. Percentage of Adults Engaging in Leisure-Time Physical Activity: 2001

[In percent. Covers persons 18 years old and over. Based on responses to questions about physical activity in prior month from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Estimates are age-adjusted to the year 2000 standard population. Based on a survey sample of approximately 203,000 persons in 50 states and the District of Columbia in 2001]

Characteristic	Persons who meet recommended activity ¹	Persons not meeting recommended activity ²	Persons who are physically inactive ³	Characteristic	Persons who meet recommended activity ¹	Persons not meeting recommended activity ²	Persons who are physically inactive ³
Total	45.4	54.6	25.9	30 to 44 years old	46.5	53.5	25.9
Male	47.9	52.1	23.4	45 to 64 years old	40.7	59.3	28.7
Female	43.0	57.0	28.2	65 to 74 years old	36.1	63.9	32.5
White, non-Hispanic	48.2	51.8	22.4	75 years old and over	26.9	73.1	42.7
Black, non-Hispanic	35.3	64.7	34.6	School years completed:			
Hispanic	38.3	61.7	37.9	Less than 12 years	34.5	65.5	46.2
Other	42.2	57.8	27.8	12 years	43.0	57.0	32.3
Males:				Some college (13-15 yrs)	47.0	53.0	22.2
18 to 29 years old	57.8	42.2	18.0	College (16 or more yrs)	50.9	49.1	14.2
30 to 44 years old	48.3	51.7	21.6	Household income:			
45 to 64 years old	43.4	56.6	25.8	Less than \$10,000	35.4	64.6	44.2
65 to 74 years old	45.7	54.3	27.4	\$10,000 to \$19,999	36.8	63.2	39.7
75 years old and over	38.4	61.6	32.8	\$20,000 to \$34,999	42.7	57.3	30.8
Females:				\$35,000 to \$49,999	47.7	52.3	23.1
18 to 29 years old	49.8	50.2	24.1	\$50,000 and over	52.0	48.0	15.3

¹ Recommended activity is physical activity at least 5 times/week x 30 minutes/time or vigorous physical activity for 20 minutes at a time at least 3 times/week. ² Persons whose reported physical activity does not meet recommended level or report no leisure-time, transportation-related, or household-related physical activity. ³ Persons with no reported physical activity.

Source: U.S. National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, "Nutrition and Physical Activity"; <http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/dnpa>; (accessed: 21 June 2002) and unpublished data.

No. 211. Households and Persons Having Problems With Access to Food: 1995 to 2001

[100,445 represents 100,445,000. Food secure means that a household had access at all times to enough food for an active healthy life, with no need for recourse to emergency food sources or other extraordinary coping behaviors to meet their basic food needs. A food insecure household did not have this same access to enough food to fully meet basic needs at all times. Food insecure households with hunger were those with one or more household members who were hungry at least sometime during the period due to inadequate resources for food. The omission of homeless persons may be a cause of underreporting. The federal food security measure was developed through a collaborative process between private nongovernment experts, academic researchers, and a federal interagency working group, with leadership from the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture and the U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services. The severity of food insecurity and hunger in households is measured through a series of questions about experiences and behaviors known to characterize households that are having difficulty meeting basic food needs. These experiences and behaviors generally occur in an ordered sequence as the severity of food insecurity increases. As resources become more constrained, adults in typical households first worry about having enough food, then they stretch household resources and juggle other necessities, then decrease the quality and variety of household members' diets, then decrease the frequency and quantity of adults' food intake, and finally decrease the frequency and quantity of children's food intake. All questions refer to the previous 12 months and include a qualifying phrase reminding respondents to report only those occurrences that resulted from inadequate financial resources. Restrictions to food intake due to dieting or busy schedules are excluded. Data are from the Food Security Supplement to the Current Population Survey (CPS); for details about the CPS, see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Household food security level	Number (1,000)				Percent distribution			
	1995	1998 ¹	1998 ²	2001	1995	1998 ¹	1998 ²	2001
Households, total	100,445	103,480	103,309	107,824	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Food secure	90,097	92,972	91,121	96,303	89.7	89.8	88.2	89.3
Food insecure	10,348	10,509	12,188	11,521	10.3	10.2	11.8	10.7
Without hunger	6,402	6,820	8,353	8,010	6.4	6.6	8.1	7.4
With hunger	3,946	3,689	3,835	3,511	3.9	3.6	3.7	3.3
With hunger among children ³	415	321	331	211	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.6
Adult members	191,063	197,423	197,084	204,340	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Food secure	172,862	178,631	174,964	183,398	90.5	90.5	88.8	89.8
Food insecure	18,200	18,792	22,120	20,942	9.5	9.5	11.2	10.2
Without hunger	11,611	12,657	15,632	14,879	6.1	6.4	7.9	7.3
With hunger	6,589	6,135	6,488	6,063	3.4	3.1	3.3	3.0
Child members	70,279	71,463	71,282	72,321	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Food secure	58,048	59,090	57,255	59,620	82.6	82.7	80.3	82.4
Food insecure	12,231	12,373	14,027	12,701	17.4	17.3	19.7	17.6
Without hunger	11,344	11,682	13,311	12,234	16.1	16.3	18.7	16.9
With hunger among children ³	887	691	716	467	1.3	1.0	1.0	0.6

