

NO. 43.—INSANE ENUMERATED IN HOSPITALS: NUMBER AND RATIO PER 100,000 OF POPULATION IN 1890, 1903, AND 1910, BY STATES, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS, AND (FOR 1903) BY NATIVITY AND COLOR.

[Source: Reports of the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce and Labor.]

State.	June 1, 1890.		Dec. 31, 1903.					Jan. 1, 1910. ¹		
	Num-ber.	Num-ber per 100,000 of popu-lation.	Num-ber.	Num-ber per 100,000 of popu-lation. ²	Native white.	For-eign-born white.	White, nativ-ity un-known.	Col-ored.	Num-ber.	Num-ber per 100,000 of popu-lation.
Alabama.....	1,014	67.0	1,603	82.6	1,085	41	30	447	2,039	95.4
Arizona.....	65	109.0	224	165.5	100	95	19	10	337	164.9
Arkansas.....	390	34.6	667	48.4	537	21	1	108	1,092	69.4
California.....	3,289	272.2	5,717	361.3	2,556	2,795	88	278	6,653	277.7
Colorado.....	239	58.0	754	128.9	441	267	23	23	1,199	150.1
Connecticut.....	1,544	206.9	2,831	292.9	1,786	980	8	57	3,574	320.6
Delaware.....	142	84.3	353	185.2	193	78	4	78	441	218.0
Dist. of Columbia.....	1,496	649.3	2,453	828.6	1,255	728	7	463	2,890	872.9
Florida.....	202	51.6	713	123.4	308	73	55	277	849	112.8
Georgia.....	1,491	81.1	2,839	120.7	1,907	34	2	896	3,132	120.0
Idaho.....	63	74.7	255	135.6	137	104	9	5	388	119.2
Illinois.....	4,767	124.6	9,607	185.5	5,138	3,667	562	240	12,838	227.7
Indiana.....	1,798	82.0	4,358	165.5	3,559	580	111	108	4,529	167.7
Iowa.....	2,630	106.2	4,385	186.9	2,935	1,320	72	58	5,377	241.7
Kansas.....	1,261	88.4	2,460	165.6	1,802	549	13	96	2,912	172.2
Kentucky.....	1,991	107.1	3,058	135.9	2,362	174	46	476	3,538	154.5
Louisiana.....	608	54.4	1,585	107.4	936	167	16	466	2,158	130.3
Maine.....	612	92.6	885	125.3	742	129	6	8	1,258	169.5
Maryland.....	1,416	135.8	2,505	202.0	1,740	413	25	327	3,220	248.6
Massachusetts.....	4,054	181.1	8,679	288.5	4,917	3,558	77	127	11,602	344.6
Michigan.....	2,771	132.3	5,430	215.6	2,929	2,253	173	75	6,699	238.4
Minnesota.....	1,859	142.8	4,070	213.1	1,463	2,547	49	11	4,744	228.5
Mississippi.....	682	52.9	1,493	90.8	806	36	3	558	1,978	110.1
Missouri.....	2,417	90.2	5,103	156.5	3,474	997	383	249	6,170	187.3
Montana.....	172	130.1	543	194.4	221	303	1	18	697	185.3
Nebraska.....	642	60.6	1,536	143.9	873	639	8	16	1,991	167.0
Nevada.....	172	375.9	200	472.4	65	111	11	13	231	282.1
New Hampshire.....	342	90.8	496	116.9	374	113	8	1	909	211.1
New Jersey.....	1,744	120.7	4,865	238.4	2,756	1,803	109	197	6,044	238.2
New Mexico.....	.....	.....	113	54.4	93	12	7	1	219	66.9
New York.....	13,434	224.0	26,176	339.0	13,452	11,858	336	530	31,279	343.2
North Carolina.....	972	60.1	1,883	94.5	1,349	13	.....	521	2,522	114.3
North Dakota.....	200	109.5	446	122.2	140	303	1	2	628	108.8
Ohio.....	4,960	135.1	8,621	199.0	6,542	1,688	146	245	10,594	222.2
Oklahoma.....	.....	.....	413	80.5	366	36	.....	11	1,110	67.0
Oregon.....	554	176.6	1,285	286.9	739	487	15	44	1,565	232.6
Pennsylvania.....	6,257	119.0	11,521	172.6	7,516	3,367	229	409	15,060	196.5
Rhode Island.....	660	191.0	1,077	235.0	681	358	11	27	1,243	229.1
South Carolina.....	664	57.7	1,156	82.1	681	6	.....	469	1,541	101.7
South Dakota.....	232	70.6	595	141.5	286	285	3	21	864	148.0
Tennessee.....	806	45.6	1,713	81.1	1,356	33	13	311	2,205	100.9
Texas.....	1,045	46.7	3,345	100.1	2,364	426	144	411	4,053	104.0
Utah.....	124	59.6	344	114.5	189	149	4	2	342	91.6
Vermont.....	481	144.7	887	255.1	712	152	21	2	990	278.1
Virginia.....	1,764	106.5	3,137	162.9	2,045	64	3	1,025	3,636	176.4
Washington.....	341	97.6	1,178	204.6	561	588	14	15	1,988	174.1
West Virginia.....	860	112.7	1,475	143.3	1,262	123	8	82	1,722	141.0
Wisconsin.....	1,378	81.7	5,023	227.9	2,426	2,512	63	22	6,586	282.2
Wyoming.....	23	37.9	96	93.0	50	43	.....	3	162	111.0
Total.....	74,028	118.2	150,151	186.2	90,297	47,078	2,937	9,839	187,798	204.2
Geographic divisions. ³										
New England.....	7,693	163.7	14,855	251.3	9,212	5,290	131	222	19,576	298.7
Middle Atlantic.....	21,435	168.8	42,562	258.9	23,724	17,028	674	1,136	52,383	271.2
East North Central.....	15,674	116.3	33,039	195.9	20,594	10,700	1,055	690	41,246	226.0
West North Central.....	8,641	97.2	18,595	171.3	10,973	6,640	529	453	22,686	194.9
South Atlantic.....	9,007	101.7	16,514	150.0	10,740	1,532	104	4,138	19,953	163.6
East South Central.....	4,493	69.9	7,867	99.0	5,699	284	92	1,792	9,760	116.1
West South Central.....	2,043	45.0	6,010	83.8	4,203	650	161	996	8,413	95.8
Mountain.....	858	74.2	2,529	137.3	1,296	1,084	74	75	3,575	135.8
Pacific.....	4,184	223.6	8,180	313.9	3,856	3,870	117	337	10,206	243.4

¹ Preliminary figures subject to correction.

² Figures based on estimated population, Dec. 31, 1903.

³ For States included in each division see note 5, p. 38.

Source: Statistical Abstract of the United States: 1912 Edition.

Section 3

Health and Nutrition

This section presents statistics on health expenditures and insurance coverage, including Medicare and Medicaid, medical personnel, hospitals, nursing homes and other care facilities, injuries, diseases, disability status, nutritional intake of the population, and food consumption. Summary statistics showing recent trends on health care and discussions of selected health issues are published annually by the U.S. National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) in *Health, United States*. Data on national health expenditures, medical costs, and insurance coverage are compiled by the U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) (formerly Health Care Financing Administration), and appear on the CMS Web site at <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe> and in the annual *Medicare and Medicaid Statistical Supplement to the Health Care Financing Review*. Statistics on health insurance are also collected by NCHS and are published in Series 10 of *Vital and Health Statistics*. U.S. Census Bureau also publishes data on utilization of insurance coverage. Statistics on hospitals are published annually by the Health Forum, L.L.C., an American Hospital Association Company, in *Hospital Statistics*. Primary source for data on nutrition is the annual *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures*, issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. NCHS also conducts periodic surveys of nutrient levels in the population, including estimates of food and nutrient intake, overweight and obesity, hypercholesterolemia, hypertension, and clinical signs of malnutrition.

National health expenditures—CMS compiles estimates of national health expenditures (NHE) to measure spending for health care in the United States. The NHE accounts are structured to show spending by type of expenditure (i.e., hospital care, physician and clinical care, dental care, and other professional care; home health care; retail sales of prescription drugs; other medical nondurables; vision products and other medical

durables; nursing home care and other personal health expenditures; plus non-personal health expenditures for such items as public health, research, construction of medical facilities, administration, and the net cost of private health insurance) and by source of funding (e.g., private health insurance, out-of-pocket payments, and a range of public programs including Medicare, Medicaid, and those operated by the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA)).

Data used to estimate health expenditures come from existing sources, which are tabulated for other purposes. The type of expenditure estimates rely upon statistics produced by such groups as the American Hospital Association, the Census Bureau, and the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). Source of funding estimates are constructed using administrative and statistical records from the Medicare and Medicaid programs, the Department of Defense and VA medical programs, the Social Security Administration, Census Bureau's *Governmental Finances*, state and local governments, other HHS agencies, and other nongovernment sources. More information and detailed descriptions of sources and methods are available on the CMS home page at <http://cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>.

Medicare, Medicaid and SCHIP—Since July 1966, the federal Medicare program has provided two coordinated plans for nearly all people age 65 and over: (1) A hospital insurance plan, which covers hospital and related services and (2) a voluntary supplementary medical insurance plan, financed partially by monthly premiums paid by participants, which partly covers physicians' and related medical services. Such insurance also applies, since July 1973, to disabled beneficiaries of any age after 24 months of entitlement to cash benefits under the social security or railroad retirement programs and to persons with end stage renal disease.

Medicaid is a health insurance program for certain low-income people. These include: certain low-income families with children; aged, blind, or disabled people on supplemental security income; certain low-income pregnant women and children; and people who have very high medical bills. Medicaid is funded and administered through a state-federal partnership. Although there are broad federal requirements for Medicaid, states have a wide degree of flexibility to design their program. States have authority to establish eligibility standards, determine what benefits and services to cover, and set payment rates. Congress created the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) to address the growing problem of children without health insurance. SCHIP was designed as a federal/state partnership, similar to Medicaid, with the goal of expanding health insurance to children whose families earn too much money to be eligible for Medicaid, but not enough money to purchase private insurance.

Health resources—Hospital statistics based on data from the American Hospital Association's yearly survey are published annually in *Hospital Statistics* and cover all hospitals accepted for registration by the Association. To be accepted for registration, a hospital must meet certain requirements relating to number of beds, construction, equipment, medical and nursing staff, patient care, clinical records, surgical and obstetrical facilities, diagnostic and treatment facilities, laboratory services, etc. Data obtained from NCHS cover all U.S. hospitals that meet certain criteria for inclusion. The criteria are published in *Vital and Health Statistics* reports, Series 13. NCHS defines a hospital as a nonfederal short-term general or special facility with six or more inpatient beds with an average stay of less than 30 days.

Statistics on the demographic characteristics of persons employed in the health occupations are compiled by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and reported in *Employment and Earnings* (monthly) (see Table 604, Section 12, Labor Force, Employment, and Earnings). Data based

on surveys of health personnel and utilization of health facilities providing long-term care, ambulatory care, and hospital care are presented in NCHS Series 13, *Data on Health Resources Utilization and Advance Data from Vital and Health Statistics*. Statistics on patient visits to health care providers, as reported in health interviews, appear in NCHS Series 10, *National Health Interview Survey Data*.

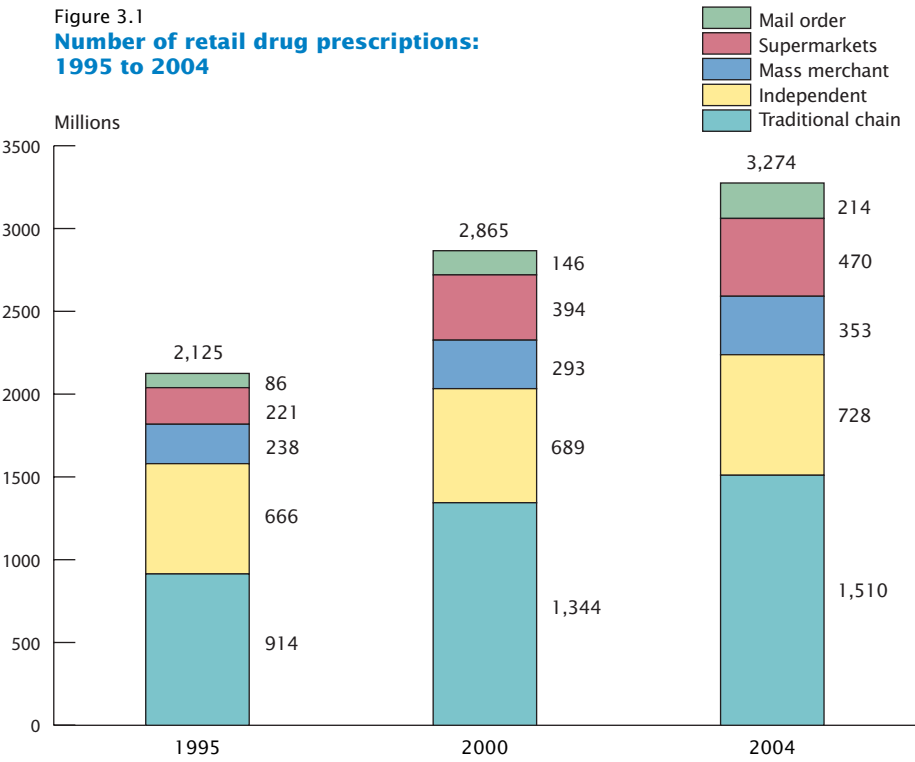
The CMS's *Health Care Financing Review* and its annual *Medicare and Medicaid Statistical Supplement* present data for hospitals and nursing homes as well as extended care facilities and home health agencies. These data are based on records of the Medicare program and differ from those of other sources because they are limited to facilities meeting federal eligibility standards for participation in Medicare.

Disability and illness—General health statistics, including morbidity, disability, injuries, preventive care, and findings from physiological testing are collected by NCHS in its National Health Interview Survey and its National Health and Nutrition Examination Surveys and appear in *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 10 and 11, respectively. The Department of Labor compiles statistics on occupational injuries (see Section 12, Labor Force, Employment, and Earnings). Annual incidence data on notifiable diseases are compiled by the Public Health Service (PHS) at its Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in Atlanta, Georgia, and are published as a supplement to its *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*. The list of diseases is revised annually and includes those which, by mutual agreement of the states and PHS, are communicable diseases of national importance.

Nutrition—Statistics on annual per capita consumption of food and its nutrient value are estimated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Data are available online at <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption>>. Statistics on food insufficiency and food and nutrient intake are collected by NCHS to estimate the diet of the nation's population. NCHS also collects physical examination data to assess the population's nutritional status, including growth,

overweight/obesity, nutritional deficiencies, and prevalence of nutrition-related conditions, such as hypertension, hypercholesterolemia, and diabetes.

Statistical reliability—For discussion of statistical collection, estimation, and sampling procedures and measures of reliability applicable to data from NCHS and CMS, see Appendix III.



Source: Figure 3.1 prepared by U.S. Census Bureau. For data, see Table 126.

Table 118. **National Health Expenditures—Summary, 1960 to 2003, and Projections, 2004 to 2014**

[In billions of dollars (27 represents \$27,000,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and island areas]

Year	Total expenditures ¹	Private expenditures			Public expenditures			Health services and supplies				
		Total ²	Out-of-pocket	Insurance	Total	Federal	State and local	Total ³	Hospital care	Physician and clinical services	Prescription drugs	Nursing home care
1960	27	20	13	6	7	3	4	25	9	5	3	1
1961	29	21	13	7	7	3	4	27	10	6	3	1
1962	31	23	14	7	8	4	4	29	11	6	3	1
1963	34	25	15	8	9	4	5	31	12	7	3	1
1964	38	28	17	9	9	4	5	34	13	8	3	1
1965	41	31	18	10	10	5	6	37	14	8	4	2
1966	45	32	19	10	14	7	7	41	16	9	4	2
1967	51	32	19	11	19	12	7	47	18	10	4	2
1968	58	36	21	12	22	14	8	53	21	11	5	3
1969	65	40	23	13	24	16	9	59	24	12	5	4
1970	73	45	25	16	28	18	10	67	28	14	6	4
1971	81	50	26	18	31	20	11	75	31	16	6	5
1972	91	56	29	21	35	23	12	84	34	17	6	6
1973	101	61	32	23	39	25	14	93	39	19	7	6
1974	114	67	35	26	46	30	16	106	45	22	7	7
1975	130	75	37	30	55	36	19	121	52	25	8	9
1976	149	87	41	37	62	43	20	139	60	28	9	10
1977	169	99	45	45	70	47	23	160	68	33	9	12
1978	189	110	48	52	80	54	26	179	76	35	10	13
1979	214	124	53	60	90	61	29	203	87	41	11	15
1980	246	141	58	68	105	71	34	234	102	47	12	18
1981	285	164	66	81	121	83	39	271	119	55	13	20
1982	321	187	72	94	134	92	42	305	135	61	15	23
1983	354	206	79	104	148	102	46	336	146	68	17	26
1984	390	229	86	118	161	113	48	372	156	77	20	28
1985	427	252	96	130	175	122	52	409	167	90	22	31
1986	457	267	103	135	190	132	59	439	178	100	24	34
1987	498	289	109	148	209	143	66	478	192	112	27	36
1988	558	332	119	175	226	154	72	535	209	127	31	41
1989	623	371	126	205	252	172	79	599	229	142	35	46
1990	696	414	137	234	283	193	90	670	254	158	40	53
1991	762	441	142	254	321	222	99	735	280	175	45	58
1992	827	469	146	274	359	251	107	797	302	190	48	62
1993	888	498	147	298	390	274	116	856	320	201	51	66
1994	937	510	144	312	427	299	129	905	332	211	55	68
1995	990	533	146	330	457	323	134	958	344	221	61	75
1996	1,040	557	152	344	483	345	138	1,006	355	229	67	80
1997	1,093	590	162	361	503	360	143	1,056	368	241	76	85
1998	1,151	631	176	385	520	367	153	1,113	379	257	87	90
1999	1,222	672	185	414	550	386	164	1,180	393	271	104	91
2000	1,310	718	193	451	592	416	176	1,261	413	290	122	95
2001	1,426	772	202	497	655	464	191	1,374	446	315	141	101
2002	1,559	841	214	550	718	509	209	1,500	484	341	162	107
2003	1,679	913	231	601	766	542	224	1,614	516	370	179	111
2004, proj.	1,805	981	246	647	824	584	241	1,736	552	397	201	115
2005, proj.	1,937	1,045	262	691	891	627	264	1,863	589	426	224	121
2006, proj.	2,078	1,078	258	722	1,000	731	275	1,998	624	454	249	127
2007, proj.	2,233	1,156	276	775	1,077	787	297	2,147	663	487	276	134
2008, proj.	2,399	1,241	296	834	1,158	846	320	2,307	704	522	305	141
2009, proj.	2,573	1,330	316	896	1,243	907	344	2,475	749	560	336	149
2010, proj.	2,754	1,421	338	957	1,333	972	370	2,649	795	599	369	157
2011, proj.	2,944	1,517	361	1,023	1,427	1,039	397	2,832	844	640	404	166
2012, proj.	3,146	1,615	385	1,089	1,532	1,116	426	3,027	895	685	441	175
2013, proj.	3,361	1,714	408	1,157	1,647	1,201	457	3,234	950	732	480	184
2014, proj.	3,586	1,813	431	1,225	1,773	1,295	490	3,451	1,007	783	521	195

¹ Includes medical research and medical facilities construction, not shown separately. ² Includes other private expenditures, not shown separately. ³ Includes other objects of expenditure, not shown separately.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "Health Accounts"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>>.

Table 119. **National Health Expenditures by Type: 1990 to 2003**

[In billions of dollars (696.0 represents \$696,000,000,000), except percent. Excludes Puerto Rico and island areas]

Type of expenditure	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Total	696.0	990.2	1,150.9	1,222.2	1,309.9	1,426.4	1,559.0	1,678.9
Annual percent change ¹	11.8	5.7	5.3	6.2	7.2	8.9	9.3	7.7
Percent of gross domestic product	12.0	13.4	13.2	13.2	13.3	14.1	14.9	15.3
Private expenditures	413.5	533.4	631.1	671.9	717.5	771.8	841.0	913.2
Health services and supplies	401.9	520.9	615.5	655.8	699.2	754.2	821.3	892.6
Out-of-pocket payments	137.3	146.5	175.6	184.7	193.1	202.0	214.2	230.5
Insurance premiums ²	233.5	329.7	384.7	413.7	450.6	496.6	549.5	600.6
Other	31.1	44.9	55.3	57.3	55.5	55.6	57.6	61.5
Medical research	1.0	1.4	2.0	2.1	3.4	2.6	2.6	2.5
Medical facilities construction	10.7	11.1	13.6	14.1	14.9	14.9	17.2	18.1
Public expenditures	282.5	456.6	519.8	550.3	592.4	654.6	718.0	765.7
Percent federal of public	68.2	70.6	70.6	70.2	70.2	70.8	70.8	70.7
Health services and supplies	267.7	436.7	497.1	524.4	561.7	619.6	678.5	721.7
Medicare	110.2	183.3	208.8	213.0	224.5	248.8	267.7	283.1
Public assistance medical payments ⁴	78.7	149.5	176.6	191.7	209.3	231.6	259.9	279.0
Temporary disability insurance ⁵	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-
Workers' compensation (medical) ⁵	17.5	21.9	20.7	22.8	25.3	27.7	31.0	34.0
Defense Dept. hospital, medical	10.4	12.1	12.2	12.9	14.0	15.2	17.6	17.2
Maternal, child health programs	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7
Public health activities	20.2	31.4	37.9	41.2	43.9	47.4	51.2	53.8
Veterans' hospital, medical care	11.3	15.4	16.9	17.7	19.1	21.5	22.2	24.5
Medical vocational rehabilitation	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9
State and local hospitals ⁶	13.1	14.1	13.8	13.7	13.4	14.0	14.7	15.5
Other ⁷	3.8	6.0	6.9	8.0	8.8	9.8	10.5	10.9
Medical research	11.7	15.7	18.6	21.6	25.7	30.3	33.9	37.6
Medical facilities construction	3.1	4.4	4.2	4.3	5.0	4.8	5.6	6.4

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.

¹ Change from immediate prior year. For explanation of average annual percent change, see Guide to Tabular Presentation.

² Covers insurance benefits and amount retained by insurance companies for expenses, additions to reserves, and profits (net cost of insurance). ³ Represents expenditures for benefits and administrative cost from Federal hospital and medical insurance trust funds under old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance programs; see text, of this section. ⁴ Payments made directly to suppliers of medical care (primarily Medicaid). ⁵ Includes medical benefits paid under public law by private insurance carriers, state governments, and self-insurers. ⁶ Expenditures not offset by other revenues. ⁷ Covers expenditures for Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Indian Health Service; school health and other programs.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "Health Accounts"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>>.

Table 120. **National Health Expenditures by Object, 1990 to 2003, and Projections, 2004**

[In billions of dollars (696.0 represents \$696,000,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and outlying areas]

Object of expenditure	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004, proj.
Total	696.0	990.2	1,150.9	1,222.2	1,309.9	1,426.4	1,559.0	1,678.9	1,804.7
Spent by—									
Consumers	370.8	476.2	560.3	598.5	643.7	698.6	763.7	831.1	892.7
Out-of-pocket	137.3	146.5	175.6	184.7	193.1	202.0	214.2	230.5	245.9
Private insurance	233.5	329.7	384.7	413.7	450.6	496.6	549.5	600.6	646.9
Public	282.5	456.6	519.8	550.3	592.4	654.6	718.0	765.7	824.2
Other ¹	42.8	57.4	70.8	73.4	73.8	73.1	77.4	82.1	87.7
Spent for—									
Health services and supplies	669.6	957.6	1,112.6	1,180.2	1,260.9	1,373.8	1,499.8	1,614.2	1,735.5
Personal health care expenses	609.4	865.7	1,009.8	1,065.6	1,136.1	1,235.5	1,342.9	1,440.8	1,549.0
Hospital care	253.9	343.6	378.5	393.4	413.1	446.4	484.2	515.9	551.8
Physician and clinical services	157.5	220.5	256.8	270.9	290.2	315.1	340.8	369.7	397.2
Dental services	31.5	44.5	53.2	56.4	60.7	65.6	70.9	74.3	79.1
Other professional services ²	18.2	28.6	35.5	36.7	38.8	42.6	46.1	48.5	52.2
Home health care	12.6	30.5	33.6	32.3	31.6	33.7	36.5	40.0	45.2
Prescription drugs	40.3	60.8	87.3	104.4	121.5	140.8	161.8	179.2	200.5
Other nondurable medical products	22.5	25.6	28.4	30.0	30.4	30.5	31.1	32.5	33.7
Durable medical equipment ³	10.6	14.2	16.9	17.2	17.7	18.4	19.6	20.4	21.2
Nursing home care	52.7	74.6	89.5	90.7	95.3	101.2	106.6	110.8	115.4
Other personal health care	9.6	22.9	30.2	33.7	36.7	41.1	45.3	49.5	52.8
Public administration and net cost of private health insurance ⁴	40.0	60.5	64.9	73.3	81.0	90.9	105.7	119.7	128.2
Public health activities	20.2	31.4	37.9	41.2	43.9	47.4	51.2	53.8	58.3
Medical research ⁵	12.7	17.1	20.5	23.7	29.1	32.9	36.5	40.2	43.1
Medical facilities construction	13.7	15.5	17.7	18.3	19.8	19.7	22.7	24.5	26.1

¹ Includes nonpatient revenues, privately-funded construction, and industrial implant. ² Includes services of registered and practical nurses in private duty, podiatrists, optometrists, physical therapists, clinical psychologists, chiropractors, naturopaths, and Christian Science practitioners. ³ Includes expenditures for eyeglasses, hearing aids, orthopedic appliances, artificial limbs, crutches, wheelchairs, etc. ⁴ Includes administrative expenses of federally-financed health programs. ⁵ Research and development expenditures of drug companies and other manufacturers and providers of medical equipment and supplies are excluded from research expenditures, but are included in the expenditure class in which the product falls.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "Health Accounts"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>>.

Table 121. **Health Services and Supplies—Per Capita Consumer Expenditures by Object: 1990 to 2003**

[In dollars, except percent. Based on Social Security Administration estimates of total U.S. population as of July 1, excluding Armed Forces and Federal employees abroad and civilian population of Puerto Rico and island areas. Excludes medical research and construction]

Object of expenditure	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Total, national	2,633	3,530	3,962	4,154	4,389	4,733	5,115	5,452
Annual percent change	10.5	4.6	4.2	4.9	5.7	7.8	8.1	6.6
Hospital care	998	1,267	1,348	1,385	1,438	1,538	1,652	1,742
Physician and clinical services	619	813	914	954	1,010	1,085	1,162	1,249
Dental services	124	164	189	198	211	226	242	251
Other professional services ²	71	105	126	129	135	147	157	164
Home health care	49	113	120	114	110	116	125	135
Prescription drugs	158	224	311	368	423	485	552	605
Other nondurable medical products	88	94	101	106	106	105	106	110
Durable medical equipment ²	42	52	60	61	62	64	67	69
Nursing home care	207	275	319	319	332	349	363	374
Other personal health care	38	84	107	119	128	142	155	167
Public administration and net cost of private health insurance	157	223	231	258	282	313	361	404
Public health activities	80	116	135	145	153	163	174	182
Total, private consumer ³	1,458	1,755	1,995	2,107	2,241	2,407	2,605	2,807
Hospital care	426	450	474	494	524	562	609	654
Physician and clinical services	386	491	553	567	602	641	689	747
Dental services	120	156	180	189	200	212	226	234
Other professional services ²	47	68	86	88	92	99	103	108
Home health care	20	37	53	52	48	44	44	47
Prescription drugs	132	179	245	290	330	377	426	459
Other nondurable medical products	86	90	97	101	101	100	101	104
Durable medical equipment ²	33	38	43	43	43	43	43	43
Nursing home care	90	95	116	118	122	125	124	133
Net cost of private health insurance	117	151	147	164	178	203	240	276

¹ Change from immediate prior year. ² See footnotes for corresponding objects in Table 120. ³ Represents out-of-pocket payments and private health insurance.
Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "Health Accounts"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>>.

Table 122. **Government Expenditures for Health Services and Supplies: 2003**

[In millions of dollars (721,658 represents \$721,658,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and island areas. Excludes medical research and construction]

Type of service						Other health services		
	Total ¹	Federal	State and local	Medicare ² (OASDHI)	Public assistance ³	Veterans	Defense Dept. ⁴	Workers' compensation ⁵
Total ¹	721,658	507,480	214,178	283,104	279,019	24,549	17,223	33,975
Hospital care	300,770	242,051	58,720	156,427	90,724	18,146	10,567	11,178
Physician and clinical services	122,988	101,253	21,735	73,751	28,185	1,478	3,340	10,290
Prescription drugs	43,162	25,206	17,957	2,841	37,491	126	1,338	1,170
Nursing home care	67,264	45,511	21,753	13,729	51,230	2,305	-	-
Public administration	36,394	20,218	16,175	8,188	19,328	106	757	7,686
Public health activities	53,752	7,432	46,319	-	-	-	-	-

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes other items not shown separately. ² Covers hospital and medical insurance payments and administrative costs under old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance program. ³ Covers medicaid and other medical public assistance. Excludes funds paid into medicare trust fund by states to cover premiums for public assistance recipients and medically indigent persons. ⁴ Includes care for retirees and military dependents. ⁵ Medical benefits.
Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "Health Accounts"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>>.

