
Section 3

Health and Nutrition

This section presents statistics on health expenditures and insurance coverage, including Medicare and Medicaid, medical personnel, hospitals, nursing homes and other care facilities, injuries, diseases, disability status, nutritional intake of the population, and food consumption. Summary statistics showing recent trends on health care and discussions of selected health issues are published annually by the U.S. National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) in *Health, United States*. Data on national health expenditures, medical costs, and insurance coverage are compiled by the U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) and appear on the CMS Web site at <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/> and in the annual *Medicare and Medicaid Statistical Supplement to the Health Care Financing Review*. Statistics on health insurance are also collected by NCHS and are published in Series 10 of *Vital and Health Statistics*. NCHS also conducts periodic surveys of nutrient levels in the population, including estimates of food and nutrient intake, overweight and obesity, hypercholesterolemia, hypertension, and clinical signs of malnutrition. Data are published in Series 10 and 11 of *Vital and Health Statistics*. Statistics on hospitals are published annually by the Health Forum, L.L.C.; an American Hospital Association (AHA) company, in AHA Hospital Statistics. The primary source for data on nutrition and on annual per capita consumption of food is *Diet Quality and Food Consumption*, issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Data are available on the Web site at <http://www.ers.usda.gov/Briefing/DietQuality>.

National health expenditures—CMS compiles estimates of national health expenditures (NHE) to measure spending for health care in the United States. The NHE accounts are structured to show spending by type of expenditure (i.e., hospital care, physician and clinical care, dental care, and other professional care;

home health care; retail sales of prescription drugs; other medical nondurables; vision products and other medical durables; nursing home care and other personal health expenditures; plus other health expenditures such as public health activities, administration, and the net cost of private health insurance; plus medical sector investment, the sum of noncommercial medical research and capital formation in medical sector structures and equipment; and by source of funding (e.g., private health insurance, out-of-pocket payments, and a range of public programs including Medicare, Medicaid, and those operated by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA)).

Data used to estimate health expenditures come from existing sources, which are tabulated for other purposes. The type of expenditure estimates rely upon statistics produced by such groups as the AHA, the Census Bureau, and the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). Source of funding estimates are constructed using administrative and statistical records from the Medicare and Medicaid programs, the U.S. Department of Defense and VA medical programs, the Social Security Administration, Census Bureau's *Governmental Finances*, state and local governments, other HHS agencies, and other nongovernment sources.

Medicare, Medicaid, and CHIP—Since July 1966, the federal Medicare program has provided two coordinated plans for nearly all people age 65 and over: (1) a hospital insurance plan, which covers hospital and related services and (2) a voluntary supplementary medical insurance plan, financed partially by monthly premiums paid by participants, which partly covers physicians' and related medical services. Such insurance also applies, since July 1973, to disabled beneficiaries of any age after 24 months of entitlement to cash benefits under the social security or railroad retirement programs and to persons with end stage renal disease.

On January 1, 2006, Medicare began to provide coverage for prescription drugs as mandated by the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA). This benefit is available on a voluntary basis to everyone with Medicare, and beneficiaries pay a monthly premium to enroll in one of Medicare's prescription drug plans.

Medicaid is a health insurance program for certain low-income people. These include: certain low-income families with children; people on supplemental security income; certain low-income pregnant women and children; and people who have very high medical bills. There are special rules for those who live in nursing homes and for disabled children living at home. Medicaid is funded and administered through a state/federal partnership. Although there are broad federal requirements for Medicaid, states have a wide degree of flexibility to design their program. The Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009 (CHIPRA or Public Law 111-3) reauthorized the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP). The program went into effect on April 1, 2009. CHIP replaces the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP). It will preserve coverage for the millions of children who rely on CHIP today and provides the resources for states to reach millions of additional uninsured children. CHIP was designed as a federal/state partnership, similar to Medicaid, with the goal of expanding health insurance to children whose families earn too much money to be eligible for Medicaid, but not enough money to purchase private insurance.

Health resources—Hospital statistics based on data from AHA's yearly survey are published annually in *AHA Hospital Statistics* and cover all hospitals accepted for registration by the Association. To be accepted for registration, a hospital must meet certain requirements relating to number of beds, construction, equipment, medical and nursing staff, patient care, clinical records, surgical and obstetrical facilities, diagnostic and treatment facilities, laboratory services, etc. Data obtained from NCHS cover all U.S. hospitals that meet certain criteria for inclusion. The criteria are published in *Vital and Health Statistics* reports, Series 13.

Statistics on the demographic characteristics of persons employed in the health occupations are compiled by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and reported in *Employment and Earnings* (monthly) (see Table 603, Section 12, Labor Force, Employment, and Earnings). Data based on surveys of health personnel and utilization of health facilities providing long-term care, ambulatory care, emergency room care, and hospital care are presented in NCHS Series 13, "National Health Statistics Reports (NHSR)." Statistics on patient visits to health care providers, as reported in health interviews, appear in NCHS Series 10, *National Health Interview Survey Data*.

The CMS's *Health Care Financing Review* and its annual *Medicare and Medicaid Statistical Supplement* present data for hospitals and nursing homes as well as extended care facilities and home health agencies. These data are based on records of the Medicare program and differ from those of other sources because they are limited to facilities meeting federal eligibility standards for participation in Medicare.

Disability and illness—General health statistics, including morbidity, disability, injuries, preventive care, and findings from physiological testing are collected by NCHS in its National Health Interview Survey and its National Health and Nutrition Examination Surveys and appear in *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 10 and 11, respectively. Annual incidence data on notifiable diseases are compiled by the Public Health Service (PHS) at its Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in Atlanta, Georgia, and are published as a supplement to its *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR)*. The list of diseases is revised annually and includes those which, by mutual agreement of the states and PHS, are communicable diseases of national importance.

Statistical reliability—For discussion of statistical collection, estimation, and sampling procedures and measures of reliability applicable to data from NCHS and CMS, see Appendix III.

Table 127. National Health Expenditures—Summary, 1960 to 2007, and Projections, 2008 to 2018

[In billions of dollars (28 represents \$28,000,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and Island Areas]

Year	Total expenditures ¹	Private expenditures			Public expenditures			Health services and supplies				
		Total ²	Out-of-pocket	Insurance	Total	Federal	State and local	Total ³	Hospital care	Physician and clinical services	Prescription drugs	Nursing home care
1960	28	21	13	6	7	3	4	25	9	5	3	1
1961	29	22	13	7	7	3	4	26	10	6	3	1
1962	32	24	14	7	8	4	4	29	11	7	3	1
1963	35	26	15	8	9	4	5	31	12	7	3	1
1964	39	29	17	9	10	4	5	34	13	8	3	1
1965	42	32	18	10	10	5	6	37	14	8	4	1
1966	46	32	18	10	14	8	6	41	16	9	4	2
1967	52	33	18	10	19	12	7	47	18	10	4	2
1968	59	37	21	12	22	14	8	53	21	11	5	3
1969	66	41	23	13	25	16	9	59	24	12	5	3
1970	75	47	25	15	28	18	10	67	28	14	5	4
1971	83	51	29	18	32	21	12	74	31	16	6	5
1972	93	57	29	21	36	23	13	83	34	17	6	5
1973	103	63	32	23	40	25	15	93	38	19	7	6
1974	117	69	34	26	48	30	17	106	45	22	8	7
1975	133	77	37	30	56	36	20	121	52	25	9	8
1976	152	89	41	37	63	43	20	139	60	28	9	10
1977	173	102	45	45	71	47	23	159	67	33	9	12
1978	195	114	48	52	80	54	26	179	76	35	10	14
1979	220	129	53	60	91	61	30	203	87	41	11	16
1980	254	148	59	69	106	72	35	234	101	47	12	19
1981	294	172	66	81	123	83	40	271	118	55	13	21
1982	331	195	72	94	136	92	44	305	134	61	15	23
1983	365	216	79	105	150	103	47	336	145	68	17	26
1984	402	239	87	119	163	113	50	372	155	77	20	29
1985	440	263	96	131	177	123	54	409	165	80	22	32
1986	472	278	104	136	194	133	61	440	177	100	24	34
1987	513	301	109	149	212	144	68	478	190	112	27	36
1988	574	344	119	175	230	155	75	535	207	127	31	40
1989	639	383	125	205	256	174	82	596	227	142	35	46
1990	714	427	136	234	287	194	93	667	252	158	40	53
1991	782	456	140	255	325	223	102	731	277	175	44	58
1992	849	485	143	275	364	253	111	794	300	190	48	62
1993	913	512	145	296	400	279	121	853	317	201	51	65
1994	962	526	143	308	436	304	132	900	330	210	54	68
1995	1,017	552	146	325	465	327	138	953	341	221	61	74
1996	1,069	580	152	343	488	348	140	1,003	352	229	69	80
1997	1,125	614	162	359	511	365	146	1,054	365	241	78	84
1998	1,191	663	175	385	528	372	156	1,112	376	256	89	90
1999	1,265	710	184	418	555	390	165	1,180	395	270	105	91
2000	1,353	756	193	455	597	418	179	1,264	417	289	121	95
2001	1,469	807	200	498	662	464	198	1,376	451	313	138	102
2002	1,602	881	211	551	722	509	213	1,498	488	338	158	106
2003	1,735	956	225	604	779	552	227	1,623	527	367	174	110
2004	1,855	1,015	235	646	840	600	240	1,733	567	394	189	115
2005	1,981	1,082	247	690	899	640	259	1,850	607	422	200	121
2006	2,113	1,140	255	731	973	708	265	1,976	649	450	217	125
2007	2,241	1,206	269	775	1,036	754	281	2,098	697	479	227	131
2008, proj.	2,379	1,270	279	817	1,109	811	298	2,227	747	509	235	137
2009, proj.	2,509	1,319	283	854	1,190	873	317	2,350	789	539	245	144
2010, proj.	2,624	1,374	291	892	1,251	912	338	2,458	830	552	256	151
2011, proj.	2,770	1,438	302	934	1,332	972	360	2,596	877	577	272	159
2012, proj.	2,931	1,507	314	979	1,424	1,040	384	2,746	932	604	289	168
2013, proj.	3,111	1,584	327	1,029	1,527	1,118	410	2,916	993	636	308	177
2014, proj.	3,313	1,673	345	1,087	1,640	1,202	438	3,107	1,056	675	330	188
2015, proj.	3,541	1,773	363	1,152	1,768	1,298	470	3,322	1,125	719	356	200
2016, proj.	3,790	1,881	383	1,222	1,909	1,404	505	3,556	1,201	766	385	212
2017, proj.	4,062	1,997	404	1,297	2,064	1,521	543	3,811	1,285	815	418	226
2018, proj.	4,353	2,120	427	1,376	2,233	1,649	584	4,086	1,374	865	454	241

¹ Includes medical research and medical facilities construction not shown separately. ² Includes other private expenditures not shown separately. ³ Includes other objects of expenditure not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Statistics Group"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 128. National Health Expenditures by Type: 1990 to 2007

[In billions of dollars (714.1 represents \$714,100,000,000), except percent. Excludes Puerto Rico and Island Areas]

Type of expenditure	1990	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total	714.1	1,353.2	1,602.3	1,734.9	1,854.8	1,980.6	2,112.7	2,241.2
Annual percent change ¹	11.8	7.0	9.0	8.3	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.1
Percent of gross domestic product	12.3	13.8	15.3	15.8	15.9	15.9	16.0	16.2
Private expenditures	427.4	756.4	880.7	956.0	1,014.9	1,081.6	1,139.7	1,205.5
Health services and supplies	401.0	705.4	821.8	893.3	947.0	1,007.4	1,061.6	1,123.9
Out-of-pocket payments	136.2	192.6	211.2	224.6	234.9	247.0	255.0	268.6
Insurance premiums ²	233.7	454.7	551.1	603.7	645.9	690.0	731.3	775.0
Other	31.1	58.0	59.5	65.0	66.3	70.4	75.3	80.4
Medical research	1.0	2.5	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.7	4.0	4.3
Medical structures and equipment ³	25.4	48.5	55.9	59.3	64.5	70.5	74.1	77.3
Public expenditures	286.8	596.8	721.6	779.0	839.9	899.0	973.0	1,035.7
Percent federal of public	67.6	70.0	70.5	70.9	71.4	71.2	72.7	72.8
Health services and supplies	265.8	559.0	676.5	729.8	786.1	843.0	914.5	974.2
Medicare ⁴	109.5	224.4	264.8	282.7	311.2	339.4	402.3	431.2
Public assistance medical payments ⁵	78.7	207.4	259.0	282.2	303.4	325.3	324.6	344.7
Temporary disability insurance ⁶	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Workers' compensation (medical) ⁶	17.4	25.4	30.0	31.8	32.4	32.3	32.3	32.4
Defense Dept. hospital, medical	10.4	13.7	18.7	21.8	24.5	26.1	29.2	31.7
Maternal, child health programs	1.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7
Public health activities	20.0	43.4	52.1	53.7	54.0	56.6	60.3	64.1
Veterans' hospital, medical care	10.8	18.9	22.6	26.3	27.7	29.6	31.5	33.8
Medical vocational rehabilitation	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
State and local hospitals ⁷	13.2	13.7	15.5	16.8	17.9	18.8	19.2	20.6
Other ⁸	3.8	9.0	10.7	11.2	11.7	11.8	11.9	12.4
Medical research	11.7	23.1	29.5	32.2	35.4	36.6	37.4	38.1
Medical structures and equipment ³	9.2	14.7	15.6	17.0	18.4	19.4	21.1	23.4

¹ Change from immediate prior year. ² Covers insurance benefits, and amount retained by insurance companies for expenses, additions to reserves, and profits (net cost of insurance). ³ Represents expenditures for total medical sector acquisitions of structures and equipment including structures that house medical professionals' offices. ⁴ Represents expenditures for benefits and administrative cost from federal hospital and medical insurance trust funds under old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance programs; see text this section. ⁵ Payments made directly to suppliers of medical care (primarily Medicaid). ⁶ Includes medical benefits paid under public law by private insurance carriers, state governments, and self-insurers. ⁷ Expenditures not offset by other revenues. ⁸ Covers expenditures for Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Indian Health Service; school health and other programs.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Expenditure Group." See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 129. National Health Expenditures by Object, 1990 to 2007, and Projections, 2008

[In billions of dollars (714.0 represents \$714,000,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and outlying areas]

Object of expenditure	1990	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008, proj.
Total	714.0	1,353.2	1,602.3	1,734.9	1,854.8	1,980.6	2,112.7	2,241.2	2,378.6
Spent by—									
Consumers	369.8	647.4	762.3	828.3	880.8	937.0	986.3	1,043.5	1,096.1
Out-of-pocket	136.1	192.6	211.2	224.6	234.9	247.0	255.0	268.6	278.8
Private insurance	233.7	454.7	551.1	603.7	645.9	690.0	731.3	775.0	817.4
Public	286.7	596.8	721.6	779.0	839.9	899.0	973.0	1,035.7	1,108.6
Other ¹	57.5	109.0	118.4	127.6	134.2	144.6	153.4	162.0	173.8
Spent for—									
Health services and supplies	666.7	1,264.4	1,498.3	1,623.1	1,733.1	1,850.4	1,976.1	2,098.1	2,226.6
Personal health care expenses	607.5	1,139.2	1,340.3	1,447.5	1,550.2	1,655.1	1,765.5	1,878.3	1,992.6
Hospital care	251.6	416.9	488.4	527.4	566.8	607.5	649.3	696.5	746.5
Physician and clinical services	157.5	288.6	337.9	366.7	393.6	422.2	449.7	478.8	508.5
Dental services	31.5	62.0	73.3	76.9	81.5	86.4	90.5	95.2	99.9
Other professional services ²	18.2	39.1	45.6	49.0	52.9	56.0	58.7	62.0	65.8
Home health care	12.6	30.5	34.2	38.0	42.7	48.1	53.0	59.0	64.4
Prescription drugs	40.3	120.6	157.6	174.2	188.8	199.7	216.8	227.5	235.4
Other nondurable medical products	22.5	29.8	30.4	32.1	32.7	34.0	35.3	37.4	39.0
Durable medical equipment ³	11.2	19.4	20.8	22.4	22.8	23.8	24.2	24.5	25.2
Nursing home care	52.6	95.3	105.7	110.5	115.2	120.6	125.4	131.3	137.4
Other personal health care	9.6	37.1	46.3	50.4	53.3	56.9	62.5	66.2	70.5
Public administration and net cost of private health insurance ⁴	39.2	81.8	105.8	121.9	128.8	138.7	150.4	155.7	165.6
Public health activities	20.0	43.4	52.1	53.7	54.0	56.6	60.2	64.1	68.3
Medical research ⁵	12.7	25.6	32.5	35.5	38.8	40.2	41.3	42.4	43.6
Medical structures and equipment ⁶	34.7	63.2	71.5	76.3	83.0	90.0	95.2	100.7	108.4

¹ Includes nonpatient revenues, privately funded construction, and industrial implant. ² Includes services of registered and practical nurses in private duty, podiatrists, optometrists, physical therapists, clinical psychologists, chiropractors, naturopaths, and Christian Science practitioners. ³ Includes expenditures for eyeglasses, hearing aids, orthopedic appliances, artificial limbs, crutches, wheelchairs, etc. ⁴ Includes administrative expenses of federally financed health programs. ⁵ Research and development expenditures of drug companies and other manufacturers and providers of medical equipment and supplies are excluded from research expenditures, but are included in the expenditure class in which the product falls. ⁶ Represents expenditures for total medical sector acquisitions of structures and equipment including structures that house medical professionals' offices.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Statistics Group"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 130. Health Services and Supplies—Per Capita Consumer Expenditures by Object: 1990 to 2007

[In dollars, except percent. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimates of total U.S. population as of July 1, excluding Armed Forces and federal employees abroad and civilian population of outlying areas. Excludes research, structures and equipment]

Object of expenditure	1990	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total, national	2,627	4,475	5,199	5,583	5,904	6,247	6,606	6,947
Annual percent change ¹	10.6	6.1	7.8	7.4	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.2
Hospital care	991	1,475	1,695	1,814	1,931	2,051	2,171	2,306
Physician and clinical services	621	1,022	1,173	1,261	1,341	1,426	1,503	1,585
Dental services	124	219	255	264	278	292	302	315
Other professional services ²	72	138	158	169	180	189	196	205
Home health care	50	108	119	131	145	162	177	195
Prescription drugs	159	427	547	599	643	674	725	753
Other nondurable medical products	88	105	106	110	111	115	118	124
Durable medical equipment ²	44	69	72	77	78	80	81	81
Nursing home care	207	337	367	380	392	407	419	435
Other personal health care	38	131	161	173	181	192	209	219
Public administration and net cost of private health insurance	155	290	367	419	439	468	503	516
Public health activities	79	154	181	185	184	191	201	212
Total, private consumer ³	1,457	2,291	2,645	2,849	3,001	3,164	3,297	3,455
Hospital care	430	558	651	706	755	794	861	927
Physician and clinical services	384	598	688	740	787	845	896	947
Dental services	120	209	239	248	261	274	284	295
Other professional services ²	49	88	97	105	113	117	122	128
Home health care	20	44	35	36	37	38	38	38
Prescription drugs	130	329	411	439	464	488	478	486
Other nondurable medical products	86	100	100	104	105	108	110	116
Durable medical equipment ²	36	53	52	54	55	57	56	56
Nursing home care	87	129	133	135	135	136	140	149
Net cost of private health insurance	115	184	239	283	291	307	312	313

¹ Change from immediate prior year. ² See footnotes for corresponding objects in Table 129. ³ Represents out-of-pocket payments and private health insurance.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Statistics Group"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 131. Public Expenditures for Health Services and Supplies: 2007

[In millions of dollars (974,186 represents \$974,186,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and Island Areas. Excludes research, structures, and equipment]

Type of selected service	Selected health services							
	Total ¹	Federal	State and local	Medi-care (OAS-DHI) ²	Workers' compensation ³	Public assistance ⁴	Defense Dept. ⁵	Veterans
Total ¹	974,186	712,914	261,272	431,225	32,424	344,655	31,662	33,817
Hospital care	384,327	307,772	76,555	196,242	6,220	124,664	15,953	22,485
Physician and clinical services	161,349	133,527	27,822	96,104	12,721	36,119	6,234	3,571
Prescription drugs	80,807	66,503	14,303	47,019	3,092	23,066	4,817	2,617
Nursing home care	81,618	57,042	24,576	23,222	—	55,134	—	3,262
Public administration and net cost of private health insurance	59,530	40,231	19,299	21,582	7,738	26,643	3,088	183
Public health activities	64,093	9,670	54,423	—	—	—	—	—

— Represents zero. ¹ Includes other items not shown separately. ² Covers hospital and medical insurance payments and administrative costs under Old-Age, Survivors, Disability, and Health Insurance program (OASDHI). ³ Medical benefits. ⁴ Covers Medicaid and other medical public assistance. Excludes funds paid into Medicare trust fund by states to cover premiums for public assistance recipients and medically indigent persons. ⁵ Includes care for retirees and military dependents.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Statistics Group"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 132. Personal Health Care—Third Party Payments and Private Consumer Expenditures, 1990 to 2007, and Projections, 2008

[In billions of dollars (607.5 represents \$607,500,000,000), except percent. See headnote, Table 133]

Item	1990	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008, proj.
Personal health care expenditures	607.5	1,139.6	1,340.8	1,445.9	1,547.7	1,653.7	1,762.0	1,878.3	1,992.6
Third party payments, total	471.4	946.7	1,129.3	1,221.0	1,312.8	1,406.6	1,505.5	1,609.7	1,713.9
Percent of personal health care	77.6	83.1	84.2	84.4	84.8	85.1	85.4	85.7	86.0
Private insurance payments	204.6	403.1	482.4	521.2	560.2	598.6	634.6	680.3	719.6
Public expenditures	236.2	486.7	588.7	636.2	687.7	739.0	798.2	850.6	910.8
Other ¹	30.5	57.0	58.3	63.6	64.9	69.0	72.7	78.8	83.5
Private consumer expenditures ²	340.7	596.0	693.8	746.1	795.1	845.7	891.1	948.9	998.4
Percent met by private insurance	60.1	67.6	69.5	69.9	70.5	70.8	71.2	71.7	72.1
Hospital care	109.1	157.9	187.7	204.8	221.3	235.1	256.2	280.0	300.6
Percent met by private insurance	89.6	91.4	91.7	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.6	91.7	91.8
Physician and clinical services	97.5	168.9	198.3	215.2	231.1	250.3	265.8	286.1	303.9
Percent met by private insurance	69.0	80.9	82.2	82.6	82.7	82.7	82.6	82.7	82.8
Prescription drugs	33.0	93.0	118.4	127.7	136.3	144.5	142.7	146.6	147.2
Percent met by private insurance	32.2	64.0	65.9	65.4	66.1	66.2	66.6	67.6	67.6

¹ Includes nonpatient revenues and industrial implant health services. ² Includes expenditures not shown separately. Represents out-of-pocket payments and private health insurance benefits. Excludes net cost of insurance.