¹ Adjusted data. These data are comparable to those of earlier years. ² Data as collected. These data are comparable to those for 2001. ³ One or more children in these households was hungry because of the household's food insecurity. Percent distribution of households with hunger among children excludes households with no child from the denominator.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Household Food Security in the United States, 2001, Food Assistance and Nutrition Research Report No. 29*, October 2002.

No. 212. Nutrition—Nutrients in Foods Available for Civilian Consumption Per Capita Per Day: 1970 to 2000

[Computed by the Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP). Based on Economic Research Service (ERS) estimates of per capita quantities of food available for consumption from "Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures," on imputed consumption data for foods no longer reported by ERS, and on CNPP estimates of quantities of produce from home gardens. Food supply estimates do not reflect loss of food or nutrients from further marketing or home processing. Enrichment and fortification levels of iron, zinc, thiamin, riboflavin, niacin, vitamin A, vitamin B₆, vitamin B₁₂, and ascorbic acid are included]

Nutrient		Unit	1970-79	1980-89	1990-99	1995	2000
Food energy	Calories		3,300	3,400	3,700	3,700	3,900
Carbohydrate	Grams		396	420	489	492	505
Dietary fiber	Grams		19	21	24	24	25
Protein	Grams		95	99	108	108	112
Total fat ¹	Grams		149	156	158	156	171
Saturated	Grams		51	52	50	50	54
Monounsaturated	Grams		60	63	67	66	72
Polyunsaturated	Grams		28	31	33	33	37
Cholesterol	Milligrams		440	420	410	400	430
Vitamin A	Micrograms RE ²		1,220	1,160	1,200	1,200	1,200
Carotenes	Micrograms RE ²		550	590	720	720	720
Vitamin E	Milligrams α-TE ³		13.9	15.6	17.2	16.9	19.2
Vitamin C	Milligrams		110	117	126	126	126
Thiamin	Milligrams		2.2	2.6	3.0	3.0	3.0
Riboflavin	Milligrams		2.5	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.9
Niacin	Milligrams		25.0	28.0	32.0	31.0	33.0
Vitamin B ₆	Micrograms		2.0	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.5
Total Folate	Micrograms		318	348	447	380	711
Folate (DFE) ⁴	Micrograms		292	305	449	326	936
Vitamin B ₁₂	Micrograms		8.9	8.2	7.9	8.0	8.3
Calcium	Milligrams		920	920	970	960	970
Phosphorus	Milligrams		1,490	1,540	1,680	1,670	1,700
Magnesium	Milligrams		330	350	390	380	390
Iron	Milligrams		16.4	19.7	23.2	23.0	23.7
Zinc	Milligrams		12.9	13.9	15.1	15.0	15.2
Copper	Milligrams		1.6	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.9
Potassium	Milligrams		3,440	3,480	3,720	3,690	3,770
Selenium	Micrograms		132	142	165	161	181
Sodium ⁵	Milligrams		1,360	1,350	1,360	1,360	1,340

¹ Includes other types of fat not shown separately. ² Retinol equivalents. ³ Alpha-Tocopherol equivalents. ⁴ Reflects new terminology from Institute of Medicine's Dietary Reference Intakes reports. ⁵ Does not include amount from processed foods; underestimates actual availability.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion, *Nutrient Content of the U.S. Food Supply, 1909-2000*, 2001. Data also published by Economic Research Service in *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures*, annual. <<http://www.usda.gov/cnpp>>.