Table 123. **Personal Health Care—Third Party Payments and Private Consumer Expenditures, 1990 to 2003, and Projections, 2004**

[In billions of dollars (609.4 represents \$609,400,000,000), except percent. See headnote, Table 124]

Item	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004, proj
Personal health care expenditures	609.4	865.7	1,009.8	1,065.6	1,136.1	1,235.5	1,342.9	1,440.8	1,549.0
Third party payments, total	472.1	719.3	834.2	880.9	943.0	1,033.5	1,128.7	1,210.3	1,303.1
Percent of personal health care	77.5	83.1	82.6	82.7	83.0	83.7	84.0	84.0	84.1
Private insurance payments	203.6	288.7	343.4	367.0	399.3	437.6	479.1	518.7	558.8
Public expenditures	237.9	386.4	436.4	457.6	489.2	541.6	593.3	631.5	680.2
Other ¹	30.6	44.2	54.4	56.3	54.4	54.3	56.2	60.0	64.2
Private consumer expenditures ²	340.9	435.1	519.0	551.8	592.4	639.6	693.3	749.2	804.6
Percent met by private insurance	59.7	66.3	66.2	66.5	67.4	68.4	69.1	69.2	69.4
Hospital care	108.4	122.1	133.0	140.2	150.6	163.3	178.4	193.7	206.0
Percent met by private insurance	89.6	91.4	91.0	91.1	91.6	91.8	91.7	91.6	91.5
Physician and clinical services	98.1	133.2	155.3	161.1	172.9	186.2	202.0	221.2	236.5
Percent met by private insurance	69.0	80.3	80.0	80.2	81.4	82.2	82.8	83.0	83.1
Prescription drugs	33.6	48.5	68.9	82.3	94.9	109.4	124.8	136.0	153.4
Percent met by private insurance	29.2	46.5	55.7	58.2	59.6	61.1	61.8	60.9	61.5

¹ Includes nonpatient revenues and industrial implant health services. ² Includes expenditures not shown separately. Represents out-of-pocket payments and private health insurance benefits. Excludes net cost of insurance.
Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "Health Accounts"; <<http://cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>>.

Table 124. **Personal Health Care Expenditures by Object and Source of Payment: 2003**

[In millions of dollars (1,440,759 represents \$1,440,759,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and island areas. Covers all expenditures for health services and supplies, except net cost of insurance and administration, government public health activities, and expenditures of philanthropic agencies for fund raising activities]

Object of expenditure	Total	Private payments					Government	Third party payments ²
		Total	Consumer			Other ¹		
			Total	Out of pocket pay-ments	Private health insurance			
Total	1,440,759	809,246	749,220	230,483	518,737	60,026	631,513	1,210,276
Hospital care	515,866	215,096	193,746	16,309	177,437	21,350	300,770	499,557
Physician and clinical services	369,746	246,759	221,238	37,649	183,589	25,521	122,988	332,097
Dental services	74,270	69,396	69,359	32,864	36,495	37	4,874	41,406
Other professional services ³	48,507	34,892	32,054	13,272	18,782	2,837	13,615	35,234
Home health care	40,009	15,095	13,884	6,595	7,289	1,211	24,914	33,414
Prescription drugs	179,204	136,042	136,042	53,151	82,891	-	43,162	126,053
Other nondurable medical products	32,468	30,739	30,739	30,739	-	-	1,729	1,729
Durable medical equipment ³	20,393	12,791	12,791	8,996	3,795	-	7,602	11,397
Nursing home care	110,797	43,533	39,368	30,908	8,459	4,165	67,264	79,889
Other personal health care	49,499	4,906	-	-	-	4,906	44,594	49,499

- Represents zero or rounds to zero. ¹ Includes nonpatient revenues and industrial plant. ² Covers private health insurance, other private payments, and government. ³ See footnotes for corresponding items on Table 120.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary "Health Accounts"; <<http://cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>>.

Table 125. **Hospital Care, Physician and Clinical Services, and Nursing Home Care Expenditures by Source of Payment: 1990 to 2003**

[In billions of dollars (253.9 represents \$253,900,000,000)]

Source of payment	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Hospital care, total	253.9	343.6	367.6	378.5	393.4	413.1	446.4	484.2	515.9
Out-of-pocket payments	11.2	10.5	11.1	11.9	12.4	12.7	13.4	14.8	16.3
Third-party payments	242.7	333.1	356.5	366.6	381.0	400.4	433.1	469.4	499.6
Private health insurance	97.1	111.5	114.7	121.0	127.8	137.9	149.9	163.6	177.4
Other private funds	10.3	14.7	18.0	19.8	20.5	20.2	19.5	20.1	21.3
Government	135.2	206.8	223.8	225.8	232.7	242.3	263.7	285.7	300.8
Federal	102.7	166.6	182.3	181.0	186.0	193.6	212.7	229.8	242.1
State and local	32.4	40.2	41.5	44.7	46.7	48.7	50.9	55.9	58.7
Medicare ¹	67.8	107.4	122.7	121.1	122.6	126.4	138.9	148.6	156.4
Medicaid ²	27.6	54.5	58.1	61.0	66.3	69.9	74.2	83.0	87.0
Physician and clinical services, total	157.5	220.5	241.0	256.8	270.9	290.2	315.1	340.8	369.7
Out-of-pocket payments	30.4	26.2	28.8	31.1	31.8	32.1	33.1	34.8	37.6
Third-party payments	127.1	194.3	212.2	225.8	239.1	258.1	282.0	306.0	332.1
Private health insurance	67.7	107.0	116.4	124.2	129.2	140.8	153.1	167.2	183.6
Other private funds	11.3	17.6	20.1	21.6	22.4	21.3	22.3	23.6	25.5
Government	48.2	69.8	75.7	80.0	87.4	96.0	106.6	115.2	123.0
Federal	38.7	56.4	62.2	66.0	72.4	79.6	88.2	95.0	101.3
State and local	9.4	13.3	13.5	14.0	15.0	16.4	18.3	20.3	21.7
Medicare ¹	30.2	41.9	47.0	49.8	54.1	59.3	65.3	69.0	73.8
Medicaid ²	7.0	14.8	16.3	16.7	17.6	19.1	21.6	24.4	26.1
Nursing home care, total	52.7	74.6	85.1	89.5	90.7	95.3	101.2	106.6	110.8
Out-of-pocket payments	19.8	20.1	21.6	25.1	25.9	27.4	28.3	28.3	30.9
Third-party payments	32.9	54.5	63.5	64.4	64.7	67.9	72.9	78.2	79.9
Private health insurance	3.1	5.6	7.0	7.4	7.7	7.5	7.9	8.1	8.5
Other private funds	3.9	4.8	5.2	4.6	4.6	4.3	3.9	3.8	4.2
Government	25.9	44.1	51.2	52.3	52.4	56.1	61.1	66.4	67.3
Federal	15.8	28.5	34.3	35.1	34.5	37.7	42.4	46.2	45.5
State and local	10.2	15.5	17.0	17.2	17.9	18.4	18.7	20.1	21.8
Medicare ¹	1.7	6.9	9.8	10.3	8.6	9.5	12.2	13.6	13.7
Medicaid ²	23.2	35.4	39.6	40.1	41.8	44.5	46.7	50.5	51.0

¹ Medicare expenditures come from federal funds. ² Medicaid expenditures come from federal and state and local funds.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "Health Accounts"; <<http://cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/default.asp>>.

Table 126. **Retail Prescription Drug Sales: 1995 to 2004**

[2,125 represents 2,125,000,000]

Sales outlet	Unit	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Number of prescriptions. . .	Mill.	2,125	2,316	2,481	2,707	2,865	3,009	3,139	3,215	3,274
Traditional chain	Mill.	914	1,038	1,129	1,246	1,344	1,415	1,474	1,494	1,510
Independent	Mill.	666	646	651	680	689	700	708	726	728
Mass merchant.	Mill.	238	254	272	289	293	314	339	345	353
Supermarkets	Mill.	221	269	306	357	394	418	444	462	470
Mail order	Mill.	86	109	123	134	146	161	174	189	214
Retail sales	Bil. dol. . . .	72.2	93.8	108.7	125.8	145.6	164.1	182.7	203.1	221.0
Traditional chain	Bil. dol. . . .	28.8	38.2	45.5	53.8	61.2	67.7	75.9	85.4	90.6
Independent	Bil. dol. . . .	21.1	23.7	26.1	28.9	31.4	33.9	35.4	38.3	40.5
Mass merchant.	Bil. dol. . . .	7.7	9.6	10.9	11.8	13.5	15.2	18.0	19.5	21.5
Supermarkets	Bil. dol. . . .	7.4	10.3	12.0	13.8	17.4	19.8	23.1	25.1	27.0
Mail order	Bil. dol. . . .	7.4	11.9	14.3	17.4	22.1	27.6	30.2	34.9	41.3
Average Prices¹										
All prescriptions	Dollars	30.01	35.72	38.43	42.42	45.79	50.06	55.37	59.52	63.59
Brand drugs	Dollars	40.22	49.55	53.51	60.66	65.29	69.75	77.49	85.57	95.86
Generic drugs	Dollars	14.84	16.95	17.33	18.16	19.33	21.72	24.89	27.69	28.71
Percentage of Number of Drug Prescriptions by Brand/ Generic Mix										
Brand drugs	Percent	59.8	57.6	58.3	57.1	57.6	59.0	57.9	55.0	51.9
Generic drugs	Percent	40.2	42.4	41.7	42.9	42.4	41.0	42.1	45.0	48.1

¹Excludes mail order.
Source: National Association of Chain Drug Stores, Alexandria, VA, *NACDS Foundation Chain Pharmacy Industry Profile, 2005* (copyright); <<http://www.nacds.org>>.

Table 127. **Prescription Drug Use in the Past Month by Sex, Age, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1988–1994 and 1999–2002**

[Data are based on National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population]

Sex and age	Percent of population using at least one prescription drug in past month							
	All persons ¹		Not Hispanic or Latino ²				Mexican ³	
			White		Black or African American			
	1988-1994	1999-2002	1988-1994	1999-2002	1988-1994	1999-2002	1988-1994	1999-2002
Both sexes, age adjusted ⁴ . .	39.1	45.3	41.1	48.9	36.9	40.1	31.7	31.7
Male	32.7	39.9	34.2	43.1	31.1	35.4	27.5	25.8
Female	45.0	50.4	47.6	54.5	41.4	43.8	36.0	37.8
Both sexes, crude	37.8	45.1	41.4	50.9	31.2	36.0	24.0	23.7
Male	30.6	38.7	33.5	43.9	25.5	30.8	20.1	18.8
Female	44.6	51.2	48.9	57.6	36.2	40.6	28.1	28.9
Under 18 years old	20.5	24.2	22.9	27.6	14.8	18.6	16.1	15.9
18 to 44 years old	31.3	35.9	34.3	41.3	27.8	28.5	21.1	19.2
45 to 64 years old	54.8	64.1	55.5	66.1	57.5	62.3	48.1	49.3
65 years old and over	73.6	84.7	74.0	85.4	74.5	81.1	67.7	72.0
Male:								
Under 18 years old	20.4	26.2	22.3	30.6	15.5	19.8	16.3	16.2
18 to 44 years old	21.5	27.1	23.5	31.2	21.1	21.5	14.9	13.0
45 to 64 years old	47.2	55.6	48.1	57.4	48.2	54.0	43.8	36.4
65 years old and over	67.2	80.1	67.4	81.0	64.4	78.1	61.3	66.8
Female:								
Under 18 years old	20.6	22.0	23.6	24.4	14.2	17.3	16.0	15.6
18 to 44 years old	40.7	44.6	44.7	51.7	33.4	34.2	28.1	26.2
45 to 64 years old	62.0	72.0	62.6	74.7	64.4	69.0	52.2	62.4
65 years old and over	78.3	88.1	78.8	88.8	81.3	83.1	73.0	76.3

¹ Includes persons of other races and Hispanic origins, not shown separately. ² Starting with data year 1999 race-specific estimates are not comparable with estimates for earlier years, see footnote 2, Table 156. ³ Persons of Mexican origin may be of any race. ⁴ Age adjusted to the 2000 standard population using four age groups: Under 18, 18 to 44, 45 to 64, and 65 years and over. See text Section 2.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics *Health, United States, 2005*. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hsus.htm>>.

Table 128. **Consumer Price Indexes of Medical Care Prices: 1980 to 2004**

[1982–1984 = 100. Indexes are annual averages of monthly data based on components of consumer price index for all urban consumers; for explanation, see text, Section 14, Prices. See Appendix III]

Year	Medical care, total	Medical care services					Medical care commodities		Annual percent change ³		
		Professional services				Hospital and related services	Prescription drugs and medical supplies		Medical care, total	Medical care services	Medical care commodities
		Total ¹	Total ¹	Physicians	Dental		Total ²	Total ²			
1980	74.9	74.8	77.9	76.5	78.9	69.2	75.4	72.5	11.0	11.3	9.3
1985	113.5	113.2	113.5	113.3	114.2	116.1	115.2	120.1	6.3	6.1	7.2
1990	162.8	162.7	156.1	160.8	155.8	178.0	163.4	181.7	9.0	9.3	8.4
1995	220.5	224.2	201.0	208.8	206.8	257.8	204.5	235.0	4.5	5.1	1.9
1997	234.6	239.1	215.4	222.9	226.6	278.4	215.3	249.3	2.8	2.9	2.3
1998	242.1	246.8	222.2	229.5	236.2	287.5	221.8	258.6	3.2	3.2	3.0
1999	250.6	255.1	229.2	236.0	247.2	299.5	230.7	273.4	3.5	3.4	4.0
2000	260.8	266.0	237.7	244.7	258.5	317.3	238.1	285.4	4.1	4.3	3.2
2001	272.8	278.8	246.5	253.6	269.0	338.3	247.6	300.9	4.6	4.8	4.0
2002	285.6	292.9	253.9	260.6	281.0	367.8	256.4	316.5	4.7	5.1	3.6
2003	297.1	306.0	261.2	267.7	292.5	394.8	262.8	326.3	4.0	4.5	2.5
2004	310.1	321.3	271.5	278.3	306.9	417.9	269.3	337.1	4.4	5.0	2.5

¹ Includes other services not shown separately. ² Includes other commodities not shown separately. ³ Percent change from the immediate prior year.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *CPI Detailed Report*, January 2005.

Table 129. **Average Annual Expenditures Per Consumer Unit for Health Care: 1990 to 2003**

[In dollars, except percent. See text, Section 13, Income, Expenditures and Wealth and headnote, Table 669. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Item	Health care, total		Health insurance	Medical services	Drugs and medical supplies ¹	Percent distribution		
	Amount	Percent of total expenditures				Health insurance	Medical services	Drugs and medical supplies ¹
1990	1,480	5.2	581	562	337	39.3	38.0	22.8
1995	1,732	5.4	860	512	360	49.7	29.6	20.8
1999	1,959	5.3	923	558	479	47.1	28.5	24.5
2000	2,066	5.4	983	568	515	47.6	27.5	24.9
2001	2,182	5.5	1,061	573	549	48.6	26.3	25.2
2002	2,350	5.8	1,168	590	592	49.7	25.1	25.2
2003	2,416	5.9	1,252	591	574	51.8	24.5	23.8
Age of reference person:								
Under 25 years old	546	2.4	281	129	137	51.5	23.6	25.1
25 to 34 years old	1,468	3.6	810	394	264	55.2	26.8	18.0
35 to 44 years old	2,105	4.5	1,109	598	398	52.7	28.4	18.9
45 to 54 years old	2,479	4.9	1,166	718	596	47.0	29.0	24.0
55 to 64 years old	3,059	6.9	1,572	742	745	51.4	24.3	24.4
65 to 74 years old	3,626	10.8	1,974	681	971	54.4	18.8	26.8
75 years old and over	3,856	15.4	2,031	695	1,130	52.7	18.0	29.3
Race of reference person:								
White and other	2,566	6.0	1,316	640	610	51.3	24.9	23.8
Black	1,309	4.6	774	229	306	59.1	17.5	23.4
Origin of reference person:								
Hispanic	1,439	4.2	747	365	328	51.9	25.4	22.8
Non-Hispanic	2,527	6.1	1,309	616	602	51.8	24.4	23.8
Region of residence:								
Northeast	2,127	5.0	1,237	448	442	58.2	21.1	20.8
Midwest	2,586	6.4	1,332	621	632	51.5	24.0	24.4
South	2,396	6.4	1,223	563	610	51.0	23.5	25.5
West	2,525	5.6	1,227	729	569	48.6	28.9	22.5
Size of consumer unit:								
One person	1,558	6.6	779	360	419	50.0	23.1	26.9
Two or more persons	2,774	5.8	1,449	687	637	52.2	24.8	23.0
Two persons	3,093	7.1	1,597	700	795	51.6	22.6	25.7
Three persons	2,532	5.3	1,326	642	564	52.4	25.4	22.3
Four persons	2,581	4.7	1,402	694	485	54.3	26.9	18.8
Five persons or more	2,379	4.5	1,224	705	450	51.5	29.6	18.9
Income before taxes:								
Complete income reporters ²	2,495	5.8	1,267	612	616	50.8	24.5	24.7
Quintiles of income:								
Lowest 20 percent	1,439	7.8	742	262	435	51.6	18.2	30.2
Second 20 percent	2,132	8.0	1,124	378	631	52.7	17.7	29.6
Third 20 percent	2,553	7.0	1,306	636	611	51.2	24.9	23.9
Fourth 20 percent	2,745	5.4	1,440	695	610	52.5	25.3	22.2
Highest 20 percent	3,606	4.4	1,723	1,087	796	47.8	30.1	22.1
Incomplete reporters of income	2,055	6.4	1,167	480	409	56.8	23.4	19.9

¹ Includes prescription and nonprescription drugs. ² A complete reporter is a consumer unit providing values for at least one of the major sources of income.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Consumer Expenditure Survey*, annual; <<http://www.bls.gov/cex/>>.

Table 130. **Medicare Benefits by Type of Provider: 1990 to 2004**

[In millions of dollars (65,721 represents \$65,721,000,000). For years ending Sept. 30. Distribution of benefits by type is estimated and subject to change]

Type of provider	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Hospital insurance benefits, total. . .	65,721	113,395	129,107	125,992	135,979	144,140	153,144	163,764
Inpatient hospital.	57,012	81,095	86,334	86,858	93,237	101,713	108,255	113,634
Skilled nursing facility.	2,761	8,684	11,230	10,357	12,745	15,168	14,764	16,464
Home health agency.	3,295	15,715	8,615	4,496	3,696	4,879	4,979	5,496
Hospice.	318	1,854	2,494	2,818	3,464	4,516	5,879	7,238
Managed care.	2,335	6,047	20,435	21,463	22,837	17,865	19,267	20,932
Supplementary medical insurance benefits, total.	41,498	63,490	79,151	88,876	100,514	108,068	119,455	131,378
Physician fee schedule.	(NA)	31,110	33,389	35,958	40,447	44,216	47,384	52,022
Durable medical equipment.	(NA)	3,576	4,270	4,577	5,222	6,134	7,557	7,868
Carrier lab ¹	(NA)	2,819	2,086	2,194	2,361	2,692	2,941	3,202
Other carrier ²	(NA)	4,513	6,398	7,154	8,396	10,304	12,412	13,821
Hospital ³	(NA)	8,448	8,453	8,516	11,774	13,456	14,727	16,885
Home health.	(NA)	223	344	4,281	4,192	4,824	5,174	5,684
Intermediary lab ⁴	(NA)	1,437	1,597	1,748	1,928	2,149	2,412	2,652
Other intermediary ⁵	(NA)	5,110	5,644	6,099	6,945	8,241	9,645	10,415
Managed care.	(NA)	6,253	16,970	18,348	19,249	16,052	17,203	18,830

NA Not available. ¹ Lab services paid under the lab fee schedule performed in a physician's office lab or an independent lab. ² Includes free-standing ambulatory surgical centers facility costs, ambulance, and supplies. ³ Includes the hospital facility costs for Medicare Part B services which are predominantly in the outpatient department. The physician reimbursement associated with these services is included on the "Physician Fee Schedule" line. ⁴ Lab fee services paid under the lab fee schedule performed in a hospital outpatient department. ⁵ Includes ESRD free-standing dialysis facility payments and payments to rural health clinics, outpatient rehabilitation facilities, psychiatric hospitals, and federally qualified health centers.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, unpublished data. <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/publications/trusteesreport/2005/>>

Table 131. **Medicare—Enrollment by State and Other Areas: 1995 to 2003**

[(37,535 represents 37,535,000) Hospital and/or medical insurance enrollment as July 1]

State and area	1995	2000	2002	2003	State and area	1995	2000	2002	2003
All areas . . .	37,535	39,620	40,489	41,087	MO	833	861	874	884
U.S.	36,758	38,762	39,594	40,173	MT	130	137	140	142
AL	642	685	706	719	NE	249	254	256	257
AK	34	42	46	48	NV	194	240	261	274
AZ	602	675	708	729	NH	156	170	176	180
AR	423	439	446	453	NJ	1,168	1,203	1,213	1,220
CA	3,633	3,901	4,009	4,078	NM	211	234	244	250
CO	421	467	484	493	NY	2,630	2,715	2,747	2,763
CT	502	515	518	522	NC	1,027	1,133	1,178	1,205
DE	101	112	116	119	ND	103	103	103	103
DC	78	75	74	74	OH	1,666	1,701	1,713	1,727
FL	2,628	2,804	2,876	2,921	OK	488	508	515	521
GA	833	916	951	974	OR	469	489	504	513
HI	149	165	171	175	PA	2,071	2,095	2,101	2,110
ID	150	165	173	178	RI	168	172	172	172
IL	1,617	1,635	1,646	1,661	SC	509	568	592	606
IN	823	852	865	878	SD	117	119	121	122
IA	474	477	479	482	TN	771	829	855	872
KS	383	390	392	394	TX	2,080	2,265	2,338	2,390
KY	586	623	637	648	UT	187	206	215	220
LA	581	602	612	620	VT	83	89	91	93
ME	201	216	223	227	VA	818	893	927	946
MD	602	645	664	674	WA	688	736	759	775
MA	933	961	963	966	WV	330	338	343	347
MI	1,347	1,403	1,426	1,445	WI	762	783	794	804
MN	631	654	667	676	WY	60	65	67	69
MS	397	419	429	437	PR	477	537	562	575
					Other areas . .	300	321	333	340

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Medicare Beneficiaries enrolled as of July 1 of each year, 1995-1999," published July 1999. "Medicare Beneficiaries Enrolled by State as of July 1, 1999-2003"; published September 2004. <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/statistics/enrollment/default.asp>>.

Table 132. Medicare Enrollees: 1980 to 2004

[In millions (28.4 represents 28,400,000). As of July 1. Includes Puerto Rico and island areas and enrollees in foreign countries and unknown place of residence]

Item	1980	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total	28.4	34.3	37.6	39.7	40.1	40.5	41.1	41.7
Aged	25.5	31.0	33.2	34.3	34.5	34.7	35.0	35.4
Disabled	3.0	3.3	4.4	5.4	5.6	5.8	6.1	6.3
Hospital insurance	28.0	33.7	37.2	39.3	39.7	40.1	40.6	41.2
Aged	25.0	30.5	32.7	33.8	34.0	34.2	34.6	34.9
Disabled	3.0	3.3	4.4	5.4	5.6	5.8	6.1	6.3
Supplementary medical insurance	27.3	32.6	35.6	37.3	37.7	38.0	38.4	38.8
Aged	24.6	29.6	31.7	32.6	32.7	32.9	33.1	33.3
Disabled	2.7	2.9	3.9	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.3	5.5

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary. *CMS Statistics Medicare Enrollment*. <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/statistics/enrollment/default.ASP>>.

Table 133. Medicare Disbursements by Type of Beneficiary: 1990 to 2004

[In millions of dollars (109,709 represents \$109,709,000,000). For years ending September 30. Distribution of benefits by type is estimated and subject to change]

Type of beneficiary	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total disbursements	109,709	180,096	211,959	219,276	241,175	256,856	277,846	301,488
Hospital insurance disbursements	66,687	114,883	131,441	130,284	141,723	148,031	153,792	166,998
Benefits	65,722	113,394	129,107	125,992	135,979	144,140	153,144	163,764
Aged	58,503	100,107	113,289	110,261	118,816	125,248	132,415	141,277
Disabled	7,218	13,288	15,818	15,731	17,163	18,892	20,729	22,487
Disabled	6,467	12,300	14,794	14,705	16,029	17,627	19,341	20,954
ESRD ¹	751	988	1,024	1,026	1,134	1,265	1,388	1,533
Home health transfer ²	-	-	179	1,706	3,103	1,168	-2,174	-
Quality improvement activity ³	191	189	177	236	274	259	280	314
Administrative expenses ⁴	774	1,300	1,978	2,350	2,368	2,464	2,542	2,920
Supplementary medical insurance disbursements	43,022	65,213	80,518	88,992	99,452	108,825	124,055	134,490
Benefits	41,498	63,489	79,151	88,875	100,514	108,068	119,455	131,378
Aged	36,837	54,830	67,965	76,340	86,108	91,667	100,505	109,936
Disabled	4,661	8,660	11,187	12,535	14,406	16,400	18,950	21,442
Disabled	3,758	7,363	9,838	11,683	13,657	15,523	17,981	20,448
ESRD ¹	903	1,297	1,349	852	749	877	969	994
Home health transfer ²	-	-	-179	-1,706	-3,103	-1,168	2,174	-
Quality improvement activity ³	-	2	36	43	55	95	70	79
Administrative expenses	1,524	1,722	1,510	1,780	1,986	1,830	2,356	3,033

- Represents zero. ¹ Represents persons entitled because of End Stage Renal Disease only. Benefits for those who have ESRD, but would be entitled due to their aged or disabled status are included in aged and disabled benefits. ² Beginning 1998, home health agency transfers are excluded from total supplementary medical insurance disbursements and included in total hospital insurance disbursements. ³ Beginning in 2002, Peer Review Organizations were renamed Quality Improvement Organizations. ⁴ Includes costs of experiments and demonstration projects. Includes costs of the health care fraud and abuse control program.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, *Annual Report of the Boards of Trustees* <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/publications/trusteesreport/tr2005.pdf>> (accessed 26 September 2005).

Table 134. Medicare Trust Funds: 1990 to 2004

[In billions of dollars (126.3 represents \$126,300,000,000)]

Type of trust fund	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
TOTAL MEDICARE									
Total income	126.3	175.3	228.3	232.5	257.1	273.3	284.8	291.6	317.7
Total expenditures	111.0	184.2	213.4	213.0	221.8	244.8	265.7	280.8	308.9
Assets, end of year	114.4	143.4	166.6	186.2	221.5	250.0	269.1	280.0	288.8
Net change in assets	15.3	-8.9	14.9	19.5	35.3	28.5	19.1	10.8	8.8
HOSPITAL INSURANCE (HI)									
Net contribution income ¹	72.1	103.3	130.7	140.3	154.5	160.9	162.7	159.2	167.1
Interest received ²	8.5	10.8	9.3	10.1	11.7	14.0	15.1	15.8	16.0
Benefit payments ³	66.2	116.4	134.0	128.8	128.5	141.2	149.9	152.1	167.6
Assets, end of year	98.9	130.3	120.4	141.4	177.5	208.7	234.8	256.0	269.3
SUPPLEMENTARY MEDICAL INSURANCE (SMI)									
Net premium income	11.3	19.7	⁴ 20.9	⁴ 19.0	20.6	22.8	25.1	27.4	31.4
Transfers from general revenue	33.0	39.0	⁴ 64.1	⁴ 59.1	65.9	72.8	78.3	86.4	100.4
Interest received ²	1.6	1.6	2.7	2.8	3.5	3.1	2.8	2.0	1.5
Benefit payments ³	42.5	65.0	76.1	80.7	88.9	99.7	111.0	123.8	135.0
Assets, end of year	15.5	13.1	46.2	44.8	44.0	41.3	34.3	24.0	19.4

¹ Includes income from taxation of benefits beginning in 1994. Includes premiums from aged ineligible enrolled in HI. ² Includes recoveries of amounts reimbursed from the trust fund. ³ Beginning 1998, monies transferred to the SMI trust fund for home health agency costs, as provided for by P.L. 105-33, are included in HI benefit payments, but excluded from SMI benefit payments. ⁴ Premiums withheld from check and associated general revenue contributions that were to occur on January 3, 1999, actually occurred on December 31, 1998. These amounts are therefore excluded from 1999 data.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, *Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Annual Report of the Federal Hospital Insurance and Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Funds*; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/publications/trusteesreport/2005.pdf>> (accessed 26 September 2005).

Table 135. **Medicaid—Selected Characteristics of Persons Covered: 2003**

[In thousands, except percent (35,394 represents 35,394,000). Represents number of persons as of March of following year who were enrolled at any time in year shown. Excludes unrelated individuals under age 15. Person did not have to receive medical care paid for by medicaid in order to be counted. See headnote, Table 557]

Poverty status	Total ¹	White alone ²	Black alone ³	Hispanic ⁴	Under 18 years old	18-44 years old	45-64 years old	65 years old and over
Persons covered, total . . .	35,394	23,792	8,736	8,453	19,140	8,949	4,116	3,190
Below poverty level	15,103	9,305	4,702	4,093	8,497	3,976	1,734	895
Above poverty level	20,291	14,487	4,034	4,360	10,643	4,973	2,382	2,295
Percent of population covered	12.3	10.3	24.3	21.0	26.2	8.1	5.9	9.2
Below poverty level	42.1	38.3	53.5	45.2	66.0	28.8	30.7	25.2
Above poverty level	8.1	7.0	14.8	14.0	17.7	5.1	3.7	7.4

¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² White alone refers to people who reported White and did not report any other race category. ³ Black alone refers to people who reported Black and did not report any other race category. ⁴ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "Table HI02. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics for People in the Poverty Universe: 2003"; published August 2004; <<http://pubdb3.census.gov/macro/032004/health/toc.htm>>; and "Table HI03. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics for Poor People in the Poverty Universe: 2003"; published August 2004; <<http://pubdb3.census.gov/macro/032004/health/toc.htm>>.

Table 136. **Medicaid—Beneficiaries and Payments: 1999 to 2002**

[For year ending September 30 (40,300 represents 40,300,000). Starting in 1999, states were required to submit all their eligibility and claims data to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) on a quarterly basis through the Medicaid Statistical Information System (MSIS). The Federal requirement for the HCFA-Form 2082 (used for 1998 and preceding years) was eliminated.]