Source: U. S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Statistics Group"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 133. Personal Health Care Expenditures by Object and Source of Payment: 2007

[In millions of dollars (1,878,275 represents \$1,878,275,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and Island Areas. Covers all expenditures for health services and supplies, except net cost of insurance and administration, public health activities, and administration for government and philanthropic agencies for fund-raising activities]

Object of expenditure	Total	Private payments					Public	Third party pay ² ments
		Total	Consumer			Other ¹		
			Total	Out-of-pocket pay-ments	Private health insur-ance			
Total	1,878,275	1,027,711	948,898	268,568	680,330	78,814	850,564	1,609,708
Hospital care	696,539	312,212	280,025	23,172	256,853	32,187	384,327	673,367
Physician and clinical services	478,768	317,419	286,113	49,618	236,495	31,306	161,349	429,150
Dental services	95,171	89,116	89,046	42,106	46,940	70	6,055	53,065
Other professional services ³	62,001	41,673	38,509	15,884	22,625	3,163	20,328	46,116
Home health care	59,031	12,634	11,505	5,951	5,553	1,129	46,397	53,079
Prescription drugs	227,453	146,647	146,647	47,567	99,079	—	80,807	179,886
Other nondurable medical products	37,357	35,017	35,017	35,017	—	—	2,341	2,341
Durable medical equipment ³	24,450	16,940	16,940	13,951	2,989	—	7,510	10,499
Nursing home care	131,338	49,720	45,096	35,302	9,795	4,624	81,618	96,037
Other personal health care	66,167	6,334	—	—	—	6,334	59,833	66,167

— Represents zero. ¹ Includes nonpatient revenues and industrial inplant. ² Covers private health insurance, other private payments (excluding out-of-pocket payments), and government. ³ See footnotes for corresponding objects on Table 129.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary "National Health Statistics Group"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 134. Hospital Care, Physician and Clinical Service, Nursing Home Care, and Prescription Drug Expenditures by Payment: 1990 to 2007

[In billions of dollars (251.6 represents \$251,600,000,000). Excludes Puerto Rico and island areas]

Source of payment	1990	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Hospital care, total	251.6	416.9	488.4	527.4	566.8	607.5	649.3	696.5
Out-of-pocket payments	11.3	13.6	15.6	17.2	18.7	19.8	21.4	23.2
Third-party payments	240.3	403.2	472.8	510.1	548.1	587.7	627.9	673.4
Private health insurance	97.8	144.0	172.1	188.0	202.8	215.4	236.1	256.9
Other private funds	10.4	21.9	21.6	24.8	25.3	27.3	29.9	32.2
Public	132.0	237.3	279.1	297.4	320.0	345.0	362.0	384.3
Federal	101.7	191.9	225.9	241.3	260.0	277.9	291.0	307.8
State and local	30.3	45.4	53.2	56.1	60.0	67.1	71.0	76.6
Medicare ¹	67.8	124.4	145.3	153.2	165.5	179.5	187.6	196.2
Medicaid ²	26.7	71.1	84.4	90.3	96.8	105.1	110.2	120.0
Physician and clinical services, total	157.6	288.6	337.9	366.7	393.6	422.2	449.7	478.8
Out-of-pocket payments	30.2	32.2	35.3	37.5	40.0	43.3	46.4	49.6
Third-party payments	127.3	256.4	302.6	329.2	353.6	379.0	403.3	429.2
Private health insurance	67.3	136.7	163.1	177.7	191.1	207.1	221.5	236.5
Other private funds	11.3	22.2	24.3	26.0	26.2	27.6	29.2	31.3
Public	48.7	97.6	115.2	125.5	136.3	144.2	152.5	161.3
Federal	38.0	78.9	93.7	102.6	112.0	118.7	126.2	133.5
State and local	10.7	18.6	21.6	22.9	24.3	25.6	26.3	27.8
Medicare ¹	29.4	58.2	67.4	73.5	80.9	86.4	91.9	96.1
Medicaid ²	7.0	19.1	23.8	25.4	27.8	29.7	31.1	33.2
Nursing home care, total	52.6	95.3	105.7	110.5	115.2	120.6	125.4	131.3
Out-of-pocket payments	19.0	28.7	29.7	30.5	30.9	31.5	32.7	35.3
Third-party payments	33.6	66.6	76.0	79.9	84.2	89.1	92.6	96.0
Private health insurance	2.9	7.9	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.8	9.3	9.8
Other private funds	3.8	4.5	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.6	4.6
Public	26.9	54.1	63.3	67.1	71.3	75.9	78.8	81.6
Federal	16.3	36.4	44.4	46.0	49.1	51.9	54.3	57.0
State and local	10.6	17.8	18.9	21.1	22.2	24.0	24.5	24.6
Medicare ¹	1.7	10.1	13.9	14.7	16.9	19.1	21.1	23.2
Medicaid ²	24.1	42.0	47.1	49.7	51.5	53.7	54.5	54.8
Prescription drugs, total	40.3	120.6	157.6	174.2	188.8	199.7	216.8	227.5
Out-of-pocket payments	22.4	33.4	40.4	44.1	46.2	48.7	46.7	47.6
Third-party payments	17.9	87.2	117.3	130.1	142.6	151.0	170.1	179.9
Private health insurance	10.6	59.5	77.9	83.4	90.0	95.8	96.2	99.1
Other private funds	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Public	7.3	27.7	39.3	46.6	52.6	55.2	73.9	80.8
Federal	3.2	15.9	23.1	27.8	31.4	32.7	58.7	66.5
State and local	4.0	11.8	16.2	18.9	21.2	22.5	15.1	14.3
Medicare ¹	0.2	2.1	2.5	2.5	3.4	4.0	39.5	47.0
Medicaid ²	5.1	20.2	27.8	32.5	36.3	37.2	19.1	18.8

— Represents zero. ¹ Medicare expenditures come from federal funds. ² Medicaid expenditures come from federal, state, and local funds.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, "National Health Statistics Group"; <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/>>.

Table 135. Consumer Price Indexes of Medical Care Prices: 1980 to 2008

[1982-1984 = 100. Indexes are annual averages of monthly data based on components of consumer price index for all urban consumers; for explanation, see text, Section 14 and Appendix III]

Year	Medical care, total	Medical care services					Medical care commodities		Annual percent change ³		
		Total ¹	Professional services			Hospital and related services	Total ²	Prescription drugs and medical supplies	Medical care, total	Medical care services	Medical care commodities
			Total ¹	Physicians	Dental						
1980	74.9	74.8	77.9	76.5	78.9	69.2	75.4	72.5	11.0	11.3	9.3
1985	113.5	113.2	113.5	113.3	114.2	116.1	115.2	120.1	6.3	6.1	7.2
1990	162.8	162.7	156.1	160.8	155.8	178.0	163.4	181.7	9.0	9.3	8.4
1995	220.5	224.2	201.0	208.8	206.8	257.8	204.5	235.0	4.5	5.1	1.9
2000	260.8	266.0	237.7	244.7	258.5	317.3	238.1	285.4	4.1	4.3	3.2
2002	285.6	292.9	253.9	260.6	281.0	367.8	256.4	316.5	4.7	5.1	3.6
2003	297.1	306.0	261.2	267.7	292.5	394.8	262.8	326.3	4.0	4.5	2.5
2004	310.1	321.3	271.5	278.3	306.9	417.9	269.3	337.1	4.4	5.0	2.5
2005	323.2	336.7	281.7	287.5	324.0	439.9	276.0	349.0	4.2	4.8	2.5
2006	336.2	350.6	289.3	291.9	340.9	468.1	285.9	363.9	4.0	4.1	3.6
2007	351.1	369.3	300.8	303.2	358.4	498.9	290.0	369.2	4.4	5.3	1.4
2008	364.1	384.9	311.0	311.3	376.9	534.0	296.0	378.3	3.7	4.2	2.1

¹ Includes other services not shown separately. ² Includes other commodities not shown separately. ³ Percent change from the immediate prior year.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, *CPI Detailed Report Tables*; <http://www.bls.gov/cpi/cpi_dr.htm>. See also *Monthly Labor Review* at <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/mlr/welcome.htm>>.

Table 136. Average Annual Expenditures Per Consumer Unit for Health Care: 2005 to 2007

[In dollars, except percent. See text, Section 13 and headnote, Table 664. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Item	Health care, total		Drugs and medical supplies ¹			Percent distribution		
	Amount	Percent of total expenditures	Health insurance	Medical services	Drugs and medical supplies ¹	Health insurance	Medical services	Drugs and medical supplies ¹
2005	2,664	5.7	1,361	677	626	51.1	25.4	23.5
2006	2,766	5.7	1,465	670	631	53.0	24.2	22.8
2007	2,853	5.7	1,545	709	599	54.2	24.9	21.0
Age of reference person:								
Under 25 years old	800	2.7	397	267	137	49.6	33.4	17.1
25 to 34 years old	1,740	3.7	918	556	267	52.8	32.0	15.3
35 to 44 years old	2,315	3.9	1,269	651	396	54.8	28.1	17.1
45 to 54 years old	2,792	4.8	1,386	772	633	49.6	27.7	22.7
55 to 64 years old	3,476	6.5	1,751	883	842	50.4	25.4	24.2
65 to 74 years old	4,967	11.8	2,821	1,027	1,119	56.8	20.7	22.5
75 years old and over	4,275	14.1	2,716	651	909	63.5	15.2	21.3
Race of reference person:								
White and other	3,011	5.8	1,619	756	637	53.8	25.1	21.2
Black	1,689	4.7	1,001	370	319	59.3	21.9	18.9
Origin of reference person:								
Hispanic	1,486	3.6	744	468	275	50.1	31.5	18.5
Non-Hispanic	3,035	6.0	1,652	742	641	54.4	24.4	21.1
Region of residence:								
Northeast	2,645	5.1	1,535	576	535	58.0	21.8	20.2
Midwest	3,097	6.5	1,632	811	655	52.7	26.2	21.1
South	2,800	6.2	1,539	639	622	55.0	22.8	22.2
West	2,860	5.1	1,475	829	556	51.6	29.0	19.4
Size of consumer unit:								
One person	1,790	6.1	994	403	394	55.5	22.5	22.0
Two or more persons	3,302	5.7	1,778	839	685	53.8	25.4	20.7
Two persons	3,709	7.0	2,005	872	833	54.1	23.5	22.5
Three persons	2,876	5.0	1,564	697	616	54.4	24.2	21.4
Four persons	3,147	4.7	1,684	935	529	53.5	29.7	16.8
Five persons or more	2,840	4.4	1,498	819	523	52.7	28.8	18.4
Income before taxes:								
Quintiles of income:								
Lowest 20 percent	1,474	7.2	895	232	347	60.7	15.7	23.5
Second 20 percent	2,448	7.9	1,397	522	529	57.1	21.3	21.6
Third 20 percent	2,826	6.7	1,538	661	627	54.4	23.4	22.2
Fourth 20 percent	3,268	5.7	1,771	848	650	54.2	25.9	19.9
Highest 20 percent	4,244	4.4	2,122	1,283	838	50.0	30.2	19.7
Education:								
Less than a high school graduate	2,003	6.6	1,136	391	476	56.7	19.5	23.8
High school graduate	2,594	6.6	1,502	533	558	57.9	20.5	21.5
High school graduate with								
some college	2,654	5.8	1,381	735	537	52.0	27.7	20.2
Associate's degree	2,998	5.7	1,643	706	648	54.8	23.5	21.6
Bachelor's degree	3,362	5.1	1,777	907	679	52.9	27.0	20.2
Master's, professional, doctoral degree	4,105	5.2	2,096	1,202	807	51.1	29.3	19.7

¹ Includes prescription and nonprescription drugs.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Consumer Expenditure Survey*, annual; <<http://www.bls.gov/cex/>>.

Table 137. Medicare Disbursements by Type of Beneficiary: 1990 to 2008

[In millions of dollars (109,709 represents \$109,709,000,000). For years ending Sept. 30. Distribution of benefits by type is estimated and subject to change. See headnote, Table 142]

Selected type of beneficiary	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008 ¹
Total disbursements	109,709	180,096	219,276	301,488	336,876	380,457	434,829	455,076
HI, Part A disbursements ²	66,687	114,883	130,284	166,998	184,142	184,901	202,827	230,240
Benefits	65,722	113,394	125,992	163,764	181,934	185,100	203,990	226,275
Aged	58,503	100,107	110,261	140,704	155,925	157,273	172,748	184,267
Disabled	7,218	13,288	15,731	23,060	26,009	27,827	31,242	33,524
SMI, Part B disbursements ²	43,022	65,213	88,992	134,274	151,537	161,647	179,651	177,709
Benefits	41,498	63,490	88,875	131,357	147,449	154,381	172,698	174,805
Aged	36,837	54,830	76,340	109,890	122,905	127,848	142,839	151,298
Disabled	4,661	8,660	12,535	21,467	24,544	26,534	29,859	31,991
SMI, Part D disbursements ²	(X)	(X)	(X)	216	1,198	33,909	52,351	47,126
Benefits	(X)	(X)	(X)	—	73	33,506	51,336	46,734
Transitional assistance benefit payments	(X)	(X)	(X)	216	1,125	229	10	—

— Represents or rounds to zero. X Not applicable. ¹ A transfer of expenditures between Parts A and B took place during 2008 that corrected for accounting errors that happened during FY2005–2007. The transfer is reflected in the “Benefits” data and is the sum of “Aged, Benefits and the Transfer.” For Table 142, the total for Parts A and B is the sum of the “Providers and the Transfer.” The Part A “Benefits” total increased by \$8,484,000,000 while Part B “Benefits” total decreased by the same amount. ² Other types not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Trustees Report and Trust Funds, and unpublished data. See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/ReportsTrustFunds/>>.

Table 138. Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP)—Enrollment and Expenditures by State: 2000 and 2008

[(3,357.4 represents 3,357,400) For year ending September 30. This program provides health benefits coverage to children living in families whose incomes exceed the eligibility limits for Medicaid. Although it is generally targeted to families with incomes at or below 200 percent of the federal poverty level, each state may set its own income eligibility limits, within certain guidelines. States have three options: they may expand their Medicaid programs, develop a separate child health program that functions independently of Medicaid, or do a combination of both]

State	Enrollment ¹ (1,000)		Expenditures ² (mil. dol.)		State	Enrollment ¹ (1,000)		Expenditures ² (mil. dol.)	
	2000	2008	2000	2008		2000	2008	2000	2008
U.S.	3,357.4	7,368.5	1,928.8	6,896.6	MO	72.8	136.1	41.2	79.6
AL	37.6	110.8	31.9	108.8	MT	8.3	22.7	4.3	24.9
AK	13.4	18.7	18.1	14.4	NE	11.4	48.8	6.1	35.6
AZ	59.6	112.1	29.4	119.4	NV	15.9	38.6	9.0	28.8
AR	1.9	93.4	1.5	113.2	NH	4.3	12.2	1.6	11.2
CA	484.4	1,692.1	187.3	1,259.3	NJ	89.0	151.8	46.9	323.1
CO	34.9	99.6	13.9	82.5	NM	8.0	14.9	3.4	124.3
CT	19.9	22.3	12.8	26.3	NY	769.5	517.3	401.0	326.9
DE	4.5	11.2	1.5	9.7	NC	103.6	251.7	65.5	193.7
DC	2.3	8.7	5.8	10.1	ND	2.6	7.6	1.8	13.5
FL	227.5	354.4	125.7	272.3	OH	118.3	251.3	53.1	227.5
GA	120.6	311.2	48.7	225.0	OK	57.7	117.5	51.3	99.4
HI	(Z)	28.8	0.4	17.6	OR	37.1	73.7	12.5	66.3
ID	12.4	43.5	7.5	35.4	PA	119.7	256.6	70.7	204.5
IL	62.5	356.5	32.7	292.9	RI	11.5	26.0	10.4	59.1
IN	44.4	125.0	53.7	102.4	SC	60.4	73.6	46.6	57.8
IA	20.0	50.4	15.5	55.3	SD	5.9	15.3	3.1	15.6
KS	26.3	51.2	12.8	47.9	TN	14.9	63.6	41.7	77.5
KY	55.6	67.7	60.0	90.3	TX	131.1	731.9	41.4	698.0
LA	50.0	147.9	25.3	159.2	UT	25.3	51.1	12.8	50.3
ME	22.7	30.9	11.4	33.4	VT	4.1	6.5	1.4	5.7
MD	93.1	132.9	92.2	156.2	VA	37.7	155.3	18.6	131.3
MA	113.0	201.0	44.2	259.3	WA	2.6	16.8	0.6	43.4
MI	55.4	67.8	36.2	172.9	WV	21.7	37.6	9.7	36.8
MN	(Z)	5.6	(Z)	71.4	WI	47.1	52.9	21.4	75.3
MS	12.2	84.4	21.1	142.9	WY	2.5	9.0	1.0	8.7

Z Less than 50 or \$50,000. ¹ Number of children ever enrolled during the year in Children’s Health Insurance Program. ² Expenditures for which states are entitled to federal reimbursement under Title XXI and which reconciles any advance of Title XXI federal funds made on the basis of estimates.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, *The Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), Annual Enrollment Report and the Statement of Expenditures for the CHIP Program (CMS-21)*. See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/NationalCHIPPolicy/>> and <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/medicaid/mbes/default.asp>>.

Table 139. Medicare Enrollees: 1990 to 2008

[In millions (34.3 represents 34,300,000). As of July 1. Includes Puerto Rico and island areas and enrollees in foreign countries and unknown place of residence. SMI is Supplemental Medical Insurance. See headnote, Table 142]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total	34.3	37.6	39.7	41.9	42.6	43.4	44.3	45.2
Aged	31.0	33.2	34.3	35.4	35.8	36.3	37.0	37.8
Disabled	3.3	4.4	5.4	6.5	6.8	7.1	7.3	7.4
Hospital insurance, Part A	33.7	37.2	39.3	41.5	42.2	43.1	43.9	44.9
Aged	30.5	32.7	33.8	35.0	35.4	36.0	36.6	37.5
Disabled	3.3	4.4	5.4	6.5	6.8	7.1	7.3	7.4
SMI, Part B	32.6	35.6	37.3	39.1	39.8	40.4	41.1	41.7
Aged	29.6	31.7	32.6	33.5	33.8	34.1	34.6	35.2
Disabled	2.9	3.9	4.8	5.7	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.6
SMI, Part D	(X)	(X)	(X)	1.2	1.8	30.5	31.2	32.3
Medicare Advantage ¹	1.3	2.7	6.2	4.7	5.8	7.3	8.7	10.0

X Not applicable. ¹ Prior to 2004, Medicare Advantage was referred to as Medicare + Choice.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, CMS Statistics Medicare Enrollment, "National Trends." See <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicareEnrpts/>>.

Table 140. Medicare—Enrollment by State and Other Areas: 2000 to 2007

[In thousands (39,620 represents 39,620,000). Hospital (HI) and/or supplementary medical insurance (SMI) enrollment as of July 1]

State and area	2000	2005	2006	2007	State and area	2000	2005	2006	2007
All areas ¹	39,620	42,395	43,314	44,263	MT	137	146	150	156
U.S.	38,762	41,003	42,020	43,259	NE	254	259	263	268
AL	685	740	766	789	NV	240	294	304	318
AK	42	51	54	57	NH	170	185	191	204
AZ	675	777	805	841	NJ	1,203	1,215	1,236	1,257
AR	439	464	480	496	NM	234	261	273	285
CA	3,901	4,158	4,241	4,369	NY	2,715	2,758	2,796	2,841
CO	467	513	533	558	NC	1,133	1,255	1,300	1,359
CT	515	520	527	537	ND	103	103	104	105
DE	112	125	130	136	OH	1,701	1,731	1,766	1,805
DC	75	72	73	74	OK	508	531	549	565
FL	2,804	3,008	3,064	3,133	OR	489	532	547	567
GA	916	1,016	1,063	1,111	PA	2,095	2,108	2,144	2,184
HI	165	180	184	189	RI	172	171	173	175
ID	165	188	196	207	SC	568	637	664	697
IL	1,635	1,674	1,702	1,741	SD	119	123	126	129
IN	852	893	915	941	TN	829	903	938	975
IA	477	484	491	500	TX	2,265	2,491	2,598	2,708
KS	390	397	403	412	UT	206	231	242	254
KY	623	668	689	711	VT	89	95	98	102
LA	602	630	616	639	VA	893	981	1,011	1,045
ME	216	233	238	247	WA	736	807	837	873
MD	645	687	704	723	WV	338	351	359	367
MA	961	961	976	997	WI	783	818	835	854
MI	1,403	1,468	1,502	1,541	WY	65	70	72	74
MN	654	691	708	729	Outlying areas ²	537	622	633	(NA)
MS	419	449	459	469	Pending state designations ³	321	769	660	(NA)
MO	861	901	922	946					

NA Not available. ¹ Includes Outlying Areas and Pending State Designation. ² Includes American Samoa, Federated States of Micronesia, Guam Marshall Islands, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, and Wake Island. ³ Include foreign countries and unknown places of residence.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Medicare Enrollment Reports. See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicareEnrpts/>>.