No. 213. Sources of Calcium, Iron, and Cholesterol in the U.S. Food Supply: 1970 and 2000

[In percent. See headnote, Table 212]

Commodity group	Calcium		Commodity group	Iron		Commodity group	Cholesterol	
	1970	2000		1970	2000		1970	2000
Total	100	100	Total	100	100	Total	100	100
Whole milk	35	11	Grains and breakfast cereals	37	53	Meat, poultry, fish ¹	39	44
Low-fat and skim milk	11	21	Meat, poultry, fish ¹	23	15	Eggs	40	35
Cheese	11	25	Eggs	4	2	Whole milk	8	3
Other dairy	19	15	Vegetables	14	10	Low-fat and skim milk	1	2
Vegetables	7	7	Fruits	3	2	Cheese	3	7
Other foods	17	21	Dairy products	2	2	Other dairy	3	4
			Other foods	17	16	Other foods	6	5

¹ Includes meat alternatives.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion, *Nutrient Content of the U.S. Food Supply, 1909-2000*, 2002. <<http://www.usda.gov/cnpp>>.

No. 214. Per Capita Consumption of Major Food Commodities: 1980 to 2001

[In pounds, retail weight, except as indicated. Consumption represents the residual after exports, nonfood use and ending stocks are subtracted from the sum of beginning stocks, domestic production, and imports. Based on Census Bureau estimated population.]