Basis of eligibility and type of service	Beneficiaries (1,000) ¹				Payments (mil. dol.)			
	1999	2000	2001	2002	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total	40,300	42,887	46,164	49,755	147,373	168,443	186,914	213,491
Age 65 and over	3,698	3,730	3,812	3,886	40,471	44,560	48,431	51,733
Blind/Disabled	6,692	6,890	7,118	7,414	63,028	72,772	80,494	91,889
Children	18,045	19,018	20,340	22,369	20,765	23,490	26,771	31,247
Adults	7,449	8,671	9,769	11,238	15,142	17,671	20,097	23,460
Foster Care Children	734	761	775	816	2,806	3,309	3,773	4,282
Unknown	3,682	3,817	4,349	4,027	5,161	6,639	7,347	10,848
BCCA WOMEN ²	(NA)	(NA)	(Z)	5	(NA)	(NA)	1	33
Capitated care ³	20,679	21,292	23,356	25,864	21,225	25,026	29,368	33,634
Clinic services	6,661	7,678	8,464	9,499	5,439	6,138	5,603	6,694
Dental services	5,577	5,922	7,019	7,886	1,156	1,413	1,897	2,309
Home health services	809	1,007	1,014	1,065	2,714	3,133	3,521	3,925
ICF/MR services ⁴	121	119	117	117	8,757	9,376	9,701	10,681
Inpatient hospital services	4,479	4,913	4,879	5,051	21,341	24,131	25,943	29,127
Lab and X-ray services	10,104	11,439	12,339	14,067	1,144	1,292	1,623	2,157
Mental health facility services ⁵	97	100	91	99	1,639	1,769	1,959	2,122
Nursing facility services	1,624	1,706	1,702	1,766	31,976	34,528	37,323	39,282
Other care ⁶	8,482	9,022	9,709	10,959	12,401	14,755	16,617	19,877
Outpatient hospital services	12,324	13,170	13,731	14,861	5,895	7,082	7,496	8,471
Other practitioner services	3,946	4,758	5,103	5,571	464	664	762	842
PCCM services ⁷	3,963	5,649	6,378	7,178	445	177	187	200
Prescribed drugs	19,428	20,325	21,911	24,424	15,934	19,898	23,764	28,408
Physician services	18,053	18,965	20,021	22,103	6,421	6,809	7,439	8,355
Personal support services ⁸	4,062	4,559	4,978	5,688	9,845	11,629	13,135	15,363
Sterilizations	133	137	144	164	119	128	140	166
Unknown	166	74	45	73	458	496	438	1,879

NA Not available. Z Less than 500. ¹ Beneficiaries data do not add due to number of beneficiaries that are reported in more than one category. ² Women-Breast and Cervical Cancer Assistance. ³ HMO payments and prepaid health plans. ⁴ Intermediate care facilities for mentally retarded. ⁵ Inpatient mental health-aged and inpatient mental health-under 21. ⁶ Includes beneficiaries of, and payments for, other care not shown separately. ⁷ Primary Care Case Management Services. ⁸ Includes personal care services, rehabilitative services, physical occupational targeted case management services, speech therapies, hospice services, nurse midwife services, nurse practitioner services, private duty nursing services, and religious non-medical health care institutions.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Medicaid Program Statistics, Medicaid Statistical Information System"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/medicaid/msis/mstats.asp>>.

Table 137. **Medicaid—Summary by State: 2000 and 2002**

[In the thousands (42,887 represents 42,887,000). For year ending September 30. See headnote, Table 136.]

State	Beneficiaries ¹ (1,000)		Payments ² (mil. dol)		State	Beneficiaries ¹ (1,000)		Payments ² (mil. dol)	
	2000	2002	2000	2002		2000	2002	2000	2002
U.S.	42,887	49,755	168,443	213,491	MO	890	1,036	3,274	4,072
AL	619	765	2,393	3,204	MT	104	104	422	533
AK	96	110	473	687	NE	229	256	960	1,255
AZ	681	878	2,112	2,882	NV	138	202	516	724
AR	489	579	1,543	2,015	NH	97	104	651	746
CA	7,918	9,301	17,105	23,636	NJ	822	954	4,714	5,497
CO	381	426	1,809	2,166	NM	376	799	1,249	1,797
CT	420	479	2,839	3,245	NY	3,420	3,921	26,148	31,489
DE	115	167	529	651	NC	1,214	1,355	4,834	6,041
DC	139	193	793	1,027	ND	63	70	358	423
FL	2,373	2,676	7,433	9,827	OH	1,305	1,656	7,115	9,186
GA	1,369	1,637	3,624	4,796	OK	507	631	1,604	2,238
HI	194	200	600	695	OR	558	621	1,714	2,136
ID	131	176	594	792	PA	1,492	1,627	6,366	8,524
IL	1,519	1,731	7,807	9,122	RI	179	199	1,070	1,251
IN	706	849	2,977	3,725	SC	689	809	2,765	3,383
IA	314	353	1,477	1,856	SD	102	118	402	504
KS	263	289	1,227	1,501	TN	1,568	1,732	3,491	4,748
KY	764	808	2,921	3,459	TX	2,633	2,953	9,277	11,121
LA	761	899	2,332	3,234	UT	225	275	960	1,216
ME	194	276	1,310	1,717	VT	139	154	480	607
MD	626	693	3,003	3,662	VA	627	665	2,479	3,018
MA	1,060	1,066	5,413	6,387	WA	896	1,039	2,435	4,373
MI	1,352	1,450	4,881	5,919	WV	342	362	1,394	1,578
MN	558	621	3,280	4,439	WI	577	716	2,968	3,606
MS	605	712	1,808	2,500	WY	46	59	215	280

¹ Persons who had payments made on their behalf at any time during the fiscal year. ² Payments are for fiscal year and reflect federal and state contribution payments. Data exclude disproportionate share hospital payments. Disproportionate share hospitals receive higher medicaid reimbursement than other hospitals because they treat a disproportionate share of Medicaid patients.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "Medicaid Program Statistics, Medicaid Statistical Information System"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/medicaid/msis/mstats.asp>>.

Table 138. **State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP)—Enrollment and Expenditures by State: 2000 and 2004**

[3,357.4 represents 3,357,400]. For year ending September 30. This program provides health benefits coverage to children living in families whose incomes exceed the eligibility limits for Medicaid. Although it is generally targeted to families with incomes at or below 200 percent of the federal poverty level, each state may set its own income eligibility limits, within certain guidelines. States have three options: they may expand their medicaid programs, develop a separate child health program that functions independently of medicaid, or do a combination of both]

State	Enrollment ¹ (1,000)		Expenditures ² (mil. dol.)		State	Enrollment ¹ (1,000)		Expenditures ² (mil. dol.)	
	2000	2004	2000	2004		2000	2004	2000	2004
US	3,357.4	6,058.9	1,928.8	4,600.7	MO	72.8	176.0	41.2	80.2
AL	37.6	79.4	31.9	19.4	MT	8.3	15.3	4.3	14.3
AK	13.4	18.9	18.1	72.8	NE	11.4	33.3	6.1	35.3
AZ	59.6	87.7	29.4	258.9	NV	15.9	38.5	9.0	20.6
AR	1.9	(NA)	1.5	28.5	NH	4.3	11.0	1.6	7.3
CA	484.4	1,035.8	187.3	661.6	NJ	89.0	127.2	46.9	221.9
CO	34.9	57.2	13.9	37.6	NM	8.0	20.8	3.4	21.4
CT	19.9	21.4	12.8	17.2	NY	769.5	826.6	401.0	296.9
DE	4.5	10.3	1.5	5.3	NC	103.6	174.3	65.5	166.2
DC	2.3	6.1	5.8	7.2	ND	2.6	5.1	1.8	6.9
FL	227.5	419.7	125.7	176.5	OH	118.3	220.2	53.1	167.1
GA	120.6	280.1	48.7	215.0	OK	57.7	100.8	51.3	46.1
HI	(Z)	19.2	0.4	10.5	OR	37.1	46.7	12.5	25.3
ID	12.4	17.4	7.5	14.4	PA	119.7	177.4	70.7	126.6
IL	62.5	234.0	32.7	309.8	RI	11.5	25.6	10.4	25.2
IN	44.4	80.7	53.7	65.4	SC	60.4	75.6	46.6	50.8
IA	20.0	40.8	15.5	37.3	SD	5.9	13.4	3.1	10.9
KS	26.3	44.4	12.8	39.6	TN	14.9	(NA)	41.7	4.5
KY	55.6	94.5	60.0	71.5	TX	131.1	650.9	41.4	282.5
LA	50.0	105.6	25.3	94.4	UT	25.3	38.7	12.8	28.0
ME	22.7	29.2	11.4	25.2	VT	4.1	6.7	1.4	3.2
MD	93.1	111.5	92.2	106.4	VA	37.7	99.6	18.6	63.0
MA	113.0	166.5	44.2	119.1	WA	2.6	17.0	0.6	39.7
MI	55.4	(NA)	36.2	159.5	WV	21.7	36.9	9.7	30.8
MN	(Z)	4.8	(Z)	72.7	WI	47.1	67.9	21.4	93.7
MS	12.2	82.9	21.1	101.9	WY	2.5	5.5	1.0	5.2

NA Not available. Z Less than 50 or \$50,000. ¹ Number of children ever enrolled during the year in SCHIP. ² Expenditures for which states are entitled to federal reimbursement under Title XXI and which reconcile any advance of Title XXI Federal funds made on the basis of estimates.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, *The State Children's Health Insurance Program, Annual Enrollment Report* and the Statement of Expenditures for the SCHIP Program (CMS-21). See <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/schip/enrollment/>>.

Table 139. **Medicaid Managed Care Enrollment by State and Other Areas: 1995 to 2004**

[For year ending June 30. (33,373 represents 33,373,000)]

State and area	Total enrollment ¹ (1,000)	Managed care enrollment ²		State and area	Total enrollment ¹ (1,000)	Managed care enrollment ²		State and area	Total enrollment ¹ (1,000)	Managed care enrollment ²	
		Number (1,000)	Percent of total			Number (1,000)	Percent of total			Number (1,000)	Percent of total
1995	33,373	9,800	29.4	IL	1,740	159	9.1	NC	1,112	789	70.9
2000	33,690	18,786	55.8	IN	904	510	63.4	ND	52	33	63.0
2003	42,741	24,406	58.4	IA	285	262	92.1	OH	1,645	507	30.8
2004, total ..	44,356	26,914	60.7	KS	269	153	57.0	OK	519	354	68.2
U.S.	43,472	26,071	60.0	LA	679	626	92.2	OR	427	345	80.9
AL	801	440	54.9	ME	259	155	59.8	PA	1,600	1,266	79.1
AK	97	-	-	MD	696	470	67.5	RI	181	125	69.2
AZ	905	806	89.1	MA	947	582	61.4	SD	846	70	8.3
AR	594	386	65.0	MI	1,410	1,255	89.0	SC	98	96	97.8
CA	6,471	3,259	50.4	MN	569	361	63.5	TX	1,345	1,345	100.0
CO	378	369	97.6	MO	638	73	11.5	UT	2,692	1,151	42.7
CT	402	303	75.4	MT	974	432	44.4	VT	189	167	88.6
DE	135	100	73.7	NE	86	58	67.1	WA	131	86	66.0
DC	139	88	63.8	NV	207	149	72.3	WV	607	399	65.7
FL	2,207	1,450	65.7	NH	169	90	53.1	WI	1,081	835	77.3
GA	1,323	1,273	96.2	NJ	96	-	-	WY	298	156	52.5
HI	190	149	78.0	NY	798	542	67.9	WY	59	374	47.2
ID	166	132	79.3	NY	421	273	64.9	PR	873	843	96.5
				NY	4,023	2,342	58.2	VI	11	-	-

- Represents zero. ¹ The unduplicated Medicaid enrollment figures include individuals in state health care reform programs that expand eligibility beyond traditional Medicaid eligibility standards. ² The unduplicated managed care enrollment figures include enrollees receiving comprehensive and limited benefits.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "2004 Medicaid Managed Care Enrollment Report"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/medicaid/managedcare/enrolstats.asp>>.

Table 140. **Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs): 1990 to 2003**

[As of January 1 (33.0 represents 33,000,000). An HMO is a prepaid health plan delivering comprehensive care to members through designated providers, having a fixed periodic payment for health care services, and requiring members to be in a plan for a specified period of time (usually 1 year). A group HMO delivers health services through a physician group that is controlled by the HMO unit or contracts with one or more independent group practices to provide health services. An individual practice association (IPA) HMO contracts directly with physicians in independent practice, and/or contracts with one or more associations of physicians in independent practice, and/or contracts with one or more multispecialty group practices. Data are based on a census of HMOs]

Model type	Number of plans						Enrollment ¹ (mil.)					
	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003
Total	572	550	568	541	500	454	33.0	46.2	80.9	79.5	76.1	71.8
IPA	360	323	278	257	229	203	13.7	17.4	33.4	33.1	31.6	28.0
Group	212	107	102	104	100	105	19.3	12.9	15.2	15.6	14.9	16.1
Mixed	(NA)	120	188	180	171	146	(NA)	15.9	32.3	30.8	29.5	27.7

NA Not available. ¹ 1990–1995 exclude enrollees participating in open-ended plans; beginning 1999, includes open-ended enrollment.

Source: HealthLeaders-InterStudy, Nashville, TN, *The InterStudy Competitive Edge*, annual (copyright).

Table 141. **Persons Enrolled in Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs) by State: 2000 and 2003**

[71,673 represents 71,673,000. Data are based on a census of health maintenance organizations. Pure and open-ended enrollment as of January 1]

State	Number 2003 (1,000)	Percent of population		State	Number 2003 (1,000)	Percent of population		State	Number 2003 (1,000)	Percent of population	
		2000	2003			2000	2003			2000	2003
US¹ ..	71,673	29.7	24.9	KS	211	17.9	7.8	ND	2	2.5	0.4
AL	171	7.2	3.8	KY	1,278	31.5	31.2	OH	2,123	25.1	18.6
AK	-	-	-	LA	547	17.0	12.2	OK	486	14.7	13.9
AZ	1,161	30.9	21.3	ME	274	22.3	21.1	OR	851	41.1	24.2
AR	192	10.4	7.1	MD	1,340	43.9	30.6	PA	3,911	33.9	31.7
CA	17,026	53.5	48.5	MA	2,489	53.0	38.7	RI	339	38.1	31.7
CO	1,366	39.5	30.3	MI	2,613	27.1	26.0	SC	266	9.9	6.5
CT	1,306	44.6	37.8	MN	1,386	29.9	27.6	SD	81	6.7	10.6
DE	123	22.0	15.3	MO	24	1.1	0.8	TN	1,046	33.0	18.0
DC	858	35.2	27.8	MS	1,830	35.2	32.3	TX	2,789	18.5	12.8
FL	4,339	31.4	26.0	MT	47	7.0	5.2	UT	600	35.3	25.9
GA	1,151	17.4	13.4	NE	152	11.2	8.8	VT	61	4.6	9.9
HI	374	30.0	30.0	NV	459	23.5	21.1	VA	852	18.5	16.5
ID	38	7.9	2.8	NH	331	33.7	25.9	WA	917	15.2	15.1
IL	1,852	21.0	14.7	NJ	2,323	30.9	27.0	WV	163	10.3	10.1
IN	731	12.4	11.9	NY	562	37.7	30.3	WI	1,582	30.2	29.1
IA	279	7.4	9.5	NY	6,207	35.8	32.4	WY	12	1.4	2.4
				NC	963	17.8	11.6				

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes Guam and Puerto Rico not shown separately.

Source: HealthLeaders-InterStudy, Nashville, TN, *The InterStudy Competitive Edge*, annual (copyright).

Table 142. **Health Insurance Coverage Status by Selected Characteristics: 1990 to 2003**

[Persons as of following year for coverage in the year shown (**248.9 represents 248,900,000**). Government health insurance includes medicare, medicaid, and military plans. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, Population, and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Number (mil.)							Percent			
	Total persons	Covered by private or government health insurance					Not covered by health insurance	Covered by private or government health insurance			Not covered by health insurance
		Total ¹	Private		Government			Total ¹	Private	Medi-caid ³	
			Total	Group health ²	Medi-care	Medi-caid ³					
1990	248.9	214.2	182.1	150.2	32.3	24.3	34.7	86.1	73.2	9.7	13.9
1995	264.3	223.7	185.9	161.5	34.7	31.9	40.6	84.6	70.3	12.1	15.4
2000	279.5	239.7	201.1	177.8	37.7	29.5	39.8	85.8	71.9	10.6	14.2
2002	285.9	242.4	199.0	175.3	38.4	33.2	43.6	84.8	69.6	11.6	15.2
2003, total ^{4, 5}	288.3	243.3	197.9	174.0	39.5	35.6	45.0	84.4	68.6	12.4	15.6
Age:											
Under 18 years	73.6	65.2	48.5	45.0	0.5	19.4	8.4	88.6	65.9	26.4	11.4
Under 6 years	23.8	21.4	14.8	14.0	0.2	7.5	2.5	89.7	62.0	31.4	10.3
6 to 11 years	23.9	21.3	15.8	14.9	0.1	6.3	2.6	89.0	66.3	26.3	11.0
12 to 17 years	25.8	22.5	17.8	16.1	0.1	5.6	3.3	87.3	69.1	21.8	12.7
18 to 24 years	27.8	19.4	16.5	13.4	0.2	3.0	8.4	69.8	59.4	10.8	30.2
25 to 34 years	39.2	28.9	25.6	23.9	0.5	3.1	10.3	73.6	65.3	7.8	26.4
35 to 44 years	43.6	35.7	32.5	30.4	0.9	2.9	7.9	81.9	74.7	6.6	18.1
45 to 54 years	41.1	35.1	32.0	29.7	1.6	2.4	6.0	85.5	77.9	5.7	14.5
55 to 64 years	28.4	24.7	21.6	19.3	2.5	1.8	3.7	87.0	76.0	6.2	13.0
65 years and over	34.7	34.4	21.2	12.2	33.3	3.2	0.3	99.2	61.1	9.2	0.8
Sex: Male	141.2	117.4	97.0	86.5	17.3	15.9	23.8	83.2	68.7	11.3	16.8
Female	147.1	125.9	100.9	87.5	22.1	19.7	21.2	85.6	68.6	13.4	14.4
Race: White alone	232.3	198.3	165.9	144.8	33.8	24.0	34.0	85.4	71.4	10.3	14.6
Black alone	36.1	29.0	19.3	17.9	4.0	8.8	7.1	80.4	53.5	24.4	19.6
Asian alone	11.9	9.6	8.1	7.2	1.1	1.2	2.2	81.2	68.6	10.4	18.8
Hispanic origin ⁶	40.4	27.2	18.2	16.8	2.5	8.5	13.2	67.3	45.0	21.0	32.7
Household income:											
Less than \$25,000	63.4	48.0	22.8	14.6	18.0	19.7	15.3	75.8	35.9	31.1	24.2
\$25,000-\$49,999	74.7	59.9	47.7	41.0	11.7	9.8	14.8	80.2	63.8	13.2	19.9
\$50,000-\$74,999	57.7	50.5	46.0	42.3	4.7	3.5	7.2	87.5	79.8	6.1	12.5
\$75,000 or more	92.6	85.0	81.4	76.1	5.1	2.5	7.6	91.8	88.0	2.7	8.2
Persons below poverty	35.9	24.9	8.6	5.6	5.0	15.1	11.0	69.3	23.9	42.1	30.7

¹ Includes other government insurance, not shown separately. Persons with coverage counted only once in total, even though they may have been covered by more than one type of policy. ² Related to employment of self or other family members. ³ Beginning 1997 persons with no coverage other than access to Indian Health Service are no longer considered covered by health insurance; instead they are considered to be uninsured. The effect of this change on the overall estimates of health insurance coverage is negligible; however, the decrease in the number of people covered by Medicaid may be partially due to this change. ⁴ Estimates reflect results of follow-up verification questions. ⁵ Implementation of Census-2000-based population controls. Sample expanded by 28,000 households. ⁶ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports, P60-226, and unpublished data. See also <<http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin03.html>>.

Table 143. **Persons With and Without Health Insurance Coverage by State: 2003**

[**243,320 represents 243,320,000**. Based on the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error; see text, Section 1, Population, and Appendix III]

State	Total persons covered (1,000)	Total persons not covered		Children not covered		State	Total persons covered (1,000)	Total persons not covered		Children not covered	
		Number (1,000)	Percent of total	Number (1,000)	Percent of total			Number (1,000)	Percent of total	Number (1,000)	Percent of total
U.S. . . .	243,320	44,961	15.6	8,373	11.4	MO	5,004	620	11.0	103	7.3
AL	3,798	629	14.2	95	8.7	MT	739	177	19.4	38	17.7
AK	523	122	18.9	24	12.3	NE	1,532	195	11.3	31	7.0
AZ	4,626	951	17.0	223	14.6	NV	1,824	426	18.9	103	17.4
AR	2,206	465	17.4	71	10.5	NH	1,133	131	10.3	17	5.5
CA	28,895	6,499	18.4	1,196	12.5	NJ	7,378	1,201	14.0	237	11.0
CO	3,708	772	17.2	159	13.7	NM	1,457	414	22.1	65	13.2
CT	3,065	357	10.4	71	8.3	NY	16,104	2,866	15.1	432	9.4
DE	729	91	11.1	17	8.5	NC	6,829	1,424	17.3	249	11.9
DC	475	79	14.3	12	11.4	ND	563	69	10.9	11	7.5
FL	13,849	3,071	18.2	616	15.5	OH	9,885	1,362	12.1	236	8.3
GA	7,162	1,409	16.4	314	13.7	OK	2,737	701	20.4	154	17.9
HI	1,126	127	10.1	23	7.4	OR	2,957	613	17.2	113	13.5
ID	1,107	253	18.6	51	13.7	PA	10,771	1,384	11.4	239	8.4
IL	10,810	1,818	14.4	320	10.0	RI	946	108	10.2	13	5.2
IN	5,296	853	13.9	143	9.0	SC	3,481	584	14.4	92	8.9
IA	2,593	329	11.3	60	8.6	SD	659	91	12.2	16	8.4
KS	2,389	294	11.0	45	6.4	TN	5,131	778	13.2	150	10.8
KY	3,537	574	14.0	107	10.5	TX	16,484	5,374	24.6	1,264	20.0
LA	3,517	912	20.6	182	15.2	UT	2,055	298	12.7	69	9.0
ME	1,150	133	10.4	17	6.0	VT	553	58	9.5	5	3.9
MD	4,731	762	13.9	114	8.1	VA	6,424	962	13.0	162	8.9
MA	5,685	682	10.7	118	7.9	WA	5,147	944	15.5	125	8.4
MI	8,838	1,080	10.9	147	5.8	WV	1,491	296	16.6	34	8.4
MN	4,633	444	8.7	77	6.2	WI	4,836	593	10.9	104	7.7
MS	2,343	511	17.9	92	12.1	WY	411	78	15.9	15	12.5

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports, P60-226, and unpublished data. See also <<http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin03.html>>.

Table 144. **People Without Health Insurance for the Entire Year by Selected Characteristics: 2000 and 2003**

[In thousands, except as noted (279,517 represents 279,517,000). Based on the Current Population Survey; Annual Demographic Survey and subject to sampling error; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Characteristic	2000			2003		
	Total persons	Uninsured persons		Total persons	Uninsured persons	
		Number	Percent distribution		Number	Percent distribution
Total ¹	279,517	39,804	100.0	288,280	44,961	100.0
Under 18 years	72,314	8,617	21.6	73,580	8,373	18.6
18 to 24 years	26,815	7,406	18.6	27,824	8,414	18.7
25 to 34 years	38,865	8,507	21.4	39,201	10,345	23.0
35 to 44 years	44,566	6,898	17.3	43,573	7,885	17.5
45 to 64 years	63,391	8,124	20.4	69,443	9,657	21.5
65 years and over	33,566	251	0.6	34,659	286	0.6
Male	136,559	20,791	52.2	141,227	23,788	52.9
Female	142,958	19,013	47.8	147,053	21,173	47.1
White	228,208	30,075	75.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Non-Hispanic	193,931	18,683	46.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Black	35,597	6,683	16.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Asian and Pacific Islander	12,693	2,287	5.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
White alone ²	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	232,254	33,983	75.6
Black alone ²	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	36,121	7,080	15.7
Asian alone ²	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	11,869	2,228	5.0
Hispanic ³	36,093	11,883	29.9	40,425	13,237	29.4

NA Not available. ¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² Refers to people who reported specified race and did not report any other race category. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "Table H101. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics: 2003;" <<http://pubdb3.census.gov/macro/032004/health/toc.htm>>.

Table 145. **Percent of Workers Participating in Health Care Benefit Programs and Percent of Participants Required to Contribute: 2004**

[Based on National Compensation Survey, a sample survey of 4,703 private industry establishments of all sizes, representing over 102 million workers; see Appendix III. See also Table 639]

Characteristic	Percent of workers participating—			Single coverage medical care			Family coverage medical care		
	Med-ical care	Den-tal care	Vision care	Employee contribu-tions not required (percent)	Employee contribu-tions required (percent)	Average monthly contribu-tion ¹ (dol.)	Employee contribu-tions not required (percent)	Employee contribu-tions required (percent)	Average monthly contribu-tion ¹ (dol.)
Total	53	37	22	24	76	67.57	11	89	264.59
White-collar occupations	59	43	25	22	78	69.07	9	91	271.60
Blue-collar occupations	60	40	25	30	70	63.15	16	84	242.81
Service occupations	24	16	11	19	81	72.40	9	91	294.58
Full-time ²	66	46	27	24	76	67.05	11	89	263.65
Part-time ²	11	8	6	29	71	78.61	17	83	284.66
Union ³	81	68	50	43	57	56.53	33	67	195.12
Nonunion	50	33	19	21	79	68.98	7	93	273.51

¹ The average is presented for all covered workers and excludes workers without the plan provision. Averages are for plans stating a flat monthly cost. ² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. ³ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *National Compensation Survey: Employee Benefits in Private Industry in the United States, 2004*. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/sp/ebsm0002.pdf>> (accessed: 9 July 2005).

Table 146. **Outpatient Prescription Drug Benefits: 2002**

[In percent. Based on National Compensation Survey, a sample survey of 2,924 private industry establishments of all sizes, representing over 103 million workers; Summary of coverage, all private industry workers. see Appendix III. See also Table 639]

Characteristic	All workers	White collar	Blue collar	Service
Total with outpatient prescription ¹	100	100	100	100
Coverage for brand name drugs	99	99	99	99
Higher reimbursement for generic drugs	83	84	78	90
Coverage for mail order drugs ²	70	73	65	75
Prescription card plan	9	8	12	6
Higher reimbursement for formulary drugs	27	30	22	22
Not determinable	6	5	7	7

¹ Sum of individual items is greater than the total because some participants were in plans with more than one type of coverage. ² Programs that provide drugs for maintenance purposes, that is, drugs required on a continuous basis.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *National Compensation Survey: Employee Benefits in Private Industry in the United States, 2002–2003*, <<http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/sp/ebbl0020.pdf>> (accessed: 8 July 2005).

Table 147. **Medical Care Benefits of Workers by Type and Amount of Employee Contribution: 2004**

[In percent. See headnote, Table 145]

Type and amount of contribution	Individual coverage				Type and amount of contribution	Family coverage			
	All employees	White-collar occupations	Blue-collar occupations	Service occupations		All employees	White-collar occupations	Blue-collar occupations	Service occupations
Total with contributory coverage	100	100	100	100	Total with contributory coverage	100	100	100	100
Flat monthly amount	73	74	73	74	Flat monthly amount	74	73	76	73
Less than \$5.00	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	Less than \$25.00	1	1	2	(Z)
\$5.00-\$9.99	1	1	2	1	\$25.00-\$49.99	2	1	5	1
\$10.00-\$14.99	2	2	3	2	\$50.00-\$74.99	3	3	4	2
\$15.00-\$19.99	2	2	3	1	\$75.00-\$99.99	3	3	4	2
\$20.00-\$29.99	6	6	5	6	\$100.00-\$124.99	5	4	7	4
\$30.00-\$39.99	8	8	9	5	\$125.00-\$149.99	5	6	5	2
\$40.00-\$49.99	9	9	8	8	\$150.00-\$174.99	6	6	6	5
\$50.00-\$59.99	10	10	9	9	\$175.00-\$199.99	6	5	6	5
\$60.00-\$69.99	8	7	7	11	\$200.00-\$224.99	5	5	6	7
\$70.00-\$79.99	7	6	7	8	\$225.00-\$249.99	5	4	5	4
\$80.00-\$89.99	6	6	6	4	\$250.00-\$274.99	4	5	3	2
\$90.00-\$99.99	3	3	2	3	\$275.00-\$299.99	3	3	3	5
\$100.00-\$124.99	6	7	4	7	\$300.00-\$324.99	3	3	4	2
\$125.00 or more	7	7	6	8	\$325.00-\$349.99	3	2	1	11
Dollar amount not specified	-	-	-	-	\$350.00 or more	26	26	23	29
Composite rate ¹	1	1	(Z)	1	Composite rate ¹	1	1	(Z)	1
Varies ²	4	4	3	4	Varies ²	3	3	2	3
Flexible benefits ³	2	2	1	1	Flexible benefits ³	1	2	1	1
Percent of earnings	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	Percent of earnings	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Exists, but unknown	17	16	17	18	Exists, but unknown	18	19	16	20
Other	3	2	5	2	Other	3	2	4	3

- Represents zero. Z Less than 0.5 percent. ¹ A composite rate is a set contribution covering more than one benefit area; for example, health care and life insurance. Cost data for individual plans cannot be determined. ² Based on worker attributes. For example, employee contributions may vary based on earnings, length of service, or age. ³ Amount varies by options selected under a "cafeteria plan" or employer-sponsored reimbursement account.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "National Compensation Survey, Employee Benefits in Private Industry, March 2004"; <<http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ebbs/sp/ebms0002.pdf>> (accessed 9 July 2005).