Table 141. Medicaid—Selected Characteristics of Persons Covered: 2007

[In thousands, except percent (39,327 represents 39,327,000). Represents number of persons as of March of following year who were enrolled at any time in year shown. Excludes unrelated individuals under age 15. Persons did not have to receive medical care paid for by Medicaid in order to be counted. See headnote, Table 555]

Poverty status	Total ¹	White alone ²	Black alone ³	Asian alone ⁴	Hispanic ⁵	Under 18	18–44	45–64	65 years
						years old	years old	years old	old and over
Persons covered, total	39,327	27,046	8,910	1,520	10,298	20,673	9,827	5,565	3,263
Below poverty level	16,247	10,031	4,909	508	4,484	9,105	4,080	2,223	840
Above poverty level	23,080	17,015	4,001	1,012	5,814	11,568	5,747	3,342	2,423
Percent of population covered	13.2	11.3	23.7	11.5	22.4	27.9	8.9	7.2	8.9
Below poverty level	43.6	39.9	53.1	37.7	45.3	68.3	29.6	33.7	23.6
Above poverty level	8.8	8.0	14.1	8.5	16.1	19.1	5.9	4.7	7.3

¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² White alone refers to people who reported White and did not report any other race category. ³ Black alone refers to people who reported Black and did not report any other race category. ⁴ Asian alone refers to people who reported Asian and did not report any other race category. ⁵ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports, *Income, Poverty, and Health Insurance Coverage in the United States: 2007*, P60-235 (issued August 2008); and "Table HI02. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics for People in the Poverty Universe: 2007"; and "Table HI03. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics for Poor People in the Poverty Universe: 2007." See <<http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hithins/hithin07.html>>.

Table 142. Medicare Benefits by Type of Provider: 1990 to 2008

[In millions of dollars (65,721 represents \$65,721,000,000). For years ending Sept. 30. Distribution of benefits by type is estimated and subject to change. The Medicare program has two components: Hospital Insurance (HI) or Medicare Part A and Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI) consisting of Medicare Part B and Part D. See text in this section for details. See footnote 1, Table 137, for 2008 data changes]

Type of provider	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Hospital insurance benefits (Part A), total	65,721	113,395	125,992	163,764	181,934	185,100	203,990	226,275
Inpatient hospital	57,012	81,095	86,561	114,375	122,656	122,101	125,918	128,754
Skilled nursing facility	2,761	8,684	10,269	16,673	18,712	19,658	22,161	23,919
Home health agency	3,295	15,715	4,880	5,213	5,885	5,864	6,233	6,570
Hospice	318	1,854	2,818	6,572	7,679	8,811	10,448	11,399
Managed care	2,335	6,047	21,463	20,932	27,001	28,667	39,230	47,150
Supplementary medical insurance benefits (Part B), total	41,498	63,490	88,876	131,357	147,449	154,381	172,698	174,805
Physician fee schedule	(NA)	31,110	35,958	52,224	57,211	57,923	58,832	59,762
Durable medical equipment	(NA)	3,576	4,577	7,687	7,894	8,266	8,138	8,534
Carrier lab ¹	(NA)	2,819	2,194	3,206	3,521	3,678	4,049	4,172
Other carrier ²	(NA)	4,513	7,154	13,794	15,195	15,253	15,695	16,395
Hospital ³	(NA)	8,448	8,516	16,931	18,970	20,042	22,725	23,054
Home health	(NA)	223	4,281	5,577	6,750	7,442	9,056	9,956
Intermediary lab ⁴	(NA)	1,437	1,748	2,670	2,821	2,813	3,048	2,976
Other intermediary ⁵	(NA)	5,110	6,099	10,459	11,353	11,751	13,430	13,236
Managed care	(NA)	6,253	18,348	18,809	23,735	27,213	37,724	45,203
Supplementary medical insurance benefits (Part D), total⁶	(X)	(X)	(X)	216	1,198	33,735	51,346	46,734

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Lab services paid under the lab fee schedule performed in a physician's office lab or an independent lab. ² Includes free-standing ambulatory surgical center's facility costs, ambulance, and supplies. ³ Includes the hospital facility costs for Medicare Part B services which are predominantly in the outpatient department. The physician reimbursement associated with these services is included on the "Physician Fee Schedule" line. ⁴ Lab fee services paid under the lab fee schedule performed in a hospital outpatient department. ⁵ Includes ESRD (End Stage Renal Disease) free-standing dialysis facility payments and payments to rural health clinics, outpatient rehabilitation facilities, psychiatric hospitals, and federally qualified health centers. ⁶ Starting with 2006, Part D provides subsidized access to drug insurance coverage on a voluntary basis for all beneficiaries and premium and cost-sharing subsidies for low-income enrollees. Benefits prior to 2006 were for transitional assistance to beneficiaries with low income.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, unpublished data. See <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/ReportsTrustFunds/>>.

Table 143. Medicare Insurance Trust Funds: 1990 to 2008

[In billions of dollars (126.3 represents \$126,300,000,000) SMI is Supplemental Medical Insurance. See headnote, Table 142]

Type of trust fund	1990	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
TOTAL MEDICARE									
Total income	126.3	175.3	257.1	291.6	317.7	357.5	437.0	462.1	480.8
Total expenditures	111.0	184.2	221.8	280.8	308.9	336.4	408.3	431.7	468.1
Assets, end of year	114.4	143.4	221.5	280.0	288.8	309.8	338.5	368.9	381.6
HOSPITAL INSURANCE (Part A)									
Net contribution income ¹	72.1	103.3	154.5	159.2	167.2	182.6	194.2	205.3	213.4
Interest received ²	8.5	10.8	11.7	15.8	16.0	16.1	16.4	17.5	16.4
Benefit payments ³	66.2	116.4	126.8	154.3	167.6	180.0	189.0	200.2	232.3
Assets, end of year	98.9	130.3	177.5	256.0	269.3	285.8	305.4	326.0	321.3
SMI (Part B)									
Net premium income	11.3	19.7	20.6	27.4	31.4	37.5	42.9	46.8	50.2
Transfers from general revenue	33.0	39.0	65.9	86.4	100.4	118.1	132.7	139.6	146.8
Interest received	1.6	1.6	3.5	2.0	1.5	1.4	1.8	2.2	3.6
Benefit payments ³	42.5	65.0	88.9	123.8	135.0	149.2	165.9	176.4	180.3
Assets, end of year	15.5	13.1	44.0	24.0	19.4	24.0	32.3	42.1	59.4
SMI (Part D)									
Net premium income	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	-	-	3.5	4.0	5.0
Transfers from general revenue ⁴	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	0.4	1.1	39.1	38.7	37.3
Interest received	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments ⁴	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	0.4	1.1	47.0	48.8	49.0
Assets, end of year	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	-	-	0.8	0.8	0.9

- Represents zero. X Not applicable. ¹ Includes income from taxation of benefits beginning in 1994. Includes premiums from aged ineligible enrolled in Hospital Insurance (HI). ² Includes recoveries of amounts reimbursed from the trust fund. ³ Beginning 1998, monies transferred to the SMI trust fund for home health agency costs, as provided for by P.L. 105-33, are included in HI benefit payments but excluded from SMI benefit payments. ⁴ These amounts for 2004 and 2005 include amounts transferred for transitional assistance for Part D of Medicare.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund and Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund. See also <<http://www.cms.hhs.gov/ReportsTrustFunds/>>.

Table 144. Medicaid—Beneficiaries and Payments: 2000 to 2006

[For year ending September 30 (42,887 represents 42,887,000)]

Basis of eligibility and type of service	Beneficiaries (1,000) ¹				Payments (mil. dol.)			
	2000	2004	2005 ²	2006 ³	2000	2004	2005 ²	2006 ³
Total	42,887	55,002	57,643	57,757	168,443	257,748	275,569	269,858
Age 65 and over	3,730	4,318	4,396	4,375	44,560	59,541	63,358	58,186
Blind/Disabled	6,890	7,933	8,210	8,335	72,772	111,614	119,647	116,907
Children	19,018	25,613	26,337	26,784	23,490	39,194	42,012	45,022
Adults	8,671	12,225	12,529	12,605	17,671	30,522	32,385	33,043
Foster Care Children	761	846	875	919	3,309	5,011	5,337	5,714
Unknown	3,817	4,048	5,267	4,703	6,639	11,668	12,547	10,619
BCCA WOMEN ⁴	(NA)	19	29	37	(NA)	199	283	367
Capitated care ⁵	21,292	29,528	33,496	35,046	25,026	42,601	46,421	50,153
Clinic services	7,678	11,102	11,913	11,858	6,138	8,336	8,986	8,736
Dental services	5,922	9,037	9,328	9,514	1,413	2,867	3,045	3,123
Home health services	1,007	1,146	1,195	1,191	3,133	4,566	5,361	5,917
ICF/MR services ⁶	119	114	109	107	9,376	11,193	11,730	11,854
Inpatient hospital services	4,913	5,425	5,488	6,268	24,131	34,914	35,347	36,466
Lab and X-ray services	11,439	15,875	16,020	16,202	1,292	2,695	2,927	2,988
Mental health facility services ⁷	100	117	120	138	1,769	2,326	2,333	2,392
Nursing facility services	1,706	1,709	1,712	1,722	34,528	42,008	44,675	45,674
Other care ⁸	9,022	12,387	12,347	12,249	14,755	24,951	26,624	29,186
Outpatient hospital services	13,170	15,888	16,314	16,015	7,082	10,261	10,228	10,454
Other practitioner services	4,758	5,933	5,904	5,881	664	951	1,182	1,148
PCCM services ⁹	5,649	8,548	8,750	8,722	177	500	235	253
Prescribed drugs	20,325	27,549	28,385	27,310	19,898	39,476	42,830	28,243
Physician services	18,965	23,612	24,204	23,265	6,809	10,061	11,278	10,581
Personal support services ¹⁰	4,559	6,254	6,809	6,847	11,629	18,494	20,729	21,624
Sterilizations	137	174	179	177	128	207	212	194
Unknown	74	81	73	68	496	1,344	1,428	873

NA Not available. ¹ Beneficiaries data do not add due to number of beneficiaries that are reported in more than one category. ² 2005 beneficiary data is not available for Maine; 2004 data is reported. ³ 2006 beneficiary data is not available for Maine; 2004 data is reported. ⁴ Women-Breast and Cervical Cancer Assistance. ⁵ HMO payments and prepaid health plans. ⁶ Intermediate care facilities for mentally retarded. ⁷ Inpatient mental health-aged and inpatient mental health-under 21. ⁸ Includes beneficiaries of, and payments for, other care not shown separately. ⁹ Primary Care Case Management Services. ¹⁰ Includes personal care services, rehabilitative services, physical occupational targeted case management services, speech therapies, hospice services, nurse midwife services, nurse practitioner services, private duty nursing services, and religious nonmedical health care institutions.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Medicaid Program Statistics, Medicaid Statistical Information System; <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicaidDataSourcesGenInfo/02_MSISDATA.asp#TopOfPage>.

Table 145. Medicaid—Summary by State: 2000 and 2006

[(42,887 represents 42,887,000). For year ending September 30. See headnote, Table 144]

State	Beneficiaries ¹ (1,000)		Payments ² (mil. dol.)		State	Beneficiaries ¹ (1,000)		Payments ² (mil. dol.)	
	2000	2006	2000	2006		2000	2006	2000	2006
U.S.	42,887	57,757	168,443	269,858	MO	890	1,136	3,274	4,771
AL	619	845	2,393	3,897	MT	104	115	422	639
AK	96	121	473	954	NE	229	248	960	1,451
AZ	681	1,019	2,112	3,153	NV ⁴	138	257	516	1,090
AR	489	753	1,543	2,778	NH	97	126	651	855
CA	7,918	10,427	17,105	29,010	NJ	822	1,004	4,714	7,512
CO	381	625	1,809	2,679	NM	376	516	1,249	2,333
CT	420	518	2,839	3,986	NY	3,420	5,194	26,148	40,235
DE	115	171	529	947	NC	1,214	1,631	4,834	8,121
DC	139	159	793	1,385	ND	63	74	358	510
FL	2,373	3,123	7,433	12,569	OH	1,305	2,021	7,115	11,834
GA	1,369	1,818	3,624	6,042	OK	507	726	1,604	2,934
HI	194	227	600	989	OR	558	516	1,714	2,274
ID	131	217	594	1,057	PA	1,492	2,089	6,366	11,406
IL	1,519	2,195	7,807	9,963	RI	179	212	1,070	1,647
IN	706	999	2,977	5,011	SC	689	862	2,765	4,013
IA	314	431	1,477	2,524	SD	102	131	402	606
KS	263	343	1,227	1,996	TN	1,568	1,591	3,491	5,955
KY	764	900	2,921	4,135	TX	2,633	3,910	9,277	13,764
LA	761	1,149	2,632	3,978	UT	225	288	960	1,521
ME ³	194	294	1,310	2,366	VT	139	150	480	813
MD	626	759	3,003	5,219	VA	627	821	2,479	4,173
MA	1,060	1,167	5,413	8,661	WA	896	1,128	2,435	5,230
MI	1,352	1,872	4,881	7,139	WV	342	373	1,394	2,226
MN	558	718	3,280	5,505	WI	577	973	2,968	4,451
MS	605	745	1,808	3,144	WY	46	69	215	412

¹ Persons who had payments made on their behalf at any time during the fiscal year. ² Payments are for fiscal year and reflect federal and state contribution payments. Data exclude disproportionate share hospital payments. Disproportionate share hospitals receive higher Medicaid reimbursement than other hospitals because they treat a disproportionate share of Medicaid patients. ³ 2005 and 2006 beneficiary data are not available for Maine; 2004 data are reported. ⁴ 2006 beneficiary data are not available for Nevada; 2005 data are reported.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Medicaid, Program Statistics, Medicaid Statistical Information System.

Table 146. Medicaid Managed Care Enrollment by State and Other Areas: 1995 to 2008

[For year ending June 30. (33,373 represents 33,373,000)]

State and other areas	Total enrollment ¹ (1,000)	Managed care enrollment ²		State and other areas	Total enrollment ¹ (1,000)	Managed care enrollment ²		State and other areas	Total enrollment ¹ (1,000)	Managed care enrollment ²	
		Number (1,000)	Percent of total			Number (1,000)	Percent of total			Number (1,000)	Percent of total
1995	33,373	9,800	29.4	HI	211	167	79.1	NC	1,354	905	66.9
2000	33,690	18,786	55.8	ID	187	156	83.4	ND	54	31	58.3
2003	42,741	24,406	58.4	IL	2,107	1,168	55.4	OH	1,784	1,275	71.5
2004	44,356	26,914	60.7	IN	882	630	71.4	OK	583	511	87.6
2005	45,392	28,576	63.0	IA	363	296	81.6	OR	418	381	91.2
2006	45,653	29,830	65.3	KS	279	234	83.8	PA	1,833	1,487	81.1
2007	45,962	29,463	64.1	KY	732	665	90.8	RI	178	110	61.9
				LA	1,007	692	68.7	SC	689	647	93.8
2008,				ME	259	163	63.1	SD	102	101	98.8
total . . .	47,143	33,428	70.2	MD	711	516	72.7	TN	1,207	1,207	100.0
U.S	46,080	32,443	71.6	MA	1,115	697	60.3	TX	3,041	2,116	69.6
AL	765	504	66.0	MI	1,547	1,363	88.1	UT	208	178	85.7
AK	97	-	-	MN	617	385	62.4	VT	141	129	91.0
AZ	1,049	949	90.5	MS	670	485	72.4	VA	754	472	62.7
AR	622	500	80.4	MO	833	811	97.3	WA	961	858	89.3
CA	6,607	3,409	51.6	MT	83	30	36.0	WV	311	139	44.6
CO	430	414	96.4	NE	202	172	84.8	WI	907	474	52.3
CT	435	284	65.3	NV	189	157	82.9	WY	61	-	-
DE	153	115	63.7	NH	113	88	77.6	PR	1,016	985	96.9
DC	146	93	63.3	NJ	915	660	72.1	VI	7	-	-
FL	2,276	1,442	63.3	NM	473	293	62.0				
GA	1,271	1,168	91.9	NY	4,147	2,714	65.4				

- Represents zero. ¹ The unduplicated Medicaid enrollment figures include individuals in state health care reform programs that expand eligibility beyond traditional Medicaid eligibility standards. ² The unduplicated managed care enrollment figures include enrollees receiving comprehensive and limited benefits.

Source: U.S. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, "2008 Medicaid Managed Care Enrollment Report." See <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicaidDataSourcesGenInfo/04_MdManCrEnrllRep.asp>.

Table 147. Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs): 1990 to 2007

[As of January 1 (33.0 represents 33,000,000)]. An HMO is a prepaid health plan delivering comprehensive care to members through designated providers, having a fixed periodic payment for health care services, and requiring members to be in a plan for a specified period of time (usually 1 year). A group HMO delivers health services through a physician group that is controlled by the HMO unit or contracts with one or more independent group practices to provide health services. An individual practice association (IPA) HMO contracts directly with physicians in independent practice, and/or contracts with one or more associations of physicians in independent practice, and/or contracts with one or more multispecialty group practices. Data are based on a census of HMOs]

Model type	Number of plans						Enrollment ¹ (mil.)					
	1990	2000	2004 ²	2005 ⁴	2006 ^{3,4}	2007 ^{3,4}	1990	2000	2004 ²	2005 ⁴	2006 ^{3,4}	2007 ^{3,4}
Total . . .	572	568	412	420	548	531	33.0	80.9	68.8	69.2	73.9	73.9
IPA	360	278	176	171	191	174	13.7	33.4	24.6	23.5	22.4	23.3
Group ⁵	212	102	96	98	122	116	19.3	15.2	15.3	16.4	20.7	19.7
Mixed	(NA)	188	140	141	134	103	(NA)	32.3	28.9	29.0	25.5	21.4

NA Not available. ¹ 1990-1995 exclude enrollees participating in open-ended plans; beginning 1999, includes open-ended enrollment. ² Starting with 2004 data, Puerto Rico and Guam included in the total. ³ 2006 and 2007 data include "HMO Medicaid only plans." ⁴ 2005-2007 totals include plans that did not provide enough information to be classified as a model type. ⁵ 2006 and 2007 data includes data for "Network, Staff and Group" types categorized under the "Group" model type.

Source: HealthLeaders-InterStudy, Nashville, TN, *The Competitive Edge*, copyright). See also <<http://www.interstudypublications.com/>>.

Table 148. Persons Enrolled in Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs) by State: 2006 and 2007

[As of January 1 (64,494 represents 64,494,000)]. Data are based on a census of health maintenance organizations]

State	Number 2007 (1,000)	Percent of population		State	Number 2007 (1,000)	Percent of population		State	Number 2007 (1,000)	Percent of population	
		2006	2007			2006	2007			2006	2007
US . . .	64,494	23.8	21.5	KS	362	14.8	13.1	ND	1	0.4	0.2
AL	120	3.1	2.6	KY	271	6.2	6.4	OH	2,080	23.2	18.1
AK	-	-	-	LA	282	9.5	6.6	OK	227	7.0	6.3
AZ	1,522	34.2	24.7	ME	366	36.6	27.7	OR	875	24.8	23.6
AR	85	3.5	3.0	MD	1,428	29.1	25.4	PA	3,214	26.9	25.8
CA	15,992	49.2	43.9	MA	2,265	44.2	35.2	RI	220	25.0	20.6
CO	1,004	25.9	21.1	MI	2,796	26.6	27.7	SC	295	7.4	6.8
CT	1,053	31.3	30.1	MN	704	23.4	13.6	SD	66	7.5	8.4
DE	153	15.5	18.0	MS	3	0.8	0.1	TN	1,510	25.8	25.0
DC	332	55.4	57.0	MO	1,050	18.6	18.0	TX	2,364	12.1	10.1
FL	3,584	24.5	19.8	MT	48	7.3	5.1	UT	719	26.1	28.2
GA	2,157	15.4	23.0	NE	97	7.9	5.5	VT	95	24.5	15.3
HI	601	46.8	46.7	NV	541	24.7	21.7	VA	1,341	19.5	17.5
ID	64	2.9	4.4	NH	216	21.5	16.4	WA	1,186	18.3	18.5
IL	1,626	15.2	12.7	NJ	1,884	24.4	21.6	WV	197	8.9	10.8
IN	1,441	25.7	22.8	NM	374	23.7	19.1	WI	1,224	26.3	22.0
IA	238	11.5	8.0	NY	5,784	27.5	30.0	WY	13	2.0	2.6
				NC	423	9.8	4.8				

- Represents zero.

Source: HealthLeaders-InterStudy, Nashville, TN, *The Competitive Edge*, copyright). See also <<http://www.interstudypublications.com/>>.

Table 149. Health Insurance Coverage Status by Selected Characteristics: 2006 and 2007

[(296,824 represents 296,824,000). Persons as of following year for coverage in the year shown. Government health insurance includes Medicare, Medicaid, and military plans. Based on Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASES). As of March. See text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Number (1,000)							Percent			
	Total persons	Covered by private or government health insurance					Not covered by health insurance	Covered by private or government health insurance			Not covered by health insurance
		Total ¹	Private		Government			Total ¹	Private	Medicaid	
			Total	Group health ²	Medicare	Medicaid					
2006³	296,824	249,829	201,690	177,152	40,343	38,281	46,995	84.2	67.9	12.9	15.8
2007	299,106	253,449	201,991	177,446	41,375	39,554	45,657	84.7	67.5	13.2	15.3
Age:											
Under 18 years	74,403	66,254	47,750	44,252	518	20,899	8,149	89.0	64.2	28.1	11.0
Under 6 years	24,944	22,326	14,793	13,971	235	8,364	2,618	89.5	59.3	33.5	10.5
6 to 11 years	23,820	21,355	15,567	14,621	138	6,604	2,465	89.7	65.4	27.7	10.3
12 to 17 years	25,639	22,573	17,391	15,661	145	5,932	3,066	88.0	67.8	23.1	12.0
18 to 24 years	28,398	20,407	17,074	13,747	180	3,563	7,991	71.9	60.1	12.5	28.1
25 to 34 years	40,146	29,817	26,430	24,505	501	3,237	10,329	74.3	65.8	8.1	25.7
35 to 44 years	42,132	34,415	31,067	29,009	924	3,027	7,717	81.7	73.7	7.2	18.3
45 to 54 years	43,935	37,161	33,350	30,805	1,795	3,103	6,774	84.6	75.9	7.1	15.4
55 to 64 years	33,302	29,291	25,114	22,569	3,179	2,462	4,011	88.0	75.4	7.4	12.0
65 years and over	36,790	36,103	21,206	12,558	34,278	3,263	686	98.1	57.6	8.9	1.9
Sex: Male	146,855	122,309	99,180	88,077	17,943	17,976	24,546	83.3	67.5	12.2	16.7
Female	152,250	131,140	102,811	89,369	23,431	21,578	21,111	86.1	67.5	14.2	13.9
Race: White alone ⁴	239,399	205,099	167,905	146,398	35,117	27,172	34,300	85.7	70.1	11.4	14.3
Black alone ⁴	37,775	30,403	20,169	18,525	4,303	8,986	7,372	80.5	53.4	23.8	19.5
Asian alone ⁴	13,268	11,034	9,067	8,107	1,195	1,528	2,234	83.2	68.3	11.5	16.8
Hispanic origin ⁵	46,026	31,256	20,194	18,551	2,887	10,348	14,770	67.9	43.9	22.5	32.1
Household income:											
Less than \$25,000	55,267	41,728	16,650	10,325	15,822	18,976	13,539	75.5	30.1	34.3	24.5
\$25,000–\$49,999	68,915	54,400	39,742	33,099	12,567	11,436	14,515	78.9	57.7	16.6	21.1
\$50,000–\$74,999	58,355	49,867	43,967	39,782	5,779	4,730	8,488	85.5	75.3	8.1	14.5
\$75,000 or more	116,568	107,453	101,633	94,240	7,207	4,412	9,115	92.2	87.2	3.8	7.8
Persons below poverty	37,276	25,741	7,893	5,076	5,106	16,247	11,535	69.1	21.2	43.6	30.9

¹ Includes other government insurance not shown separately. Persons with coverage counted only once in total, even though they may have been covered by more than one type of policy. ² Related to employment of self or other family members. ³ The estimates are revised from the originally published data. ⁴ Refers to people who reported specified race and did not report any other race category. ⁵ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports; Income, Poverty, and Health Insurance Coverage in the United States: 2007, P60-235; issued August 2008. Table HI01 Health Insurance Data, Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics: 2007. Table HI02. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics for People in the Poverty Universe: 2007; <<http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin07.html>>.