Commodity	Unit	1980	1985	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001
Red meat, total (boneless, trimmed weight) ^{1 2}	Pounds	126.4	124.9	112.2	113.6	115.1	113.7	111.3
Beef	Pounds	72.1	74.6	63.9	63.5	64.3	64.5	63.1
Veal	Pounds	1.3	1.5	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.5
Lamb and mutton	Pounds	1.0	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8
Pork	Pounds	52.1	47.7	46.4	48.4	49.3	47.8	46.9
Poultry (boneless, trimmed weight) ²	Pounds	40.8	45.5	56.2	62.1	66.7	66.9	66.2
Chicken	Pounds	32.7	36.4	42.4	48.2	52.8	53.2	52.4
Turkey	Pounds	8.1	9.1	13.8	13.9	13.8	13.7	13.8
Fish and shellfish (boneless, trimmed weight)	Pounds	12.4	15.0	14.9	14.8	14.8	15.2	14.7
Eggs	Number	271	255	234	232	249	250	251
Shell	Number	236	217	186	172	177	177	179
Processed	Number	35	39	48	59	72	73	73
Dairy products, total ³	Pounds	543.2	593.7	568.0	576.2	584.6	592.8	587.2
Fluid milk products ⁴	Gallons	27.9	27.1	26.2	24.5	23.6	23.2	22.8
Beverage milks	Gallons	27.6	26.7	25.7	23.9	22.9	22.5	22.0
Plain whole milk	Gallons	16.5	13.9	10.2	8.3	7.8	7.7	7.4
Plain reduced-fat milk (2%)	Gallons	6.3	7.9	9.1	8.0	7.3	7.1	7.0
Plain light and skim milks	Gallons	3.1	3.2	4.9	6.1	6.2	6.1	5.9
Flavored whole milk	Gallons	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
Flavored milks other than whole	Gallons	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0
Buttermilk	Gallons	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2
Yogurt (excl. frozen)	1/2 pints	4.6	7.3	7.4	9.2	11.4	12.0	12.9
Fluid cream products ⁵	1/2 pints	10.5	13.5	14.3	15.6	17.8	18.4	20.0
Cream ⁶	1/2 pints	6.3	8.2	8.7	9.4	11.4	11.7	12.8
Sour cream and dips	1/2 pints	3.4	4.3	4.7	5.4	5.7	6.1	6.5
Condensed and evaporated milks	Pounds	7.0	7.5	7.9	6.8	6.5	5.8	5.4
Whole milk	Pounds	3.8	3.6	3.2	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.0
Skim milk	Pounds	3.3	3.8	4.8	4.5	4.4	3.8	3.4
Cheese ⁷	Pounds	17.5	22.5	24.6	26.9	29.0	29.8	30.0
American ⁸	Pounds	9.6	12.2	11.1	11.7	12.6	12.7	12.8
Cheddar	Pounds	6.9	9.8	9.0	9.0	9.8	9.7	9.9
Italian	Pounds	4.4	6.5	9.0	10.3	11.6	12.0	12.3
Mozzarella	Pounds	3.0	4.6	6.9	8.0	9.0	9.3	9.7
Other ⁸	Pounds	3.4	3.9	4.5	5.0	4.9	5.1	4.9
Swiss	Pounds	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.2
Cream and Neufchatel	Pounds	1.0	1.2	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.3
Cottage cheese, total	Pounds	4.5	4.1	3.4	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6
Lowfat	Pounds	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3
Frozen dairy products	Pounds	26.4	27.9	28.4	29.0	28.6	28.0	26.9
Ice cream	Pounds	17.5	18.1	15.8	15.5	16.7	16.6	16.3
Lowfat ice cream	Pounds	7.1	6.9	7.7	7.4	7.5	7.3	7.3
Sherbet	Pounds	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1
Frozen yogurt	Pounds	(NA)	(NA)	2.8	3.4	1.9	2.0	1.5
Fats and oils:								
Total, fat content only	Pounds	56.9	64.1	63.0	65.4	67.0	74.5	(NA)
Butter (product weight)	Pounds	4.5	4.9	4.4	4.4	4.7	4.6	(NA)
Margarine (product weight)	Pounds	11.3	10.8	10.9	9.1	7.9	8.2	(NA)
Lard (direct use)	Pounds	2.3	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.0	2.0	(NA)
Edible beef tallow (direct use)	Pounds	1.1	2.0	0.6	2.7	3.6	4.0	(NA)
Shortening	Pounds	18.2	22.9	22.2	22.2	21.1	23.1	(NA)
Salad and cooking oils	Pounds	21.2	23.5	25.2	26.5	28.8	33.7	(NA)
Other edible fats and oils	Pounds	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.5	(NA)
Flour and cereal products ⁹	Pounds	144.7	156.5	180.9	190.2	195.5	199.8	195.7
Wheat flour	Pounds	116.9	124.6	135.9	140.0	142.6	146.3	140.9
Rice, milled	Pounds	9.4	9.1	15.8	18.6	19.5	19.6	20.2
Corn products	Pounds	12.9	17.2	21.4	24.9	27.8	28.4	28.9
Oat products	Pounds	3.9	4.0	6.5	5.4	4.4	4.3	4.4
Caloric sweeteners, total ¹⁰	Pounds	123.0	128.8	132.4	143.8	151.3	148.9	147.1
Sugar, refined cane and beet	Pounds	83.6	62.7	64.4	64.7	66.3	65.6	64.4
Corn sweeteners ¹¹	Pounds	38.2	64.8	66.8	77.9	83.5	81.9	81.4
High-fructose corn syrup	Pounds	19.0	45.2	49.6	57.6	63.7	62.7	62.5
Other:								
Cocoa beans	Pounds	3.4	4.6	5.4	4.5	5.6	5.9	5.6
Coffee (green beans)	Pounds	10.3	10.5	10.3	7.9	9.8	10.3	9.4
Peanuts (shelled)	Pounds	4.8	6.3	6.0	5.6	6.0	5.8	(NA)
Tree nuts (shelled)	Pounds	1.8	2.5	2.4	1.9	2.5	2.5	2.9

NA Not available. ¹ Excludes edible offals. ² Excludes shipments to Puerto Rico and the other U.S. possessions. ³ Milk-equivalent, milkfat basis. Includes butter. ⁴ Fluid milk figures are aggregates of commercial sales and milk produced and consumed on farms. ⁵ Includes eggnog, not shown separately. ⁶ Heavy cream, light cream, and half and half. ⁷ Excludes full-skim American, cottage, pot, and baker's cheese. ⁸ Includes other cheeses not shown separately. ⁹ Includes rye flour and barley products not shown separately. Excludes quantities used in alcoholic beverages. ¹⁰ Dry weight. Includes edible syrups (maple, molasses, etc.) and honey not shown separately. ¹¹ Includes glucose and dextrose not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1970-2000*; online at <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/consumption>>.