Table 148. **Annual Receipts/Revenue for Health Care Industries: 1998 to 2003**

[In millions of dollars (374,348 represents \$374,348,000,000). Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 1997 (NAICS); see text, Section 15. All firms in NAICS 6211, 6212, 6213, and 6215 are defined as taxable. Estimates for the non-employer portion are derived from administrative records data provided by other federal agencies. These data are available only at the total revenue level. See Appendix III]

Kind of business	NAICS code	Total, all firms ¹			Employer firms		
		1998	2000	2003	1998	2000	2003
Ambulatory health care services	621	374,348	415,962	525,594	328,083	364,769	460,203
Offices of physicians	6211	181,579	202,913	256,391	181,579	202,913	256,391
Offices of dentists	6212	51,476	58,812	70,820	51,476	58,812	70,820
Offices of other health practitioners ²	6213	30,018	32,512	40,321	30,018	32,512	40,321
Offices of chiropractors	62131	6,946	7,576	9,370	6,946	7,576	9,370
Offices of optometrists	62132	6,885	7,941	8,948	6,885	7,941	8,948
Offices of PT/OT/speech therapy & audiology ³	62134	9,003	8,531	11,868	9,003	8,531	11,868
Outpatient care centers	6214	51,851	59,571	78,429	19,884	23,606	31,513
Medical & diagnostic laboratories	6215	18,501	22,261	29,105	18,501	22,261	29,105
Home health care services	6216	30,579	28,325	35,952	20,630	18,474	24,135
Other ambulatory health care services	6219	10,345	11,568	14,575	5,996	6,191	7,918
Hospitals	622	397,373	430,329	536,268	42,054	44,847	64,256
General medical & surgical hospitals	6221	370,862	402,578	502,289	35,193	37,256	53,602
Psychiatric & substance abuse hospitals	6222	14,686	14,944	15,208	3,813	4,406	4,611
Other specialty hospitals	6223	11,825	12,807	18,771	3,048	3,185	6,043
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	98,984	107,421	126,785	58,935	63,433	74,148
Nursing care facilities	6231	63,085	65,774	75,786	46,721	48,182	54,693
Residential mental retardation/health facilities ²	6232	12,479	14,353	17,750	3,721	4,203	5,291
Residential mental retardation facilities	62321	8,287	9,301	11,344	2,536	2,834	3,639
Community care facilities for the elderly	6233	18,041	21,504	26,318	7,893	10,354	13,307

¹ Includes taxable nonemployer firms, not shown separately. ² Includes other kinds of business not shown separately. ³ Offices of physical, occupational and speech therapists, and audiologists.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Service Annual Survey, 2003*. <www.census.gov/svsd/www/sas62rpt.pdf> (accessed 19 June 2005).

Table 149. **Receipts for Selected Health Service Industries by Source of Revenue: 2000 and 2003**

[In millions of dollars (202,913 represents \$202,913,000,000). Based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), see text, Section 15. Based on a sample of employer firms only and does not include nonemployer revenue. See Appendix III]

Source of revenue	Offices of physicians (NAICS 6211)		Offices of dentists (NAICS 6212)		Hospitals (NAICS 622)		Nursing and residential care facilities (NAICS 623)	
	2000	2003	2000	2003	2000	2003	2000	2003
Total	202,913	256,391	57,395	69,559	430,329	536,270	107,150	119,640
Medicare	48,370	62,907	(S)	(S)	138,843	166,627	12,699	17,228
Medicaid	13,896	18,209	1,416	2,476	52,305	64,914	43,834	51,762
Other government	2,025	2,761	(S)	(S)	22,687	28,844	7,157	9,281
Worker's compensation	7,419	8,222	(S)	(S)	4,720	5,849	(S)	(S)
Private insurance	97,193	124,144	30,232	36,148	155,206	203,567	6,231	6,280
Patient (out-of-pocket)	22,865	26,096	25,747	30,935	22,928	29,219	² 27,019	² 28,812
Other patient care sources, n.e.c. ³	7,299	9,165	(S)	(S)	10,622	10,667	3,300	2,777
Non-patient care revenue	3,846	4,887	(S)	(S)	23,019	26,583	6,910	3,500

S Figure does not meet publication standards. ¹ Veterans, National Institute of Health, Indian Affairs, etc. ² Represents payment from patients and their families plus patients' assigned social security benefits. ³ Not elsewhere classified.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Business Reports, *Service Annual Survey: 2003*. <<http://www.census.gov/svsd/www/sas62.html>>.

Table 150. **Employment in the Health Service Industries: 1990 to 2004**

[In thousands (2,842 represents 2,842,000). See head note Table 620]

Industry	NAICS code ¹	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004
Ambulatory health care services ²	621	2,842	3,768	4,320	4,633	4,786	4,946
Offices of physicians	6211	1,278	1,540	1,840	1,968	2,003	2,054
Offices of dentists	6212	513	592	688	725	744	760
Offices of other health practitioners	6213	276	395	438	486	503	523
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	6215	129	146	162	175	182	189
Home health care services	6216	288	622	633	680	733	773
Hospitals	622	3,513	3,734	3,954	4,160	4,245	4,294
General medical and surgical hospitals	6221	3,305	3,520	3,745	3,930	4,005	4,051
Psychiatric and substance abuse hospitals	6222	113	101	86	90	92	92
Other hospitals	6223	95	112	123	140	148	151
Nursing and residential care facilities ²	623	1,856	2,308	2,583	2,743	2,786	2,815
Nursing care facilities	6231	1,170	1,413	1,514	1,573	1,580	1,575

¹ Based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002 code; see text, Section 15. ² Includes other industries not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, March issues. See also <<http://stats.bls.gov/ces/home.htm>>

Table 151. **Registered Nurses by Employment Status: 1996 and 2000**

[As of March (2,559 represents 2,559,000). Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability; see source for details]

Age, race and Hispanic origin status	Total (1,000)	Employed in nursing		Not employed in nursing (1,000)
		Number (1,000)	Percent distribution	
1996	2,559	2,116	100.0	443
2000	2,697	2,202	100.0	495
Less than 25 years	66	65	2.9	2
25 to 29 years	177	166	7.5	11
30 to 34 years	248	225	10.2	24
35 to 39 years	360	316	14.4	44
40 to 44 years	464	409	18.6	55
45 to 49 years	465	406	18.5	58
50 to 54 years	342	288	13.1	55
55 to 59 years	238	180	8.2	58
60 to 64 years	156	87	4.0	69
65 years and over	154	41	1.9	113
Unknown age	25	19	0.8	6
White non-Hispanic	2,334	1,891	85.9	443
Black non-Hispanic	133	113	5.1	20
Asian non-Hispanic	93	83	3.8	11
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	6	6	0.3	1
American Indian/Alaska Native	13	11	0.5	2
Hispanic ¹	55	48	2.2	7
Two or more races non-Hispanic	33	27	1.2	6
Unknown race/ethnic	29	23	1.1	6

¹ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, *The Registered Nurse Population, March 2000*, September 2001. See also <<http://bhpr.hrsa.gov/>>.

Table 152. **Physicians by Sex and Specialty: 1980 to 2003**

[In thousands (467.7 represents 467,700). As of Dec. 31, except 1990 as of Jan. 1, and as noted. Includes Puerto Rico and island areas]

Activity	1980 ¹		1990 ¹		2000 ¹		2003 ¹	
	Total	Office-based	Total	Office-based	Total	Office-based	Total	Office-based
Doctors of medicine, total.	467.7	272.0	615.4	361.0	813.8	490.4	871.5	529.8
Place of medical education:								
U.S. medical graduates	370.0	226.2	483.7	286.2	616.8	376.5	654.3	407.8
International medical graduates ²	97.7	45.8	131.8	74.8	197.0	113.9	217.2	122.0
Sex: Male	413.4	251.4	511.2	311.7	618.2	382.3	646.5	400.3
Female	54.3	20.6	104.2	49.2	195.5	108.1	225.0	129.5
Allergy/immunology	1.5	1.4	3.4	2.5	4.0	3.1	4.2	3.2
Anesthesiology	16.0	11.3	26.0	17.8	35.7	27.6	38.5	29.3
Cardiovascular diseases	9.8	6.7	15.9	10.7	21.0	16.3	22.3	17.3
Child psychiatry	3.3	2.0	4.3	2.6	6.2	4.3	6.7	4.8
Dermatology	5.7	4.4	7.6	6.0	9.7	8.0	10.3	8.5
Diagnostic radiology	7.0	4.2	15.4	9.8	21.1	14.6	23.3	16.4
Emergency medicine	5.7	3.4	14.2	8.4	23.1	14.5	26.6	17.7
Family practice	27.5	18.4	47.6	37.5	71.6	54.2	79.1	62.3
Gastroenterology	4.0	2.7	7.5	5.2	10.6	8.5	11.7	9.3
General practice	32.5	29.6	22.8	20.5	15.2	13.0	13.2	11.2
General surgery	34.0	22.4	38.4	24.5	36.7	24.5	37.8	25.3
Internal medicine	71.5	40.6	98.3	58.0	134.5	89.7	147.6	99.7
Neurology	5.7	3.3	9.2	5.6	12.3	8.6	13.3	9.3
Neurological surgery	3.3	2.5	4.4	3.1	5.0	3.7	5.1	3.9
Obstetrics and gynecology	26.3	19.5	33.7	25.5	40.2	31.7	41.9	33.6
Ophthalmology	13.0	10.6	16.1	13.1	18.1	15.6	18.7	16.2
Orthopedic surgery	14.0	10.7	19.1	14.2	22.3	17.4	23.5	18.4
Otolaryngology	6.6	5.3	8.1	6.4	9.4	7.6	9.9	8.1
Pathology	13.6	6.1	16.6	7.5	18.8	10.6	18.9	10.6
Pediatrics	29.5	18.2	41.9	27.1	63.9	43.2	70.5	49.2
Physical med./rehab.	2.1	1.0	4.1	2.2	6.5	4.3	7.1	4.9
Plastic surgery	3.0	2.4	4.6	3.8	6.2	5.3	6.7	5.7
Psychiatry	27.5	16.0	35.2	20.1	39.5	25.0	40.3	25.7
Pulmonary diseases	3.7	2.0	6.1	3.7	8.7	5.9	9.7	6.9
Radiology	11.7	7.8	8.5	6.1	8.7	6.7	4.3	3.3
Radiation oncology	1.6	1.0	2.8	2.0	3.9	3.0	8.9	7.0
Urological surgery	7.7	6.2	9.4	7.4	10.3	8.5	10.6	8.8
Other specialty	5.8	2.4	7.3	2.7	5.8	2.3	5.6	2.3
Other surgical specialty ³	2.9	2.3	2.9	2.4	6.1	5.1	6.3	5.3
Other remaining specialty ⁴	6.1	2.5	7.8	3.3	8.8	4.2	8.9	4.2
Not classified	20.6	(X)	12.7	(X)	45.1	(X)	50.4	(X)
Other categories ⁵	32.1	(X)	55.4	(X)	75.2	(X)	84.9	(X)
Doctors of Osteopathy ⁶	18.8	(X)	30.9	(X)	44.9	(X)	51.7	(X)

X Not applicable. ¹ Includes unspecified physicians. ² International medical graduates received their medical education in schools outside the United States and Canada. ³ Includes colon and rectal surgery and thoracic surgery. ⁴ Includes aerospace medicine, general preventive medicine, nuclear medicine, occupational medicine, medical genetics, and public health. ⁵ Includes inactive and address unknown. ⁶ Total number of DOs as of June 1. Data from American Osteopathic Association Fact Sheet, American Osteopathic Association, Chicago, IL. <<http://www.osteopathic.org/index.cfm?PageID=aoaannualrpt>>

Source: Except as noted, American Medical Association, Chicago, IL, *Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S.* annual (copyright).

Table 153. **Active Physicians, 2003, and Nurses, 2001, By State**

[As of December. Excludes doctors of osteopathy, and physicians with addresses unknown. Includes all physicians not classified according to activity status]

State	Physicians ¹		Nurses		State	Physicians ¹		Nurses	
	Total	Rate ²	Total	Rate ²		Total	Rate ²	Total	Rate ²
United States	774,849	266	2,262,020	793	Missouri	13,732	241	52,970	940
Alabama	9,547	212	36,400	814	Montana	2,079	227	7,620	842
Alaska	1,439	222	4,930	778	Nebraska	4,216	242	15,970	928
Arizona	11,679	209	34,880	657	Nevada	4,152	185	10,840	517
Arkansas	5,516	202	19,860	737	New Hampshire	3,392	263	11,190	889
California	92,470	261	185,550	536	New Jersey	26,804	310	71,500	840
Colorado	11,600	255	33,510	756	New Mexico	4,473	239	11,630	635
Connecticut	12,603	362	32,740	953	New York	75,048	391	165,580	868
Delaware	2,069	253	7,280	913	North Carolina	21,287	253	72,050	878
Dist. of Columbia	4,329	768	8,600	1,498	North Dakota	1,529	241	6,460	1,014
Florida	42,213	248	129,610	792	Ohio	29,153	255	103,870	912
Georgia	19,222	221	58,600	697	Oklahoma	6,034	172	22,890	660
Hawaii	3,901	310	8,680	707	Oregon	9,342	262	26,040	750
Idaho	2,324	170	8,400	636	Pennsylvania	36,421	295	132,120	1,074
Illinois	34,461	272	104,830	837	Rhode Island	3,770	350	11,160	1,053
Indiana	13,346	215	49,590	809	South Carolina	9,521	230	28,130	693
Iowa	5,544	188	30,190	1,030	South Dakota	1,640	215	8,440	1,114
Kansas	5,947	218	24,680	913	Tennessee	15,178	260	48,880	850
Kentucky	9,348	227	34,920	858	Texas	46,802	212	129,710	607
Louisiana	11,904	265	36,690	821	Utah	4,987	212	13,830	607
Maine	3,485	267	13,390	1,043	Vermont	2,250	363	5,820	949
Maryland	22,819	414	43,340	805	Virginia	20,220	274	55,440	770
Massachusetts	28,474	443	75,580	1,181	Washington	16,347	267	45,170	754
Michigan	24,004	238	83,950	839	West Virginia	4,168	230	15,850	880
Minnesota	14,088	278	46,990	943	Wisconsin	13,769	252	49,610	918
Mississippi	5,240	182	22,290	779	Wyoming	963	192	3,780	765

¹ 2002 and earlier data excludes federally-employed persons. ² Per 100,000 resident population. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimates as of July 1.

Source: Physicians: American Medical Association, Chicago, IL, *Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S.*, annual (copyright); Nurses: U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, unpublished data.

Table 154. **Health Professions—Practitioners and Schools: 1990 to 2002**

[(573 represents 573,000). Data on the number of schools and total enrollment are reported as of the beginning of the academic year; all other school data are reported as of the end of the academic year. Data are based on reporting by health professions' schools]

Year	Medicine	Osteopathy	Registered nursing				Licensed practical nursing	Dentistry ¹	Optometry	Pharmacy
			Total	Baccalaureate	Associate's degree	Diploma				
ACTIVE PERSONNEL (1,000)										
1990	573	28	2 ¹ ,790	682	1,107	(3)	441	148	26	168
1995	646	36	2 ² ,116	881	1,235	(3)	399	159	29	181
2000	738	45	2 ² ,249	983	1,267	(3)	374	168	32	196
2001	752	42	2 ² ,262	1,000	1,262	(3)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
NUMBER OF SCHOOLS ⁴										
1990	126	15	1,470	489	829	152	1,154	56	17	74
1995	125	16	1,516	521	876	119	1,210	54	17	75
2000	125	19	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	55	17	81
2001	125	19	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	54	17	83
2002	125	19	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	54	(NA)	83
TOTAL ENROLLMENT										
1990	65,016	6,615	201,458	74,865	106,175	20,418	46,720	16,412	4,723	23,013
1995	66,788	8,146	268,350	112,659	135,895	19,796	59,428	16,353	5,201	27,667
2000	66,377	10,388	192,202	89,508	95,598	7,096	(NA)	17,242	5,464	29,586
2001	66,160	10,817	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	17,349	5,428	30,301
2002	66,253	11,101	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	17,487	(NA)	31,769
GRADUATES										
1990	15,398	1,529	66,088	18,571	42,318	5,199	35,417	4,233	1,115	6,956
1995	15,883	1,843	97,052	31,254	58,749	7,049	44,234	3,908	1,219	7,837
2000	15,714	2,279	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	4,171	1,315	7,260
2001	15,785	2,510	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	4,367	1,310	7,000
2002	15,652	2,534	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	4,349	(NA)	7,573

NA Not available. ¹ Personnel data exclude dentists in military service, U.S. Public Health Service, and U.S. Dept. of Veterans Affairs. ² Includes nurses with advanced degrees. ³ Diploma nurses included with associate's degree nurses. ⁴ Some nursing schools offer more than one type of program. Numbers shown for nursing are number of nursing programs.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Bureau of Health Professions, unpublished data; American Medical Association, Chicago, IL, *Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S.*, annual; and American Association of Colleges of Osteopathic Medicine, Rockville, MD, *Annual Statistical Report*.

Table 155. **Adults 18 Years and Over Who Used Complementary and Alternative Medicine (CAM), by Type of Therapy: 2002**

[In thousands (149,271 represents 149,721,000)] The denominators for statistics shown exclude persons with unknown CAM information. Estimates were age adjusted to the year 2000 U.S. standard population using four age groups: 18 to 24 years, 25 to 44 years, 45 to 64 years, and 65 years and over]

Therapy	Used during past 12 months		Therapy	Used during past 12 months	
	Ever used			Ever used	
Any CAM ¹ use	149,271	123,606	Manipulative and body-based therapies:		
Alternative medical systems:			Chiropractic care	40,242	15,226
Acupuncture	8,188	2,136	Massage	18,899	10,052
Ayurveda	751	154	Mind-body therapies:		
Homeopathic treatment	7,379	3,433	Biofeedback	1,986	278
Naturopathy	1,795	498	Meditation	20,698	15,336
Biologically-based therapies:			Guided imagery	6,067	4,194
Chelation therapy	270	(B)	Progressive relaxation	8,518	6,185
Folk medicine	1,393	233	Deep breathing exercises	29,658	23,457
Nonvitamin, nonmineral, natural products	50,613	38,183	Hypnosis	3,733	505
Diet-based therapies ²	13,799	7,099	Yoga	15,232	10,386
Vegetarian diet	5,324	3,184	Tai chi	5,056	2,565
Macrobiotic diet	1,368	317	Qi gong	950	527
Atkins diet	7,312	3,417	Prayer for health reasons ³	110,012	89,624
Pritikin diet	580	137	Prayed for own health	103,662	85,432
Ornish diet	290	(B)	Others ever prayed for your health	62,348	48,467
Zone diet	1,062	430	Participate in prayer group	25,167	18,984
Megavitamin therapy	7,935	5,739	Healing ritual for own health	9,230	4,045
			Energy healing therapy/Reiki	2,264	1,080

B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of derived figures. ¹ Respondents may have reported using more than one type of therapy. ² The sum of the categories listed under "Diet-based therapies" are greater than the total number of "Diet-based therapies" because respondents could choose more than one diet-based therapy. ³ The sum of the categories listed under "Prayer for health reasons" are greater than the total number of "Prayer for health reasons" because respondents could choose more than one method of prayer.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Advance Data, No. 343. May 27, 2004. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/ad/ad343.pdf>>.

Table 156. **Percent Distribution of Number of Visits to Health Care Professionals by Selected Characteristics: 2002 and 2003**

[Covers ambulatory visits to doctor's offices and emergency departments, and home health care visits during a 12-month period. Based on the redesigned National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. See Appendix III]

Characteristic	None		1-3 visits		4-9 visits		10 or more visits	
	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
All persons ¹	15.9	15.8	45.5	45.8	25.2	24.8	13.4	13.6
Age:								
Under 6 years	5.6	5.5	47.0	46.0	37.1	39.0	10.4	9.4
6-17 years	13.0	14.0	59.0	58.7	22.3	20.8	5.7	6.6
18-44 years	22.6	22.4	45.7	46.7	19.4	19.1	12.4	11.8
45-64 years	14.8	14.7	41.9	42.2	26.9	26.6	16.4	16.5
65-74 years	9.1	7.1	33.7	34.0	36.8	35.7	20.5	23.3
75 years and over	7.3	5.4	28.6	28.6	35.8	36.0	28.3	30.0
Sex:								
Male	20.6	20.6	46.5	46.8	22.2	21.9	10.7	10.7
Female	11.4	11.1	44.5	44.9	28.0	27.7	16.1	16.3
Race: ^{1, 2}								
White only	15.6	15.7	45.1	45.6	25.4	25.1	13.8	13.6
Black only	15.3	14.7	45.8	45.8	26.0	25.2	13.0	14.3
American Indian or Alaska Native only	18.1	23.3	43.7	41.4	21.7	20.6	16.6	14.7
Asian only	21.2	22.6	49.7	47.8	20.3	20.7	8.8	8.9
Two or more races	13.5	11.1	43.7	44.9	27.3	23.0	15.4	21.0
Race and Hispanic origin: ¹								
Hispanic	25.7	25.3	41.5	42.9	21.1	20.3	11.7	11.5
White, non-Hispanic	14.0	13.5	45.8	46.2	26.1	26.1	14.2	14.2
Black, non-Hispanic	15.3	14.6	45.7	45.9	26.0	25.3	13.1	14.2

¹ Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using six age groups: Under 18 years, 18-44 years, 45-54 years, 55-64 years, 65-74 years, and 75 years and over. ² Estimates by race and Hispanic origin are tabulated using the 1997 Standards for Federal data on race and ethnicity. Estimates for specific race groups are shown when they meet requirements for statistical reliability and confidentiality. The categories "White only," "Black or African American only," "American Indian and Alaska Native (AI/AN) only," and "Asian only" include persons who reported only one racial group; and the category "2 or more races" includes persons who reported more than one of the five racial groups in the 1997 Standards or one of the five racial groups and "Some other race."

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2005*. See also <www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/htm>

Table 157. **Ambulatory Care Visits to Physicians' Offices and Hospital Outpatient and Emergency Departments: 2003**

[1,114.5 represents 1,114,500,000. Based on the annual National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey and National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey and subject to sampling error; see source for details. For composition of regions, see map inside front cover]

Characteristic	Number of visits (mil.)				Visits per 100 persons			
	Total	Physi- cian offices	Outpa- tient dept.	Emer- gency dept.	Total	Physi- cian offices	Outpa- tient dept.	Emer- gency dept.
Total	1,114.5	906.0	94.6	113.9	390.3	317.3	33.1	39.9
Age:								
Under 15 years old	192.0	145.2	22.1	24.7	316.4	239.3	36.3	40.8
15 to 24 years old	101.4	72.4	11.2	17.7	252.8	180.6	28.0	44.2
25 to 44 years old	261.2	203.6	24.8	32.9	317.7	247.5	30.1	40.0
45 to 64 years old	301.5	257.3	23.2	21.0	442.0	377.2	34.1	30.8
65 to 74 years old	120.8	106.4	7.2	7.2	667.8	588.2	40.0	39.5
75 years old and over	137.6	121.1	6.1	10.4	849.9	748.2	37.5	64.2
Sex:								
Male	458.5	368.7	36.8	52.9	328.8	264.4	26.4	37.9
Female	656.1	537.3	57.8	61.0	449.1	367.8	39.5	41.8
Race:								
White	932.5	777.1	69.6	85.8	404.6	337.2	30.2	37.2
Black/African-American	129.7	84.3	20.7	24.7	363.1	235.9	58.0	69.3
Asian	41.9	37.1	2.7	2.0	353.2	313.2	22.9	17.1
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	3.7	2.9	0.3	0.5	761.3	599.3	68.0	94.0
American Indian/Alaska Native	3.1	2.1	0.4	0.7	115.0	75.8	14.3	24.9
More than one race reported	3.5	2.5	0.8	0.2	83.0	59.6	19.6	3.8
Region:								
Northeast	239.4	189.4	26.2	23.8	446.7	353.5	48.8	44.5
Midwest	232.7	182.1	25.4	25.2	361.5	282.9	39.5	39.2
South	415.8	339.0	31.9	45.0	406.8	331.6	31.2	44.0
West	226.6	195.5	11.1	19.9	346.7	299.2	17.0	30.5
Primary source of payment:								
Private insurance	588.1	508.9	37.7	41.5	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Medicare	237.9	202.3	13.0	18.5	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Medicaid	142.3	96.2	25.7	24.4	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Worker's compensation	13.2	10.4	0.6	2.1	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Self pay	64.9	41.5	7.3	16.1	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No charge	7.1	2.7	3.3	1.1	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Other	26.4	20.5	3.1	2.8	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Unknown	34.6	23.5	3.8	7.4	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

X Not applicable ¹ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision.
Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Advance Data*, No. 358, May 26, 2005; and unpublished data.
<<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/about/major/ahcd/adata.htm>>

Table 158. **Visits to Office-Based Physicians and Hospital Outpatient Departments by Diagnosis: 2000 and 2003**

[369.0 represents 369,000,000. See headnote, Table 157]

Leading diagnoses ¹	Number (mil.)		Rate per 1,000 persons ²		Leading diagnoses ¹	Number (mil.)		Rate per 1,000 persons ²	
	2000	2003	2000	2003		2000	2003	2000	2003
MALE					FEMALE				
All ages	369.0	405.5	2,760	2,908	All ages	537.8	595.1	3,829	4,074
Under 15 years old ³	85.3	89.2	2,765	2,873	Under 15 years old ³	75.4	78.1	2,556	2,635
Routine infant or child health check	17.9	16.8	580	541	Routine infant or child health check	17.5	14.0	593	472
Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	7.1	8.3	231	269	Acute respiratory infections ⁴	8.1	7.8	276	263
Acute respiratory infections ⁴	8.5	7.9	276	253	Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	6.6	6.5	222	218
Asthma	3.1	3.4	101	111	Acute pharyngitis	2.3	3.3	78	112
Attention deficit disorder	3.4	3.3	110	106	Asthma	1.2	2.1	40	71
15 to 44 years old ³	98.9	103.8	1,660	1,707	15 to 44 years old ³	194.8	208.1	3,199	3,383
General medical examination	3.9	4.3	66	71	Normal pregnancy	24.5	25.7	402	417
Acute respiratory infections ⁴	3.6	4.0	60	65	Gynecological examination ⁴	6.1	9.8	100	160
Spinal disorders	3.0	3.4	50	56	Acute respiratory infections ⁴	6.0	7.6	98	124
Chronic sinusitis	1.4	2.6	24	43	Complications of pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium	6.2	7.4	102	121
Arthropathies and related disorders	2.8	2.4	47	39	General medical examination	6.6	5.5	108	89
45 to 64 years old ³	96.5	112.6	3,294	3,404	45 to 64 years old ³	141.0	167.9	4,511	4,779
Essential hypertension	6.8	7.6	233	231	Essential hypertension	8.3	8.2	264	232
Diabetes mellitus	5.8	5.1	199	155	Arthropathies and related disorders	6.6	8.1	212	232
Spinal disorders	3.1	4.7	106	143	Diabetes mellitus	5.6	6.0	181	170
Arthropathies and related disorders	2.9	4.5	99	135	Rheumatism, excluding back	4.6	5.9	146	169
General medical examination	2.3	3.8	79	114	Gynecological examination	3.1	5.9	100	167
65 years old and over ³	88.2	99.9	6,340	6,886	65 years old and over ³	126.6	141.0	6,736	7,128
Essential hypertension	6.6	7.2	478	498	Essential hypertension	11.8	11.2	628	566
Malignant neoplasms	7.1	6.3	507	435	Arthropathies and related disorders	6.3	8.1	333	409
Diabetes mellitus	4.8	5.5	344	379	Diabetes mellitus	6.0	5.3	318	269
Heart disease, excluding ischemic	4.1	3.7	296	257	Cataract	4.0	4.3	212	219
Ischemic heart disease	4.9	3.6	349	251	Heart disease, excluding ischemic	3.6	4.3	194	217

¹ Based on the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification, (ICD-9-CM). ² Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. ³ Includes other first-listed diagnoses, not shown separately. ⁴ Excluding pharyngitis.
Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/about/major/ahcd/adata.htm>>

Table 159. **Visits to Hospital Emergency Departments by Diagnosis: 2003**

[52,908 represents 52,908,000. See headnote, Table 157]

Leading diagnoses ¹	Rate per 1,000 per- sons ²		Leading diagnoses ¹	Rate per 1,000 per- sons ²	
	Number (1,000)			Number (1,000)	
MALE			FEMALE		
All ages	52,908	379	All ages	60,995	418
Under 15 years old ³	13,524	436	Under 15 years old ³	11,209	378
Acute upper respiratory infections ⁴	1,469	47	Acute respiratory infections ⁴	1,163	39
Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	1,070	34	Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	971	33
Contusions with intact skin surfaces	656	21	Pyrexia of unknown origin	618	21
Pyrexia of unknown origin	643	21	Contusions with intact skin surfaces	479	16
15 to 44 years old ³	22,102	363	15 to 44 years old ³	28,535	464
Open wound, excluding head	1,500	25	Abdominal pain	1,660	27
Contusions with intact skin surfaces	1,101	18	Complications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium	1,494	24
Abdominal pain	788	13	Contusions with intact skin surfaces	1,118	18
Chest pain	758	12	Sprains and strains of neck and back	889	14
Sprains and strains, excluding ankle and back	743	12	Spinal disorders	886	14
45 to 64 years old ³	9,772	295	45 to 64 years old ³	11,220	319
Chest pain	673	20	Chest pain	789	22
Open wound, excluding head	420	13	Abdominal pain	533	15
Contusions with intact skin surfaces	412	12	Contusions with intact skin surfaces	468	13
Spinal disorders	362	11	Spinal disorders	461	13
65 years old and over ³	7,511	518	65 years old and over ³	10,031	507
Chest pain	431	30	Heart disease, excluding ischemic	619	31
Heart disease, excluding ischemic	416	29	Chest pain	601	30
Pneumonia	303	21	Contusions with intact skin surfaces	409	21
Abdominal pain	240	17	Abdominal pain	375	19
Chronic and unspecified bronchitis	234	16	Pneumonia	359	18

¹ Based on the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification, (ICD-9-CM). ² Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. ³ Includes other first-listed diagnoses, not shown separately. ⁴ Excluding pharyngitis.
Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Advance Data*, No. 358; May 26, 2005.