Table 150. Persons With and Without Health Insurance Coverage by State: 2007

[(253,449 represents 253,499,000. Based on the Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASES). As of March. See text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

State	Total persons covered (1,000)	Total persons not covered		Children not covered		State	Total persons covered (1,000)	Total persons not covered		Children not covered	
		Number (1,000)	Percent of total	Number (1,000)	Percent of total			Number (1,000)	Percent of total	Number (1,000)	Percent of total
U.S.¹	253,449	45,657	15.3	8,149	11.0	MO	5,062	729	12.6	150	10.4
AL	4,021	549	12.0	82	7.3	MT	793	146	15.6	28	12.6
AK	552	123	18.2	21	11.4	NE	1,522	232	13.2	45	10.0
AZ	5,204	1,164	18.3	234	13.8	NV	2,126	441	17.2	94	14.3
AR	2,354	451	16.1	44	6.2	NH	1,177	137	10.5	19	6.5
CA	29,682	6,613	18.2	1,013	10.7	NJ	7,208	1,348	15.8	270	12.9
CO	4,077	801	16.4	157	13.0	NM	1,509	437	22.5	77	15.5
CT	3,150	326	9.4	43	5.2	NY	16,543	2,519	13.2	395	8.9
DE	766	96	11.2	16	7.5	NC	7,673	1,510	16.4	272	12.1
DC	526	55	9.5	7	6.2	ND	553	61	10.0	11	7.9
FL	14,426	3,648	20.2	785	19.2	OH	9,979	1,322	11.7	239	8.6
GA	7,831	1,662	17.5	289	11.5	OK	2,920	631	17.8	116	12.6
HI	1,172	96	7.5	14	4.8	OR	3,130	632	16.8	92	10.6
ID	1,292	209	13.9	46	11.0	PA	11,138	1,176	9.5	207	7.4
IL	10,988	1,700	13.4	210	6.6	RI	931	113	10.8	21	8.8
IN	5,546	717	11.4	83	5.2	SC	3,664	721	16.4	152	14.2
IA	2,695	275	9.3	34	4.8	SD	708	80	10.1	16	8.0
KS	2,376	345	12.7	54	7.7	TN	5,268	883	14.4	135	9.1
KY	3,637	570	13.6	82	8.0	TX	17,742	5,962	25.2	1,435	21.4
LA	3,421	776	18.5	137	12.5	UT	2,317	340	12.8	87	10.4
ME	1,197	115	8.8	14	5.1	VT	545	69	11.2	12	9.4
MD	4,804	762	13.7	146	10.5	VA	6,548	1,135	14.8	187	10.2
MA	6,000	340	5.4	43	3.0	WA	5,773	737	11.3	106	6.8
MI	8,776	1,151	11.6	149	6.2	WV	1,541	254	14.1	18	4.6
MN	4,758	433	8.3	80	6.4	WI	5,023	451	8.2	77	5.8
MS	2,358	545	18.8	94	12.1	WY	447	70	13.6	12	9.6

¹ The estimates are revised from the originally published data.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports; Income, Poverty, and Health Insurance Coverage in the United States: 2007, P60-235; issued August 2008. Table HI05. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by State for All People: 2007. See also <<http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin07.html>>.

Table 151. People Without Health Insurance for the Entire Year by Selected Characteristics: 2006 and 2007

[In thousands, except as noted (296,824 represents 296,824,000). Based on the Current Population Survey; Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC); see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Characteristic	2006			2007		
	Total persons	Uninsured persons		Total persons	Uninsured persons	
		Number	Percent distribution		Number	Percent distribution
Total ^{1, 2}	296,824	46,995	100.0	299,106	45,657	100.0
Under 18 years	74,101	8,661	18.4	74,403	8,149	17.8
18 to 24 years	28,405	8,323	17.7	28,398	7,991	17.5
25 to 34 years	39,868	10,713	22.8	40,146	10,329	22.6
35 to 44 years	42,762	8,018	17.1	42,132	7,717	16.9
45 to 64 years	75,652	10,737	22.8	77,237	10,785	23.6
65 years and over	36,035	541	1.2	36,790	686	1.5
Male	145,689	25,531	54.3	146,855	24,546	53.8
Female	151,135	21,464	45.7	152,250	21,111	46.2
White alone ³	237,892	35,486	75.5	239,399	34,300	75.1
White alone or in combination	242,592	36,248	77.1	244,145	34,977	76.6
Black alone ³	37,369	7,652	16.3	37,775	7,372	16.1
Black alone or in combination	39,083	7,921	16.9	39,683	7,624	16.7
Asian alone ³	13,194	2,045	4.4	13,268	2,234	4.9
Asian alone or in combination	14,348	2,160	4.6	14,444	2,321	5.1
Hispanic ⁴	44,854	15,296	32.5	46,026	14,770	32.3
White alone, not Hispanic	196,252	21,162	45.0	196,768	20,548	45.0

¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² The estimates are revised from the originally published data. ³ Refers to people who reported specified race and did not report any other race category. ⁴ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports, Income, Poverty, and Health Insurance Coverage in the United States: 2007, P60-235. *Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by Selected Characteristics: 2007*. See also <<http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin07.html>>.

Table 152. Percent of Workers Participating in Health Care Benefit Programs and Percent of Participants Required to Contribute: 2008

[Based on National Compensation Survey, a sample survey of 12,872 private industry establishments of all sizes, representing over 107 million workers; see Appendix III. See also Table 640. The data below marks the first release of data on employee benefits under new industry and occupational classifications]

Characteristic	Percent of workers participating—				Single coverage medical plan		Family coverage medical plan	
	Medical care	Dental care	Vision care	Outpatient prescription drug coverage	Employee contributions required (percent)	Average monthly contribution ¹ (dol.)	Employee contributions required (percent)	Average monthly contribution ¹ (dol.)
Total	53	37	22	51	77	87.69	87	330.99
Worker characteristics:								
Management, professional, and related	68	51	30	65	79	85.76	90	330.88
Management, business, and financial	77	57	31	74	80	82.79	91	316.15
Professional and related	64	48	30	61	78	87.54	90	339.50
Service	29	20	14	28	82	96.00	91	350.84
Sales and office	51	35	19	49	80	89.62	91	352.05
Sales and related	42	28	16	40	82	94.37	91	347.95
Office and administrative support	57	40	21	55	79	87.13	91	354.13
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	62	37	26	59	63	91.34	75	329.44
Production, transportation, and material moving	61	40	24	58	74	80.93	83	288.01
Production	67	45	26	64	75	81.03	83	278.45
Transportation, and material moving	55	34	21	52	73	80.80	83	300.50
Full-time ²	65	45	27	62	77	86.74	87	328.83
Part-time ²	14	11	7	14	78	101.39	88	363.44
Union ³	79	62	47	76	49	67.89	57	227.74
Nonunion	50	34	19	48	82	89.88	93	342.18
Average hourly wage ⁴								
Less than \$7.85	13	NA	NA	12	89	90.30	94	341.07
\$7.85 to under \$10.13	28	17	10	26	83	97.35	92	355.70
\$10.13 to under \$15.00	55	36	20	52	81	89.06	92	342.56
\$15.00 to under \$23.25	67	44	25	64	74	85.68	87	327.74
\$23.25 to under \$34.79	72	54	35	69	70	86.08	80	319.12
\$34.79 or greater	75	60	35	73	78	84.22	87	313.18

¹ The average is presented for all covered workers and excludes workers without the plan provision. Averages are for plans stating a flat monthly cost. ² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. ³ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. ⁴ The National Compensation Survey—Benefits program presents wage data in percentiles rather than dollar amounts; see "Technical Note" in source.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *National Compensation Survey: Employee Benefits in Private Industry in the United States, March, 2008* (issued August 2008). See also <<http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/publications.htm>>.

Table 153. Retail Prescription Drug Sales: 1995 to 2008

[2,125 represents 2,125,000,000]

Sales outlet	Unit	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
		Number of prescriptions	Mil.	2,125	2,865	3,139	3,215	3,274	3,279	3,420
Traditional chain	Mil.	908	1,335	1,463	1,483	1,500	1,518	1,605	1,660	1,684
Independent	Mil.	672	698	719	736	738	714	732	745	732
Mass merchant	Mil.	238	293	339	345	353	359	375	390	400
Supermarkets	Mil.	221	394	444	462	470	465	476	478	481
Mail order	Mil.	86	146	174	189	214	223	232	242	238
Percent distribution of brand/generic mix:										
Brand drugs	Percent	59.8	57.6	57.9	55.0	54.1	50.6	45.2	40.8	35.5
Generic drugs	Percent	40.2	42.4	42.1	45.0	45.9	49.4	54.8	59.2	64.5
Retail sales										
Traditional chain	Bil. dol.	72.2	145.6	182.7	204.2	216.7	226.1	243.2	249.2	253.6
Independent	bil. dol.	27.8	59.1	75.7	86.6	86.7	90.7	96.0	101.2	104.1
Mass merchant	bil. dol.	22.0	33.4	38.0	41.2	44.2	45.4	46.7	44.6	43.8
Supermarkets	bil. dol.	7.7	13.5	15.6	16.1	16.8	17.5	21.6	23.6	24.8
Mail order	bil. dol.	7.4	22.1	30.2	35.0	42.7	45.5	50.9	52.5	55.1
Average prices ¹										
All prescriptions	Dollars	30.01	45.79	55.37	59.52	62.64	63.87	65.82	68.77	71.7
Brand drugs	Dollars	40.22	65.29	77.49	85.57	91.80	97.65	107.48	109.62	121.2
Generic drugs	Dollars	14.84	19.33	24.89	27.69	28.23	29.21	29.76	32.60	35.2
Average prescription cost ¹										
Manufacturer receives	Dollars	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	66.97	69.91	(NA)
Wholesaler receives	Dollars	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	51.97	54.30	(NA)
Retailer receives	Dollars	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	2.07	2.44	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Excludes mail order.

Source: National Association of Chain Drug Stores, Alexandria, VA, *NACDS Foundation Chain Pharmacy Industry Profile, 2008* (copyright); <<http://www.nacds.org>>.

Table 154. Annual Receipts/Revenue for Health Care Industries: 2000 to 2007

[In millions of dollars (1,033,029 represents \$1,033,029,000,000).Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2002 (NAICS); see text, Section 15.All firms in NAICS 6211, 6212, 6213, and 6215 are defined as taxable. Estimates for the nonemployer portion are derived from administrative records data provided by other federal agencies. These data are available only at the total revenue level. See Appendix III]

Selected kind of business	2002 NAICS code	Total, all firms ¹			Taxable employer firms		
		2000	2005	2007	2000	2005	2007
Health care and social assistance	62	1,033,029	1,478,399	1,664,547	500,932	730,440	835,940
Ambulatory health care services ²	621	419,402	610,806	692,854	376,095	549,489	624,879
Offices of physicians	6211	213,806	310,780	346,043	213,806	310,780	346,043
Offices of dentists	6212	60,931	83,636	93,645	60,931	83,636	93,645
Offices of other health practitioners	6213	32,037	45,095	50,380	32,037	45,095	50,380
Offices of chiropractors	62131	7,570	9,876	10,833	7,570	9,876	10,833
Offices of optometrists	62132	7,639	9,793	11,037	7,639	9,793	11,037
Offices of mental health practitioners	62133	3,516	4,066	4,567	3,516	4,066	4,567
Offices of PT/OT/speech therapy & audiology ³	62134	8,486	14,195	16,052	8,486	14,195	16,052
Outpatient care centers	6214	(S)	69,464	82,133	(S)	31,487	40,677
Medical & diagnostic laboratories	6215	23,450	34,690	38,558	23,450	34,690	38,558
Home health care services	6216	26,841	43,969	53,664	16,879	29,736	37,714
Other ambulatory health care services	6219	15,565	23,172	28,431	9,421	14,065	17,862
Hospitals ²	622	423,889	611,522	687,135	42,908	71,315	83,644
General medical & surgical hospitals	6221	397,526	573,007	642,670	36,926	58,568	68,110
Psychiatric & substance abuse hospitals	6222	13,422	13,914	16,041	2,189	2,317	3,215
Other specialty hospitals	6223	12,941	24,601	28,424	3,793	10,430	12,319
Nursing and residential care facilities ²	623	112,706	145,578	160,037	66,245	85,294	95,295
Nursing care facilities	6231	67,238	83,515	90,677	49,816	61,240	67,881
Residential mental retardation/health facilities ³	6232	16,718	22,932	25,543	4,726	6,693	7,698
Residential mental retardation facilities	62321	11,570	15,607	17,709	3,297	4,638	5,345
Community care facilities for the elderly	6233	22,104	30,612	34,676	10,812	16,070	18,220
Continuing care retirement communities	623311	12,948	17,609	20,121	3,576	5,677	6,662
Homes for the elderly	623312	9,156	13,003	14,555	7,236	10,393	11,558
Other residential care facilities	6239	6,646	8,519	9,141	891	1,291	1,496
Social assistance ²	624	77,032	110,493	124,521	15,684	24,342	32,122
Individual and family services	6241	37,311	52,806	61,558	3,824	7,395	10,252
Community food and housing, and emergency and other relief services	6242	12,281	18,935	18,579	46	(S)	(S)
Vocational rehabilitation services	6243	9,458	13,921	13,425	1,593	2,655	2,715
Child day care services	6244	17,982	24,831	30,959	10,221	14,170	18,977

S Figure does not meet publication standards. ¹ Includes taxable nonemployer firms, not shown separately. ² Includes other kinds of business not shown separately. ³ Offices of physical, occupational, and speech therapists, and audiologists.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Service Annual Survey, 2007*; <<http://www.census.gov/econ/www/servmenu.html>>.

Table 155. Receipts for Selected Health Care Industries by Source of Revenue: 2002 and 2007

[In millions of dollars (248,824 represents \$248,824,000,000). Based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), see text, Section 15. Based on a sample of taxable employer firms only and does not include nonemployer revenue. See Appendix III]

Source of revenue	Offices of physicians (NAICS 6211)		Offices of dentists (NAICS 6212)		Hospitals (NAICS 622)		Nursing and residential care facilities (NAICS 623)	
	2002	2007	2002	2007	2002	2007	2002	2007
Total	248,824	346,043	71,103	93,645	500,113	687,135	127,114	160,037
Medicare	59,756	74,032	(S)	789	161,306	177,200	16,332	25,997
Medicaid	17,923	18,321	2,462	3,690	59,385	69,408	51,625	59,285
Other government	2,479	4,687	(S)	454	26,174	34,139	9,973	11,332
Worker's compensation	8,416	7,219	(S)	86	5,478	6,658	(S)	(S)
Private insurance	121,246	173,245	36,618	42,593	185,985	286,764	7,124	7,423
Patient (out-of-pocket)	26,022	35,333	30,744	42,575	26,108	31,251	231,432	237,849
Other patient care sources, n.e.c. ³	8,679	19,162	(S)	2,861	11,829	22,412	3,321	6,518
Nonpatient care revenue	4,304	(S)	(S)	(S)	23,848	(S)	7,271	(S)

S Figure does not meet publication standards. ¹ Veterans, National Institute of Health, Indian Affairs, etc. ² Represents payment from patients and their families plus patients' assigned social security benefits. ³ n.e.c. represents not elsewhere classified.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Service Annual Survey, 2007*; <<http://www.census.gov/econ/www/servmenu.html>>.

Table 156. Employment in the Health Service Industries: 1990 to 2008

[In thousands (9,296 represents 9,296,000). See headnote, Table 612. Based on the North American Industry Classification System 2007 code; see text, Section 15. For more information on the NAICS changes, please see <<http://stats.bls.gov/ces/cesnaics07.htm>>]

Industry	2007 NAICS code ¹	1990	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
		Health care and social assistance¹	62	9,296	12,718	13,893	14,190	14,536	14,925
Ambulatory health care services ¹	621	2,842	4,320	4,786	4,952	5,114	5,286	5,474	5,661
Offices of physicians	6211	1,278	1,840	2,003	2,048	2,094	2,148	2,202	2,266
Offices of dentists	6212	513	688	744	760	774	784	808	819
Offices of other health practitioners	6213	276	438	503	527	549	571	600	629
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	6215	129	162	182	190	198	202	211	219
Home health care services	6216	288	633	733	777	821	866	914	958
Hospitals ¹	622	3,513	3,954	4,245	4,285	4,345	4,423	4,515	4,641
General medical and surgical hospitals	6221	3,305	3,745	4,005	4,042	4,096	4,167	4,242	4,351
Psychiatric and substance abuse hospitals	6222	113	86	92	92	93	98	99	102
Other hospitals	6223	95	123	148	151	156	162	174	189
Nursing and residential care facilities ¹	623	1,856	2,583	2,786	2,818	2,855	2,893	2,958	3,008
Nursing care facilities	6231	1,170	1,514	1,580	1,577	1,577	1,581	1,603	1,614

¹ Includes other industries not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, March issues. See also <<http://stats.bls.gov/ces/home.htm>>.

Table 157. Osteopathic Physicians: 2001 to 2009

Osteopathic physicians are fully qualified physicians licensed to practice medicine and to perform surgery. Osteopathic medicine has a strong emphasis on the interrelationship of the body's nerves, muscles, bones and organs. Doctors of osteopathic medicine, or D.O.s, apply the philosophy of treating the whole person to the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of illness, disease and injury]

Characteristics	2001	2005	2009	Characteristics	2001	2005	2009
Characteristics	2001	2005	2009	Unknown	28	318	208
Total number of DOs	46,990	56,512	67,167	Self-identified practice specialty ¹	31,996	38,442	46,031
Sex				Family and general practice	14,102	17,800	18,792
Female	10,875	15,147	20,808	General internal Medicine	2,592	3,107	4,596
Male	36,115	41,365	46,359	General pediatrics/adolescent medicine	958	1,176	1,716
Age				Obstetrics and gynecology	1,219	1,465	1,986
Less than 35 years old	9,866	12,983	15,246	Pediatric specialties	320	348	532
35 to 44 years old	14,798	16,179	19,212	Osteopathic specialties ²	414	464	805
45 to 54 years old	12,754	13,845	15,985	Other specialties	12,001	13,431	17,396
55 to 64 years old	4,706	7,998	10,327	Unknown	390	651	208
65 years old and over	4,838	5,189	6,189				

¹ DOs are assumed to be in active practice if they are under age 65 and have not informed the AOA that they have retired or are inactive. DOs are assumed to be in postdoctoral training (internship, residency or fellowship) if they are within 4 years of graduation or if the AOA has received information that they are in a postdoctoral program. ² Osteopathic self-identified practice specialties include OMT (osteopathic manipulative treatment) and OMM (osteopathic manipulative medicine). OMT is the therapeutic application of manually guided forces by an osteopathic physician to improve physiologic function and/or support homeostasis that has been altered by somatic dysfunction. OMM is the application of osteopathic philosophy, structural diagnosis, and use of OMT in the patient's diagnosis and management.

American Osteopathic Association, Chicago, IL.; *AOA Annual Statistics*. See <<http://www.osteopathic.org/index.cfm?PageID=aoaannualrpt>>.