No. 215. Per Capita Utilization of Commercially Produced Fruits and Vegetables: 1980 to 2001

[In pounds, farm weight. Domestic food use of fresh fruits and vegetables reflects the fresh-market share of commodity production plus imports and minus exports]

Commodity	1980	1985	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Fruits and vegetables, total ¹	608.0	629.3	659.2	690.0	707.6	698.8	698.3	705.4	688.7
Fruits, total	270.5	270.0	272.1	281.8	289.5	283.9	284.6	280.3	275.7
Fresh fruits	104.8	110.6	116.2	122.5	129.4	128.8	129.6	127.2	125.8
Noncitrus	78.7	89.1	94.9	98.7	102.9	102.3	109.3	103.8	101.5
Apples	19.2	17.3	19.6	18.7	18.1	19.0	18.5	17.5	15.6
Bananas	20.8	23.5	24.3	27.1	27.1	28.0	30.7	28.5	26.6
Cantaloupes	5.8	8.5	9.2	9.0	10.5	10.7	11.5	10.8	11.2
Grapes	4.0	6.8	7.9	7.4	7.9	7.1	8.0	7.3	7.6
Peaches and nectarines	7.1	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.5	4.8	5.4	5.4	5.2
Pears	2.6	2.8	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.1
Pineapples	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.9	2.3	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.2
Plums and prunes	1.5	1.4	1.5	0.9	1.5	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3
Strawberries	2.0	3.0	3.2	4.1	4.1	3.9	4.9	4.9	4.2
Watermelons	10.7	13.5	13.3	15.2	15.5	14.3	15.4	13.9	15.1
Other ²	3.5	5.3	5.2	5.7	7.0	7.2	7.3	8.0	8.4
Fresh citrus	26.1	21.5	21.4	23.8	26.5	26.6	20.3	23.4	24.3
Oranges	14.3	11.6	12.4	11.8	13.9	14.6	8.4	11.7	12.4
Grapefruit	7.3	5.5	4.4	6.0	6.2	5.9	5.7	5.1	4.8
Other ³	4.5	4.4	4.6	6.0	6.4	6.1	6.2	6.6	7.1
Processed fruits	165.7	159.5	155.8	159.3	160.1	155.1	154.9	153.2	150.0
Frozen fruits ⁴	3.1	3.3	3.8	4.1	3.6	4.1	4.4	3.1	5.9
Dried fruits ⁵	11.2	12.8	12.1	12.6	10.6	12.1	10.1	10.4	10.2
Canned fruits ⁶	24.6	20.9	21.0	17.3	20.1	17.0	19.2	17.5	17.7
Fruit juices ⁷	126.1	122.2	118.7	124.9	125.1	121.5	120.8	121.6	115.8
Vegetables, total	337.5	359.2	387.1	408.2	418.1	414.9	413.7	425.1	412.9
Fresh vegetables	150.4	157.4	170.8	180.8	190.1	186.3	191.3	200.4	196.6
Asparagus (all uses)	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.0	0.9
Broccoli	1.4	2.6	3.4	4.3	5.0	5.1	6.5	6.1	5.6
Cabbage	8.1	8.8	8.8	8.2	9.2	8.5	7.6	9.0	9.0
Carrots	6.2	6.5	8.3	11.2	14.1	12.7	10.9	10.4	10.6
Cauliflower	1.1	1.8	2.2	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.9	2.0	1.6
Celery (all uses)	7.4	6.9	7.2	6.9	6.5	6.5	6.6	6.4	6.6
Corn	6.5	6.4	6.7	7.8	8.3	9.3	9.1	9.0	9.4
Cucumbers	3.9	4.4	4.7	5.6	6.4	6.5	6.8	6.4	6.4
Head lettuce	25.6	23.7	27.7	22.2	23.9	21.6	23.9	23.4	23.5
Mushrooms	1.2	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6
Onions	11.4	13.6	15.1	17.8	18.8	18.3	18.1	18.3	17.8
Snap beans	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.6	1.3	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.2
Bell peppers (all uses)	2.9	3.8	4.5	6.2	6.4	6.4	6.7	7.0	6.7
Potatoes	51.1	46.3	46.7	49.2	48.5	47.0	48.0	47.3	46.2
Sweetpotatoes (all uses)	4.4	5.4	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.0	3.7	4.2	4.4
Tomatoes	12.8	14.9	15.5	16.8	16.8	17.5	17.8	17.6	17.4
Other fresh vegetables ⁸	4.8	8.7	11.7	14.4	15.7	16.5	18.4	27.5	25.7
Processed vegetables	187.1	201.8	216.3	227.4	228.0	228.6	222.4	224.7	216.3
Selected vegetables for freezing	51.5	64.5	66.8	78.8	81.5	80.4	80.9	79.7	78.2
Selected vegetables for canning	102.8	99.2	111.5	109.3	105.9	107.0	102.8	103.0	97.1
Vegetables for dehydrating	10.5	12.8	14.6	14.5	16.8	17.7	14.7	17.7	15.7
Potatoes for chips	16.5	17.6	16.4	16.4	15.9	14.8	15.9	16.0	17.6
Pulses ¹⁰	5.8	7.6	7.1	8.3	7.9	8.7	8.1	8.4	7.8