Table 160. **Hospitals—Summary Characteristics: 1980 to 2003**

[For beds, (1,365 represents 1,365,000). Covers hospitals accepted for registration by the American Hospital Association; see text, this section. Short-term hospitals have an average patient stay of less than 30 days; long-term, an average stay of longer duration. Special hospitals include obstetrics and gynecology; eye, ear, nose, and throat; rehabilitation; orthopedic; and chronic and other special hospitals except psychiatric, tuberculosis, alcoholism, and chemical dependency hospitals]

Item	1980	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number:									
All hospitals	6,965	6,649	6,291	6,021	5,890	5,810	5,801	5,794	5,764
With 100 beds or more	3,755	3,620	3,376	3,216	3,140	3,102	3,084	3,032	3,007
Nonfederal ¹	6,606	6,312	5,992	5,746	5,626	5,565	5,558	5,554	5,525
Community hospitals ²	5,830	5,384	5,194	5,015	4,956	4,915	4,908	4,927	4,895
Nongovernmental nonprofit	3,322	3,191	3,092	3,026	3,012	3,003	2,998	3,025	2,984
For profit	730	749	752	771	747	749	754	766	790
State and local government	1,778	1,444	1,350	1,218	1,197	1,163	1,156	1,136	1,121
Long-term general and special	157	131	112	125	129	131	136	124	126
Psychiatric	534	757	657	579	516	496	491	477	477
Tuberculosis	11	4	3	3	4	4	4	4	4
Federal	359	337	299	275	264	245	243	240	239
Beds (1,000) ³ :									
All hospitals	1,365	1,213	1,081	1,013	994	984	987	976	965
Rate per 1,000 population ⁴	6.0	4.9	4.1	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.3
Beds per hospital	196	182	172	168	169	169	170	168	167
Nonfederal ¹	1,248	1,113	1,004	956	939	931	936	926	917
Community hospitals ²	988	927	873	840	830	824	826	821	813
Rate per 1,000 population ⁴	4.3	3.7	3.3	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.8
Nongovernmental nonprofit	692	657	610	588	587	583	585	582	575
For profit	87	102	106	113	107	110	109	108	110
State and local government	209	169	157	139	136	131	132	130	120
Long-term general and special	39	25	19	18	20	18	19	18	18
Psychiatric	215	158	110	95	87	87	89	85	85
Tuberculosis	2	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Federal	117	98	78	57	55	53	53	50	47
Average daily census (1,000):									
All hospitals	1,060	844	710	662	657	650	658	662	657
Community hospitals ²	747	619	548	525	526	526	533	540	539
Nongovernmental nonprofit	542	455	393	377	381	382	385	391	389
For profit	57	54	55	60	58	61	63	64	65
State and local government	149	111	100	87	86	83	85	84	84
Expenses (bil. dol.): ⁵									
All hospitals	91.9	234.9	320.3	355.5	372.9	395.4	426.8	462.2	498.1
Nonfederal ¹	84.0	219.6	300.0	332.9	349.2	371.5	399.3	432.5	467.2
Community hospitals ²	76.9	203.7	285.6	318.8	335.2	356.6	383.7	416.6	450.1
Nongovernmental nonprofit	55.8	150.7	209.6	238.0	251.5	267.1	287.3	312.7	337.7
For profit	5.8	18.8	26.7	31.7	31.2	35.0	37.3	40.1	44.0
State and local government	15.2	34.2	49.3	49.1	52.5	54.5	59.1	63.8	68.4
Long-term general and special	1.2	2.7	2.2	2.6	2.8	2.8	3.3	3.6	3.6
Psychiatric	5.8	12.9	11.7	11.2	11.0	11.9	13.2	12.1	13.1
Tuberculosis	0.1	0.1	0.4	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Federal	7.9	15.2	20.2	22.6	23.7	23.9	27.5	29.7	30.9
Personnel (1,000): ⁶									
All hospitals	3,492	4,063	4,273	4,407	4,369	4,454	4,535	4,610	4,650
Nonfederal ¹	3,213	3,760	3,971	4,071	4,074	4,157	4,236	4,312	4,350
Community hospitals ²	2,873	3,420	3,714	3,831	3,838	3,911	3,987	4,069	4,108
Nongovernmental nonprofit	2,086	2,533	2,702	2,834	2,862	2,919	2,971	3,039	3,058
For profit	189	273	343	383	362	378	379	380	391
State and local government	598	614	670	614	614	614	637	651	658
Long-term general and special	56	55	38	37	42	41	44	46	45
Psychiatric	275	280	215	198	191	200	201	193	194
Tuberculosis	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Federal	279	303	301	336	295	297	299	299	300
Outpatient visits (mil.)	263.0	368.2	483.2	545.5	573.5	592.7	612.0	640.5	648.6
Emergency	82.0	92.8	99.9	99.0	103.8	106.9	109.8	114.2	115.1

¹ Z Less than 500 beds or \$50 million. ² Includes hospital units of institutions. ³ Short term (average length of stay less than 30 days) general and special (e.g., obstetrics and gynecology; eye, ear, nose and throat; rehabilitation etc. except psychiatric, tuberculosis, alcoholism and chemical dependency). Excludes hospital units of institutions. ⁴ Beginning 1990, number of beds at end of reporting period; prior years, average number in 12-month period. ⁵ Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. Estimates reflect revisions based on the 2000 Census of Population. ⁶ Excludes new construction. ⁷ Includes full-time equivalents of part-time personnel.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *Hospital Statistics 2005 Edition*, and prior years (copyright). <<http://www.healthforum.com/>>.

Table 161. **Average Cost to Community Hospitals Per Patient: 1980 to 2003**

[In dollars, except percent. Covers non-federal short-term general or special hospitals (excluding psychiatric or tuberculosis hospitals and hospital units of institutions). Total cost per patient based on total hospital expenses (payroll, employee benefits, professional fees, supplies, etc.). Data have been adjusted for outpatient visits]

Type of expense and hospital	1980	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Average cost per day, total	245	687	968	1,033	1,067	1,103	1,149	1,217	1,290	1,379
Annual percent change	12.9	7.8	4.0	2.6	3.3	3.3	4.2	5.9	6.0	6.9
Nongovernmental nonprofit	246	692	994	1,074	1,111	1,140	1,182	1,255	1,329	1,429
For profit	257	752	947	962	968	999	1,057	1,121	1,181	1,264
State and local government	239	635	878	914	949	1,007	1,064	1,114	1,188	1,238
Average cost per stay, total	1,851	4,947	6,216	6,262	6,386	6,512	6,649	6,980	7,346	7,796
Nongovernmental nonprofit	1,902	5,001	6,279	6,393	6,526	6,608	6,717	7,052	7,458	7,905
For profit	1,676	4,727	5,425	5,219	5,262	5,350	5,642	5,972	6,161	6,590
State and local government	1,750	4,838	6,445	6,475	6,612	6,923	7,106	7,400	7,773	8,205

¹ Change from immediate prior year.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *Hospital Statistics 2005 Edition*, and prior years (copyright). <<http://www.healthforum.com/>>.

Table 162. **Community Hospitals—States: 2000 and 2003**

[For beds, 823.6 represents 823,600. For definition of community hospitals see footnote 2, Table 160]

State	Number of hospitals		Beds (1,000)		Patients admitted (1,000)		Average daily census ¹ (1,000)		Outpatient visits (mil.)		Average cost per day (dol.)	
	2000	2003	2000	2003	2000	2003	2000	2003	2000	2003	2000	2003
United States . . .	4,915	4,895	823.6	813.3	33,089	34,783	525.7	538.8	521.4	563.1	1,149	1,379
Alabama	108	107	16.4	15.6	680	709	9.8	9.7	8.0	8.9	980	1,166
Alaska	18	19	1.4	1.5	47	46	0.8	0.8	1.3	1.4	1,495	1,952
Arizona	61	61	10.9	10.8	539	603	6.8	7.3	5.3	6.7	1,311	1,570
Arkansas	83	88	9.8	9.9	368	388	5.7	5.7	4.4	4.6	908	1,130
California	389	370	72.7	74.3	3,315	3,474	47.8	51.5	44.9	48.0	1,438	1,763
Colorado	69	68	9.4	9.5	397	444	5.4	6.2	6.7	7.0	1,280	1,551
Connecticut	35	34	7.7	7.2	349	372	5.8	5.6	6.7	6.8	1,373	1,684
Delaware	5	6	1.8	2.0	83	97	1.4	1.7	1.5	2.0	1,311	1,508
District of Columbia	11	10	3.3	3.4	129	135	2.5	2.5	1.3	1.6	1,512	1,824
Florida	202	203	51.2	50.7	2,119	2,296	31.0	32.8	21.8	22.0	1,161	1,387
Georgia	151	146	23.9	24.6	863	926	15.0	16.5	11.2	12.8	978	1,044
Hawaii	21	24	3.1	3.1	100	112	2.3	2.2	2.5	1.9	1,088	1,350
Idaho	42	39	3.5	3.4	123	136	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.8	1,003	1,235
Illinois	196	192	37.3	35.0	1,531	1,594	22.4	22.4	25.1	27.0	1,278	1,497
Indiana	109	112	19.2	18.9	700	712	10.8	11.0	14.1	15.0	1,132	1,352
Iowa	115	116	11.8	11.0	360	363	6.8	6.5	9.2	9.7	740	952
Kansas	129	134	10.8	10.6	310	331	5.7	5.9	5.3	6.0	837	952
Kentucky	105	103	14.8	14.9	582	600	9.1	9.3	8.7	8.5	929	1,106
Louisiana	123	127	17.5	17.8	654	690	9.8	10.6	10.0	10.8	1,075	1,177
Maine	37	37	3.7	3.7	147	149	2.4	2.2	3.2	3.9	1,148	1,416
Maryland	49	51	11.2	11.6	587	645	8.2	8.7	6.0	6.5	1,315	1,571
Massachusetts	80	79	16.6	16.0	740	785	11.7	11.9	16.7	19.6	1,467	1,631
Michigan	146	144	26.1	25.8	1,106	1,168	16.9	17.1	24.9	27.0	1,211	1,382
Minnesota	135	131	16.7	16.4	571	615	11.2	11.3	7.3	9.1	932	1,109
Mississippi	95	92	13.6	13.0	425	416	8.0	7.4	3.7	4.0	719	882
Missouri	119	119	20.1	19.3	773	831	11.7	11.9	14.8	15.7	1,185	1,403
Montana	52	53	4.3	4.3	99	107	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.7	579	733
Nebraska	85	85	8.2	7.5	209	212	4.8	4.4	3.4	3.7	743	1,043
Nevada	22	25	3.8	4.3	199	213	2.7	3.0	2.2	2.3	1,285	1,608
New Hampshire	28	28	2.9	2.8	111	118	1.7	1.7	2.8	3.1	1,201	1,389
New Jersey	80	78	25.3	22.8	1,074	1,108	17.3	16.9	16.3	14.7	1,299	1,411
New Mexico	35	37	3.5	3.7	174	166	2.0	2.1	3.1	4.5	1,388	1,563
New York	215	207	66.4	64.7	2,416	2,499	52.1	50.6	46.4	48.0	1,118	1,402
North Carolina	113	113	23.1	23.3	971	987	16.0	16.6	12.4	14.5	1,061	1,200
North Dakota	42	40	3.9	3.6	89	88	2.3	2.1	1.7	1.8	747	859
Ohio	163	163	33.8	33.0	1,404	1,458	20.6	20.6	26.9	30.0	1,198	1,504
Oklahoma	108	108	11.1	11.0	429	450	6.2	6.5	4.7	5.5	1,031	1,177
Oregon	59	58	6.6	6.8	330	342	3.9	4.0	7.3	8.2	1,461	1,842
Pennsylvania	207	201	42.3	40.9	1,796	1,824	28.8	28.2	31.8	33.0	1,080	1,326
Rhode Island	11	11	2.4	2.4	119	122	1.7	1.8	2.1	2.0	1,313	1,591
South Carolina	63	61	11.5	11.1	495	506	8.0	8.1	7.8	7.4	1,101	1,355
South Dakota	48	50	4.3	4.4	99	103	2.8	2.7	1.7	1.5	476	747
Tennessee	121	125	20.6	20.3	737	813	11.5	12.4	10.3	10.0	1,078	1,187
Texas	403	414	55.9	57.3	2,367	2,550	33.1	36.4	29.4	32.3	1,274	1,482
Utah	42	42	4.3	4.4	194	215	2.4	2.5	4.5	4.5	1,375	1,654
Vermont	14	14	1.7	1.5	52	52	1.1	0.9	1.2	2.2	888	1,148
Virginia	88	84	16.9	17.2	727	758	11.4	12.0	9.5	11.2	1,057	1,277
Washington	84	85	11.1	11.2	505	516	6.6	6.8	9.6	10.3	1,511	1,827
West Virginia	57	57	8.0	7.8	288	296	4.8	4.8	5.2	5.8	844	993
Wisconsin	118	121	15.3	14.8	558	588	9.1	9.2	10.9	11.8	1,055	1,282
Wyoming	24	23	1.9	1.8	48	53	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.9	677	943

¹ Inpatients receiving treatment each day; excludes newborn.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *Hospital Statistics 2005 Edition*, and prior years (copyright). <<http://www.healthforum.com/>>.

Table 163. **Hospital Use Rates by Type of Hospital: 1980 to 2003**

Type of hospital	1980	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Community hospitals: ¹								
Admissions per 1,000 population ²	159	125	116	116	117	118	120	120
Admissions per bed	37	34	35	39	40	40	42	43
Average length of stay ³ (days)	7.6	7.2	6.5	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.7
Outpatient visits per admission	5.6	9.7	13.4	15.3	15.8	15.9	16.1	16.2
Outpatient visits per 1,000 population ²	890	1,207	1,556	1,816	1,852	1,890	1,932	1,937
Surgical operations (million ⁴)	18.8	21.9	23.2	26.3	26.1	26.5	27.6	27.1
Number per admission	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Nonfederal psychiatric:								
Admissions per 1,000 population ²	2.5	2.9	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.6
Days in hospital per 1,000 population ²	295	190	122	94	93	94	92	91

¹ For definition of community hospitals, see footnote 2, Table 160. ² Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. Estimates reflect revisions based on the 2000 Census of Population. ³ Number of inpatient days divided by number of admissions. ⁴ 18.8 represents 18,800,000.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *Hospital Statistics 2005 Edition*, and prior years (copyright); <<http://www.healthforum.com/>>.

Table 164. **Hospital Utilization Rates by Sex: 1990 to 2003**

[30,788 represents 30,788,000. Represents estimates of inpatients discharged from noninstitutional, short-stay hospitals, exclusive of federal hospitals. Excludes newborn infants. Based on sample data collected from the National Hospital Discharge Survey, a sample survey of hospital records of patients discharged in year shown; subject to sampling variability]

Item and Sex	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Patients discharged (1,000)	30,788	30,722	30,914	31,827	32,132	31,706	32,653	33,727	34,738
Patients discharged per 1,000 persons, total ¹	122	116	114	117	117	114	115	118	120
Male	100	94	93	93	95	92	93	95	98
Female	143	136	135	139	138	135	137	139	141
Days of care per 1,000 persons, total ¹	784	620	582	589	581	560	562	572	578
Male	694	551	508	517	510	491	490	506	507
Female	869	686	653	658	649	627	631	635	646
Average stay (days)	6.4	5.4	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.8
Male	6.9	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2
Female	6.1	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6

¹ Rates are computed using Census Bureau estimates of the civilian population as of July 1, based on the 2000 census. Population estimates used to calculate rates for 2001-2003 were based on the 2000 census. Rates for 1991-2000 data were computed using postcensal estimates of the civilian population based on the 1990 census.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13; and unpublished data. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/ser.htm>>

Table 165. **Hospital Discharges and Days of Care: 2002 and 2003**

[32,727 represents 32,727,000. See headnote, Table 164. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Age, race and region	Discharges				Days of care per 1,000 persons ¹		Average stay (days)	
	Number (1,000)		Per 1,000 persons ¹					
	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
Total	33,727	34,738	118	120	572	578	4.9	4.8
Age:								
Under 1 year old	810	833	201	208	1,134	1,218	5.6	5.9
1 to 4 years old	713	751	46	48	159	149	3.5	3.1
5 to 14 years old	1,016	986	25	24	109	108	4.4	4.5
15 to 24 years old	3,083	3,138	77	77	266	268	3.5	3.5
25 to 34 years old	3,897	4,011	99	102	328	353	3.3	3.5
35 to 44 years old	3,757	3,683	84	83	368	359	4.4	4.3
45 to 64 years old	7,723	8,120	116	118	575	582	5.0	4.9
65 to 74 years old	4,642	4,861	254	265	1,412	1,429	5.6	5.4
75 years old and over.	8,085	8,356	467	475	2,795	2,776	6.0	5.8
Race:								
White	20,806	21,292	90	91	436	437	4.9	4.8
Black	3,995	4,102	109	111	584	611	5.3	5.5
Asian/Pacific Islander	538	550	45	44	243	231	5.4	5.2
American Indian/ Eskimo/Aleut	173	120	63	43	330	224	5.2	5.2
Region:								
Northeast	6,990	7,267	129	134	727	735	5.6	5.5
Midwest	7,503	7,786	115	119	512	520	4.4	4.4
South	12,994	13,055	127	126	618	610	4.9	4.9
West	6,239	6,631	96	100	430	455	4.5	4.5

¹ Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. Population estimates based on the 2000 Census were used to calculate rates.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13; and unpublished data. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/ser.htm>>.

Table 166. **Hospital Discharges and Days of Care by Sex: 2003**

[13,874 represents 13,874,000. Represents estimates of inpatients discharged from noninstitutional, short-stay hospitals, exclusive of federal hospitals. Diagnostic categories are based on the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification. See headline, Table 164]

Age and first-listed diagnosis	Discharges		Days of care per 1,000 persons ¹	Average stay (days)	Age and first-listed diagnosis	Discharges		Days of care per 1,000 persons ¹	Average stay (days)
	Number (1,000)	Per 1,000 persons ¹				Number (1,000)	Per 1,000 persons ¹		
MALE					FEMALE				
All ages ²	13,874	104.4	546.7	5.2	All ages ²	20,864	135.1	605.2	4.5
Under 18 years ³	1,679	44.9	200.0	4.5	Under 18 years ³	1,504	42.2	190.9	4.5
Pneumonia	221	5.9	19.1	3.2	Pneumonia	159	4.5	13.9	3.1
Injuries and poisoning	207	5.5	21.6	3.9	Injuries and poisoning	128	3.6	15.4	6.4
Fracture, all sites	77	2.0	6.1	3.0	Asthma	46	1.3	6.1	6.2
18 to 44 years ³	2,683	47.7	236.0	4.9	18 to 44 years ³	7,537	135.2	444.2	3.3
Injuries and poisoning	470	8.4	40.8	4.9	Delivery	3,874	69.5	179.6	2.6
Serious mental illness ⁴	323	5.8	46.2	8.0	Serious mental illness ⁴	333	6.0	48.2	8.1
Alcohol and drug ^{4,5}	203	3.6	14.9	4.1	Injuries and poisoning	268	4.8	18.9	3.9
Fracture, all sites	171	3.0	15.5	5.1					
45 to 64 years ³	4,016	120.1	605.0	5.0	45 to 64 years ³	4,104	116.5	560.9	4.8
Diseases of heart	827	24.7	99.0	4.0	Diseases of heart	498	14.1	59.7	4.2
Ischemic heart disease	494	14.8	56.1	3.8	Injuries and poisoning	310	8.8	48.8	5.5
Injuries and poisoning	369	11.0	60.9	5.5	Ischemic heart disease	242	6.9	25.0	3.6
Malignant neoplasms	221	6.6	44.7	6.7	Malignant neoplasms	226	6.4	37.9	5.9
Acute myocardial infarction	161	4.8	25.0	5.2					
Serious mental illness ⁴	147	4.4	39.9	9.1	65 to 74 years ³	2,552	255.5	1,398.4	5.5
65 to 74 years ³	2,309	276.5	1,465.3	5.3	Diseases of heart	480	48.0	229.6	4.8
Diseases of heart	553	66.3	290.0	4.4	Ischemic heart disease	205	20.5	86.8	4.2
Ischemic heart disease	294	35.2	147.4	4.2	Injuries and poisoning	184	18.5	103.2	5.6
Malignant neoplasms	161	19.3	124.7	6.5	Malignant neoplasms	144	14.5	98.5	6.8
					Osteoarthritis	132	13.2	54.7	4.1
75 years old and over ³	3,188	483.1	2,844.9	5.9	75 years old and over ³	5,168	470.5	2,734.8	5.8
Diseases of heart	728	110.3	560.2	5.1	Diseases of heart	1,067	97.2	480.1	4.9
Ischemic heart disease	311	47.2	238.8	5.1	Injuries and poisoning	507	46.2	271.0	5.9
Pneumonia	262	39.7	245.2	6.2	Ischemic heart disease	352	32.1	150.8	4.7
Injuries and poisoning	228	34.6	226.1	6.5	Pneumonia	327	29.7	189.9	6.4
Congestive heart failure	205	31.1	170.6	5.5	Congestive heart failure	325	29.6	159.4	5.4
Cerebrovascular diseases	192	29.1	142.2	4.9					

¹ Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. ² Average length of stay and rates per 1,000 population are age-adjusted to the year 2000 standard using five age groups: Under 18 years, 18-44 years, 45-64 years, 65-74 years, and 75 years and over. ³ Includes other first-listed diagnoses not shown separately. ⁴ Excludes discharges from facilities such as the Department of Veterans Affairs or long-term hospitals. ⁵ Includes abuse, dependence, and withdrawal. ⁶ Estimates are considered unreliable. Data has a relative standard error of 20 to 30 percent.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States 2005*. See also <www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>.

Table 167. **Organ Transplants and Grafts: 1990 to 2004**

[As of end of year. Based on reports of procurement programs and transplant centers in the United States, except as noted]

Procedure	Number of procedures						Number of centers		Number of people waiting, 2004	1-year patient survival rates, 2003 (percent)
	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	1990	2004		
Transplant: ¹										
Heart	2,095	2,342	2,172	2,153	2,057	2,016	148	134	3,133	87.7
Heart-lung	52	69	47	33	29	39	79	60	164	56.4
Lung	203	869	955	1,042	1,085	1,173	70	68	3,521	82.8
Liver	2,631	3,818	4,816	5,326	5,671	6,168	85	123	17,409	86.3
Kidney	9,358	10,957	13,258	14,741	15,129	16,000	232	246	62,454	98
Kidney-pancreas	459	915	910	903	871	880	(NA)	(NA)	2,461	95.5
Pancreas	60	103	420	546	502	604	84	138	1,685	94.2
Intestine	1	21	29	107	116	152	(NA)	46	189	82.4
Multi-organ	71	124	213	320	350	438	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Cornea grafts ²	40,631	44,652	46,949	46,625	46,436	46,841	3107	388	(NA)	(NA)
Bone grafts(1,000)	350	450	800	1,050	1,200	1,500	30	61	(X)	(NA)
Skin grafts ^{4,5}	5,500	5,500	13,000	15,000	16,000	19,000	25	44	(X)	(NA)

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Kidney-pancreas and heart-lung transplants are each counted as one organ. All other multi-organ transplants, excluding kidney-pancreas and heart-lung, are included in the multi-organ row. Based on the Organ Procurement and Transplant Network (OPTN) as of July 18, 2005. The data have been supplied by UNOS under contract with HHS. This work was supported in part by Health Resources and Services Administration contract 231-00-0015. The authors alone are responsible for the reporting and interpretation of these data. Data subject to change based on future data submission or correction. ² 1990-1992, number of procedures and eye banks include Canada. From 1993 on, the data is for the U.S. only. ³ Eye banks. ⁴ Procedure data are shown in terms of square feet. ⁵ Data for 2000-2003 has been revised.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, Office of Special Programs, Division of Transplantation, Rockville, MD; United Network for Organ Sharing (UNOS), Richmond, VA; University Neural Research and Education Association, Ann Arbor, MI; American Association of Tissue Banks, McLean, VA; and Eye Bank and Eye Bank Association of America, Washington, DC; and unpublished data. See also <www.optn.org/latestdata/rptData>.

Table 168. **Procedures for Inpatients Discharged From Short-Stay Hospitals: 1990 to 2003**

[23,051 represents 23,051,000. Procedure categories are based on the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification. See headnote, Table 164]

Sex and type of procedure	Number of procedures (1,000)				Rate per 1,000 population ¹			
	1990	1995	2000	2003	1990	1995	2000	2003
Surgical procedures, total ²	23,051	22,530	23,244	25,826	92.4	86.2	83.6	89.2
Cardiac catheterization	995	1,068	1,221	1,257	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.3
Removal of coronary artery obstruction ³	285	434	1,025	1,244	1.2	1.7	3.7	4.3
Repair of current obstetric laceration	795	964	1,136	1,198	3.2	3.7	4.1	4.1
Cesarean section	945	785	855	1,130	3.8	3.0	3.1	3.9
Reduction of fracture	609	577	628	643	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.2
Male, total ²	8,538	8,388	8,689	9,878	70.6	65.9	63.9	69.6
Removal of coronary artery obstruction ³	200	285	655	812	1.7	2.2	4.8	5.7
Cardiac catheterization	620	660	732	763	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.4
Coronary artery bypass graft	286	423	371	346	2.4	3.3	2.7	2.4
Female, total ²	14,513	14,142	14,556	15,948	113.0	105.3	102.4	108.1
Repair of current obstetric laceration	795	964	1,136	1,198	6.2	7.2	8.0	8.1
Cesarean section	945	785	855	1,130	7.4	5.8	6.0	7.7
Hysterectomy	591	583	633	615	4.6	4.3	4.5	4.2
Diagnostic and other nonsurgical procedures ⁵	17,455	17,278	16,737	18,063	70.0	66.1	60.2	62.4
Angiocardiography and arteriography ⁶	1,735	1,834	2,005	1,984	7.0	7.0	7.2	6.9
Respiratory therapy	1,164	1,127	991	1,154	4.7	4.3	3.6	4.0
Manual assisted delivery	750	866	898	977	3.0	3.3	3.2	3.4
CAT scan ⁷	1,506	967	754	867	6.0	3.7	2.7	3.0
Diagnostic ultrasound	1,608	1,181	886	866	6.4	4.5	3.2	3.0
Male, total ⁵	7,378	7,261	6,965	7,560	61.0	57.1	51.2	53.3
Angiocardiography and arteriography ⁶	1,051	1,076	1,157	1,120	8.7	8.5	8.5	7.9
Respiratory therapy	586	572	507	592	4.9	4.5	3.7	4.2
CAT scan ⁷	736	473	345	402	6.1	3.7	2.5	2.8
Female, total ⁵	10,077	10,016	9,772	10,503	78.5	74.6	68.8	71.2
Manual assisted delivery	750	866	898	977	5.9	6.5	6.3	6.6
Fetal EKG and fetal monitoring	1,377	935	750	829	10.8	7.0	5.5	5.6
Diagnostic ultrasound	941	682	501	464	7.3	5.1	3.5	3.1

¹ Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. Population estimates based on the 1990 Census were used to calculate rates for 1990 and 1995. Population estimates based on the 2000 census were used to calculate rates for 2000 and 2003. ² Includes other types of surgical procedures not shown separately. ³ Beginning 1996, includes separately coded "insertion of stent." ⁴ Excluding skull, nose, and jaw. ⁵ Includes other nonsurgical procedures not shown separately. ⁶ Using contrast material. ⁷ Computerized axial tomography.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, series 13; and unpublished data. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/ser.htm>>

Table 169. **Hospital Utilization Measures for HIV Patients: 1990 to 2003**

[HIV represents human immunodeficiency virus. See headnote, Table 164]

Measure of utilization	Unit	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of patients discharged	1,000	146	249	173	185	189	207
Rate of patient discharges ¹	Rate	5.8	9.4	6.2	6.5	6.6	7.2
Number of days of care	1,000	2,188	2,326	1,257	1,435	1,322	1,696
Rate of days of care	Rate	86.9	87.6	45.2	50.6	46.0	58.6
Average length of stay	Days	14.9	9.3	7.3	7.8	7.0	8.2

¹ Per 10,000 population. Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. Beginning in 1997, rates are based on civilian population estimates that have been adjusted for net underenumeration in the 1990 census. Population estimates for the 2000 census were first used to calculate rates in 2001. The 2000 population estimates were based on the 1990 census.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13; and unpublished data. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/ser.htm>>

Table 170. **Skilled Nursing Facilities: 1980 to 2003**

[(436 represents 436,000). Covers facilities and beds certified for participation under Medicare and are deemed to meet Medicaid standards. Includes facilities which have transfer agreements with one or more participating hospitals, and are engaged primarily in providing skilled nursing care and related services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled, or sick persons]

Item	Unit	1980 ¹	1990 ¹	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002 ²	2003 ²
Skilled nursing facilities	Number	5,052	8,937	13,122	14,913	14,913	14,841	14,755	14,838
Beds	1,000	436	509	652	837	837	939	1,050	1,261
Per 1,000 Medicare enrollees ³	Rate	20.0	15.2	17.7	21.6	21.3	23.7	26.2	31.1

¹ Facility data are as of July 1. ² Facility data are as of December 31. ³ Based on total number of beneficiaries enrolled in the medicare hospital insurance program as of July 1 of year stated.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Data Compendium 2003, Other Medicare Providers and Suppliers. <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/researchers/pubs/datacompendium/2003/03pg56b.pdf>>

Table 171. **Home Health and Hospice Care Patients by Selected Characteristics: 2000**

[In percent, except as indicated (1,460.8 represents 1,460,800). Based on the National Home and Hospice Care Survey. Home health care is provided to individuals and families in their place of residence. Hospice care is available in both the home and inpatient settings.]