Table 158. Physicians by Sex and Specialty: 1980 to 2007

[In thousands (467.7 represents 467,700). As of Dec. 31, except 1990 as of Jan. 1, and as noted. Includes Puerto Rico and Island Areas]

Activity	1980		1990		2000		2007	
	Total	Office-based	Total	Office-based	Total	Office-based	Total	Office-based
Doctors of medicine, total ¹	467.7	272.0	615.4	361.0	813.8	490.4	941.3	562.9
Place of medical education:								
U.S. medical graduates	370.0	226.2	483.7	286.2	616.8	376.5	697.8	424.0
International medical graduates ²	97.7	45.8	131.8	74.8	197.0	113.9	243.5	138.9
Sex: Male	413.4	251.4	511.2	311.7	618.2	382.3	674.3	407.1
Female	54.3	20.6	104.2	49.2	195.5	108.1	267.0	155.8
Allergy/immunology	1.5	1.4	3.4	2.5	4.0	3.1	4.3	3.3
Anesthesiology	16.0	11.3	26.0	17.8	35.7	27.6	41.7	31.6
Cardiovascular diseases	9.8	6.7	15.9	10.7	21.0	16.3	22.6	17.5
Child psychiatry	3.3	2.0	4.3	2.6	6.2	4.3	7.3	5.3
Dermatology	5.7	4.4	7.6	6.0	9.7	8.0	10.9	9.0
Diagnostic radiology	7.0	4.2	15.4	9.8	21.1	14.6	24.9	17.3
Emergency medicine	5.7	3.4	14.2	8.4	23.1	14.5	30.8	20.0
Family practice	27.5	18.4	47.6	37.5	71.6	54.2	84.2	67.3
Gastroenterology	4.0	2.7	7.5	5.2	10.6	8.5	12.5	10.0
General practice	32.5	29.6	22.8	20.5	15.2	13.0	10.3	8.7
General surgery	34.0	22.4	38.4	24.5	36.7	24.5	37.7	25.6
Internal medicine	71.5	40.6	98.3	58.0	134.5	89.7	158.0	108.6
Neurological surgery	3.3	2.5	4.4	3.1	5.0	3.7	5.4	4.0
Neurology	5.7	3.3	9.2	5.6	12.3	8.6	14.8	10.5
Obstetrics and gynecology	26.3	19.5	33.7	25.5	40.2	31.7	42.6	34.4
Ophthalmology	13.0	10.6	16.1	13.1	18.1	15.6	18.2	15.9
Orthopedic surgery	14.0	10.7	19.1	14.2	22.3	17.4	24.5	19.3
Otolaryngology	6.6	5.3	8.1	6.4	9.4	7.6	10.1	8.2
Pathology	13.6	6.1	16.6	7.5	18.8	10.6	19.8	11.6
Pediatrics	29.5	18.2	41.9	27.1	63.9	43.2	76.3	53.3
Physical med./rehab.	2.1	1.0	4.1	2.2	6.5	4.3	8.3	5.9
Plastic surgery	3.0	2.4	4.6	3.8	6.2	5.3	7.2	6.1
Psychiatry	27.5	16.0	35.2	20.1	39.5	25.0	41.6	27.5
Pulmonary diseases	3.7	2.0	6.1	3.7	8.7	5.9	10.5	7.5
Radiology	11.7	7.8	8.5	6.1	8.7	6.7	9.0	6.9
Urological surgery	7.7	6.2	9.4	7.4	10.3	8.5	10.5	8.8
Unspecified	12.3	5.0	8.1	1.6	8.3	3.8	7.9	3.9
Not classified	20.6	(X)	12.7	(X)	45.1	(X)	52.7	(X)
Other categories ³	32.1	(X)	55.4	(X)	75.2	(X)	112.0	(X)

X Not applicable. ¹ Includes other categories not shown. ² International medical graduates received their medical education in schools outside the United States and Canada. ³ Includes inactive and address unknown.

Source: Except as noted, American Medical Association, Chicago, IL, *Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S.*, annual (copyright).

Table 159. Active Physicians and Nurses by State: 2007

[As of December 31. Excludes doctors of osteopathy, physicians with addresses unknown, and inactive status. Includes all physicians not classified according to activity status. As of May. Nurses data comes from the Bureau of Labor Statistics]

State	Physicians		Nurses		State	Physicians		Nurses	
	Total	Rate ¹	Total	Rate ¹		Total	Rate ¹	Total	Rate ¹
United States	816,727	271	2,468,340	819	Missouri	14,462	246	56,290	958
Alabama	10,094	218	42,180	912	Montana	2,110	221	7,160	748
Alaska	1,556	228	5,150	756	Nebraska	4,342	245	17,870	1,010
Arizona	13,321	210	34,580	544	Nevada	4,796	188	14,670	574
Arkansas	5,758	203	21,920	774	New Hampshire	3,607	275	12,730	970
California	97,743	269	233,200	641	New Jersey	27,373	316	78,510	907
Colorado	12,576	260	36,850	761	New Mexico	4,785	244	11,400	580
Connecticut	13,135	376	34,690	994	New York	76,925	396	166,990	859
Delaware	2,163	251	8,420	977	North Carolina	22,987	254	80,090	886
District of Columbia	4,745	807	8,110	1,380	North Dakota	1,559	244	7,000	1,097
Florida	45,110	248	148,180	814	Ohio	30,615	267	114,920	1,001
Georgia	20,708	217	62,230	653	Oklahoma	6,260	173	25,700	712
Hawaii	4,049	317	9,620	753	Oregon	10,253	274	29,700	795
Idaho	2,526	169	9,600	642	Pennsylvania	37,924	305	126,370	1,017
Illinois	35,932	280	104,130	812	Rhode Island	3,955	376	10,600	1,007
Indiana	13,745	217	54,770	864	South Carolina	10,122	230	35,040	795
Iowa	5,647	189	29,550	990	South Dakota	1,743	219	9,670	1,215
Kansas	6,181	223	24,070	867	Tennessee	16,206	264	54,960	894
Kentucky	9,843	232	39,120	923	Texas	51,080	214	157,870	662
Louisiana	11,487	263	39,090	894	Utah	5,553	208	16,670	625
Maine	3,662	278	13,850	1,053	Vermont	2,320	374	5,660	912
Maryland	23,680	421	48,840	869	Virginia	21,132	274	57,740	750
Massachusetts	30,335	469	78,280	1,210	Washington	17,413	270	49,910	774
Michigan	25,146	250	84,480	841	West Virginia	4,201	232	16,970	938
Minnesota	15,194	293	52,690	1,017	Wisconsin	14,507	259	50,690	905
Mississippi	5,196	178	25,350	868	Wyoming	965	184	4,250	812

¹ Per 100,000 resident population. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimates as of July 1.

Source: Physicians: American Medical Association, Chicago, IL, *Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S.*, annual (copyright); Nurses: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Occupational Employment Statistics, Occupational Employment and Wages; *May 2007 Wage and Employment Statistics*; <<http://www.bls.gov/oes/home.htm#data>>.

Table 160. Percent Distribution of Number of Visits to Health Care Professionals by Selected Characteristics: 2000 and 2007

[Covers ambulatory visits to doctor's offices and emergency departments, and home health care visits during a 12-month period. Based on the redesigned National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population]

Characteristic	None		1-3 visits		4-9 visits		10 or more visits	
	2000	2007	2000	2007	2000	2007	2000	2007
All persons ^{1, 2}	16.7	16.4	45.4	47.2	24.6	23.6	13.3	12.8
SEX ²								
Male	21.7	21.3	45.9	47.3	22.3	20.9	10.1	10.5
Female	11.9	11.5	44.8	47.1	27.0	26.3	16.3	15.1
AGE								
Under 18 years old	12.3	10.3	53.8	57.0	26.2	25.5	7.6	7.2
18 to 44 years old	23.5	24.1	45.2	46.3	19.1	18.4	12.2	11.2
45 to 64 years old	15.0	14.9	43.4	45.3	25.7	23.9	15.9	15.9
65 to 74 years old	9.0	8.4	34.5	35.4	34.5	36.0	22.1	20.3
75 years old and over	5.8	5.5	29.3	30.6	39.3	36.4	25.6	27.5
RACE ^{2, 3}								
Race alone:								
White	16.1	16.2	45.1	46.8	25.2	24.0	13.6	13.0
Black or African American	17.2	15.5	46.7	48.4	23.4	23.4	12.6	12.7
American Indian or Alaska Native	21.3	21.5	43.0	43.1	20.0	21.5	15.7	13.9
Asian	20.3	22.0	49.2	48.9	20.8	19.9	9.7	9.2
Two or more races	12.1	13.0	41.7	45.4	28.2	24.1	18.0	17.5
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE ^{2, 3, 4}								
Hispanic or Latino	26.8	25.2	41.8	44.6	19.8	20.3	11.6	9.9
Mexican	31.0	28.0	40.8	42.9	17.8	19.5	10.3	9.6
Not Hispanic or Latino	15.2	14.7	45.9	47.7	25.3	24.2	13.6	13.4
White, non-Hispanic	14.5	14.1	45.4	47.4	25.9	24.8	14.1	13.7
Black, non-Hispanic	17.1	15.1	46.8	48.6	23.5	23.5	12.6	12.8

¹ Includes other categories not shown separately. ² Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using six age groups: Under 18 years, 18-44 years, 45-54 years, 55-64 years, 65-74 years, and 75 years and over. ³ Estimates by race and Hispanic origin are tabulated using the 1997 standards for federal data on race and ethnicity. Estimates for specific race groups are shown when they meet requirements for statistical reliability and confidentiality. The categories "White only," "Black or African American only," "American Indian and Alaska Native (AI/AN) only," and "Asian only" include persons who reported only one racial group; and the category "2 or more races" includes persons who reported more than one of the five racial groups in the 1997 Standards or one of the five racial groups and "Some other race." ⁴ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race or combination of races.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, 2009*. See <www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>.

Table 161. Adults 18 Years and Over Who Used Complementary and Alternative Medicine (CAM) in the Past Twelve Months by Selected Type of Therapy: 2002 and 2007

[The denominators for statistics shown exclude persons with unknown CAM information. Estimates were age adjusted to the year 2000 U.S. standard population using four age groups: 18 to 24 years, 25 to 44 years, 45 to 64 years, and 65 years and over]

Therapy	2002		2007	
	Number (1,000)	Percent	Number (1,000)	Percent
Alternative medical systems:				
Acupuncture	2,136	1.1	3,141	1.4
Homeopathic treatment	3,433	1.7	3,909	1.8
Biologically based therapies:				
Nonvitamin, nonmineral, natural products ¹	38,183	18.9	38,797	17.7
Diet-based therapies ^{2, 3}	7,099	3.5	7,893	3.6
Vegetarian diet	3,184	1.6	3,351	1.5
Atkins diet	3,417	1.7	2,673	1.2
South Beach	(X)	(X)	2,334	1.1
Megavitamin therapy	5,739	2.8	(X)	(X)
Manipulative and body-based therapies:				
Chiropractic care ⁴	15,226	7.5	(X)	(X)
Chiropractic or Osteopathic manipulation ⁴	(X)	(X)	18,740	8.6
Massage	10,052	5.0	18,068	8.3
Movement therapies	(X)	(X)	3,146	1.5
Pilates	(X)	(X)	3,015	1.4
Mind-body therapies:				
Meditation	15,336	7.6	20,541	9.4
Guided imagery	4,194	2.1	4,866	2.2
Progressive relaxation	6,185	3.0	6,454	2.9
Deep breathing exercises	23,457	11.6	27,794	12.7
Yoga	10,386	5.1	13,172	6.1
Tai chi	2,565	1.3	2,267	1.0

X Not applicable. ¹ While questions were asked about nonvitamin, nonmineral, natural products in both 2002 and 2007, the data are not comparable due primarily to question order and the specific nonvitamin, nonmineral, natural product covered. ² The totals of the numbers and percents of the categories listed under "Diet-based therapies" are greater than the number and percent of their respective category heading because respondents could choose more than one of the categories. ³ While questions were asked about Diet-based therapies in both 2002 and 2007, the data are not comparable because respondents were asked about the South Beach Diet in 2007, but not in 2002. ⁴ While questions were asked about chiropractic therapy in both 2002 and 2007, the data are not comparable because respondents were asked about chiropractic care in 2002 and chiropractic or osteopathic manipulation in 2007.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Statistics Reports, Number 12, December 10, 2008; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nhsr/nhsr012.pdf>>.

Table 162. Ambulatory Care Visits to Physicians' Offices and Hospital Outpatient and Emergency Departments: 2007

[(1,200.0 represents 1,200,000,000). Based on the annual National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey and National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey and subject to sampling error; see source for details]

Characteristic	Number of visits (mil.)				Visits per 100 persons			
	Total	Physi- cian offices	Outpa- tient dept.	Emer- gency dept.	Total	Physi- cian offices	Outpa- tient dept.	Emer- gency dept.
Total	1,200.0	994.3	88.9	116.8	405.0	335.6	30.0	39.4
Age:								
Under 15 years old	205.8	167.5	16.0	22.3	338.2	275.3	26.3	36.7
15 to 24 years old	111.2	81.6	10.6	19.0	267.9	196.6	25.6	45.7
25 to 44 years old	259.3	203.2	22.7	33.5	317.5	248.8	27.8	41.0
45 to 64 years old	334.1	283.9	25.7	24.5	439.3	373.3	33.8	32.2
65 to 74 years old	142.5	127.8	7.8	6.9	745.9	668.9	40.9	36.2
75 years old and over	147.2	130.4	6.1	10.6	858.7	761.0	35.7	62.0
Sex:								
Male	500.8	413.8	33.4	53.6	345.3	285.3	23.0	37.0
Female	699.2	580.5	55.5	63.2	462.3	383.8	36.7	41.8
Race: ²								
White	966.2	818.2	62.8	85.2	406.9	344.6	26.5	35.9
Black/African American	168.0	118.3	21.8	27.9	449.9	316.8	58.4	74.6
Asian	44.9	40.6	2.1	2.1	337.4	305.4	15.9	16.0
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	4.3	3.6	¹ 0.3	¹ 0.3	807.0	686.4	¹ 61.4	¹ 59.2
American Indian/Alaska Native	12.5	10.9	¹ 0.6	¹ 1.0	433.1	377.0	¹ 20.4	¹ 35.7
More than one race reported ³	4.2	2.7	¹ 1.2	¹ 0.3	86.7	55.1	¹ 25.7	¹ 5.9
Expected sources of payment: ³								
Private insurance	722.0	640.9	35.5	45.6	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Medicare	274.9	239.1	15.7	20.1	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Medicaid/CHIP ⁴	181.2	122.4	29.5	29.4	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Worker's compensation	15.2	12.5	0.9	1.8	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No insurance: ⁵								
Self pay	74.9	48.7	8.3	17.9	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No charge	68.2	45.6	5.6	17.0	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Other	7.5	3.5	¹ 2.8	¹ 1.2	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Unknown	34.9	27.6	4.6	2.8	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Unknown	54.3	39.9	3.9	10.5	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

X Not applicable. ¹ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ² Race data were missing for 28.7 percent of ambulatory care visits, including 31.5 percent of visits to physician offices, 15.8 percent of visits to hospital outpatient departments, and 14.9 percent of visits to emergency departments. Missing data were imputed, and readers are advised to treat the resulting estimates with caution. More information is available at the website below. ³ Starting with 2006 data, more than one source of payment could be reported per visit. Prior years showed primary source only. ⁴ CHIP is Children's Health Insurance Program. ⁵ "No insurance" is defined as having only "self-pay" or "no charge/charity" as payment sources.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Statistics Reports, forthcoming; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/ahcd.htm>>.

Table 163. Visits to Office-Based Physicians and Hospital Outpatient Departments by Diagnosis: 2002 and 2007

[393.2 represents 393,200,000]. See headnote, Table 162]

Leading diagnosis ¹	Number (mil.)		Rate per 1,000 persons ²		Leading diagnosis ¹	Number (mil.)		Rate per 1,000 persons ²	
	2002	2007	2002	2007		2002	2007	2002	2007
Male, all ages	393.2	447.2	2,848	3,083	Female, all ages	580.1	636.0	4,001	4,205
Under 15 years old ³	92.3	97.2	2,979	3,122	Under 15 years old ³	85.8	86.3	2,901	2,904
Routine infant or child health check	19.6	20.4	632	654	Routine infant or child health check	18.1	20.1	613	675
Acute upper respiratory infections ⁴	8.3	9.3	268	298	Acute upper respiratory infections ⁴	7.6	8.6	256	288
Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	7.0	6.4	226	207	Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	6.8	5.1	231	173
Asthma	2.8	4.7	90	150	Acute pharyngitis	3.4	3.0	116	101
15 to 44 years old ³	100.4	105.4	1,654	1,715	15 to 44 years old ³	194.8	212.6	3,160	3,445
General medical examination	4.8	4.5	80	74	Normal pregnancy	19.7	19.5	320	316
Spinal disorders	3.3	4.3	54	69	Gynecological examination. Complications of pregnancy	7.7	8.6	126	140
Acute respiratory infections ⁴	3.6	3.9	59	63	General medical examination	6.2	6.2	100	100
Essential hypertension	2.4	3.3	39	54	45 to 64 years old ³	157.3	182.2	4,611	4,660
45 to 64 years old ³	106.3	127.4	3,313	3,447	Essential hypertension	11.4	9.7	335	249
Essential hypertension	10.2	9.4	318	256	Spinal disorders	4.3	7.2	127	184
Diabetes mellitus	5.7	6.4	179	173	Rheumatism, excluding back	4.5	6.5	132	166
Spinal disorders	4.1	5.5	128	150	Malignant neoplasms	3.4	5.5	101	140
Arthropathies and related disorders	3.9	4.9	121	132	65 years old and over ³	142.1	154.9	7,238	7,478
65 years old and over ³	94.3	117.2	6,578	7,549	Essential hypertension	16.9	12.7	860	614
Malignant neoplasms	5.5	8.4	382	540	Malignant neoplasms	4.5	7.5	230	360
Essential hypertension	8.0	7.7	557	498	Diabetes mellitus	6.3	6.2	321	298
Diabetes mellitus	6.3	5.7	440	369					
Ischemic heart disease	4.8	5.4	336	349					

¹ Based on the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, clinical modification, (ICD-9-CM). ² Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. ³ Includes other first-listed diagnoses, not shown separately. ⁴ Excluding pharyngitis.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Statistics Reports, forthcoming; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/ahcd.htm>>.

Table 164. Visits to Hospital Emergency Departments by Diagnosis: 2007

[53,632 represents 53,632,000. See headnote, Table 162]

Leading diagnosis ¹	Number (1,000)	Rate per 1,000 persons ²	Leading diagnosis ¹	Number (1,000)	Rate per 1,000 persons ²
MALE			FEMALE		
All ages	53,632	372	All ages	63,170	421
Under 15 years old³	12,233	394	Under 15 years old³	10,072	340
Acute upper respiratory infections ⁴	1,249	40	Acute respiratory infections ⁴	929	31
Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	944	30	Otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders	614	21
Open wound of head	651	21	Unspecified viral and chlamydial infections	503	17
Contusion with intact skin surface	583	19	Contusion with intact skin surface	451	15
Pyrexia of unknown origin	541	17	Pyrexia of unknown origin	433	15
15 to 44 years old³	22,685	368	15 to 44 years old³	29,780	481
Open wound, excluding head	1,259	20	Abdominal pain	1,947	31
Contusions with intact skin surfaces	1,050	17	Complications of pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium	1,784	29
Sprains and strains, excluding ankle and back	744	13	Contusions with intact skin surfaces	1,074	17
Chest pain	724	12	Chest pain	882	14
Cellulitis and abscess	716	12	Sprains and strains of neck and back	880	14
45 to 64 years old³	11,715	324	45 to 64 years old³	12,776	334
Chest pain	697	19	Chest pain	690	18
Open wound, excluding head	557	15	Abdominal pain	650	17
Spinal disorders	416	12	Spinal disorders	482	13
Cellulitis and abscess	402	11	Contusion with intact skin surface	429	11
Contusion with intact skin surface	375	10	Arthropathies and related disorders	357	9
65 years old and over³	6,999	460	65 years old and over³	10,541	517
Heart disease, excluding ischemic	461	30	Chest pain	576	28
Chest pain	422	28	Contusion with intact skin surface	548	27
Pneumonia	225	15	Heart disease, excluding ischemic	520	25
Cellulitis and abscess	206	14	Urinary tract infection site not specified	391	19
Open wound, excluding head	197	13	Abdominal pain	322	16

¹ Based on the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM). ² Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated civilian noninstitutional population as of July 1. ³ Includes other first-listed diagnosis, not shown separately. ⁴ Excluding pharyngitis.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *National Health Statistics Reports*, forthcoming. See <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/ahcd.htm>>.

Table 165. Procedures for Inpatients Discharged From Short-Stay Hospitals: 1990 to 2006

[(23,051 represents 23,051,000). Procedure categories are based on the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification. See headnote, Table 170]

Sex and type of procedure	Number of procedures (1,000)				Rate per 1,000 population ¹			
	1990	1995	2000	2006	1990	1995	2000	2006
Surgical procedures, total²	23,051	22,530	23,244	28,036	92.4	86.2	83.6	94.0
Coronary artery bypass graft ³	392	573	519	444	1.6	2.2	1.9	1.5
Cesarean section	945	785	855	1,295	3.8	3.0	3.1	4.3
Repair of current obstetric laceration	795	964	1,136	1,308	3.2	3.7	4.1	4.4
Cardiac catheterization	995	1,068	1,221	1,115	4.0	4.1	4.4	3.7
Reduction of fracture ⁴	609	577	628	672	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.3
Male, total²	8,538	8,388	8,689	11,199	70.6	65.9	63.9	76.4
Reduction of fracture ⁴	312	292	285	326	2.6	2.3	2.1	2.2
Cardiac catheterization	620	660	732	666	5.1	5.2	5.4	4.5
Coronary artery bypass graft ³	286	423	371	320	2.4	3.3	2.7	2.2
Female, total²	14,513	14,142	14,556	16,837	113.0	105.3	102.4	111.0
Cesarean section	945	785	855	1,295	7.4	5.8	6.0	8.5
Repair of current obstetric laceration	795	964	1,136	1,308	6.2	7.2	8.0	8.6
Hysterectomy	591	583	633	569	4.6	4.3	4.5	3.8
Diagnostic and other nonsurgical procedures⁵	17,455	17,278	16,737	17,927	70.0	66.1	60.2	60.1
Angiocardiology and arteriography ⁶	1,735	1,834	2,005	1,698	7.0	7.0	7.2	5.7
Respiratory therapy	1,164	1,127	991	1,088	4.7	4.3	3.6	3.6
Manual assisted delivery	750	866	898	1,207	3.0	3.3	3.2	4.0
Diagnostic ultrasound	1,608	1,181	886	888	6.4	4.5	3.2	3.0
Fetal electrocardiogram and fetal monitoring	1,377	935	750	797	5.6	3.6	2.7	2.7
Male, total⁵	7,378	7,261	6,965	7,283	61.0	57.1	51.2	49.7
Angiocardiology and arteriography ⁶	1,051	1,076	1,157	938	8.7	8.5	8.5	6.4
Respiratory therapy	586	572	507	561	4.9	4.5	3.7	3.8
Computerized Axial Tomographic scan	736	473	345	366	6.1	3.7	2.5	2.5
Female, total⁵	10,077	10,016	9,772	10,645	78.5	74.6	68.8	70.2
Manual assisted delivery	750	866	898	1,207	5.9	6.5	6.3	8.0
Fetal EKG and fetal monitoring	1,377	935	750	797	10.8	7.0	5.5	5.3
Respiratory therapy	578	555	484	527	4.5	4.1	3.4	3.5
Diagnostic ultrasound	941	682	501	477	7.3	5.1	3.5	3.1

¹ Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. Population estimates based on the 1990 census were used to calculate rates for 1990 through 2000. Population estimates based on the 2000 census were used to calculate rates for 2001 through 2006. ² Includes other types of surgical procedures not shown separately. ³ It is possible for a discharge to have more than one of these recorded. ⁴ Excluding skull, nose, and jaw. ⁵ Includes other nonsurgical procedures not shown separately. ⁶ Using contrast material.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13 and unpublished data; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/ser.htm>>.