¹ Excludes wine grapes. ² Apricots, avocados, cherries, cranberries, kiwifruit, mangoes, papayas, and honeydew melons. ³ Lemons, limes, tangerines, and tangelos. ⁴ Apples, apricots, blackberries, blueberries, boysenberries, cherries, loganberries, peaches, plums, prunes, raspberries, and strawberries. ⁵ Apples, apricots, dates, figs, peaches, pears, prunes, and raisins. ⁶ Apples, apricots, cherries, olives, peaches, pears, pineapples, plums, and prunes. ⁷ Apple, cranberry, grape, grapefruit, lemon, lime, orange, pineapple, and prunes. ⁸ Artichokes, brussels sprouts, eggplant, escarole, endive, garlic, romaine, leaf lettuce, radishes, spinach, and squash. Beginning 2000 includes collard greens, kale, mustard greens, okra, pumpkin, and turnip greens. ⁹ Onions and potatoes. ¹⁰ Dry peas, lentils, and dry edible beans.

No. 216. Per Capita Consumption of Selected Beverages by Type: 1980 to 2001

[In gallons. See headnote, Table 214]

Commodity	1980	1985	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Nonalcoholic	(NA)	(NA)	128.1	127.9	131.5	136.2	140.8	(NA)	(NA)
Milk (plain and flavored)	27.6	26.7	25.7	23.9	23.4	23.0	22.9	22.5	22.0
Whole	17.0	14.3	10.5	8.6	8.3	8.1	8.2	8.1	7.8
Reduced-fat, light, and skim	10.5	12.3	15.2	15.3	15.2	14.9	14.8	14.4	14.2
Tea	7.3	7.1	6.9	7.9	7.2	8.3	8.2	7.8	8.2
Coffee	26.7	27.4	26.8	20.2	23.3	23.9	25.1	26.3	24.2
Bottled water	2.4	4.5	8.0	11.5	12.9	15.7	17.7	(NA)	(NA)
Carbonated soft drinks	35.1	35.7	46.2	47.4	46.8	47.9	49.7	49.3	(NA)
Diet	5.1	7.1	10.7	10.9	10.6	11.0	11.4	11.6	(NA)
Regular	29.9	28.7	35.6	36.5	36.2	36.8	38.2	37.7	(NA)
Fruit juices	7.4	7.8	7.8	8.3	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.7	8.3
Fruit drinks, cocktails, and ades	(NA)	(NA)	6.3	7.7	8.2	7.7	7.7	(NA)	(NA)
Canned iced tea	(NA)	(NA)	0.1	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	(NA)	(NA)
Vegetable juices	(NA)	(NA)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	(NA)	(NA)
Alcoholic	28.3	28.0	27.5	24.7	24.7	24.8	25.0	24.9	25.0
Beer	24.3	23.8	23.9	21.8	21.6	21.7	21.8	21.7	21.7
Wine ¹	2.1	2.4	2.0	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0
Distilled spirits	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3

NA Not available. ¹ Beginning 1985, includes wine coolers.
Source of Tables 215 and 216: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures*, annual; online at <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/consumption>>.