Item	Current patients ¹			Discharges ²		
	Total	Home health care	Hospice care	Total	Home health care	Hospice care
Total (1,000)	1,460.8	1,355.3	105.5	7,800.1	7,179.0	621.1
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION						
Age:						
Under 45 years old	13.2	13.9	4.5	13.7	14.5	3.9
45-54 years old	6.5	6.7	5.1	6.2	6.3	5.0
55-64 years old	8.9	8.9	8.9	10.2	10.0	11.5
65 years old and over	71.3	70.5	81.4	70.0	69.1	79.6
65-69 years old	7.1	7.1	7.3	9.4	9.4	10.1
70-74 years old	10.2	10.2	9.9	11.1	10.8	14.5
75-79 years old	17.1	16.8	20.9	15.5	15.8	12.5
80-84 years old	14.6	14.5	16.1	16.2	16.2	15.9
85 years old and over	22.3	21.9	27.2	17.8	17.0	26.5
Sex:						
Male	35.8	35.2	42.6	37.3	36.2	49.8
Female	64.2	64.8	57.4	62.7	63.8	50.2
Race:						
White	76.3	76.0	82.8	79.5	79.1	84.1
Black	12.4	12.6	10.6	9.8	10.0	8.1
Unknown	9.0	9.4	5.0	8.3	8.5	5.5

¹ Patients on the rolls of the agency as of midnight the day prior to the survey. ² Patients removed from the rolls of the agency during the 12 months prior to the day of the survey. A patient could be included more than once if the individual had more than one episode of care during the year. ³ For current patients, current age for discharged patients, age at time of discharge. Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, U.S., 2002* <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>>.

Table 172. **Nursing Homes—Selected Characteristics: 1999**

[Beds: 1,624 represents 1,624,000. Covers licensed and/or certified nursing homes in the conterminous United States that had three or more beds. Based on the 1999 National Nursing Home Survey, a two-stage survey sample of nursing homes and their residents. Subject to sampling variability.]

Characteristic	Nursing homes	Beds		Current residents		Full-time equivalent employment			
		Number (1,000)	Per nursing home	Number (1,000)	Occu-pancy rate ¹	Administrative, medical, and therapeutic		Nursing	
						Number (1,000)	Rate per 100 beds	Number (1,000)	Rate per 100 beds
Total	18,000	1,965	109	1,627	82.8	96.6	4.9	961	48.9
Certification:									
Medicare and medicaid certified	14,700	1,698	116	1,414	83.3	83.2	4.9	842	49.6
Medicare only	2,600	49	82	37	75.5	2.8	5.7	26	53.1
Medicaid only	2,100	177	89	143	80.8	9.0	5.1	75	42.4
Not certified	2,500	40	80	33	82.5	1.6	4.0	18	45.0
Bed size:									
Less than 50 beds	2,000	72	36	59	81.9	7.1	9.9	43	59.7
50-99 beds	7,000	503	72	414	82.3	28.8	5.7	252	50.1
100-199 beds	7,500	998	133	826	82.8	45.0	4.5	476	47.7
200 beds or more	1,400	392	280	328	83.7	15.7	4.0	190	48.5

¹ Number of residents divided by number of available beds multiplied by 100. ² Figure does not meet standards of reliability or precision. Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Vital and Health Statistics, *Series 13, No. 152, The National Nursing Home Survey: 1999 Summary*. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/fastats/nursingh.htm>>.

Table 173. **Mental Health Facilities—Summary by Type of Facility: 2002**

[Beds: 211.2 represents 211,200. Facilities, beds and inpatients as of year-end. Excludes private psychiatric office practice and psychiatric service modes of all types in hospitals or outpatient clinics of federal agencies other than U.S. Dept. of Veterans Affairs. Excludes data from Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Guam, and other territories]

Type of facility	Number of facilities	Inpatient beds		Inpatients		Inpatient care episodes ² (1,000)
		Total (1,000)	Rate ¹	Total (1,000)	Rate ¹	
Total	4,301	211.2	73.3	180.5	62.7	2,443
Mental hospitals:						
State and county	222	57.2	19.9	52.6	18.3	294
Private ³	761	64.1	22.3	53.6	18.6	506
General hospitals ⁴	1,285	40.2	14.0	28.5	9.9	1,123
Veterans Administration ⁵	140	9.7	3.4	8.4	2.9	198
Other ⁶	1,893	39.9	13.9	37.5	13.0	178

¹ Rate per 100,000 population. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. ² "Inpatient care episodes" is defined as the number of residents in inpatient facilities at the beginning of the year plus the total additions to inpatient facilities during the year. ³ Includes residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children. ⁴ Non-federal hospitals with separate psychiatric services. ⁵ Includes U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) neuropsychiatric hospitals, VA general hospitals with separate psychiatric settings and VA freestanding psychiatric outpatient clinics. ⁶ Includes other multiservice mental health facilities with two or more settings, which are not elsewhere classified, as well as freestanding partial care facilities which only provide psychiatric partial care services. Number of facilities, expenditures, and staff data also include freestanding psychiatric partial care facilities. Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Center for Mental Health Services, unpublished data. See also <<http://www.mentalhealth.samhsa.gov/cmhs/MentalHealthStatistics/>>.

Table 174. **Injury and Poisoning Episodes and Conditions by Age and Sex: 2003**

[23,782 represents 23,782,000. Covers all medically attended injuries and poisonings occurring during the 3-month period prior to the survey interview. Age adjustment is used to adjust for differences in the age distribution of populations being compared. There may be more than one condition per episode. Based on the redesigned National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

	Both sexes								
External cause and nature of injury	Total	Total, age-ad- ¹ justed	Under 12 years old	12 to 21 years old	22 to 44 years old	45 to 64 years old	65 years old and over	Male, total	Female, total
EPISODES									
Number (1,000)	23,782	(X)	3,473	4,493	8,229	4,725	2,862	12,739	11,043
Annual rate per 1,000 population, total ²	83.2	82.1	72.3	110.1	86.9	69.2	83.5	91.3	75.4
Fall	28.0	27.4	27.6	33.1	19.1	22.5	58.0	26.2	29.7
Struck by or against a person or an object ³	10.5	9.7	12.8	22.8	9.0	7.3	4 ² .7	14.1	7.0
Transportation	13.2	12.9	8.3	22.7	17.4	8.2	7.3	14.6	11.9
Overexertion	11.8	12.0	4.0	12.0	17.2	13.0	5.0	13.3	10.3
Cutting, piercing instruments	6.6	6.8	4 ⁵ .34	5.7	9.2	6.1	4 ³ .0	8.6	4.6
Poisoning ⁵	2.5	2.4	4 ⁴ .24	4 ³ .6	2.2	4 ¹ .94	4 ¹ .1	2.6	2.5
CONDITIONS									
Annual rate per 1,000 population, total ²	105.7	104.6	81.7	137.9	113.3	89.1	113.1	112.3	99.4
Sprains/strains	22.0	21.9	6.8	33.7	31.4	18.6	10.5	23.1	21.0
Open wounds	13.6	13.6	20.6	14.0	13.7	11.6	7.4	17.5	9.9
Fractures	15.8	15.4	14.1	20.5	12.6	12.0	28.7	16.7	14.9
Contusions	8.1	7.8	4.7	11.6	6.3	7.7	14.4	7.5	8.7

X Not applicable. ¹ Data were age-adjusted using the 2000 standard population. ² Includes other items not shown separately. ³ Includes the categories "Motor vehicle traffic"; "Pedal cycle, other"; "Pedestrian, other"; and "Transport, other". ⁴ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁵ Poisoning episodes are assumed to have a single condition resulting from the episode.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/injury.htm>>.

Table 175. **Injuries Associated With Consumer Products: 2002**

[Estimates calculated from a representative sample of hospitals with emergency treatment departments in the United States. Data are estimates of the number of emergency room treated cases nationwide associated with various products. Product involvement does not necessarily mean the product caused the accident. Products were selected from the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission's National Electronic Injury Surveillance System]

Product	Number	Product	Number
Home workshop equipment:		Sofas, couches, davenports, etc.	135,190
Saws (hand or power)	92,384	Home entertainment equipment:	
Hammers	36,894	Televisions	42,811
Household packaging and containers:		Personal use items:	
Household containers and packaging	216,498	Footwear	114,454
Bottles and jars	76,487	Wheelchairs	95,228
Housewares:		Jewelry	73,943
Knives	441,250	Yard and garden equipment:	
Tableware and flatware	106,852	Lawn mowers	72,480
Drinking glasses	86,909	Sports and recreation equipment:	
Home furnishings:		Bicycles	521,328
Beds	495,050	All-terrain vehicles	113,900
Tables ¹	307,843	Skateboards	113,192
Chairs	298,234	Trampolines	89,393
Household cabinets, racks, and shelves	261,622	Swimming pools	82,304
Bathbaths and showers	216,221	Playground climbing equipment	81,745
Ladders	163,417		

¹ Excludes baby changing and television tables or stands.

Source: National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, *Injury Facts, Annual*(copyright). <<http://www.nsc.org/lrs/statstop.htm>>

Table 176. **Costs of Unintentional Injuries: 2003**

[607.7 represents \$607,700,000,000. Covers costs of deaths or disabling injuries together with vehicle accidents and fires]

Cost	Amount (bil. dol.)					Percent distribution				
	Total ¹	Motor vehicle	Work	Home	Other	Total ¹	Motor vehicle	Work	Home	Other
Total	607.7	240.7	156.2	135.1	95.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Wage and productivity losses ²	301.5	82.4	78.3	84.3	60.5	49.6	34.2	50.1	62.4	63.4
Medical expense	118.7	31.5	30.9	33.5	24.4	19.5	13.1	19.8	24.8	25.6
Administrative expenses	103.7	75.8	28.7	6.0	4.9	17.1	31.5	18.4	4.4	5.1
Motor vehicle damage	48.8	48.8	2.0	(NA)	(NA)	8.0	20.3	1.3	(NA)	(NA)
Employer uninsured cost ⁴	24.5	2.2	13.7	5.0	4.0	4.0	0.9	8.8	3.7	4.2
Fire loss	10.5	(NA)	2.6	6.3	1.6	1.7	(NA)	1.7	4.7	1.7

NA Not available. ¹ Excludes duplication between work and motor vehicle. ² \$19.7 billion in 2003). ³ Actual loss of wages and household production, and the present value of future earnings lost. ⁴ Home and other costs may include costs of administering medical treatment claims for some motor-vehicle injuries filed through health insurance plans. ⁵ Estimate of the uninsured costs incurred by employers, representing the money value of time lost by noninjured workers.

Source: National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, *Injury Facts, Annual*(copyright). <<http://www.nsc.org/lrs/statstop.htm>>

Table 177. Specified Reportable Diseases—Cases Reported: 1980 to 2003

[190.9 represents 190,900. Figures should be interpreted with caution. Although reporting of some of these diseases is incomplete, the figures are of value in indicating trends of disease incidence. Includes cases imported from outside the United States]

Disease	1980	1985	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
AIDS ¹	(²)	8,249	41,595	71,547	45,104	40,758	41,868	42,745	44,232
Botulism	89	122	92	97	154	138	155	118	129
Brucellosis (undulant fever)	183	153	85	98	82	87	136	125	104
Chickenpox (Varicella) ⁴ (1,000)	190.9	178.2	173.1	120.6	46.0	27.4	22.5	22.8	20.9
Coccidioidomycosis	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	2,826	2,867	3,922	4,968	4,870
Cholera	9	4	6	23	6	5	3	2	2
Cryptosporidiosis	(²)	(²)	(²)	(NA)	2,361	3,128	3,785	3,016	3,506
Diphtheria	3	3	4	-	1	1	2	1	1
Encephalitis/meningitis, arboviral West Nile	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	2,840	2,866
Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli O157:H7	(²)	(²)	(²)	2,139	4,513	4,528	3,287	3,840	2,671
Haemophilus influenza	(²)	(²)	(²)	1,180	1,309	1,398	1,597	1,743	2,013
Hansen disease (Leprosy)	223	361	198	144	108	91	79	96	95
Hepatitis: B (serum) (1,000)	19.0	26.6	21.1	10.8	7.7	8.0	7.8	8.0	7.5
A (infectious) (1,000)	29.1	23.2	31.4	31.6	17.0	13.4	10.6	8.8	7.7
C/Non-A, non-B (1,000) ⁵	(²)	4.2	2.6	4.6	3.1	3.2	4.0	1.8	1.1
Legionellosis	(²)	830	1,370	1,241	1,108	1,127	1,168	1,321	2,232
Lyme disease	(²)	(²)	(²)	11,700	16,273	17,730	17,029	23,763	21,273
Malaria	2,062	1,049	1,292	1,419	1,666	1,560	1,544	1,430	1,402
Measles (1,000)	13.5	2.8	27.8	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	0.1
Meningococcal infections	2,840	2,479	2,451	3,243	2,501	2,256	2,333	1,814	1,756
Mumps (1,000)	8.6	3.0	5.3	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2
Pertussis ⁶ (1,000)	1.7	3.6	4.6	5.1	7.3	7.9	7.6	9.8	11.6
Plague	18	17	2	9	9	6	2	2	1
Poliomyelitis, acute ⁷	9	7	6	7	2	-	-	-	-
Psittacosis	124	119	113	64	16	17	25	18	12
Rabies, animal	6,421	5,565	4,826	7,811	6,730	6,934	7,150	7,609	6,846
Rabies, human	-	1	1	5	-	4	1	3	2
Rocky Mountain spotted fever	1,163	714	651	590	579	495	695	1,104	1,091
Rubella ⁸	3,904	630	1,125	128	267	176	23	18	7
Salmonellosis ⁹ (1,000)	33.7	65.3	48.6	46.0	40.6	39.6	40.5	44.3	43.7
Shigellosis ¹⁰ (1,000)	19.0	17.1	27.1	32.1	17.5	22.9	20.2	23.5	23.6
Streptococcal disease, invasive, Group A	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	2,667	3,144	3,750	4,720	5,872
Streptococcus pneumoniae, invasive:									
Drug-resistant	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	4,625	4,533	2,896	2,546	2,356
Age less than 5 years	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	498	513	845
Tetanus	95	83	64	41	40	35	37	25	20
Toxic-shock syndrome	(²)	384	322	191	113	135	127	109	133
Trichinosis	131	61	129	29	12	16	22	14	6
Tuberculosis ¹¹ (1,000)	27.7	22.2	25.7	22.9	17.5	16.4	16.0	15.1	14.9
Typhoid fever	510	402	552	369	346	377	368	321	356
Sexually transmitted diseases:									
Gonorrhea (1,000)	1,004	911	690	393	360	359	362	352	335
Syphilis (1,000)	69	68	134	69	36	32	32	34	34
Chlamydia (1,000)	(²)	(²)	(²)	478	657	702	783	835	877
Chancroid	788	2,067	4,212	606	143	78	38	67	54

- Represents zero or rounds to zero. ¹ Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome was not a notifiable disease until 1984. Figures are shown for years in which cases were reported to the CDC. Beginning 1995, based on revised classification system and expanded surveillance case definition. ² Disease was not notifiable. ³ Includes foodborne, infant, wound, and unspecified cases. ⁴ Chickenpox was taken off the nationally notifiable list in 1991, but many states continue to report. ⁵ Includes some persons positive for antibody to hepatitis C virus who do not have hepatitis. ⁶ Whooping cough. ⁷ Revised. Data subject to annual revisions. ⁸ German measles. Excludes rubella, congenital syndrome. ⁹ Excludes typhoid fever. ¹⁰ Bacillary dysentery. ¹¹ Newly reported active cases.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *Summary of Notifiable Diseases, United States, 2003, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 52, No. 54, April 22, 2005.

Table 178. Children Immunized Against Specified Diseases: 1995 to 2003

[In percent. Covers civilian noninstitutionalized population ages 19 months to 35 months. Based on estimates from the National Immunization Survey. The health care providers of the children are contacted to verify and/or complete vaccination information. Results are based on race/ethnic status of the child]

Vaccination			2003					
	1995, total	2000, total	Total	White non- Hispanic	Black non- Hispanic	Hispanic	American Indian/ Alaska Native ¹	Asian ¹
Diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis (DTP)								
diphtheria-tetanus:								
3+ doses	95	94	96.0	96.8	95.2	94.8	93.6	97.0
4+ doses	79	82	84.8	87.5	79.9	81.9	80.1	88.5
Polio: 3+ doses	88	90	91.6	93.0	89.2	90.1	91.3	91.3
Hib ² : 3+ doses	92	93	93.9	95.1	92.4	93.1	88.8	91.1
Measles, mumps, rubella vaccine . .	90	91	93.0	93.2	92.1	92.7	91.8	96.0
Hepatitis B: 3+ doses	68	90	92.4	93.2	91.6	91.2	90.3	93.6
Varicella ³	(NA)	68	84.8	83.8	85.4	85.7	81.4	91.1
4+ DTP/3+ polio/1+ MCV ⁴	76	78	82.2	85.0	76.7	79.3	78.5	83.8
4+ DTP/3+ polio/1+ MCV/3+ Hib. . .	74	76	81.3	84.3	75.2	78.7	76.9	80.7

NA Not available. ¹ Non-Hispanic. ² Haemophilus B. ³ Data collection for varicella (chicken pox) began in July 1996. ⁴ MCV = Measles containing vaccine.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, National Immunization Program, Data and Statistics, "Immunization Coverage in the U.S.," <http://www.cdc.gov/nip/coverage/default.htm>.

Table 179. **Reported AIDS Cases for Adults and Adolescents, by Transmission Category and Sex: Cumulative Through 2003**

[Provisional. For cases reported in the year shown. Includes Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Guam, and U.S. Pacific Islands. Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) is a specific group of diseases or conditions which are indicative of severe immunosuppression related to infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). Data are subject to retrospective changes and may differ from those data in Table 177]

	2003			Cumulative through 2003 ¹		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Persons 13 years old and over, total	44,811	33,250	11,561	892,875	729,478	163,396
Male-to-male sexual contact	15,859	15,859	(X)	401,392	401,392	(X)
Injection drug use	7,128	4,866	2,262	218,196	156,575	61,621
Men who have sex with men and injecting drug use	1,695	1,695	(X)	57,998	57,998	(X)
Hemophilia/coagulation disorder	85	74	11	5,448	5,130	318
Heterosexual contact	8,605	3,371	5,234	111,147	40,947	70,200
Sex with injection drug user	1,462	477	985	35,078	10,930	24,148
Sex with bisexual male	223	(X)	223	4,402	(X)	4,402
Sex with person with hemophilia	23	7	16	545	80	465
Sex with HIV-infected transfusion recipient	61	24	37	1,210	505	705
Sex with HIV-infected person, risk not specified	6,836	2,863	3,973	69,912	29,432	40,480
Receipt of blood transfusion, blood components, or tissue	219	111	108	9,295	5,219	4,076
Other/risk not reported or identified	11,220	7,274	3,946	89,399	62,217	27,181

X Not applicable. ¹ Includes persons with characteristics unknown.
Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report*, Volume 15. <<http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/stats/hasrlink.htm>>.

Table 180. **Estimated Persons Living With Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS) by Year and Selected Characteristics: 1999 to 2003**

[These numbers do not represent actual cases of persons living with AIDS. Rather, these numbers are point estimates of persons living with AIDS that have been adjusted for reporting delays and for redistribution of cases in persons initially reported without an identified risk. The estimates have not been adjusted for incomplete reporting.]

Age and characteristic	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Total ¹	311,205	334,731	357,040	380,771	405,926
AGE AS OF END OF YEAR					
Less than 13 years old	3,034	2,843	2,605	2,335	1,998
13 and 14 years old	440	517	645	728	768
15 to 24 years	4,719	4,991	5,229	5,668	6,313
25 to 34 years	60,184	56,686	53,687	51,410	49,906
35 to 44 years	141,295	151,180	158,173	163,732	168,322
45 to 54 years	77,216	89,461	102,252	115,613	129,311
55 to 64 years	19,258	22,922	27,197	32,703	38,997
65 years old and over	5,058	6,132	7,251	8,583	10,310
RACE/ETHNICITY					
White, not Hispanic	119,674	126,162	132,258	139,089	146,544
Black, not Hispanic	126,044	137,524	148,469	160,022	172,278
Hispanic	61,194	66,266	71,034	75,782	80,623
Asian/Pacific Islander	2,484	2,755	3,056	3,414	3,826
American Indian/Alaska Native	1,047	1,166	1,262	1,380	1,498
MALE ADULT/ADOLESCENT TRANSMISSION CATEGORY					
Males 13 years old and over, total	244,291	261,223	277,366	294,767	313,183
Male-to-male sexual contact	140,216	150,172	160,076	171,035	182,989
Injection drug use	58,006	61,249	63,723	66,003	68,191
Male-to-male sexual contact and injection drug use	21,667	22,403	23,033	23,690	24,334
Heterosexual contact	20,595	23,478	26,471	29,835	33,324
Other ²	3,807	3,922	4,062	4,204	4,345
FEMALE ADULT/ADOLESCENT TRANSMISSION CATEGORY					
Females 13 years old and over, total	63,093	69,647	75,765	82,052	88,815
Injection drug use	25,744	27,317	28,602	29,670	30,710
Heterosexual contact	35,603	40,422	45,097	50,142	55,685
Other ²	1,746	1,908	2,067	2,239	2,420

¹ Includes persons of unknown or multiple race and of unknown sex. ² Includes hemophilia, blood transfusion, perinatal, and risk not reported or not identified.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report*, Volume 15. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/stats/hasrlink.htm>>.

Table 181. **AIDS, Syphilis, and Tuberculosis Cases Reported by State: 2003**

State	AIDS	Syphilis	Tuber- culosis	State	AIDS	Syphilis	Tuber- culosis	State	AIDS	Syphilis	Tuber- culosis
U.S. ...	144,232	34,270	14,874	KS	111	77	75	ND	2	2	6
AL	471	566	258	KY	220	160	138	OH	775	481	229
AK	17	8	57	LA	1,048	1,576	260	OK	214	353	163
AZ	628	1,106	295	ME	52	21	25	OR	242	118	106
AR	189	296	127	MD	1,572	974	268	PA	1,906	706	336
CA	5,967	4,202	3,227	MA	757	644	261	RI	102	90	46
CO	368	144	111	MI	676	860	243	SC	778	548	254
CT	733	207	111	MN	179	195	214	SD	13	5	20
DE	216	47	33	MO	509	435	128	TN	835	876	285
DC	961	330	79	MS	404	207	131	TX	3,413	3,996	1,594
FL	4,774	3,282	1,046	MT	7	-	7	UT	75	72	39
GA	1,907	2,152	526	NE	60	27	28	VT	16	1	9
HI	110	59	117	NV	279	149	107	VA	786	552	332
ID	25	45	13	NH	37	37	15	WA	527	239	250
IL	1,734	1,376	633	NJ	1,514	1,089	495	WV	95	11	21
IN	506	375	143	NM	111	205	49	WI	184	111	66
IA	75	46	40	NY	6,722	4,360	1,480	WY	8	4	4
				NC	1,102	848	374				

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes cases among persons with unknown state of residence.
Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *Summary of Notifiable Diseases, United States, 2003, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 52, No. 54, April 22, 2005.

Table 182. **Persons with Limitation of Activity Caused by Chronic Conditions: 2000 to 2003**

[In percent. Limitation of activity is assessed by asking respondents a series of questions about limitations in their ability to perform activities usual for their age group because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem. Respondents are asked about limitations in activities of daily living, or instrumental activities of daily living, play, school, work, difficulty walking or remembering, and any other activity limitations. For reported limitations the causal health conditions are determined and respondents are considered limited if one or more of these conditions is chronic. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Characteristic	2000	2001	2002	2003	Characteristic	2000	2001	2002	2003
Total ^{1, 2}	11.7	12.1	12.4	12.1	Male ²	11.7	12.2	12.3	11.9
Under 18 years	6.0	6.7	7.1	6.9	Female ²	11.5	11.9	12.3	12.2
18 to 44 years	5.8	6.1	6.3	6.0	White, non-Hispanic ²	11.5	11.8	12.1	11.8
45 to 54 years	12.4	13.1	13.7	13.0	Black, non-Hispanic ²	14.3	15.6	14.9	15.3
55 to 64 years	19.7	20.7	21.1	21.1	Hispanic ^{2, 3}	10.3	10.6	10.7	10.2
65 to 74 years	26.1	26.0	25.2	26.3	Mexican	10.4	10.3	10.8	9.7
75 years and over	45.1	44.7	45.1	44.0					

¹ Includes all other races not shown separately. ² Estimates for all persons are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using six age groups: Under 18 years, 18-44 years, 45-54 years, 55-64 years, 65-74 years, and 75 years and over. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.
Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2005*. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>>.

Table 183. **Persons 65 Years Old and Over With Limitation of Activity Caused by Chronic Conditions: 2000 to 2003**

[In percent. Covers noninstitutionalized persons 65 years old and over. To determine activities of daily living (ADL) limitations respondents were asked "Because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem, does (this person) need the help of other persons with personal care needs, such as eating, bathing, dressing, or getting around inside this home?" Instrumental activities of daily living (IADL) were determined by asking respondents "Because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem, does (this person) need the help of other persons in handling routine needs, such as everyday household chores, doing necessary business, shopping, or getting around for other purposes?" See also headline, Table 182]

Characteristic	Percent with ADL limitation				Percent with IADL limitation			
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2000	2001	2002	2003
Total ^{1, 2}	6.3	6.4	6.1	6.4	12.7	12.6	12.2	12.2
65 to 74 years	3.3	3.4	2.7	3.1	6.6	6.7	6.0	6.5
75 years and over	9.5	9.6	9.8	9.9	19.3	18.9	18.9	18.4
Male ²	5.1	6.1	4.7	5.2	9.2	9.6	7.8	8.6
Female ²	7.0	6.6	7.0	7.2	15.1	14.6	15.2	14.6
Not Hispanic or Latino ²	6.1	6.1	5.9	6.1	12.6	12.3	12.1	12.1
White	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.7	12.1	11.6	11.5	11.4
Black or African American	10.1	11.8	9.9	10.4	19.1	18.7	18.4	19.0
Hispanic or Latino ^{2, 3}	8.6	11.2	9.2	10.3	13.4	17.0	13.1	13.8
Mexican	9.4	10.6	10.1	9.8	16.3	17.0	13.9	15.1

¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using two age groups: 65-74 years and 75 years and over. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.
Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2005*.

Table 184. **Persons 18 Years and Over With Selected Diseases and Conditions, by Selected Characteristics: 2003**

[In thousands (213,042 represents 213,042,000). Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Selected characteristics	Total persons	Persons with selected diseases and conditions					
		Diabetes ^{1, 2}	Ulcers ¹	Kidney disease ^{3, 4}	Liver disease ³	Arthritis diagnosis ⁵	Chronic joint symptoms ^{5, 6}
Total⁷	213,042	14,012	14,456	3,017	2,511	45,793	57,242
Male	102,298	6,990	6,480	1,489	1,253	17,692	24,776
Female	110,744	7,022	7,976	1,528	1,258	28,102	32,466
Age:							
18 to 44 years old	110,538	2,101	4,757	617	766	8,633	18,201
45 to 64 years old	68,248	6,239	5,697	1,162	1,297	20,539	23,797
65 to 74 years old	18,097	3,180	2,098	540	223	8,322	7,947
75 years old and over	16,159	2,491	1,903	697	226	8,299	7,298
Race alone: ⁸	210,869	13,833	14,245	2,964	2,447	45,268	56,619
White	177,830	11,199	12,513	2,420	2,025	39,606	49,561
Black or African American	24,111	2,120	1,319	427	306	4,679	5,567
American Indian or Alaska Native	1,285	146	⁹ 144	⁹ 38	⁹ 38	332	453
Asian	7,361	355	256	⁹ 72	⁹ 78	633	1,004
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	282	⁹ 12	⁹ 13	⁹ 7	-	⁹ 18	⁹ 33
2 or more races ¹⁰	2,173	179	211	⁹ 53	⁹ 64	525	624
Hispanic or Latino origin ¹¹	26,272	1,556	1,285	402	310	2,896	4,218
Mexican or Mexican American	16,661	964	735	234	194	1,566	2,419

- Represents zero. ¹ Respondents were asked if they had ever been told by a health professional that they had an ulcer or diabetes. A person may be represented in more than one column. ² Excludes borderline diabetes. ³ Respondents were asked if they had been told in the last 12 months by a health professional that they had weak or failing kidneys or any kind of liver condition. ⁴ Excludes kidney stones, bladder infections, or incontinence. ⁵ Respondents were asked if they had ever been told by a health professional that they had some form of arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, lupus or fibromyalgia. ⁶ Respondents with joint symptoms that began more than 3 months ago prior to interview. Excludes back and neck. ⁷ Total includes other races not shown separately. ⁸ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁹ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ¹⁰ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ¹¹ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2005* <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>

Table 185. **Disabilities Tallied by Age Group and by State: 2003**

[In thousands (3,668 represents 3,668,000). Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. A disability is a long-lasting physical, mental, or emotional condition. This condition can make it difficult for a person to do activities such as walking, climbing stairs, dressing, bathing, learning, or remembering. This condition can also impede a person from being able to go outside the home alone or to work at a job or business. Based on data from the 2003 American Community Survey (ACS). See text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

State	Total disabilities tallied			State	Total disabilities tallied		
	5 to 15 years ¹	16 to 64 years ²	65 years and over ³		5 to 15 years ¹	16 to 64 years ²	65 years and over ³
U.S.	3,668	45,531	28,231	MO	74	924	602
AL	69	1,024	596	MT	7	164	91
AK	12	122	38	NE	20	266	158
AZ	74	800	482	NV	17	308	172
AR	49	662	403	NH	14	177	100
CA	381	4,945	3,107	NJ	92	1,016	814
CO	53	530	305	NM	24	347	218
CT	27	405	298	NY	209	2,766	1,885
DE	11	113	80	NC	133	1,587	891
DC	6	83	45	ND	5	79	62
FL	207	2,598	2,038	OH	190	1,990	1,160
GA	94	1,412	751	OK	46	702	396
HI	10	158	114	OR	39	626	353
ID	23	242	136	PA	165	1,952	1,346
IL	142	1,501	1,171	RI	16	164	111
IN	81	1,072	607	SC	53	785	403
IA	36	442	287	SD	7	78	69
KS	27	379	263	TN	85	1,219	678
KY	68	1,051	494	TX	282	3,103	1,878
LA	69	899	501	UT	31	241	152
ME	16	289	143	VT	7	110	60
MD	70	784	475	VA	91	1,108	650
MA	81	827	567	WA	77	1,021	522
MI	166	1,695	969	WV	22	545	284
MN	61	593	377	WI	69	791	478
MS	54	755	410	WY	5	77	43

¹ Persons aged 5-15 were classified as having a disability if they reported any one of the four conditions; sensory, physical, mental or self-care disability. ² Persons aged 16-64 were classified as having a disability if they reported any one of the six conditions; sensory, physical, mental, self-care disability, go-outside-home or employment disability. ³ Persons 65 years and over were classified as having a disability if they reported any one of the five conditions; sensory, physical, mental, self-care disability or go-outside-home disability.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "American Factfinder, 2003 American Community Survey, Summary Table, Total Disabilities Tallied for The Civilian Noninstitutional Population." <http://factfinder.census.gov/>; (accessed: 10 July 2005).