Table 166. Hospitals—Summary Characteristics: 1990 to 2007

[For beds, (1,213 represents 1,213,000). Covers hospitals accepted for registration by the American Hospital Association; see text, this section. Short-term hospitals have an average patient stay of less than 30 days; long-term, an average stay of longer duration. Special hospitals include obstetrics and gynecology; eye, ear, nose, and throat; rehabilitation, orthopedic, chronic, and other special hospitals except psychiatric, tuberculosis, alcoholism, and chemical dependency hospitals]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Number:									
All hospitals	6,649	6,291	5,810	5,794	5,764	5,759	5,756	5,747	5,708
With 100 beds or more	3,620	3,376	3,102	3,032	3,007	2,972	2,942	2,928	2,901
Nonfederal ¹	6,312	5,992	5,565	5,554	5,525	5,520	5,530	5,526	5,495
Community hospitals ²	5,384	5,194	4,915	4,927	4,895	4,919	4,936	4,927	4,897
Nongovernmental nonprofit	3,191	3,092	3,003	3,025	2,984	2,967	2,958	2,919	2,913
For profit	749	752	749	766	790	835	868	889	873
State and local government	1,444	1,350	1,163	1,136	1,121	1,117	1,110	1,119	1,111
Long-term general and special	131	112	131	124	126	108	115	127	135
Psychiatric	757	657	496	477	477	466	456	462	444
Tuberculosis	4	3	4	4	4	4	3	2	1
Federal	337	299	245	240	239	239	226	221	213
Beds (1,000):³									
All hospitals	1,213	1,081	984	976	965	956	947	947	945
Rate per 1,000 population ⁴	4.9	4.1	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1
Beds per hospital	182	172	169	168	167	166	165	164	166
Nonfederal ¹	1,113	1,004	931	926	917	908	901	901	899
Community hospitals ²	927	873	824	821	813	808	802	802	801
Rate per 1,000 population ⁴	3.7	3.3	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7
Nongovernmental nonprofit	657	610	583	582	575	567	561	559	554
For profit	102	106	110	108	110	112	114	115	116
State and local government	169	157	131	130	120	127	128	128	131
Long-term general and special	25	19	18	18	18	15	15	16	17
Psychiatric	158	110	87	85	85	86	82	84	79
Tuberculosis	(Z)								
Federal	98	78	53	50	47	58	46	46	46
Average daily census (1,000):⁵									
All hospitals	844	710	650	662	657	658	656	653	645
Community hospitals ²	619	548	526	540	539	541	540	538	533
Nongovernmental nonprofit	455	393	382	391	389	388	388	384	380
For profit	54	55	61	64	65	68	68	67	66
State and local government	111	100	83	84	84	84	85	86	87
Expenses (bil. dol.):⁶									
All hospitals	234.9	320.3	395.4	462.2	498.1	533.8	570.5	607.3	638.5
Nonfederal ¹	219.6	300.0	371.5	432.5	467.2	499.0	533.7	569.8	599.7
Community hospitals ²	203.7	285.6	356.6	416.6	450.1	481.2	515.7	551.8	581.0
Nongovernmental nonprofit	150.7	209.6	267.1	312.7	337.7	359.4	386.0	412.8	435.5
For profit	18.8	26.7	35.0	40.1	44.0	48.9	51.8	54.9	55.8
State and local government	34.2	49.3	54.5	63.8	68.4	72.8	77.9	83.9	89.8
Long-term general and special	2.7	2.2	2.8	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	4.0	3.9
Psychiatric	12.9	11.7	11.9	12.1	13.1	13.8	13.9	15.0	14.5
Tuberculosis	0.1	0.4	(Z)						
Federal	15.2	20.2	23.9	29.7	30.9	34.8	36.8	37.5	38.8
Personnel (1,000):⁷									
All hospitals	4,063	4,273	4,454	4,610	4,650	4,695	4,790	4,907	5,024
Nonfederal ¹	3,760	3,971	4,157	4,312	4,350	4,379	4,479	4,569	4,699
Community hospitals ²	3,420	3,714	3,911	4,069	4,108	4,147	4,260	4,343	4,465
Nongovernmental nonprofit	2,533	2,702	2,919	3,039	3,058	3,076	3,154	3,207	3,286
For profit	273	343	378	380	391	405	421	423	432
State and local government	614	670	614	651	658	665	681	713	747
Long-term general and special	55	38	41	46	45	42	38	43	44
Psychiatric	280	215	200	193	194	185	182	193	187
Tuberculosis	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Federal	303	301	297	299	300	315	311	338	325
Outpatient visits (mil.)	368.2	483.2	592.7	640.5	648.6	662.1	673.7	690.4	693.5
Emergency	92.8	99.9	106.9	114.2	115.1	116.9	118.9	122.6	124.7

Z Less than 500 beds or \$50 million. ¹ Includes hospital units of institutions. ² Short-term (average length of stay less than 30 days) general and special (e.g., obstetrics and gynecology; eye, ear, nose and throat; rehabilitation, etc. except psychiatric, tuberculosis, alcoholism, and chemical dependency). Excludes hospital units of institutions. ³ Number of beds at end of reporting period. ⁴ Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1, 1990 and 2000 based on enumerated resident population as of April 1. Estimates reflect revisions based on the 2000 census of population. ⁵ The average number of people served on an inpatient basis on a single day during the reporting period. ⁶ Excludes new construction. ⁷ Includes full-time equivalents of part-time personnel.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *AHA Hospital Statistics 2009 Edition*, and prior years (copyright); <<http://www.ahadata.com/>>.

Table 167. Average Cost to Community Hospitals Per Patient: 1990 to 2007

[In dollars, except percent. Covers nonfederal short-term general or special hospitals (excluding psychiatric or tuberculosis hospitals and hospital units of institutions). Total cost per patient based on total hospital expenses (payroll, employee benefits, professional fees, supplies, etc.). Data have been adjusted for outpatient visits]

Type of expense and hospital	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Average cost per day, total	687	968	1,149	1,217	1,290	1,379	1,450	1,522	1,612	1,690
Annual percent change ¹	7.8	4.0	4.2	5.9	6.0	6.9	5.1	5.0	5.9	4.8
Nongovernmental nonprofit	692	994	1,182	1,255	1,329	1,429	1,501	1,585	1,686	1,772
For profit	752	947	1,057	1,121	1,181	1,264	1,362	1,412	1,472	1,519
State and local government	635	878	1,064	1,114	1,188	1,238	1,291	1,329	1,400	1,460
Average cost per stay, total	4,947	6,216	6,649	6,980	7,346	7,796	8,166	8,793	8,970	9,342
Nongovernmental nonprofit	5,001	6,279	6,717	7,052	7,458	7,905	8,266	8,670	9,190	9,574
For profit	4,727	5,425	5,642	5,972	6,161	6,590	7,139	7,351	7,422	7,740
State and local government	4,838	6,445	7,106	7,400	7,773	8,205	8,473	8,793	9,147	9,446

¹ Change from immediate prior year.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *AHA Hospital Statistics 2009 Edition*, and prior years (copyright); <<http://www.ahadata.com/>>.

Table 168. Community Hospitals—States: 2000 and 2007

[In thousands, (823.6 represents 823,600). For definition of community hospitals see footnote 2, Table 166]

State	Number of hospitals		Beds (1,000)		Patients admitted (1,000)		Average daily census (1,000) ¹		Outpatient visits (mil.)		Average cost per day (dol.)	
	2000	2007	2000	2007	2000	2007	2000	2007	2000	2007	2000	2007
United States	4,915	4,897	823.6	800.9	33,089	35,346	525.7	533.3	521.4	603.3	1,149	1,690
Alabama	108	109	16.4	15.7	680	696	9.8	9.7	8.0	8.2	980	1,332
Alaska	18	22	1.4	1.6	47	57	0.8	0.9	1.3	1.8	1,495	2,104
Arizona	61	66	10.9	12.2	539	675	6.8	8.4	5.3	7.3	1,311	2,039
Arkansas	83	84	9.8	9.5	368	366	5.7	5.2	4.4	5.2	908	1,353
California	389	355	72.7	69.3	3,315	3,276	47.8	47.0	44.9	45.9	1,438	2,165
Colorado	69	75	9.4	9.7	397	426	5.4	6.6	6.7	7.8	1,280	1,998
Connecticut	35	34	7.7	7.5	349	397	5.8	5.8	6.7	7.6	1,373	1,988
Delaware	5	6	1.8	2.3	83	107	1.4	1.8	1.5	1.8	1,311	1,778
District of Columbia	11	10	3.3	3.4	129	136	2.5	2.5	1.3	2.4	1,512	2,381
Florida	202	200	51.2	51.6	2,119	2,388	31.0	33.9	21.8	23.5	1,161	1,652
Georgia	151	147	23.9	25.5	863	964	15.0	17.2	11.2	13.8	978	1,279
Hawaii	21	23	3.1	2.9	100	111	2.3	2.1	2.5	1.9	1,088	1,556
Idaho	42	39	3.5	3.3	123	134	1.8	1.8	2.2	2.9	1,003	1,643
Illinois	196	190	37.3	34.6	1,531	1,606	22.4	22.2	25.1	30.7	1,278	1,799
Indiana	109	114	19.2	17.0	700	691	10.8	9.6	14.1	16.7	1,132	1,849
Iowa	115	117	11.8	10.5	360	368	6.8	6.2	9.2	10.6	740	1,132
Kansas	129	128	10.8	10.1	310	325	5.7	5.5	5.3	6.4	837	1,093
Kentucky	105	104	14.8	14.4	582	612	9.1	8.7	8.7	9.5	929	1,390
Louisiana	123	129	17.5	15.5	654	631	9.8	9.4	10.0	10.4	1,075	1,417
Maine	37	37	3.7	3.5	147	152	2.4	2.3	3.2	4.7	1,148	1,729
Maryland	49	49	11.2	11.7	587	698	8.2	8.9	6.0	7.3	1,315	2,113
Massachusetts	80	78	16.6	16.5	740	842	11.7	12.0	16.7	19.6	1,467	2,113
Michigan	146	143	26.1	25.4	1,106	1,204	16.9	17.2	24.9	27.9	1,211	1,642
Minnesota	135	131	16.7	15.8	571	635	11.2	10.8	7.3	9.9	932	1,500
Mississippi	95	95	13.6	12.7	425	418	8.0	7.3	3.7	4.4	719	1,179
Missouri	119	117	20.1	18.5	773	833	11.7	11.8	14.8	17.0	1,185	1,768
Montana	52	52	4.3	4.0	99	107	2.9	2.6	2.6	3.0	579	975
Nebraska	85	85	8.2	7.5	209	215	4.8	4.4	3.4	4.2	743	1,250
Nevada	22	33	3.8	5.1	199	244	2.7	3.5	2.2	2.7	1,285	1,875
New Hampshire	28	28	2.9	2.8	111	122	1.7	1.8	2.8	4.1	1,201	1,854
New Jersey	80	73	25.3	21.5	1,074	1,084	17.3	15.4	16.3	17.1	1,299	2,014
New Mexico	35	35	3.5	3.7	174	170	2.0	2.0	3.1	4.1	1,388	1,900
New York	215	202	66.4	62.4	2,416	2,541	52.1	50.3	46.4	53.1	1,118	1,673
North Carolina	113	113	23.1	23.2	971	1,028	16.0	16.6	12.4	14.8	1,061	1,433
North Dakota	42	41	3.9	3.5	89	89	2.3	2.1	1.7	1.8	747	958
Ohio	163	171	33.8	32.9	1,404	1,542	20.6	21.2	26.9	33.1	1,198	1,833
Oklahoma	108	113	11.1	10.9	429	454	6.2	6.5	4.7	5.3	1,031	1,424
Oregon	59	58	6.6	6.8	330	347	3.9	4.2	7.3	8.2	1,461	2,336
Pennsylvania	207	187	42.3	39.7	1,796	1,880	28.8	28.1	31.8	36.8	1,080	1,626
Rhode Island	11	11	2.4	2.4	119	129	1.7	1.8	2.1	2.6	1,313	1,923
South Carolina	63	67	11.5	12.0	495	519	8.0	8.2	7.8	6.0	1,101	1,557
South Dakota	48	51	4.3	4.2	99	100	2.8	2.8	1.7	1.8	476	869
Tennessee	121	133	20.6	21.7	737	970	11.5	14.7	10.3	11.8	1,078	1,396
Texas	403	409	55.9	58.1	2,367	2,468	33.1	35.1	29.4	32.5	1,274	1,806
Utah	42	41	4.3	4.6	194	224	2.4	2.7	4.5	5.0	1,375	1,959
Vermont	14	14	1.7	1.4	52	50	1.1	0.9	1.2	2.8	888	1,434
Virginia	88	87	16.9	16.9	727	787	11.4	11.9	9.5	12.9	1,057	1,622
Washington	84	87	11.1	11.3	505	574	6.6	7.1	9.6	11.2	1,511	2,332
West Virginia	57	56	8.0	7.5	288	287	4.8	4.6	5.2	6.5	844	1,176
Wisconsin	118	124	15.3	14.0	558	613	9.1	8.7	10.9	13.1	1,055	1,682
Wyoming	24	24	1.9	2.0	48	53	1.1	1.2	0.9	1.0	677	887

¹ The average number of people served on an inpatient basis on a single day during the reporting period.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *AHA Hospital Statistics 2009 Edition*, and prior years (copyright).

Table 169. Hospital Use Rates by Type of Hospital: 1990 to 2007

Type of hospital	1990	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Community hospitals: ¹								
Admissions per 1,000 population ²	125	116	117	120	119	119	118	117
Admissions per bed	34	35	40	43	43	44	44	43
Average length of stay (days) ³	7.2	6.5	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.5
Outpatient visits per admission	9.7	13.4	15.8	16.2	16.3	16.5	16.9	17.1
Outpatient visits per 1,000 population ²	1,207	1,556	1,852	1,937	1,946	1,976	2,002	2,000
Surgical operations (million ⁴)	21.9	23.2	26.1	27.1	27.4	27.5	28.1	28.1
Number per admission	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8
Nonfederal psychiatric:								
Admissions per 1,000 population ²	2.9	2.7	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.3
Days in hospital per 1,000 population ²	190	122	93	91	88	89	82	82

¹ Short term (average length of stay less than 30 days) general and special (e.g., obstetrics and gynecology; eye, ear, nose and throat; rehabilitation, etc. except psychiatric, tuberculosis, alcoholism and chemical dependency). Excludes hospital units of institutions. ² Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. Estimates reflect revisions based on the 2000 census of population. 1990 and 2000 based on enumerated resident population as of April 1. ³ Number of inpatient days divided by number of admissions. ⁴ 21.9 represents 21,900,000.

Source: Health Forum, An American Hospital Association Company, Chicago, IL, *AHA Hospital Statistics 2009 Edition* and prior years (copyright); <<http://www.healthforum.com>>.

Table 170. Hospital Utilization Rates by Sex: 1990 to 2006

[(30,788 represents 30,788,000). Represents estimates of inpatients discharged from noninstitutional, short-stay hospitals, exclusive of federal hospitals. Excludes newborn infants. Based on sample data collected from the National Hospital Discharge Survey, a sample survey of hospital records of patients discharged in year shown; subject to sampling variability]

Item and sex	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Patients discharged (1,000)	30,788	30,722	31,706	32,653	33,727	34,738	34,864	34,667	34,854
Patients discharged per 1,000 persons, total ¹	122	116	114	115	118	120	119	117	117
Male	100	94	92	93	95	98	97	96	95
Female	143	136	135	137	139	141	141	138	138
Days of care per 1,000 persons, total ¹	784	620	560	562	572	578	574	562	558
Male	694	551	491	490	506	507	505	498	495
Female	869	686	627	631	635	646	641	624	619
Average stay (days)	6.4	5.4	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8
Male	6.9	5.8	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2
Female	6.1	5.0	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.5

¹ Rates are computed using Census Bureau estimates of the civilian population as of July 1. Rates for 1990 and 1995 were based on population estimates adjusted for the net underenumeration in the 1990 census. Rates for 2000 and later were calculated using 2000-based postcensal estimates.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13 and unpublished data; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/series.htm>>.

Table 171. Hospital Utilization Measures for HIV Patients: 1990 to 2006

[HIV represents human immunodeficiency virus. See headnote, Table 170]

Measure of utilization	Unit	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	2006
Number of patients discharged	1,000	146	249	173	204	185	223
Male	1,000	114	183	115	132	113	145
Female	1,000	32	66	58	73	72	78
Rate of patient discharges ¹	Rate	5.8	9.4	6.2	7.0	6.3	7.5
Number of days of care	1,000	2,188	2,326	1,257	1,477	1,244	1,418
Male	1,000	1,777	1,649	895	876	751	907
Female	1,000	411	677	362	601	493	511
Rate of days of care ¹	Rate	86.9	87.6	45.2	50.5	42.2	47.6
Average length of stay	Days	14.9	9.3	7.3	7.2	6.7	6.3
Male	Days	15.5	9.0	7.8	6.7	6.7	6.2
Female	Days	12.9	10.3	6.3	8.3	6.8	6.5

¹ Per 10,000 population. Based on Census Bureau estimated civilian population as of July 1. Populations for 1990 and 1995 were adjusted for the net underenumeration in the 1990 census. Populations for 2000 and later were 2000-based postcensal estimates.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13 and unpublished data; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/series.htm>>.

Table 172. Hospital Discharges and Days of Care: 2002 and 2006
 [(33,727 represents 33,727,000). See headnote, Table 170. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Age, race, and region	Discharges				Days of care per 1,000 persons ¹		Average stay (days)	
	Number (1,000)		Per 1,000 persons ¹		2002	2006	2002	2006
	2002	2006	2002	2006				
Total²	33,727	34,854	118	117	572	558	4.9	4.8
Age:								
Under 1 year old	810	751	201	182	1,134	1,162	5.6	6.4
1 to 4 years old	713	682	46	42	159	141	3.5	3.4
5 to 14 years old	1,016	865	25	21	109	97	4.4	4.5
15 to 24 years old	3,083	3,132	77	75	266	264	3.5	3.5
25 to 34 years old	3,897	4,045	99	101	328	346	3.3	3.4
35 to 44 years old	3,757	3,623	84	84	368	358	4.4	4.3
45 to 64 years old	7,723	8,686	116	116	575	579	5.0	5.0
65 to 74 years old	4,642	4,793	254	253	1,412	1,317	5.6	5.2
75 years old and over	8,085	8,278	467	451	2,795	2,541	6.0	5.6
Race:								
White	20,806	20,907	90	88	436	414	4.9	4.7
Black	3,995	4,241	109	111	584	621	5.3	5.6
Asian/Pacific Islander	538	619	45	45	243	244	5.4	5.4
American Indian/Eskimo/ Aleut	173	103	63	36	330	151	5.2	4.2
Region:								
Northeast	6,990	7,277	129	133	727	703	5.6	5.3
Midwest	7,503	7,951	115	120	512	508	4.4	4.2
South	12,994	13,140	127	121	618	595	4.9	4.9
West	6,239	6,486	96	94	430	432	4.5	4.6

¹ Rates were calculated using U.S. Census Bureau 2000-based postcensal estimates of the civilian population as of July 1.
² Includes other races not shown separately.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 13 and unpublished data; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/series.htm>>.

Table 173. Hospital Discharges and Days of Care by Selected Diagnosis: 2006

[(13,990 represents 13,990,000). Represents estimates of inpatients discharged from noninstitutional, short-stay hospitals, exclusive of federal hospitals. Excludes newborn infants. Diagnostic categories are based on the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification. See headnote, Table 170]

Sex, age, and selected first-listed diagnosis ¹	Discharges			Sex, age, and selected first-listed diagnosis ¹	Discharges		
	Number (1,000)	Per 1,000 persons ²	Average stay (days)		Number (1,000)	Per 1,000 persons ²	Average stay (days)
Male				Female			
All ages ⁴	13,990	95.5	5.2	All ages, ⁴	20,864	137.5	4.5
Under 18 years ⁴	1,515	40.2	4.9	Under 18 years ⁴	1,389	38.6	4.5
Injury	167	4.4	53.9	Injury	82	2.3	53.9
Pneumonia	101	2.7	53.3	Pneumonia	79	2.2	3.5
Asthma	599	52.6	52.1	Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	569	51.91	52.9
18-44 years ⁴	2,701	47.7	5.0	18-44 years ⁴	7,492	134.4	3.2
Injury	398	7.0	4.8	Childbirth	3,980	71.4	2.6
Serious mental illness (psychoses) ⁶	336	5.9	8.2	Serious mental illness (psychoses) ⁶	370	6.6	7.1
Alcohol and drug ⁷	186	3.3	54.4	Injury	176	3.2	3.7
Heart disease	173	3.1	3.7	Uterine fibroids	103	1.8	2.4
45-64 years ⁴	4,287	117.6	5.1	45-64 years ⁴	4,399	114.7	4.9
Heart disease	803	22.0	3.7	Heart disease	481	12.6	4.2
Injury	252	6.9	6.6	Serious mental illness (psychoses) ⁶	243	6.3	8.9
Cancer, all	222	6.1	6.6	Cancer, all	217	5.7	5.8
Serious mental illness (psychoses) ⁶	179	4.9	8.8	Osteoarthritis	191	5.0	3.8
65-74 years ⁵	2,241	258.4	5.1	65-74 years ⁴	2,552	249.1	5.3
Heart disease	519	59.8	4.3	Heart disease	406	39.7	4.7
Cancer, all	151	17.4	6.7	Osteoarthritis	169	16.5	3.7
Stroke	105	12.1	4.7	Cancer, all	160	15.6	6.9
Pneumonia	101	11.6	5.1	Pneumonia	112	10.9	5.8
75-84 years ⁴	2,236	422.0	5.7	75-84 years ⁴	3,016	389.3	5.6
Heart disease	496	93.7	4.8	Heart disease	570	73.5	4.9
Pneumonia	141	26.6	5.4	Injury	222	28.6	5.4
Cancer, all	114	21.5	8.0	Pneumonia	140	18.1	5.8
Stroke	113	21.4	4.5	Stroke	134	17.2	4.8
85 years and over ⁴	1,010	598.4	5.4	85 years and over ⁴	2,015	558.4	5.7
Heart disease	209	123.9	4.7	Heart disease	424	117.4	4.8
Pneumonia	82	48.7	5.6	Injury	203	56.3	5.4
Injury	71	41.9	5.2	Pneumonia	134	37.2	5.9

¹ The first-listed diagnosis is the one specified as the principal diagnosis or the first diagnosis listed on the face sheet or discharge summary of the medical record. It is usually the main cause of the hospitalization. The number of first-listed diagnoses is the same as the number of discharges. ² Crude estimates. ³ Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard population using six age groups: under 18 years, 18-44 years, 45-54 years, 55-64 years, 65-74 years, and 75 years and over. ⁴ Includes discharges with first-listed diagnoses not shown in table. ⁵ Estimates are considered unreliable. ⁶ These estimates are for nonfederal short-stay hospitals only and do not include serious mental illness discharges. ⁷ Includes abuse, dependence, and withdrawal. These estimates are for nonfederal short-stay hospitals only and do not include alcohol and drug discharges from other types of facilities or programs such as the Department of Veterans Affairs or day treatment programs.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, National Hospital Discharge Survey; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/series.htm>>.

Table 174. Selected Cosmetic Plastic Surgical Procedures: 2002 to 2008

[In thousands (6,889.5 represents 6,889,500). As of December 31. The final data are projected to reflect nationwide statistics and are based on a survey of doctors who have been certified by the American Board of Medical Specialties recognized boards, including but not limited to the American Board of Plastic Surgery. Data for the procedures include but are not limited to those performed by American Society for Aesthetic Plastic Surgery (ASAPS) members. ASAPS members are plastic surgeons certified by the American Board of Plastic Surgery who specialize in cosmetic surgery and nonsurgical procedures in the United States. Procedures are ranked by total number for latest year shown]

Procedure	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total all procedures	6,889.5	8,252.0	11,855.0	11,428.8	11,456.8	11,701.0	10,258.6
Total surgical procedures	1,620.7	1,819.5	2,120.0	2,131.0	1,922.8	2,079.0	1,766.7
Breast augmentation	249.6	280.4	334.1	364.6	363.9	399.4	355.7
Lipoplasty (Liposuction)	372.8	384.6	478.3	455.5	403.7	456.8	341.1
Blepharoplasty (eyelid surgery)	229.1	267.6	290.3	231.5	210.0	240.8	195.1
Rhinoplasty (nose reshaping)	157.0	172.4	166.2	200.9	141.9	151.8	152.4
Abdominoplasty (tummy tuck)	83.0	117.7	151.0	169.3	172.5	185.3	147.4
Total nonsurgical procedures	5,268.8	6,432.5	9,735.0	9,297.7	9,534.0	9,622.0	8,491.9
Botox injection	1,658.7	2,272.1	2,837.3	3,294.8	3,181.6	2,775.2	2,464.1
Laser hair removal	736.5	923.2	1,411.9	1,566.9	1,475.3	1,412.7	1,281.0
Hyaluronic acid ¹	(X)	116.2	882.5	1,194.2	1,593.6	1,448.7	1,262.8
Chemical peel	495.4	722.2	1,110.4	556.2	558.4	575.1	591.8
Laser skin resurfacing	72.5	127.5	589.7	475.7	576.5	509.9	570.9
Total female procedures	6,081.9	7,177.9	10,681.4	10,443.8	10,516.7	10,602.5	9,394.8
Total surgical procedures	1,407.7	1,559.4	1,887.3	1,918.1	1,730.5	1,877.1	1,600.7
Breast augmentation	249.6	280.4	334.1	364.6	363.9	399.4	355.7
Lipoplasty (Liposuction)	316.5	323.0	416.6	402.9	350.4	398.8	309.7
Blepharoplasty (eyelid surgery)	192.8	216.8	249.3	198.1	182.4	208.2	166.4
Abdominoplasty (tummy tuck)	79.7	112.7	145.3	164.1	164.8	180.5	143.0
Breast reduction	125.6	147.2	144.4	160.5	145.8	153.1	139.9
Total nonsurgical procedures	4,674.2	5,618.6	8,794.1	8,525.7	8,786.2	8,725.4	7,794.1
Botox injection	1,424.9	1,963.0	2,525.4	2,990.7	2,881.1	2,445.7	2,239.0
Hyaluronic acid ¹	(X)	104.7	838.9	1,149.2	1,519.9	1,364.5	1,200.4
Laser hair removal	588.5	695.2	1,215.1	1,334.7	1,308.7	1,227.0	1,101.3
Chemical peel	453.5	640.1	977.3	533.0	530.1	536.0	554.5
Laser skin resurfacing	68.2	116.5	520.3	432.6	528.1	479.8	532.0
Microdermabrasion ²	936.2	774.3	999.1	939.5	922.0	743.7	517.3
IPL laser treatment ³	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	479.9
Sclerotherapy (Spider veins)	291.1	431.3	479.2	548.0	541.3	467.8	417.5
Total male procedures	807.7	1,074.1	1,173.6	984.9	940.0	1,088.6	863.7
Total surgical procedures	213.1	260.1	232.7	212.9	192.3	202.0	166.0
Lipoplasty (Liposuction)	56.3	61.6	61.6	52.5	53.3	58.0	31.5
Rhinoplasty (nose reshaping)	39.0	53.4	39.0	45.9	33.1	31.7	30.2
Blepharoplasty (eyelid surgery)	36.3	50.8	41.1	33.4	27.6	32.6	28.7
Gynecomastia (male breast reduction)	16.6	22.0	19.6	17.7	23.7	20.3	19.1
Hair transplantation	17.3	14.9	19.5	11.2	11.2	16.5	18.1
Facelift	11.1	13.6	11.8	13.0	14.1	12.4	13.4
Total nonsurgical procedures	594.6	814.0	932.6	772.0	747.7	896.6	697.8
Botox injection	233.8	309.1	311.9	304.1	300.5	329.5	225.1
Laser hair removal	147.9	228.0	196.8	232.2	166.6	185.7	179.7
Hyaluronic acid ¹	(X)	11.5	43.6	45.0	73.6	84.2	62.4
IPL laser treatment ³	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	63.2	46.9
Microdermabrasion ²	96.2	84.0	99.2	84.4	71.1	85.9	39.8
Laser skin resurfacing	4.2	11.0	69.4	43.1	48.5	30.1	38.9

X Not applicable. ¹ In 2003, the FDA has approved hyaluronan injections for filling soft tissue defects such as facial wrinkles. ² Procedure for reducing fine lines, "crow's feet," age spots, and acne scars. ³ IPL is intense pulse light. One of the procedures available for facial rejuvenation.

Source: The American Society for Aesthetic Plastic Surgery, Statistics, annual (copyright). See <<http://www.surgery.org/media/statistics>>.

Table 175. Organ Transplants and Grafts: 1990 to 2008

[As of end of year. Based on reports of procurement programs and transplant centers in the United States, except as noted]

Procedure	Number of procedures						Number of centers		Number of people waiting, 2008	1-year patient survival rates, 2007 (percent)
	1990	1995	2000	2005	2007	2008	1990	2008		
Transplant: ¹										
Heart	2,095	2,342	2,172	2,125	2,210	2,163	148	126	2,805	88.7
Heart-lung	52	69	47	35	30	27	79	51	84	89.7
Lung	203	869	955	1,406	1,469	1,478	70	66	1,899	80.8
Liver	2,631	3,818	4,816	6,443	6,493	6,318	85	127	15,766	88.1
Kidney	9,358	10,957	13,258	16,481	16,624	16,517	232	242	79,882	95.4
Kidney-pancreas	459	915	910	903	862	837	(NA)	(NA)	2,215	95.5
Pancreas	60	103	420	541	469	436	84	143	1,494	92.3
Intestine	1	21	29	178	198	185	(NA)	45	216	73.7
Multi-organ	71	124	213	518	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Cornea grafts ^{2,3}	40,631	44,652	50,197	48,298	50,122	(NA)	³ 107	³ (NA)	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Kidney-pancreas and heart-lung transplants are each counted as one procedure. All other multiorgan transplants, excluding kidney-pancreas and heart-lung, are included in the multiorgan row. Based on the Organ Procurement and Transplant Network (OPTN) as of May 30, 2008. The data have been supplied by UNOS under contract with HHS. This work was supported in part by Health Resources and Services Administration contract 231-00-0015. The authors alone are responsible for the reporting and interpretation of these data. Data subject to change based on future data submission or correction. ² 1990-1992, number of procedures and eye banks include Canada. From 1995 on, the data is for the U.S. only. ³ Eye banks.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, Office of Special Programs, Division of Transplantation, Rockville, MD; United Network for Organ Sharing (UNOS), Richmond, VA; University Renal Research and Education Association; Eye Bank Association of America, Washington, DC; and unpublished data. See also <<http://www.optn.org/>>.

Table 176. Cancer—Estimated New Cases, 2009, and Survival Rates: 1990–1992 to 1999–2005

[1,479 represents 1,479,000. The 5-year relative survival rate, which is derived by adjusting the observed survival rate for expected mortality, represents the likelihood that a person will not die from causes directly related to their cancer within 5 years. Survival data shown are based on those patients diagnosed while residents of an area listed below during the time periods shown. Data are based on information collected as part of the National Cancer Institute's Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results (SEER) program, a collection of 9 population-based registries in five states (Connecticut, Hawaii, Iowa, New Mexico, Utah) and four metropolitan areas (Atlanta, Detroit, San Francisco-Oakland, and Seattle-Puget Sound)]

Site	Estimated new cases, ¹ 2009 (1,000)			5-year relative survival rates (percent)							
	Total	Male	Female	White				Black			
				1990–1992	1993–1995	1996–1998	1999–2005	1990–1992	1993–1995	1996–1998	1999–2005
All sites²	1,479	766	713	62.4	63.4	65.6	69.1	48.2	52.9	55.5	59.4
Lung	219	116	103	14.5	15.1	15.4	16.6	10.8	13.0	12.7	12.9
Breast	194	2	192	86.7	88.0	89.6	91.3	71.8	72.8	76.5	78.9
Colon and rectum	147	76	71	63.2	61.5	64.1	68.0	53.8	52.9	55.2	57.0
Colon	106	52	54	64.0	61.4	63.8	67.4	54.2	52.3	54.7	55.6
Rectum	41	24	17	61.3	61.7	64.7	69.4	52.2	54.8	56.5	61.0
Prostate	192	192	(X)	95.3	96.2	98.0	99.9	85.5	91.5	94.2	97.9
Bladder	71	53	18	81.9	82.2	80.7	82.6	64.7	61.7	62.3	67.8
Corpus uteri	42	(X)	42	87.2	86.5	86.9	87.2	57.0	61.7	64.1	63.1
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma ⁴	66	36	30	52.9	54.5	61.0	70.1	42.0	42.0	54.4	59.9
Oral cavity and pharynx	36	25	10	58.7	60.9	61.1	64.4	33.3	38.2	36.3	46.1
Leukemia ⁴	45	26	19	48.0	49.5	50.8	54.8	37.4	42.3	39.1	46.3
Melanoma of skin	69	39	30	89.6	89.7	91.1	92.9	60.3	66.8	74.9	77.7
Pancreas	42	21	21	4.7	4.2	4.4	5.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	5.3
Kidney	58	35	22	62.1	63.1	63.4	69.4	57.7	58.6	67.3	65.9
Stomach	21	13	8	19.3	20.6	21.0	25.3	23.8	19.8	23.8	26.1
Ovary	22	(X)	22	42.4	42.7	45.1	45.5	37.8	43.3	41.3	37.2
Cervix uteri	11	(X)	11	71.9	74.7	74.6	73.1	58.8	64.0	65.3	64.8

X Not applicable. ¹ Estimates provided by American Cancer Society, <www.cancer.org>, are based on rates from the National Cancer Institute's SEER program. ² Includes other sites not shown separately. ³ Survival rates for female only. ⁴ All types combined. ⁵ Invasive cancer only.

Source: U.S. National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute; <http://seer.cancer.gov/csr/1975_2006/>.

Table 177. Cancer—Estimated New Cases and Deaths by State: 2009

[In thousands (1,479.4 represents 1,479,400). Excludes basal and squamous cell skin cancers and in situ carcinomas except urinary bladder]

State	New cases ¹			Deaths			State	New cases ¹			Deaths		
	Total ²	Female breast	Lung & bronchus	Total ²	Female breast	Lung & bronchus		Total ²	Female breast	Lung & bronchus	Total ²	Female breast	Lung & bronchus
U.S.	1,479.4	192.4	219.4	562.3	40.2	159.4	MO	30.1	3.9	5.6	12.6	0.9	4.1
AL	24.1	3.0	4.0	9.9	0.7	3.1	MT	5.3	0.6	0.7	2.0	0.1	0.6
AK	2.5	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.2	NE	8.8	1.2	1.2	3.4	0.2	0.9
AZ	27.6	3.5	4.0	10.3	0.7	2.8	NV	12.0	1.4	1.9	4.6	0.3	1.3
AR	14.8	1.8	2.6	6.2	0.4	2.2	NH	7.6	1.0	1.1	2.6	0.2	0.8
CA	152.2	21.7	17.9	54.6	4.0	12.8	NJ	47.9	6.4	6.3	16.5	1.5	4.2
CO	20.3	2.8	2.2	6.7	0.5	1.7	NM	8.8	1.1	1.0	3.3	0.2	0.7
CT	20.7	2.8	2.7	7.0	0.5	1.8	NY	101.6	13.5	13.6	34.2	2.6	8.8
DE	4.7	0.6	0.8	1.9	0.1	0.6	NC	42.3	5.5	6.7	18.6	1.3	5.6
DC	2.6	0.3	0.4	1.0	0.1	0.2	ND	3.2	0.4	0.4	1.3	0.1	0.4
FL	102.2	12.7	17.8	41.3	2.7	12.2	OH	62.4	7.3	10.7	24.4	1.8	7.3
GA	39.1	5.4	6.2	15.0	1.1	4.7	OK	18.1	2.3	3.2	7.4	0.5	2.4
HI	6.4	0.9	0.7	2.3	0.1	0.6	OR	19.2	2.7	2.6	7.4	0.5	2.1
ID	6.8	0.8	0.8	2.5	0.2	0.6	PA	74.2	9.4	10.5	28.7	2.1	8.1
IL	61.0	7.6	9.2	23.2	1.8	6.5	RI	6.3	0.8	0.9	2.2	0.1	0.6
IN	31.3	3.7	5.4	12.8	0.9	4.0	SC	22.1	2.8	3.7	9.1	0.6	2.9
IA	16.7	2.1	2.6	6.4	0.4	1.8	SD	4.1	0.5	0.6	1.6	0.1	0.5
KS	13.1	1.8	2.1	5.3	0.4	1.6	TN	32.6	4.0	5.4	13.3	0.9	4.5
KY	24.1	2.8	4.7	9.4	0.6	3.4	TX	98.2	13.1	14.2	36.0	2.6	9.8
LA	22.2	2.7	3.7	8.8	0.7	2.7	UT	8.9	1.1	0.6	2.8	0.3	0.5
ME	9.0	1.1	1.4	3.2	0.2	1.0	VT	3.6	0.5	0.5	1.2	0.1	0.4
MD	26.7	3.7	4.1	10.3	0.8	2.9	VA	34.2	4.9	5.3	13.9	1.1	4.3
MA	36.1	4.8	5.1	13.1	0.9	3.6	WA	32.3	4.5	4.1	11.2	0.8	3.1
MI	53.6	6.5	8.2	20.5	1.4	5.8	WV	10.2	1.2	2.0	4.5	0.3	1.5
MN	23.7	3.3	3.3	9.0	0.6	2.4	WI	27.6	3.5	4.0	11.2	0.8	2.9
MS	14.2	1.8	2.3	6.1	0.4	2.0	WY	2.5	0.3	0.3	1.0	0.1	0.3

¹ Estimates are offered as a rough guide and should be interpreted with caution. ² Includes other types of cancer not shown separately.

Source: American Cancer Society, Inc., Atlanta, Georgia, *Cancer Facts and Figures—2009* (copyright); <http://www.cancer.org/docroot/STT/stt_0.asp>.

Table 178. Selected Notifiable Diseases—Cases Reported: 1980 to 2007

[190.9 represents 190,900. As of June 30, 2008. Figures should be interpreted with caution. Although reporting of some of these diseases is incomplete, the figures are of value in indicating trends of disease incidence. Includes cases imported from outside the United States]

Disease	1980	1990	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
AIDS ¹	(²)	41,595	71,547	40,758	44,232	44,108	41,120	(NA)	37,503
Botulism ³	89	92	97	138	129	133	135	165	144
Brucellosis (undulant fever)	183	85	98	87	104	114	120	121	131
Chickenpox (Varicella) ⁴ (1,000)	190.9	173.1	120.6	27.4	20.9	32.9	32.2	48.4	40.1
Coccidioidomycosis	(²)	(²)	(²)	2,867	4,870	6,449	6,542	8,917	8,121
Cryptosporidiosis	(²)	(²)	(NA)	3,128	3,506	3,577	5,659	6,071	11,170
Domestic arboviral diseases ⁵									
West Nile: neuroinvasive	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	2,866	1,142	1,309	1,495	1,227
nonneuroinvasive	(²)	1,691	2,774	2403					
Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli O157:H7	(²)	(²)	2,139	4,528	2,671	2,544	2,621	(²)	(²)
Giardiasis	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	19,709	20,636	19,733	18,953	19,417
Haemophilus influenzae	(²)	(²)	1,180	1,398	2,013	2,085	2,304	2,436	2,541
Hansen disease (Leprosy)	223	198	144	91	95	105	87	66	101
Hepatitis: A (infectious) (1,000) ⁶	29.1	31.4	31.6	13.4	7.7	5.7	4.5	3.6	3.0
B (serum) (1,000)	19.0	21.1	10.8	8.0	7.5	6.2	5.1	4.7	4.5
C/Non-A, non-B	(²)	2,600	4,576	3,197	1,102	720	652	766	845
Legionellosis	(²)	1,370	1,241	1,127	2,232	2,093	2,301	2,834	2,716
Lyme disease	(²)	(²)	11,700	17,730	21,273	19,804	23,305	19,931	27,444
Malaria	2,062	1,292	1,419	1,560	1,402	1,458	1,494	1,474	1,408
Meningococcal infections	2,840	2,451	3,243	2,256	1,756	1,361	1,245	1,194	1,077
Mumps (1,000)	8.6	5.3	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	6.6	0.8
Pertussis ⁷ (1,000)	1.7	4.6	5.1	7.9	11.6	25.8	25.6	15.6	10.5
Psittacosis	124	113	64	17	12	12	16	21	12
Rabies, animal	6,421	4,826	7,811	6,934	6,846	6,345	5,915	5,534	5,862
Rocky Mountain spotted fever	1,163	651	590	495	1,091	1,713	1,936	2,288	2,221
Rubella ⁸	3,904	1,125	128	176	7	10	11	11	12
Salmonellosis ⁹ (1,000)	33.7	48.6	46.0	39.6	43.7	42.2	45.3	45.8	48.0
Shigellosis ¹⁰ (1,000)	19.0	27.1	32.1	22.9	23.6	14.6	16.2	15.5	19.8
Streptococcal disease, invasive, Group A	(²)	(²)	(²)	3,144	5,872	4,395	4,715	5,407	5,294
Streptococcus pneumoniae, invasive:									
Drug-resistant	(²)	(²)	(²)	4,533	2,356	2,590	2,996	3,308	3,329
Age less than 5 years	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	845	1,162	1,495	1,861	563
Tetanus	95	64	41	35	20	34	27	41	28
Toxic-shock syndrome	(²)	322	191	135	133	95	90	101	92
Trichinosis	131	129	29	16	6	5	16	15	5
Tuberculosis ¹¹ (1,000)	27.7	25.7	22.9	16.4	14.9	14.5	14.1	13.8	13.3
Typhoid fever	510	552	369	377	356	322	324	353	434
Sexually transmitted diseases:									
Chlamydia (1,000)	(²)	(²)	478	702	877	929	976	1,031	1,108
Gonorrhea (1,000)	1,004	690	393	359	335	330	340	358	356
Syphilis (1,000)	69	134	69	32	34	33	33	37	41

— Represents zero. ¹ Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome was not a notifiable disease until 1984. Figures are shown for years in which cases were reported to the CDC. Beginning 1995, based on revised classification system and expanded surveillance case definition. 2006 data are not available, see source for details. ² Disease was not notifiable. ³ Includes foodborne, infant, wound, and unspecified cases. ⁴ Chickenpox was taken off the nationally notifiable list in 1991 but many states continue to report. ⁵ The national surveillance case definitions for the arboviral diseases was revised in 2005, and nonneuroinvasive arboviral diseases were added to the list of nationally notifiable infectious diseases. ⁶ Data on chronic hepatitis B and hepatitis C virus infection (past or present) are not included because they are undergoing data quality review. ⁷ Whooping cough. ⁸ German measles. Excludes congenital syndrome. ⁹ Excludes typhoid fever. ¹⁰ Bacillary dysentery. ¹¹ Newly reported active cases.

Source: *Summary of Notifiable Diseases, United States, 2007, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 56, No. 53, July 9, 2009; <<http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/PDF/wk/mm5653.pdf>>.

Table 179. AIDS, Chlamydia, and Lyme Disease, 2007, Cases Reported by State

State	AIDS	Chlamydia	Lyme disease	State	AIDS	Chlamydia	Lyme disease	State	AIDS	Chlamydia	Lyme disease
U.S. . . .	37,503	1,108,374	27,444	KS	132	8,180	8	ND	8	1,789	12
AL	391	25,153	13	KY	292	8,798	6	OH	703	47,434	33
AK	32	4,911	10	LA	879	19,362	2	OK	264	12,529	1
AZ	585	24,866	2	ME	46	2,541	529	OR	239	9,849	26
AR	196	9,954	8	MD	1,394	23,150	2,576	PA	1,750	42,469	3,994
CA	4,952	141,928	75	MA	612	16,145	2,988	RI	66	3,177	177
CO	355	17,186	—	MI	628	37,353	51	SC	742	26,431	31
CT	528	11,454	3,058	MN	197	13,413	1,238	SD	15	2,620	—
DE	171	3,479	715	MO	542	23,308	10	TN	658	26,866	50
DC	871	6,029	116	MT	25	2,748	4	TX	2,964	85,786	87
FL	3,961	57,575	30	NE	80	5,132	9	UT	68	5,721	7
GA	1,877	42,913	11	NV	335	9,514	15	VT	6	1,057	138
HI	78	5,659	(¹)	NH	51	2,055	896	VA	634	24,579	959
ID	23	3,722	9	NJ	1,164	21,536	3,134	WA	427	18,784	12
IL	1,348	55,470	149	NM	113	9,460	5	WV	76	3,168	84
IN	329	20,712	55	NY	4,810	80,717	4,165	WI	199	19,555	1,814
IA	76	8,643	123	NC	1,024	30,611	53	WY	13	1,197	4

— Represents zero. ¹ Not notifiable.