Table 186. **Selected Respiratory Diseases Among Persons 18 Years of Age and Over, by Selected Characteristics: 2003**

[In thousands (213,042 represents 213,042,000). Respondents were asked in two separate questions if they had ever been told by a doctor or other health professional that they had emphysema or asthma. Respondents who had been told they had asthma were asked if they still had asthma. Respondents were asked in three separate questions if they had been told by a doctor or other health professional in the past 12 months that they had hay fever, sinusitis, or bronchitis. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Selected characteristic	Total persons	Selected respiratory conditions ¹					
		Emphysema	Asthma		Hay fever	Sinusitis	Chronic bronchitis
			Ever	Still			
Total ²	213,042	3,115	20,697	13,623	18,356	29,673	8,560
Male	102,298	1,701	8,253	4,665	7,880	10,225	2,741
Female	110,744	1,414	12,444	8,958	10,476	19,447	5,820
Age: ²							
18 to 44 years old	110,538	155	11,204	6,972	9,407	13,183	3,254
45 to 64 years old	68,248	1,261	6,722	4,678	6,710	11,755	3,311
65 to 74 years old	18,097	928	1,602	1,129	1,381	2,776	1,131
75 years old and over	16,159	771	1,169	844	858	1,958	865
Race alone: ³	210,869	3,086	20,342	13,393	18,091	29,392	8,423
White	177,830	2,854	17,127	11,348	15,838	25,355	7,365
Black or African American	24,111	194	2,610	1,765	1,654	3,421	910
American Indian or Alaska Native	1,285	44	161	109	112	177	72
Asian	7,361	424	436	172	469	427	77
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	282	-	8	-	17	12	-
2 or more races ⁵	2,173	429	354	230	265	280	137
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁶	26,272	80	1,904	1,207	1,529	2,030	604
Mexican or Mexican American	16,661	450	926	588	893	1,122	327

- Represents zero. ¹ A person may be represented in more than one column. ² Total includes other races not shown separately. ³ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁴ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁵ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁶ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2005* <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>>

Table 187. **Asthma Incidence Among Children Under 18 Years of Age, by Selected Characteristics: 2003**

[In thousands, except percent (72,973 represents 72,973,000) Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Selected characteristic	Total	Ever told had asthma		Had asthma attack in past 12 months	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total ¹ (age-adjusted)	72,973	9,071	12.5	3,975	5.5
Total ¹ (crude)	72,973	9,071	12.5	3,975	5.4
Male	37,303	5,251	14.1	2,329	6.3
Female	35,670	3,820	10.7	1,646	4.6
Age: ²					
0 to 4 years old	19,856	1,491	7.5	838	4.2
5 to 11 years old	28,340	3,954	14	1,684	5.9
12 to 17 years old	24,776	3,626	14.7	1,452	5.9
Race alone: ³	70,797	8,624	12.2	3,719	5.3
White	56,545	6,389	11.3	2,663	4.7
Black or African American	11,061	1,893	17.2	877	8
American Indian or Alaska Native	734	148	20.7	64	8.9
Asian	2,343	153	6.8	67	4.4
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	113	441	429.7	429	421.2
2 or more races ⁵	2,176	447	20.8	255	12.2
Hispanic or Latino Origin ⁶	13,464	1,575	12.0	597	4.5
Mexican or Mexican American	9,391	823	9.0	254	2.7

¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² Estimates for age groups are not age adjusted. ³ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁴ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁵ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁶ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2005* <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>>

Table 188. **Cancer—Estimated New Cases, 2005, and Survival Rates, 1980–1982 to 1995–2001**

[1,373 represents 1,373,000. The 5-year relative survival rate, which is derived by adjusting the observed survival rate for expected mortality, represents the likelihood that a person will not die from causes directly related to their cancer within 5 years. Survival data shown are based on those patients diagnosed while residents of an area listed below during the time periods shown. Data are based on information collected as part of the National Cancer Institute's Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results (SEER) program, a collection of population-based registries in Connecticut, New Mexico, Utah, Iowa, Hawaii, Atlanta, Detroit, Seattle-Puget Sound, and San Francisco-Oakland]

Site	Estimated new cases, 2005 (1,000)			5-year relative survival rates (percent)							
				White				Black			
	Total	Male	Female	1980-1982	1989-1991	1992-1994	1995-2001	1980-1982	1989-1991	1992-1994	1995-2001
All sites ²	1,373	710	663	52.1	60.3	63.9	66.4	39.8	46.2	52.1	56.0
Lung	173	93	80	13.5	14.4	15.0	15.5	12.1	10.8	11.9	13.2
Breast ³	213	2	211	77.1	86.2	87.6	89.5	65.8	71.2	72.6	75.9
Colon and rectum	145	72	73	54.9	62.4	62.8	65.0	46.7	54.1	52.2	55.0
Colon	105	48	57	55.6	63.2	63.1	64.9	49.4	53.9	51.9	54.7
Rectum	40	24	17	53.1	60.5	62.1	65.1	38.3	54.5	53.0	55.9
Prostate	232	232	(X)	74.5	92.0	98.2	99.9	64.8	80.8	92.4	96.7
Bladder	63	47	16	78.9	82.2	82.4	82.8	58.5	62.0	64.0	64.3
Corpus uteri	41	(X)	41	82.8	85.7	86.3	86.2	55.2	57.8	55.9	61.8
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma ⁴	56	29	27	51.9	52.1	54.5	61.2	50.5	43.7	42.5	52.3
Oral cavity and pharynx	29	19	10	55.7	55.6	58.5	61.6	31.1	33.3	34.7	39.0
Leukemia ⁴	35	20	15	39.5	46.4	49.5	49.1	32.9	34.9	39.9	38.1
Melanoma of skin	60	34	26	83.3	89.0	89.4	91.8	58.3	78.8	59.4	77.5
Pancreas	32	16	16	2.8	4.1	4.7	4.4	4.5	3.9	3.8	4.4
Kidney	36	22	14	51.1	60.8	63.0	64.7	56.3	58.1	60.4	63.6
Stomach	22	14	8	16.5	18.4	20.9	21.4	19.1	24.8	19.1	22.8
Ovary	22	(X)	22	38.7	41.2	42.1	44.5	39.3	30.7	45.9	37.7
Cervix uteri ⁵	10	(X)	10	68.2	72.5	72.7	74.6	61.5	62.6	57.8	66.1

X Not applicable. ¹ Estimates provided by American Cancer Society are based on rates from the National Cancer Institute's SEER program. ² Includes other sites not shown separately. ³ Survival rates for female only. ⁴ All types combined. ⁵ Invasive cancer only.

Source: U.S. National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, <http://seer.cancer.gov/csr/1975_2002/>.

Table 189. **Cancer—Estimated New Cases and Deaths by State: 2005**

[In thousands (1,372.9 represents 1,372,900). Excludes basal and squamous cellskin cancers and in situ carcinomas except urinary bladder]

State	New cases ¹			Deaths			State	New cases ¹			Deaths		
	Total ²	Lung	Female breast	Total ²	Lung	Female breast		Total ²	Lung	Female breast	Total ²	Lung	Female breast
U.S.. . .	1,372.9	172.6	211.2	570.3	163.5	40.4							
AL	24.3	3.3	3.8	10.1	3.2	0.7	MO	30.2	4.1	4.6	12.6	3.9	0.9
AK	1.9	0.2	0.3	0.8	0.2	0.1	MT	4.9	0.6	0.7	2.0	0.6	0.1
AZ	23.9	2.9	3.8	9.9	2.7	0.7	NE	8.3	1.0	1.2	3.5	1.0	0.2
AR	15.0	2.5	2.1	6.2	2.4	0.4	NV	11.1	1.5	1.6	4.6	1.5	0.3
CA	135.0	15.2	21.2	56.1	14.4	4.1	NH	6.3	0.8	0.9	2.6	0.8	0.2
CO	16.1	1.8	2.6	6.7	1.7	0.5	NJ	43.0	4.8	7.7	17.9	4.6	1.5
CT	16.9	2.0	2.7	7.0	1.9	0.5	NM	7.8	0.8	1.0	3.2	0.7	0.2
DE	3.8	0.5	0.6	1.6	0.5	0.1	NY	87.1	9.9	14.4	36.2	9.4	2.8
DC	2.8	0.3	0.5	1.2	0.3	0.1	NC	40.5	5.5	6.3	16.8	5.2	1.2
FL	96.2	13.1	13.4	40.0	12.4	2.6	ND	3.1	0.3	0.5	1.3	0.3	0.1
GA	35.7	4.8	5.9	14.8	4.6	1.1	OH	59.7	7.8	9.7	24.8	7.4	1.9
HI	4.8	0.5	0.7	2.0	0.5	0.1	OK	18.5	2.6	2.8	7.7	2.4	0.5
ID	5.5	0.6	0.9	2.3	0.6	0.2	OR	17.7	2.2	2.6	7.4	2.1	0.5
IL	59.7	7.2	9.3	24.8	6.8	1.8	PA	71.8	8.5	11.3	29.8	8.0	2.2
IN	31.9	4.4	4.6	13.3	4.2	0.9	RI	5.9	0.7	0.8	2.4	0.7	0.2
IA	15.9	1.8	2.3	6.6	1.7	0.4	SC	21.9	2.9	3.3	9.1	2.7	0.6
KS	12.9	1.6	2.0	5.4	1.5	0.4	SD	3.9	0.4	0.5	1.6	0.4	0.1
KY	23.0	3.7	3.3	9.6	3.5	0.6	TN	31.1	4.6	4.2	12.9	4.4	0.8
LA	23.3	3.1	3.9	9.7	2.9	0.7	TX	86.9	11.2	12.9	36.1	10.6	2.5
ME	7.8	1.0	0.9	3.2	0.9	0.2	UT	6.4	0.5	1.2	2.7	0.4	0.2
MD	25.5	3.2	4.4	10.6	3.0	0.8	VT	3.0	0.4	0.5	1.3	0.4	0.1
MA	33.0	4.0	4.9	13.7	3.8	0.9	VA	33.7	4.4	6.0	14.0	4.2	1.2
MI	50.2	6.1	7.2	20.9	5.8	1.4	WA	27.4	3.4	3.9	11.4	3.3	0.8
MN	22.9	2.6	3.2	9.5	2.5	0.6	WV	11.2	1.7	1.4	4.7	1.6	0.3
MS	15.0	2.2	2.4	6.2	2.1	0.5	WI	26.3	3.1	4.1	10.9	2.9	0.8
							WY	2.4	0.3	0.3	1.0	0.3	0.1

¹ Estimates are offered as a rough guide and should be interpreted with caution. They are calculated according to the distribution of estimated 2004 cancer deaths by state. ² Includes other types of cancer, not shown separately.

Source: American Cancer Society, Inc., Atlanta, Georgia, *Cancer Facts and Figures—2005* (copyright). <<http://www.cancer.org/docroot/STT/stt0.asp>>.

Table 190. **Current Cigarette Smoking: 1990 to 2003**

[In percent. Prior to 1995, a current smoker is a person who has smoked at least 100 cigarettes and who now smokes. Beginning 1995, definition includes persons who smoke only "some days." Excludes unknown smoking status. Based on the National Health Interview Survey; for details, see Appendix III]

Sex, age, and race	1990 ¹	1995 ¹	2000	2003	Sex, age, and race	1990 ¹	1995 ¹	2000	2003
Total smokers, age-adjusted²	25.3	24.6	23.1	21.5	Black, total	32.5	28.5	26.1	25.7
Male	28.0	26.5	25.2	23.7	18 to 24 years	21.3	14.6	20.8	18.6
Female	22.9	22.7	21.1	19.4	25 to 34 years	33.8	25.1	23.3	31.0
White male	27.6	26.2	25.5	23.8	35 to 44 years	42.0	36.3	30.8	23.6
Black male	32.8	29.4	25.7	25.3	45 to 64 years	36.7	33.9	32.2	30.1
White female	23.5	23.4	22.0	20.1	65 years and over	21.5	28.5	14.2	18.0
Black female	20.8	23.5	20.7	17.9	Female, total	22.8	22.6	21.0	19.2
Total smokers	25.5	24.7	23.3	21.6	18 to 24 years	22.5	21.8	25.1	21.5
Male, total	28.4	27.0	25.7	24.1	25 to 34 years	28.2	26.4	22.5	21.3
18 to 24 years	26.6	27.8	28.5	26.3	35 to 44 years	24.8	27.1	26.2	24.2
25 to 34 years	31.6	29.5	29.0	28.7	45 to 64 years	24.8	24.0	21.6	20.2
35 to 44 years	34.5	31.5	30.2	28.1	65 years and over	11.5	11.5	9.3	8.3
45 to 64 years	29.3	27.1	28.4	23.9	White, total	23.4	23.1	21.6	19.7
65 years and over	14.6	14.9	10.2	10.1	18 to 24 years	25.4	24.9	28.7	23.6
White, total	28.0	26.6	25.8	24.0	25 to 34 years	28.5	27.3	25.1	22.5
18 to 24 years	27.4	28.4	30.9	27.7	35 to 44 years	25.0	27.0	26.6	25.2
25 to 34 years	31.6	29.9	29.9	28.8	45 to 64 years	25.4	24.3	21.4	20.1
35 to 44 years	33.5	31.2	30.6	28.8	65 years and over	11.5	11.7	9.1	8.4
45 to 64 years	28.7	26.3	25.8	23.3	Black, total	21.2	23.5	20.8	18.1
65 years and over	13.7	14.1	9.8	9.6	18 to 24 years	10.0	8.8	14.2	10.8
					25 to 34 years	29.1	26.7	15.5	17.0
					35 to 44 years	25.5	31.9	30.2	23.2
					45 to 64 years	22.6	27.5	25.6	23.3
					65 years and over	11.1	13.3	10.2	8.0

¹ Data prior to 1997 are not strictly comparable with data for later years due to the 1997 questionnaire redesign. ² Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using five age groups: 18-24 years, 25-34 years, 35-44 years, 45-64 years, 65 years and over. ³ Data have a relative standard error of 20-30 percent.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States*, annual. See also <www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>.

Table 191. **Current Cigarette Smoking by Sex and State: 2003**

[In percent. Current cigarette smoking is defined as persons who reported having smoked 100 or more cigarettes during their lifetime and who currently smoke every day or some days. Based on the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, a telephone survey of health behaviors of the civilian, noninstitutionalized U.S. population, 18 years old and over; for details, see source]

State	Total	Male	Female	State	Total	Male	Female	State	Total	Male	Female
U.S.¹	22.1	24.8	20.3	KS	20.4	21.0	19.7	ND	20.5	22.0	19.0
AL	25.3	28.5	22.4	KY	30.8	33.8	28.1	OH	25.4	26.9	24.0
AK	26.3	30.3	21.9	LA	26.6	30.3	23.2	OK	25.2	27.8	22.7
AZ	21.0	23.8	18.2	ME	23.6	23.1	24.0	OR	21.0	23.1	18.9
AR	24.8	27.6	22.3	MD	20.2	23.0	17.7	PA	25.5	27.1	24.1
CA	16.8	20.5	13.2	MA	19.2	20.0	18.4	RI	22.4	23.8	21.1
CO	18.5	19.6	17.5	MI	26.2	30.2	22.3	SC	25.5	28.5	22.8
CT	18.7	19.7	17.9	MN	21.1	22.4	19.9	SD	22.7	24.7	20.7
DE	21.9	26.0	18.2	MO	25.6	31.1	20.7	TN	25.7	27.3	24.2
DC	22.3	26.2	19.0	MS	27.3	31.2	23.8	TX	22.1	26.7	17.6
FL	23.9	26.0	22.1	MT	19.9	19.5	20.3	UT	12.0	14.0	9.9
GA	22.8	25.8	20.0	NE	21.3	23.6	19.0	VT	19.6	19.8	19.4
HI	17.3	20.1	14.4	NV	25.2	29.0	21.3	VA	22.1	26.4	18.0
ID	19.0	19.5	18.5	NH	21.2	22.4	20.2	WA	19.5	20.9	18.2
IL	24.3	28.3	20.5	NJ	19.5	21.2	17.9	WV	27.4	27.6	27.2
IN	26.1	28.6	23.8	NM	22.0	23.6	20.5	WI	22.1	24.0	20.3
IA	21.7	22.8	20.7	NY	21.6	24.8	18.8	WY	24.6	25.2	24.1
				NC	24.8	28.0	21.9				

¹ Represents median value among the states and DC. For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular Presentations

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 53, No. 44, November 12, 2004. <<http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr>>.

Table 192. **Use of Mammography for Women 40 Years Old and Over by Patient Characteristics: 1990 to 2003**

[Percent of women having a mammogram within the past 2 years. Covers civilian noninstitutional population. Based on National Health Interview Survey; see Appendix III] Data years 2001 and 2002 are not available.

Characteristic	1990	2000 ¹	2003 ²	Characteristic	1990	2000 ¹	2003 ²
Total³	51.4	70.4	69.7	Years of school completed:			
40 to 49 years old	55.1	64.3	64.4	Less than 12 years	36.4	57.7	58.1
50 years old and over	49.7	73.6	72.4	12 years	52.7	69.7	67.8
50 to 64 years old	56.0	78.7	76.2	13 years or more	62.8	76.2	75.1
65 years old and over	43.4	67.9	67.7	Poverty status: ⁵			
White, non-Hispanic	52.7	72.2	70.5	Below poverty	28.7	54.8	55.3
Black, non-Hispanic	46.0	67.9	70.5	At or above poverty	54.8	72.1	71.5
Hispanic origin ⁴	45.2	61.2	65.0				

¹ Adjusted data—data for 2000 have been reweighted using the 2000 census population controls. ² Data for 2003 are weighted using the 2000 census population controls. ³ Includes all other races not shown separately and unknown education level and poverty status. ⁴ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. ⁵ For explanation of poverty level, see text, Section 13, Income, Expenditures and Wealth.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States*, annual. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>>.

Table 193. Substance Abuse Treatment Facilities and Clients: 1995 to 2004

[As of October 2 (1995); as of October 1 (1996–2000); as of March 29 (2002); and as of March 31 (2003–2004). Based on the Uniform Facility Data Set (UFDS)/National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services (N-SSATS) survey, a census of all known facilities that provide substance abuse treatment in the United States and associated jurisdictions. Selected missing data for responding facilities were imputed]

Primary focus	Number	Primary focus	Number	Type of care and type of problem	Number of clients
FACILITIES		CLIENTS		2004, total ¹	1,066,351
1995	10,746	1995	1,009,127	Outpatient rehab.	937,626
1996	10,641	1996	940,141	Outpatient detoxification.	11,961
1997	10,860	1997	929,086	24 hour rehab	103,818
1998	13,455	1998	1,038,378	24 hour detoxification	12,946
1999	15,239	2000	1,000,896		
2000	13,428	2003	1,092,546		
2002	13,720			Drug only	362,103
2003	13,623			Alcohol only	210,696
2004 total	13,454	2004 total	1,072,251	Both alcohol & drug.	493,552
Substance abuse treatment services	8,340	Substance abuse treatment services	733,905		
Mental health services.	1,104	Mental health services.	50,922	Total with a drug problem ²	855,655
General health care	219	General health care	16,744	Total with an alcohol problem ³	704,248
Both substance abuse and mental health.	3,558	Both substance abuse and mental health.	251,687		
Other	233	Other	18,993		

¹ Excludes clients at facilities that did not provide data on type of substance abuse problem treated. ² The sum of clients with a drug problem and clients with both diagnoses. ³ The sum of clients with an alcohol problem and clients with both diagnoses.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *Uniform Facility Data Set (UFDS): Annual surveys for 1995–1999 and National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services (N-SSATS) 2000, 2002, 2003, and 2004*; <<http://oas.samhsa.gov/oasftp.cfm#Data>>.

Table 194. Drug Use by Type of Drug and Age Group: 2002 and 2003

[In percent. The 2002 Survey changed names from the National Household Survey on Drug Abuse to National Household Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH). Current users are those who used drugs at least once within month prior to this study. Based on a representative sample of the U.S. population age 12 and older, including persons living in households and in some group quarters such as dormitories and homeless shelters. Estimates are based on computer-assisted interviews of about 68,000 respondents. Subject to sampling variability; see source]

Age and type of drug	Ever used		Current user		Age and type of drug	Ever used		Current user	
	2002	2003	2002	2003		2002	2003	2002	2003
12 YEARS OLD AND OVER					18 TO 25 YEARS OLD				
Any illicit drug.	46.0	46.4	8.3	8.2	Any illicit drug.	59.8	60.5	20.2	20.3
Marijuana and hashish	40.4	40.6	6.2	6.2	Marijuana and hashish	53.8	53.9	17.3	17.0
Cocaine	14.4	14.7	0.9	1.0	Cocaine	15.4	15.0	2.0	2.2
Crack	3.6	3.3	0.2	0.3	Hallucinogens	24.2	23.3	1.9	1.7
Heroin	1.6	1.6	0.1	0.1	Inhalants	15.7	14.9	0.5	0.4
Hallucinogens	14.6	14.5	0.5	0.4	Any psychotherapeutic ¹	27.7	29.0	5.4	6.0
LSD	10.4	10.3	-	0.1	Alcohol	86.7	87.1	60.5	61.4
PCP	3.2	3.0	-	-	"Binge" alcohol use ²	(NA)	(NA)	40.9	41.6
Inhalants	9.7	9.7	0.3	0.2	Cigarettes	71.2	70.2	40.8	40.2
Any psychotherapeutic ¹	19.8	20.1	2.6	2.7	Smokeless tobacco	23.7	22.0	4.8	4.7
Pain relievers	12.6	13.1	1.9	2.0	Cigars	45.6	45.2	11.0	11.4
Tranquilizers ¹	8.2	8.5	0.8	0.8					
Stimulants ¹	9.0	8.8	0.5	0.5	26 TO 34 YEARS OLD				
Methamphetamine	5.3	5.2	0.3	0.3	Any illicit drug.	58.3	57.3	10.5	10.7
Sedatives ¹	4.2	4.0	0.2	0.1	Marijuana and hashish	52.2	51.0	7.7	8.4
Alcohol	83.1	83.1	51.0	50.1	Cocaine	17.6	18.1	1.2	1.5
"Binge" alcohol use ²	(NA)	(NA)	22.9	22.6	Hallucinogens	20.6	20.3	0.5	0.5
Cigarettes	69.1	68.7	26.0	25.4	Inhalants	14.1	13.6	0.1	-
Smokeless tobacco	19.9	19.4	3.3	3.3	Any psychotherapeutic ¹	24.4	24.7	3.6	3.4
Cigars	37.4	37.1	5.4	5.4					
Pipes	17.0	16.9	0.8	0.7	35 YEARS OLD AND OVER				
12 to 17 YEARS OLD					Any illicit drug.	42.7	43.4	4.6	4.4
Any illicit drug.	30.9	30.5	11.6	11.2	Marijuana and hashish	38.0	38.9	3.1	3.0
Marijuana and hashish	20.6	19.6	8.2	7.9	Cocaine	15.4	15.9	0.6	0.6
Cocaine	2.7	2.6	0.6	0.6	Hallucinogens	12.6	12.8	0.1	0.1
Hallucinogens	5.7	5.0	1.0	1.0	Inhalants	7.2	7.4	0.1	0.1
Inhalants	10.5	10.7	1.2	1.3	Any psychotherapeutic ¹	18.0	18.3	1.6	1.5
Any psychotherapeutic ¹	13.7	13.4	4.0	4.0					
Alcohol	43.4	42.9	17.6	17.7	26 YEARS OLD AND OVER				
"Binge" alcohol use ²	(NA)	(NA)	10.7	10.6	Alcohol	88.0	88.0	53.9	52.5
Cigarettes	33.3	31.0	13.0	12.2	"Binge" alcohol use ²	(NA)	(NA)	21.4	21.0
Smokeless tobacco	8.0	7.6	2.0	2.0	Cigarettes	73.7	73.6	25.2	24.7
Cigars	16.3	15.1	4.5	4.5	Smokeless tobacco	20.9	20.6	3.2	3.2
					Cigars	39.0	38.7	4.6	4.5

- Represents or rounds to zero. NA Not available. ¹ Nonmedical use of any prescription-type pain reliever, tranquilizer, stimulant, or sedative; does not include over-the-counter drugs. ² Binge use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on at least one day in the past 30 days.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *Summary of Findings from the 2003 National Household Survey on Drug Use and Health*. <<http://www.oas.samhsa.gov/nhsda.htm#Reports>>.

Table 195. **Estimated Use of Selected Drugs by State: 2002–2003**

[19,497 represents 19,497,000. Data in this table cover a two-year period. The 2002 survey changed names from the National Household Survey on Drug Abuse to National Household Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH). Due to the impact of survey improvements, 2002 data should not be compared with data collected in 2001 or earlier years. Current users are those persons 12 years old and over who used drugs at least once within month prior to this study. Based on national sample of respondents (see also headnote, Table 194). The state estimates were produced by combining the prevalence rate based on the state sample data and the prevalence rate based on a national regression model applied to local-area county and census block group/tract-level estimates from the state. The parameters of the regression model are estimated from the entire national sample. For comparison purposes, the data shown here display estimates for all 50 States and the District of Columbia utilizing the modeled estimates for all 51 areas]

State	Estimated current users (1,000)					Current users as percent of population				
	Any illicit drug ¹	Marijuana	Any illicit drug other than marijuana ¹	Ciga- rettes	Binge alcohol ²	Any illicit drug	Marijuana	Any illicit drug other than marijuana ¹	Ciga- rettes	Binge alcohol ²
U.S. . . .	19,497	14,612	8,813	60,777	53,782	8.2	6.2	3.7	25.7	22.7
AL	245	160	137	976	669	6.6	4.3	3.7	26.4	18.1
AK	60	49	20	129	116	12.0	9.8	4.0	25.7	23.1
AZ	392	251	206	1,215	1,075	8.9	5.7	4.7	27.5	24.3
AR	173	126	87	730	484	7.8	5.6	3.9	32.8	21.8
CA	2,564	1,850	1,122	5,508	6,047	9.0	6.5	3.9	19.4	21.3
CO	410	313	172	985	948	11.1	8.5	4.7	26.8	25.8
CT	249	198	93	678	659	8.7	6.9	3.3	23.8	23.1
DE	58	46	26	174	159	8.7	6.9	3.9	26.1	23.7
DC	56	46	20	125	122	11.6	9.6	4.1	26.1	25.3
FL	1,218	919	518	3,355	3,040	8.7	6.6	3.7	24.0	21.7
GA	520	340	274	1,779	1,430	7.5	4.9	4.0	25.8	20.7
HI	88	69	34	217	234	8.9	6.9	3.5	22.0	23.7
ID	79	55	41	260	229	7.2	5.1	3.7	23.9	21.1
IL	772	576	339	2,754	2,590	7.5	5.6	3.3	26.8	25.2
IN	407	309	180	1,427	1,122	8.1	6.1	3.6	28.3	22.3
IA	158	120	77	647	644	6.5	4.9	3.2	26.5	26.3
KS	149	108	68	573	479	6.7	4.9	3.1	26.0	21.7
KY	282	191	148	1,178	652	8.3	5.6	4.4	34.8	19.2
LA	292	209	153	1,021	859	8.1	5.8	4.2	28.3	23.8
ME	103	88	42	297	241	9.3	7.9	3.8	26.8	21.7
MD	338	255	154	1,039	968	7.6	5.7	3.4	23.2	21.7
MA	500	420	196	1,207	1,465	9.3	7.8	3.6	22.4	27.2
MI	750	596	300	2,336	2,026	9.1	7.2	3.6	28.2	24.5
MN	317	266	134	1,122	1,172	7.6	6.4	3.2	26.9	28.1
MS	152	107	83	680	455	6.6	4.6	3.6	29.4	19.7
MO	429	316	194	1,472	1,147	9.2	6.8	4.2	31.5	24.6
MT	81	70	29	212	209	10.6	9.2	3.8	27.7	27.4
NE	109	85	49	367	372	7.7	6.0	3.4	25.9	26.3
NV	183	136	80	543	371	10.3	7.6	4.5	30.5	20.9
NH	120	110	44	281	258	11.2	10.2	4.1	26.2	24.0
NJ	494	358	241	1,662	1,542	7.0	5.1	3.4	23.4	21.7
NM	151	111	69	363	363	10.0	7.4	4.6	24.0	24.0
NY	1,416	1,167	492	4,052	3,861	8.9	7.3	3.1	25.5	24.3
NC	536	399	268	2,010	1,307	7.9	5.9	4.0	29.7	19.3
ND	38	28	17	145	165	7.2	5.3	3.3	27.5	31.4
OH	756	610	323	2,865	2,294	8.0	6.5	3.4	30.5	24.4
OK	243	158	125	858	539	8.6	5.6	4.4	30.3	19.0
OR	319	262	126	735	604	10.8	8.9	4.3	25.0	20.5
PA	774	582	355	2,858	2,357	7.5	5.6	3.4	27.7	22.8
RI	99	86	42	246	243	10.9	9.6	4.6	27.3	27.0
SC	245	191	121	907	762	7.2	5.7	3.6	26.8	22.5
SD	45	33	21	188	175	7.2	5.2	3.3	30.3	28.1
TN	321	220	175	1,343	793	6.7	4.6	3.6	28.0	16.6
TX	1,208	829	674	4,428	4,140	7.0	4.8	3.9	25.6	23.9
UT	115	73	68	304	288	6.3	4.0	3.7	16.7	15.9
VT	58	52	20	134	135	11.0	9.8	3.9	25.4	25.5
VA	453	352	209	1,487	1,211	7.7	6.0	3.5	25.2	20.5
WA	499	371	211	1,172	1,049	10.0	7.4	4.2	23.4	20.9
WV	101	79	54	452	296	6.6	5.1	3.5	29.5	19.3
WI	339	245	165	1,167	1,313	7.5	5.4	3.6	25.8	29.0
WY	31	23	15	111	103	7.5	5.4	3.7	26.8	24.9

¹ Any illicit drug indicates use at least once of marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), inhalants, hallucinogens (including PCP and LSD), heroin, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any illicit drug other than marijuana indicates use at least once of any of these listed drugs, regardless of marijuana/hashish use; marijuana/hashish users who also have used any of the other listed drugs are included. ² Binge use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on at least one day in the past 30 days. By "occasion" means at the same time or within a couple hours of each other.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *National Household Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003*. <<http://www.oas.samhsa.gov/nhsda.htm#Reports>>.

Table 196. **Cumulative Percent Distribution of Population by Height and Sex: 1998–2002**

[Data are based on National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey. Height was measured without shoes. Based on sample and subject to sampling variability; see source]

Height	Males						Females					
	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years
Percent under—												
4'8"	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	0.0	-	-	0.6	0.9
4'9"	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.4	1.1	1.1
4'10"	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.8	0.9	0.4	1.7	2.3	1.8
4'11"	-	-	-	0.3	-	-	2.8	2.1	1.5	2.5	5.0	8.9
5'	-	-	-	0.4	0.3	-	5.1	5.3	5.0	6.7	10.0	16.1
5'1"	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.6	12.2	11.0	10.8	11.3	17.7	23.5
5'2"	1.0	0.6	0.5	1.1	0.8	1.2	21.4	19.4	18.1	22.4	29.9	39.7
5'3"	2.4	1.6	0.8	1.7	1.7	4.5	31.9	29.9	28.8	34.2	45.9	54.6
5'4"	4.1	4.1	2.7	4.6	3.4	8.5	46.3	45.1	44.5	50.2	58.9	70.8
5'5"	7.2	7.4	4.3	8.2	8.6	15.6	61.1	61.9	58.1	66.4	75.4	82.4
5'6"	11.1	11.4	9.0	12.9	16.5	25.0	76.3	75.2	72.7	79.8	85.7	90.5
5'7"	18.0	19.5	16.0	21.1	24.7	35.6	84.7	85.4	84.6	88.2	93.6	96.0
5'8"	28.2	29.3	27.0	32.7	35.5	48.6	93.5	91.6	91.6	93.0	97.7	98.6
5'9"	39.1	44.4	39.5	44.9	50.4	62.2	97.4	96.9	96.0	98.0	99.8	99.3
5'10"	55.1	56.1	52.7	58.8	64.8	72.7	98.8	98.3	98.6	99.1	100.0	100.0
5'11"	70.5	69.3	66.4	70.2	77.5	84.6	99.8	99.3	99.6	99.7	100.0	100.0
6'	79.8	78.9	76.4	80.8	86.8	92.2	99.8	99.5	100.0	99.8	100.0	100.0
6'1"	87.1	87.5	87.8	88.8	93.2	95.6	100.0	99.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'2"	91.9	92.7	92.8	95.5	97.7	99.2	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'3"	95.8	96.7	96.3	98.1	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

- Represents or rounds to zero.
Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes.htm>>.

Table 197. **Age-adjusted Percent Distributions of Body Mass Index (BMI) Among Persons 18 Years Old and Over, by Selected Characteristics: 2003**

[Body Mass Index (BMI) is a measure that adjusts body weight for height. It is calculated as weight in kilograms divided by height in meters squared. For both men and women, underweight is indicated by a BMI under 18.5; healthy weight is indicated by a BMI greater than or equal to 18.5 and less than 25; overweight is indicated by those who have a BMI equal to 25 and less than 30. Percent who are obese represent those who have a BMI equal to or above 30. BMI is calculated from the information respondents supplied in response to the questions in the survey regarding height and weight. Based on the National Health Interview Survey; for details, see Appendix III]

Selected characteristic	Underweight	Healthy weight	Above healthy weight		
			Total	Overweight	Obese
Total ¹ (age-adjusted)	2.0	39.2	58.7	35.7	23.0
Total ¹ (crude)	2.0	39.0	59.0	35.8	23.2
Age:					
18 to 44 years	2.5	43.6	53.9	33.2	20.7
45 to 64 years	0.9	31.8	67.2	38.5	28.7
65 to 74 years	1.6	33.3	65.1	39.9	25.2
75 years and over	3.7	43.7	52.6	37.3	15.3
Sex:					
Male	0.9	32.2	66.8	44.1	22.7
Female	3.0	46.1	50.9	27.6	23.3
Race:					
White alone ³	2.0	39.5	58.5	36.3	22.2
Black or African American alone ³	1.1	30.2	68.7	35.1	33.6
American Indian or Alaska Native alone ³	⁴ 2.9	31.9	65.2	33.8	31.4
Asian alone ³	6.2	63.2	30.7	24.8	5.9
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander alone ³	-	⁴ 32.1	67.9	42.2	⁴ 25.7
2 or more races ⁵	⁴ 2.1	39.6	58.3	31.4	26.9
Hispanic or Latino origin status ⁶ :					
Hispanic or Latino	1.1	33.9	65.0	39.8	25.2
Not Hispanic or Latino	2.2	39.9	57.9	35.2	22.7
Education: ⁷					
Less than a high school diploma	1.8	32.3	65.9	37.7	28.2
High school diploma or GED	1.5	33.6	64.9	37.9	27.0
Some college	1.8	34.6	63.6	36.3	27.3
Bachelor's degree or higher	1.6	44.4	54.0	37.1	16.9

- Represents zero. ¹ Total includes other races not shown separately and persons with unknown characteristics.
² Estimates for age groups are not age adjusted. ³ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁴ Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ⁵ The "two or more races" refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁶ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. ⁷ Education is shown only for persons 25 years old and over.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 225, *Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Adults: National Health Interview Survey, 2003*; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/ser.htm>>

Table 198. **Percentage of Adults Engaging in Leisure-Time,Transportation-Related and Household-Related Physical Activity: 2003**

[In percent. Covers persons 18 years old and over. Based on responses to questions about physical activity in prior month from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Estimates are age-adjusted to the year 2000 standard population. Based on a survey sample of approximately 257,000 persons in 50 states and the District of Columbia in 2003]

Characteristic	Persons who meet recommended activity ¹	Persons not meeting recommended activity ²	Persons who are physically inactive ³	Characteristic	Persons who meet recommended activity ¹	Persons not meeting recommended activity ²	Persons who are physically inactive ³
Total	46.0	54.0	24.3	45 to 64 years old	42.6	57.4	26.7
Male	48.2	51.8	22.0	65 to 74 years old	37.1	62.9	31.2
Female	44.0	56.0	26.3	75 years old and over	27.6	72.4	42.0
White, non-Hispanic	49.0	51.0	20.9	School years completed:			
Black, non-Hispanic	36.3	63.7	32.7	Less than 12 years	33.8	66.2	45.7
Hispanic	37.5	62.5	36.0	12 years	43.1	56.9	30.5
Other	43.5	56.5	25.2	Some college (13 to 15 years)	47.5	52.5	21.0
Males:				College (16 or more years)	51.9	48.1	13.1
18 to 29 years old	57.8	42.2	17.1	Household income:			
30 to 44 years old	48.7	51.3	20.7	Less than \$10,000	34.7	65.3	42.2
45 to 64 years old	43.2	56.8	24.4	\$10,000 to \$19,999	37.0	63.0	38.9
65 to 74 years old	45.7	54.3	24.9	\$20,000 to \$34,999	43.6	56.4	29.4
75 years old and over	36.7	63.3	31.0	\$35,000 to \$49,999	47.3	52.7	21.9
Females:				\$50,000 and over	53.6	46.4	13.6
18 to 29 years old	50.1	49.9	21.9				
30 to 44 years old	47.7	52.3	23.4				

¹ Recommended activity is physical activity at least 5 times/week x 30 minutes/time or vigorous physical activity for 20 minutes at a time at least 3 times/week. ² Persons whose reported physical activity does not meet recommended level or report no leisure-time, transportation-related, or household-related physical activity. ³ Persons with no reported physical activity.

Source: U.S. National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, "Nutrition and Physical Activity"; and unpublished data; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/dnpa>>.

Table 199. **Households and Persons Having Problems With Access to Food: 2000 to 2003**

[106,043 represents 106,043,000. Food secure means that a household had access at all times to enough food for an active healthy life for all household members, with no need for recourse to socially unacceptable food sources or extraordinary coping behaviors to meet their basic food needs. Food insecure households had limited or uncertain ability to acquire acceptable foods in socially acceptable ways. Food insecure households with hunger were those with one or more household members who were hungry at least sometime during the period due to inadequate resources for food. The omission of homeless persons may be a cause of underreporting. The severity of food insecurity and hunger in households is measured through a series of questions about experiences and behaviors known to characterize households that are having difficulty meeting basic food needs. These experiences and behaviors generally occur in an ordered sequence as the severity of food insecurity increases. As resources become more constrained, adults in typical households first worry about having enough food, then they stretch household resources and juggle other necessities, then decrease the quality and variety of household members' diets, then decrease the frequency and quantity of adults' food intake, and finally decrease the frequency and quantity of children's food intake. All questions refer to the previous 12 months and include a qualifying phrase reminding respondents to report only those occurrences that resulted from inadequate financial resources. Restrictions to food intake due to dieting or busy schedules are excluded. Data are from the Food Security Supplement to the Current Population Survey (CPS); for details about the CPS, see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Household food security level	Number (1,000)				Percent distribution			
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2000	2001	2002	2003
Households, total	106,043	107,824	108,601	112,214	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Food secure	94,942	96,303	96,543	99,631	89.5	89.3	88.9	88.8
Food insecure	11,101	11,521	12,058	12,583	10.5	10.7	11.1	11.2
Without hunger	7,786	8,010	8,259	8,663	7.3	7.4	7.6	7.7
With hunger	3,315	3,511	3,799	3,920	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.5
With hunger among children . . .	255	211	265	207	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.5
Adult members	201,922	204,340	206,493	213,441	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In food secure households	181,586	183,398	184,718	190,451	89.9	89.8	89.5	89.2
In food insecure households	20,336	20,942	21,775	22,990	10.1	10.2	10.5	10.8
Without hunger	14,763	14,879	15,486	16,358	7.3	7.3	7.5	7.7
With hunger	5,573	6,063	6,289	6,632	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.1
Child members	71,763	72,321	72,542	72,969	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In food secure households	58,868	59,620	59,415	59,704	82.0	82.4	81.9	81.8
In food insecure households	12,895	12,701	13,127	13,265	18.0	17.6	18.1	18.2
Without hunger	12,334	12,234	12,560	12,845	17.2	16.9	17.3	17.6
With hunger among children ¹ . .	562	467	567	420	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.6

¹ One or more children in these households was hungry at some time during the year because of the household's food insecurity. Percent distribution of households with hunger among children excludes households with no child from the denominator. ² One or more adults in these households was hungry at some time during the year because of the household's food insecurity.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Household Food Security in the United States, 2003, Food Assistance and Nutrition Research Report No. 42*; October 2004; <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/briefing/foodsecurity/>>.

Table 200. **Nutrition—Nutrients in Foods Available for Civilian Consumption Per Capita Per Day: 1970 to 2000**

[Computed by the Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP). Based on Economic Research Service (ERS) estimates of per capita quantities of food available for consumption from "Food Consumption, Prices, and, Expenditures," on imputed consumption data for foods no longer reported by ERS, and on CNPP estimates of quantities of produce from home gardens. Food supply estimates do not reflect loss of food or nutrients from further marketing or home processing. Enrichment and fortification levels of iron, zinc, thiamin, riboflavin, niacin, folate, vitamin A, vitamin B₆, vitamin B₁₂, and Vitamin C are included]

Nutrient	Unit	1970–79	1980–89	1990–99	1995	2000
Food energy	Kilocalories	3,200	3,400	3,700	3,700	3,900
Carbohydrate	Grams	388	411	472	473	490
Dietary fiber	Grams	19	20	23	23	24
Protein	Grams	95	98	107	106	110
Total fat ¹	Grams	149	156	157	156	170
Saturated	Grams	51	52	50	50	54
Monounsaturated	Grams	60	63	67	66	72
Polyunsaturated	Grams	28	31	33	32	36
Cholesterol	Milligrams	440	420	410	400	430
Vitamin A	Micrograms RAE ²	1,240	1,210	1,250	1,260	1,260
Carotenes	Micrograms RE ³	550	590	720	720	720
Vitamin E	Milligrams α-TE ⁴	13.9	15.6	17.1	16.8	19.2
Vitamin C	Milligrams	110	117	126	126	126
Thiamin	Milligrams	2.2	2.5	2.9	2.9	2.9
Riboflavin	Milligrams	2.5	2.7	2.9	2.8	2.9
Niacin	Milligrams	24.0	28.0	31.0	31.0	32.0
Vitamin B ₆	Milligrams	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.4
Total Folate ^{5,6}	Micrograms	317	346	439	375	691
Folate ^{5,6}	Micrograms DFE	332	375	505	401	907
Vitamin B ₁₂	Micrograms	8.9	8.2	7.9	8.0	8.3
Calcium	Milligrams	910	920	960	960	960
Phosphorus	Milligrams	1,490	1,530	1,640	1,630	1,670
Magnesium	Milligrams	330	350	380	370	380
Iron	Milligrams	16.3	19.4	22.5	22.3	23.1
Zinc	Milligrams	12.9	13.9	14.8	14.7	14.9
Copper	Milligrams	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.9
Potassium	Milligrams	3,430	3,470	3,690	3,650	3,740
Selenium	Milligrams	130	139	160	156	176
Sodium ⁷	Milligrams	1,350	1,340	1,350	1,340	1,330

¹ Includes other types of fat not shown separately. ² Retinol activity equivalents. ³ Retinol equivalents. ⁴ Alpha-Tocopherol equivalents. ⁵ Dietary Folate Equivalents. ⁶ Reflects new terminology from Institute of Medicine's Dietary Reference Intakes reports. ⁷ Does not include amount from processed foods; underestimates actual availability.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion, *Nutrient Content of the U.S. Food Supply, 1909–2000*, in press. Data also published by Economic Research Service in *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures*, annual; <www.usda.gov/cnpp/>.

Table 201. **Per Capita Consumption of Selected Beverages by Type: 1980 to 2003**

[In gallons. See headnote, Table 202. Per capita consumption uses U.S. resident population, July 1, for all beverages except coffee, tea, and fruit juices which use U.S. total population, July 1]

Commodity	1980	1985	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Nonalcoholic	(NA)	(NA)	128.3	128.2	141.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Milk (plain and flavored)	27.6	26.7	25.7	23.9	22.9	22.5	22.0	21.9	21.6
Whole	17.0	14.3	10.5	8.6	8.2	8.1	7.8	7.7	7.6
Reduced-fat, light, and skim	10.5	12.3	15.2	15.3	14.8	14.4	14.2	14.2	13.9
Tea	7.3	7.1	6.9	7.9	8.2	7.8	8.2	7.8	7.6
Coffee	26.7	27.4	26.8	20.2	25.1	26.3	24.2	23.6	24.3
Bottled water	2.4	4.5	8.0	12.1	16.4	17.4	18.8	20.7	22.0
Carbonated soft drinks	35.1	35.7	46.2	47.4	49.7	49.3	46.7	46.6	46.4
Diet	5.1	7.1	10.7	10.9	11.4	11.6	11.2	11.2	11.1
Regular	29.9	28.7	35.6	36.5	38.2	37.7	35.5	35.4	35.3
Fruit juices	7.4	7.8	7.0	8.1	9.0	8.9	9.1	8.4	8.4
Fruit drinks, cocktails, and ades.	(NA)	(NA)	6.3	7.7	7.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Canned iced tea	(NA)	(NA)	0.1	0.7	0.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Vegetable juices	(NA)	(NA)	0.3	0.3	0.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Alcoholic	28.3	28.0	27.5	24.7	25.0	24.9	25.0	25.2	25.1
Beer	24.3	23.8	23.9	21.8	21.8	21.7	21.8	21.8	21.6
Wine ¹	2.1	2.4	2.0	1.7	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2
Distilled spirits	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3

NA Not available. ¹ Beginning 1985, includes wine coolers.
Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1970–1997*; online at <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption/>>.

Table 202. **Per Capita Consumption of Major Food Commodities: 1980 to 2003**

[In pounds, retail weight, except as indicated. Consumption represents the residual after exports, nonfood use and ending stocks are subtracted from the sum of beginning stocks, domestic production, and imports. Based on Census Bureau estimated population]

Commodity	Unit	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003
Red meat, total (boneless, trimmed weight) ¹	Pounds	126.4	124.9	112.2	113.6	113.7	114.0	111.9
Beef	Pounds	72.1	74.6	63.9	63.5	64.5	64.5	62.0
Veal	Pounds	1.3	1.5	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.5
Lamb and mutton	Pounds	1.0	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.8
Pork	Pounds	52.1	47.7	46.4	48.4	47.8	48.2	48.5
Poultry (boneless, trimmed weight) ²	Pounds	40.8	45.6	56.2	62.1	67.9	70.7	71.2
Chicken	Pounds	32.7	36.4	42.4	48.2	54.2	56.8	57.5
Turkey	Pounds	8.1	9.1	13.8	13.9	13.7	14.0	13.7
Fish and shellfish (boneless, trimmed weight)	Pounds	12.4	15.0	15	14.8	15.2	15.6	16.3
Eggs	Number	271	255	234	232	251	254	253
Shell	Number	236	216	186	172	178	180	181
Processed	Number	35	39	48	60	73	74	72
Dairy products, total ³	Pounds	543.1	593.6	568.0	576.2	592.3	585.3	593.9
Fluid milk products ⁴	Gallons	27.9	27.1	26.2	24.6	23.2	22.7	22.5
Beverage milks	Gallons	27.6	26.7	25.7	23.9	22.5	21.9	21.6
Plain whole milk	Gallons	16.5	13.9	10.2	8.3	7.7	7.3	7.2
Plain reduced-fat milk (2%)	Gallons	6.3	7.9	9.1	8.0	7.1	7.0	6.9
Plain light and skim milks	Gallons	3.1	3.2	4.9	6.1	6.1	5.8	5.6
Flavored whole milk	Gallons	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
Flavored milks other than whole	Gallons	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.2
Buttermilk	Gallons	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
Yogurt (excludes frozen)	1/2 pints	4.6	7.3	7.8	11.4	12.0	13.7	15.2
Fluid cream products ⁵	1/2 pints	10.5	13.5	14.3	15.6	18.3	19.7	22.2
Cream	1/2 pints	6.3	8.2	8.7	9.4	11.6	12.1	13.9
Sour cream and dips	1/2 pints	3.4	4.3	4.7	5.4	6.1	6.7	7.5
Condensed and evaporated milks	Pounds	7.0	7.5	7.9	6.8	5.8	6.0	5.6
Whole milk	Pounds	3.8	3.7	3.1	2.3	2.0	2.3	2.5
Skim milk	Pounds	3.3	3.8	4.8	4.5	3.8	3.7	3.1
Cheese	Pounds	17.5	22.5	24.6	26.9	29.8	30.5	30.6
American ⁶	Pounds	9.6	12.2	11.1	11.7	12.7	12.8	12.7
Cheddar	Pounds	6.8	9.8	9.0	9.0	9.7	9.6	9.5
Italian	Pounds	4.4	6.5	9.0	10.3	12.0	12.4	12.3
Mozzarella	Pounds	3.0	4.6	6.9	8.0	9.3	9.7	9.6
Other ⁷	Pounds	3.4	3.9	4.5	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.2
Swiss	Pounds	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1
Cream and Neufchatel	Pounds	1.0	1.2	1.7	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.4
Cottage cheese, total	Pounds	4.5	4.1	3.4	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.7
Lowfat	Pounds	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3
Frozen dairy products	Pounds	26.4	27.9	28.5	29.0	28.0	26.6	26.7
Ice cream	Pounds	17.5	18.1	15.8	15.5	16.7	16.7	16.7
Lowfat ice cream	Pounds	7.1	6.9	7.7	7.4	7.3	6.5	6.7
Sherbet	Pounds	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3
Frozen yogurt	Pounds	(NA)	(NA)	2.8	3.4	2.0	1.5	1.4
Fats and oils:								
Total, fat content only	Pounds	56.9	64.1	63.0	65.4	82.1	87.9	85.8
Butter (product weight)	Pounds	4.5	4.9	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.2
Margarine (product weight)	Pounds	11.3	10.8	10.9	9.1	7.5	6.5	6.2
Lard (direct use)	Pounds	2.3	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.9	2.4	2.4
Edible beef tallow (direct use)	Pounds	1.1	2.0	0.6	2.7	4.0	3.4	3.8
Shortening	Pounds	18.2	22.9	22.2	22.2	31.3	34.1	32.5
Salad and cooking oils	Pounds	21.2	23.5	25.2	26.5	33.7	37.7	37.3
Other edible fats and oils	Pounds	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5
Flour and cereal products ⁹	Pounds	144.7	156.5	180.7	188.5	198.9	191.4	194.0
Wheat flour	Pounds	116.9	124.6	135.9	140.0	146.3	136.7	137.9
Rice, milled	Pounds	9.4	9.1	15.6	16.9	18.6	19.3	20.1
Corn products	Pounds	12.9	17.2	21.4	24.9	28.4	29.7	30.3
Oat products	Pounds	3.9	4.0	6.5	5.4	4.3	4.5	4.6
Caloric sweeteners, total ¹⁰	Pounds	120.2	126.2	132.4	144.1	148.8	146.1	141.7
Sugar, refined cane and beet	Pounds	83.6	62.7	64.4	64.9	65.5	63.2	61.1
Corn sweeteners ¹¹	Pounds	35.3	62.2	66.8	77.9	81.8	81.5	79.2
High-fructose corn syrup	Pounds	19.0	45.2	49.6	57.6	62.6	62.8	60.9
Other:								
Cocoa beans	Pounds	3.4	4.6	5.4	4.5	5.9	4.9	5.7
Coffee (green beans)	Pounds	10.3	10.5	10.3	7.9	10.3	9.2	9.5
Peanuts (shelled)	Pounds	5.0	6.4	6.1	5.6	5.8	5.8	6.3
Tree nuts (shelled)	Pounds	1.79	2.45	2.42	1.92	2.54	2.86	2.93

NA Not available. ¹ Excludes edible offals. ² Excludes shipments to Puerto Rico and the other U.S. possessions. ³ Milk-equivalent, milkfat basis. Includes butter. ⁴ Fluid milk figures are aggregates of commercial sales and milk produced and consumed on farms. ⁵ Includes eggnog, not shown separately. ⁶ Heavy cream, light cream, and half-and-half. ⁷ Excludes full-skim American, cottage, pot, and baker's cheese. ⁸ Includes other cheeses not shown separately. ⁹ Includes rye flour and barley products not shown separately. Excludes quantities used in alcoholic beverages. ¹⁰ Dry weight. Includes edible syrups (maple, molasses, etc.) and honey not shown separately. ¹¹ Includes glucose and dextrose not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1970-1997*; and online at <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption/>>.

Table 203. **Per Capita Utilization of Commercially-Produced Fruits and Vegetables: 1980 to 2003**

[In pounds, farm weight. Domestic food use of fresh fruits and vegetables reflects the fresh-market share of commodity production plus imports and minus exports]

Commodity	1980	1985	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Fruits and vegetables, total ¹	606.3	631.5	659.2	691.5	712.0	709.4	686.3	681.5	691.5
Fruits, total	267.9	271.5	273.2	283.7	291.7	286.9	275.5	271.1	274.9
Fresh fruits	105.1	110.8	116.6	122.9	129.8	128.0	125.7	126.9	126.7
Noncitrus	79.0	89.4	95.3	99.1	109.4	104.5	101.8	103.6	102.8
Apples	19.4	17.4	19.8	18.9	18.7	17.6	15.8	16.2	16.7
Bananas	20.8	23.5	24.3	27.1	30.7	28.4	26.6	26.8	26.2
Cantaloupes	5.8	8.5	9.2	9.0	11.4	11.1	11.2	11.1	10.8
Grapes	4.0	6.9	8.0	7.5	8.1	7.4	7.7	8.7	7.5
Peaches and nectarines	7.1	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.2
Pears	2.6	2.8	3.3	3.4	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.1
Pineapples	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.9	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.8	4.4
Plums and prunes	1.5	1.4	1.5	0.9	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2
Strawberries	2.0	3.0	3.2	4.1	4.6	4.9	4.2	4.6	5.0
Watermelons	10.7	13.5	13.3	15.2	15.2	13.8	15.0	14.0	13.8
Other ²	3.6	5.4	5.0	5.8	7.6	8.1	8.3	8.8	9.0
Fresh citrus	26.1	21.5	21.4	23.8	20.4	23.5	23.9	23.4	23.9
Oranges	14.3	11.6	12.4	11.8	8.4	11.7	11.9	11.7	11.9
Grapefruit	7.3	5.5	4.4	6.0	5.7	5.1	4.8	4.6	4.1
Other ³	4.5	4.4	4.6	6.0	6.2	6.7	7.2	7.0	8.0
Processed fruits	162.8	160.7	156.6	160.9	161.9	158.9	149.8	144.1	148.2
Frozen fruits	3.1	3.3	3.8	4.8	4.7	4.3	7.0	4.7	4.5
Dried fruits	11.2	12.8	12.1	12.6	10.1	10.4	10.2	10.4	10.0
Canned fruits ⁴	24.6	20.9	21.0	17.3	19.2	17.5	17.6	16.7	17.1
Fruit juices	123.2	123.4	119.4	125.8	127.4	126.2	114.4	111.8	116.0
Vegetables, total	338.4	360.0	386.1	407.8	420.3	422.5	410.8	410.4	416.6
Fresh vegetables	151.4	158.6	170.7	181.5	197.7	198.0	194.5	193.5	195.6
Asparagus (all uses)	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.1
Broccoli	1.4	2.6	3.4	4.3	6.2	5.9	5.4	5.3	5.7
Cabbage	8.0	8.7	8.3	8.1	7.6	8.9	8.8	8.3	7.5
Carrots	6.2	6.5	8.3	11.2	9.3	9.2	9.4	8.4	8.8
Cauliflower	1.1	1.8	2.2	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.7
Celery (all uses)	7.4	6.9	7.2	6.9	6.5	6.2	6.4	6.3	6.1
Corn	6.5	6.4	6.7	7.8	9.1	9.0	9.2	9.0	9.7
Cucumbers	3.9	4.4	4.7	5.6	6.7	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.1
Head lettuce	25.6	23.7	27.7	22.2	24.9	23.5	23.0	22.5	21.4
Mushrooms	1.2	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
Onions	11.4	13.6	15.1	17.8	18.5	18.9	18.5	19.3	19.2
Snap beans	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.0
Bell peppers (all uses)	2.9	3.8	4.5	6.2	6.7	7.0	6.9	6.8	7.0
Potatoes	51.1	46.3	46.7	49.2	47.9	47.4	46.4	44.3	46.6
Sweet potatoes (all uses)	4.4	5.3	4.4	4.2	3.7	4.2	4.4	3.8	4.7
Tomatoes	12.8	14.9	15.5	16.8	18.0	18.0	18.2	19.2	18.1
Other fresh vegetables ⁵	5.8	10.1	11.6	14.2	18.1	19.0	18.3	20.5	21.1
Processed vegetables	187.0	201.4	215.4	226.2	222.6	224.5	216.3	216.9	221.0
Selected vegetables for freezing	51.5	64.5	66.8	78.8	80.9	79.6	78.3	76.5	78.9
Selected vegetables for canning	102.5	99.0	110.4	108.0	102.8	103.1	97.2	100.6	100.6
Vegetables for dehydrating ⁶	10.5	12.8	14.6	14.5	14.6	17.4	15.6	15.9	16.9
Potatoes for chips	16.5	17.6	16.4	16.4	15.9	16.0	17.6	16.4	17.2
Pulses ¹⁰	5.9	7.6	7.2	8.4	8.3	8.4	7.5	7.5	7.3

¹ Excludes wine grapes. ² Apricots, avocados, cherries, cranberries, kiwifruit, mangoes, papayas, and honeydew melons. ³ Lemons, limes, tangerines, and tangelos. ⁴ Apples, apricots, blackberries, blueberries, boysenberries, cherries, loganberries, peaches, plums, prunes, raspberries, and strawberries. ⁵ Apples, apricots, dates, figs, peaches, pears, prunes, and raisins. ⁶ Apples, apricots, cherries, olives, peaches, pears, pineapples, plums, and prunes. ⁷ Apple, cranberry, grape, grapefruit, lemon, lime, orange, pineapple, and prunes. ⁸ Artichokes, brussels sprouts, eggplant, escarole, endive, garlic, romaine, leaf lettuce, radishes, spinach, and squash. Beginning 2000, includes collard greens, kale, mustard greens, okra, pumpkin, and turnip greens. ⁹ Onions and potatoes. ¹⁰ Dry peas, lentils, and dry edible beans.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1970-1997*; online at <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption/>>.