Source: *Summary of Notifiable Diseases, United States, 2007, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 56, No. 53, July 9, 2009; <<http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/PDF/wk/mm5653.pdf>>.

Table 180. Reported AIDS Cases for Adults and Adolescents by Transmission Category and Sex: 2007

[Provisional. For cases reported in the year shown. Includes Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Guam, and U.S. Pacific Islands. Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) is a specific group of diseases or conditions which are indicative of severe immunosuppression related to infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). Data are subject to retrospective changes and may differ from those data in Table 178. For information on HIV death rates, go to Table 123]

Transmission category	2007			Cumulative through 2007 ¹		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Persons 13 years old and over, total	38,297	28,320	9,977	1,021,242	820,037	201,205
Male-to-male sexual contact	14,383	14,383	(X)	445,645	445,645	(X)
Injection drug use	4,736	3,103	1,633	235,842	166,251	69,591
Male-to-male sexual contact and injection drug use	1,514	1,514	(X)	67,797	67,797	(X)
Hemophilia/coagulation disorder	46	37	9	5,567	5,212	355
High-risk heterosexual contact	7,504	2,791	4,713	142,852	52,623	90,229
Sex with injection drug user	985	281	704	38,766	11,941	26,825
Sex with bisexual male	233	(X)	233	5,415	(X)	5,415
Sex with person with hemophilia	14	4	10	603	90	513
Sex with HIV-infected person, transfusion recipient	56	31	25	1,403	584	819
Sex with HIV-infected person, risk factor not specified	6,216	2,475	3,741	96,665	40,008	56,657
Receipt of blood transfusion, blood components, or tissue	109	50	59	9,315	5,181	4,134
Other/risk not reported or identified	10,005	6,442	3,563	114,224	77,328	36,896

X Not applicable. ¹ Includes persons with a diagnosis of AIDS, reported from the beginning of the epidemic through 2007. Cumulative total includes persons with characteristics unknown.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, 2007*, Volume 19; <<http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/topics/surveillance/resources/reports/2007report/default.htm>> (revised 19 February 2009).

Table 181. Estimated Numbers of Persons Living With Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS) by Year, Age, and Selected Characteristics: 2000 to 2007

[Provisional. These numbers do not represent reported case counts. Rather, these numbers are point estimates, which result from adjustments of reported case counts. The reported case counts are adjusted for reporting delays and for redistribution of cases in persons initially reported without an identified risk factor. The estimates do not include adjustment for incomplete reporting. Data for years 2004 to 2006 have been revised. See the Commentary section in the report]

Age and characteristic	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total ^{1, 2}	320,177	404,438	424,871	446,098	468,578
AGE AS OF END OF YEAR					
Less than 13 years old	2,843	1,722	1,428	1,142	889
13 and 14 years old	513	785	770	725	659
15 to 24 years old	4,944	6,638	7,300	7,817	8,507
25 to 34 years old	54,473	45,138	43,442	42,784	43,014
35 to 44 years old	143,920	156,570	156,271	154,096	150,059
45 to 54 years old	85,445	130,515	143,090	156,328	170,008
55 to 64 years old	22,089	41,381	48,544	56,504	65,494
65 years old and over	5,950	10,450	12,232	14,386	17,005
RACE/ETHNICITY					
White, not Hispanic	119,420	141,348	146,995	153,118	159,338
Black, not Hispanic	132,090	170,224	179,369	188,740	199,124
Asian/Pacific Islander	2,612	3,372	3,679	4,006	4,398
American Indian/Alaska Native	1,099	1,449	1,543	1,612	1,700
Hispanic ³	63,894	72,662	77,016	81,635	86,244
TRANSMISSION CATEGORY					
MALE ADULT/ADOLESCENT					
Males 13 years old and over, total	248,726	301,547	316,029	331,269	347,284
Male-to-male sexual contact	142,069	180,944	191,228	202,134	213,510
Injection drug use	57,778	60,165	61,164	62,283	63,636
Male-to-male sexual contact and injection drug use	22,603	26,833	27,487	28,081	28,691
High-risk heterosexual contact	22,568	30,537	32,979	35,489	38,067
Other ⁴	3,708	3,068	3,172	3,282	3,380
FEMALE ADULT/ADOLESCENT					
Females 13 years old and over, total	67,601	87,835	93,214	98,695	104,560
Injection drug use	26,656	31,192	31,980	32,717	33,531
Heterosexual contact	39,121	54,792	59,277	63,910	68,798
Other ⁴	1,824	1,851	1,958	2,068	2,231
CHILD (LESS THAN 13 YEARS OLD AT DIAGNOSIS)					
Total	3,848	3,818	3,835	3,820	3,792
Perinatal	3,706	3,615	3,631	3,618	3,592
Other ⁵	142	202	204	203	200

¹ Includes persons of unknown or multiple race and of unknown sex. Because column totals were calculated independently of the values for the subpopulations, the values in each column may not sum to the column total. ² Persons who reported multiple racial categories or whose race was unknown are included in the total numbers. ³ Hispanics/Latinos can be of any race. ⁴ Includes hemophilia, blood transfusion, perinatal exposure and risk not reported or not identified. ⁵ Includes hemophilia, blood transfusion, and risk not reported or not identified.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, 2007*, Volume 19; <<http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/topics/surveillance/resources/reports/2007report/default.htm>> (revised 19 February 2009).

Table 182. Learning Disability or Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder for Children 3–17 Years of Age by Selected Characteristics: 2007

[In thousands, except percent (61,518 represents 61,518,000). Learning Disability is based on the question, "Has a representative from a school or a health professional ever told you that (child's name) has a learning disability?" Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder is based on the question, "Has a doctor or health professional ever told you that (child's name) had Attention Hyperactivity Disorder or Attention Deficit Disorder?"]

Selected characteristic	Total	Ever told had—			
		Learning disability		Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder	
		Number ¹	Percent ²	Number ¹	Percent ²
Total ³	61,518	4,624	7.5	4,452	7.2
SEX ⁴					
Male	31,575	3,034	9.7	3,161	10.0
Female	29,943	1,590	5.3	1,291	4.3
AGE					
3 to 4 years old	8,369	179	2.1	⁶ 170	⁶ 2.0
5 to 11 years old	27,932	1,867	6.7	1,644	5.9
12 to 17 years old	25,216	2,577	10.2	2,637	10.5
RACE					
Race Alone ^{4, 5}	59,576	4,464	7.5	4,200	7.0
White	46,548	3,519	7.5	3,354	7.2
Black or African American	9,553	740	7.7	718	7.4
American Indian or Alaska Native	948	⁶ 115	⁶ 11.3	⁶ 71	⁶ 7.7
Asian	2,402	⁶ 90	3.7	⁶ 57	⁶ 2.5
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	126	—	—	—	—
Two or more races ^{4, 7}	1,942	⁶ 160	8.6	251	13.3
Black or African American and White (B)	715	(B)	⁶ 9.0	⁶ 89	⁶ 13.2
American Indian or Alaska Native and White	469	⁶ 75	⁶ 15.6	⁶ 92	⁶ 18.8
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE: ^{4, 8}					
Hispanic or Latino	12,323	817	6.7	495	4.1
Mexican or Mexican American	8,472	590	7.1	334	4.0
Not Hispanic or Latino	49,195	3,807	7.7	3,957	8.0
White, single race	35,442	2,823	7.9	2,948	8.2
Black or African American, single race	9,111	716	7.8	703	7.6

— Represents zero. B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Unknowns for the columns are not included in the frequencies, but they are included in the "Total" column. ² Unknowns for the column variables are not included in the denominators when calculating percentages. ³ Includes other races not shown separately. ⁴ Percentages are age-adjusted to the 2000 projected U.S. standard population using age groups 3–4 years, 5–11 years, and 12–17 years. ⁵ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁶ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁷ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁸ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 10, Number 239, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Children: National Health Interview Survey, 2007; <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/sr10_239.pdf>.

Table 183. Children and Youth With Disabilities Served by Selected Programs: 1995 to 2007

[In thousands (5,078.8 represents 5,078,800). As of Fall. For children and youth children and youth ages 6 to 21 served under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) Part B. Includes outlying areas]

Disability	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total	5,078.8	5,773.9	5,959.1	6,045.4	6,116.4	6,113.5	6,085.6	6,007.8
Specific learning disabilities	2,601.8	2,881.6	2,878.6	2,867.1	2,839.3	2,782.8	2,711.8	2,620.2
Speech or language impairments	1,026.9	1,093.4	1,110.9	1,128.1	1,149.6	1,156.9	1,162.1	1,154.2
Mental retardation	585.6	613.4	591.7	582.6	567.6	546.0	523.5	498.2
Emotional disturbance	439.2	474.3	482.0	484.5	484.5	472.5	458.8	440.2
Multiple disabilities	94.5	122.9	130.8	132.7	133.4	134.0	133.8	132.6
Hearing impairments	68.0	70.8	72.0	72.0	72.6	72.4	72.8	72.2
Orthopedic impairments	63.2	73.0	74.0	68.2	65.4	63.1	62.0	60.5
Other health impairments	134.2	294.0	393.0	452.7	512.2	561.6	600.4	631.2
Visual impairments	25.5	26.0	26.1	25.9	26.1	26.0	26.5	26.4
Autism	29.1	79.6	118.8	141.1	166.5	193.8	224.6	258.3
Deaf-blind	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.4
Traumatic brain injury	9.6	14.9	21.5	22.5	23.3	23.5	23.8	23.9
Developmental delay ¹	(X)	28.6	58.3	66.3	74.4	79.1	84.0	88.6

X Not applicable. ¹ States had the option of reporting children ages 3 to 9 under developmental delay beginning 1997.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Special Education. See <<http://www.ideadata.org/index.html>>.

Table 184. Children Under 18 Years of Age Receiving Special Education or Early Intervention Services: 2007

[In thousands, except percent (73,727 represents 73,727,000). Receiving special education or early intervention services is based on the question, "Do any of the following (family members under 18 years of age) receive special education or early intervention services?"]

Selected characteristic	Total	Persons under 18 years who were receiving special education early intervention services	
		Number ¹	Percent ²
Total ³	73,727	4,601	6.3
SEX ⁴			
Male	37,685	3,072	8.1
Female	36,042	1,529	4.2
AGE			
Under 12 years old	48,526	2,638	5.4
12 to 17 years old	25,200	1,963	7.8
RACE			
Race Alone ^{4, 5}	71,411	4,437	6.2
White	55,721	3,529	6.3
Black or African American	11,473	745	6.5
American Indian or Alaska Native	1,083	698	9.1
Asian	2,998	64	2.1
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	136	—	—
Two or more races ^{4, 7}	2,316	164	7.2
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE: ^{4, 8}			
Hispanic or Latino	15,349	684	4.5
Mexican or Mexican American	10,721	431	4.0
Not Hispanic or Latino	58,378	3,917	6.7
White, single race	41,781	2,921	7.0
Black or African American, single race	10,937	717	6.5

— Represents zero. ¹ Unknowns for the columns are not included in the frequencies, but they are included in the "Total" column. ² Unknowns for the column variables are not included in the denominators when calculating percentages. ³ Includes other races not shown separately. ⁴ Percents are age-adjusted to the 2000 projected U.S. standard population using two age groups 0–11 years, and 12–17 years. ⁵ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁶ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁷ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁸ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 238, Summary Health Statistics for the U.S. Population: National Health Interview Survey, 2007; <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/sr10_238.pdf>.

Table 185. Disabilities Tallied by Age Group and by State: 2007

[In thousands (41,199 represents 41,199,000). Based on data from American Community Survey (ACS). See text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

State	Total	5 to 15 years ¹	16 to 64 years ²	65 years and over ³	State	Total	5 to 15 years ¹	16 to 64 years ²	65 years and over ³
U.S.	41,199	2,758	23,706	14,735	MO	918	61	542	315
AL	877	51	529	298	MT	144	8	83	53
AK	90	6	62	22	NE	219	17	124	79
AZ	819	53	454	313	NV	294	16	176	102
AR	548	37	323	188	NH	166	13	97	56
CA	4,267	252	2,433	1,582	NJ	955	64	507	384
CO	538	31	332	175	NM	299	16	170	113
CT	411	27	226	159	NY	2,518	161	1,403	954
DE	115	8	65	42	NC	1,367	91	818	458
DC	77	6	46	25	ND	78	5	39	34
FL	2,613	139	1,317	1,157	OH	1,699	128	995	576
GA	1,235	82	748	405	OK	621	37	372	212
HI	156	7	80	69	OR	570	37	334	200
ID	194	15	113	66	PA	1,855	127	1,039	688
IL	1,502	106	828	567	RI	155	11	92	52
IN	899	67	530	303	SC	679	36	404	239
IA	397	30	221	147	SD	101	6	56	39
KS	368	28	207	133	TN	1,050	67	636	347
KY	824	56	514	254	TX	3,031	247	1,752	1,032
LA	713	53	424	236	UT	278	26	165	88
ME	240	16	144	79	VT	94	7	56	30
MD	672	51	386	235	VA	950	64	544	343
MA	834	61	479	294	WA	940	65	575	299
MI	1,512	118	893	501	WV	399	19	250	130
MN	592	41	341	210	WI	701	51	403	247
MS	552	33	337	182	WY	74	5	44	24

¹ Persons aged 5–15 were classified as having a disability if they reported any one of the four conditions; sensory, physical, mental, or self-care disability. ² Persons aged 16–64 were classified as having a disability if they reported any one of the six conditions; sensory, physical, mental, self-care disability, go-outside-home or employment disability. ³ Persons 65 years and over were classified as having a disability if they reported any one of the five conditions; sensory, physical, mental, self-care disability, or go-outside-home disability.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "American Factfinder, 2007 American Community Survey, Summary Table, Sex by Age by Disability Status for the Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population 5 Years and Over"; <<http://www.factfinder.census.gov/>>.

Table 186. Children Immunized Against Specified Diseases: 1995 to 2007

[In percent. Covers civilian noninstitutionalized population ages 19 months to 35 months. Based on estimates from the National Immunization Survey. The health care providers of the children are contacted to verify and/or complete vaccination information. Results are based on race/ethnic status of the child]

Vaccination	1995 total	2000 total	2007 ¹					
			Total	White, non-Hispanic	Black, non-Hispanic	Hispanic ²	American Indian/Alaska Native ³	Asian ³
Diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis (DTP)								
diphtheria-tetanus:								
3+ doses	95.0	94.0	95.5	95.5	93.9	96.1	97.3	96.4
4+ doses	79.0	82.0	84.5	85.3	82.3	83.8	86.4	87.5
Polio: 3+ doses	88.0	90.0	92.6	92.6	91.1	93.0	94.8	95.0
Measles, mumps, rubella vaccine	90.0	91.0	92.3	92.1	91.5	92.6	96.2	93.9
Hib: 3+ doses	92.0	93.0	92.6	92.9	90.8	93.5	95.0	91.0
Hepatitis B: 3+ doses	68.0	90.0	92.7	92.5	91.2	93.6	96.7	93.8
Varicella ⁵	(NA)	68.0	90.0	89.2	89.8	90.6	94.9	93.7
PCV: 3+ doses ⁶	(X)	(X)	90.0	89.8	89.5	91.0	94.0	86.8
4+ DTP/3+ polio/1+ MMR ⁷	76.0	78.0	82.8	83.3	81.0	82.4	85.6	85.5
4+ DTP/3+ polio/1+ MMR/3+ Hib	74.0	76.0	81.8	82.6	79.5	81.5	85.3	81.9
4+ DTP/3+ polio/1+ MCV/3+ Hib/3+ HepB ⁸	55.1	72.8	77.4	77.5	75.3	78.0	82.7	79.4

NA Not available. X Not Applicable. ¹ Children in the Q1²007–Q4²007 National Immunization Survey were born between January 2004 and June 2006. ² Children of Hispanic ethnicity may be any race. ³ Non-Hispanic. ⁴ Haemophilus influenzae type B. ⁵ Data collection for varicella (chicken pox) began in July 1996. ⁶ PCV = Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine. ⁷ MMR = Measles, mumps, and rubella. ⁸ Children are considered immunized with this series.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, National Immunization Program, Data and Statistics, *Immunization Coverage in the U.S.*; <<http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/stats-surv/imz-coverage.htm#nis>>.

Table 187. Asthma Incidence Among Children Under 18 Years of Age by Selected Characteristics: 2007

[In thousands, except percent (73,728 represents 73,728,000). Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Selected characteristic	Total	Ever told had asthma		Still have asthma	
		Number ¹	Percent ²	Number ¹	Percent ²
Total³	73,728	9,605	13.1	6,703	9.1
SEX⁴					
Male	37,686	5,550	14.8	3,660	9.8
Female	36,042	4,055	11.3	3,043	8.5
AGE					
0 to 4 years old	20,579	1,636	8.0	1,395	6.8
5 to 11 years old	27,932	3,702	13.3	2,445	8.8
12 to 17 years old	25,216	4,267	17.0	2,862	11.4
RACE					
Race Alone ^{4,5}	71,316	9,091	12.8	6,339	8.9
White	55,646	6,278	11.3	4,263	7.7
Black or African American	11,429	2,253	19.8	1,769	15.6
American Indian or Alaska Native	1,169	154	14.5	690	68.4
Asian	2,937	362	12.4	217	7.5
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	134	(B)	⁶ 25.1	–	–
Two or more races ^{4,7}	2,412	514	22.6	364	15.9
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE: ^{4,8}					
Hispanic or Latino	15,350	1,937	12.9	1,422	9.4
Mexican or Mexican American	10,572	1,267	12.4	896	8.7
Not Hispanic or Latino	58,378	7,668	13.1	5,280	9.0
White, single race	41,811	4,591	10.8	3,030	7.1
Black or African American, single race	10,862	2,133	19.8	1,659	15.4

– Represents zero. B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Unknowns for the columns are not included in the frequencies, but they are included in the "Total" column. ² Unknowns for the column variables are not included in the denominators when calculating percentages. ³ Includes other races not shown separately. ⁴ Estimates are age-adjusted to the 2000 projected U.S. standard population using age groups 0–4 years, 5–11 years, and 12–17 years. ⁵ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁶ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁷ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁸ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race or combination of races.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 239, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Children: National Health Interview Survey, 2007*; <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/sr10_239.pdf>.

Table 188. Persons With Limitation of Activity Caused by Chronic Conditions: 2000 to 2007

[In percent. Limitation of activity is assessed by asking respondents a series of questions about limitations in their ability to perform activities usual for their age group because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Characteristic	2000	2005	2006	2007	Characteristic	2000	2005	2006	2007
Total ^{1, 2}	11.7	11.7	11.6	12.0	Male ²	11.7	11.7	11.6	11.9
Under 18 years old	6.0	7.0	7.3	7.2	Female ²	11.5	11.6	11.5	11.9
18 to 44 years old	5.8	5.7	5.5	6.0	White, non-Hispanic ²	11.5	11.8	11.8	12.1
45 to 54 years old	12.4	11.9	12.5	12.7	Black, non-Hispanic ²	14.3	14.2	14.1	15.6
55 to 64 years old	19.7	19.9	20.0	19.6	Hispanic ^{2, 3}	10.3	10.5	10.0	10.2
65 to 74 years old	26.1	25.2	24.8	26.5	Mexican	10.4	11.4	9.8	9.6
75 years and over old	45.1	43.5	41.6	43.3					

¹ Includes all other races not shown separately. ² Estimates for all persons are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using six age groups: Under 18 years, 18–44 years, 45–54 years, 55–64 years, 65–74 years, and 75 years and over. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, annual*; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>>.

Table 189. Persons 65 Years Old and Over With Limitation of Activity Caused by Chronic Conditions: 2000 to 2007

[In percent. Covers noninstitutionalized persons 65 years old and over. To determine activities of daily living (ADL) limitations respondents were asked "Because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem, does (this person) need the help of other persons with personal care needs, such as eating, bathing, dressing, or getting around inside this home?" Instrumental activities of daily living (IADL) were determined by asking respondents "Because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem, does (this person) need the help of other persons in handling routine needs, such as everyday household chores, doing necessary business, shopping, or getting around for other purposes?" See also headnote, Table 188]

Characteristic	Percent with ADL limitation				Percent with IADL limitation			
	2000	2005	2006	2007	2000	2005	2006	2007
Total ^{1, 2}	6.3	6.2	5.8	6.7	12.7	12.0	11.2	12.4
Male ²	5.1	4.6	4.6	4.8	9.2	8.1	7.9	8.5
Female ²	7.0	7.2	6.6	7.9	15.1	14.8	13.6	15.1
65 to 74 years old	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	6.6	6.4	5.6	6.2
75 years old and over	9.5	9.4	8.6	10.4	19.3	18.3	17.3	19.1
White, non-Hispanic	5.7	5.4	5.2	6.0	12.1	11.2	10.2	11.4
Black, non-Hispanic	10.1	10.1	11.1	11.3	19.1	17.7	19.7	19.9
Hispanic or Latino ^{2, 3}	8.6	10.7	7.7	9.0	13.4	16.9	12.8	14.8
Mexican	9.4	12.0	7.6	7.3	16.3	19.6	12.2	13.8

¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² Estimates are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using two age groups: 65–74 years and 75 years and over. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States, annual*; <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>.

Table 190. Nursing Homes—Selected Characteristics: 2004

[Beds: 1,730 represents 1,730,000. Covers licensed and/or certified nursing homes in the conterminous United States that had three or more beds. Based on the 2004 National Nursing Home Survey, a two-stage survey sample of nursing homes and their residents. Subject to sampling variability]

Characteristic	Nursing homes	Beds		Current residents		Full-time equivalent employees ²	
		Number (1,000)	Per nursing home	Number (1,000)	Occupancy rate ¹	Number (1,000)	Rate per 100 beds
Total	16,100	1,730	107.6	1,492	86.3	1,053	60.9
Ownership:							
Proprietary	9,900	1,074	108.6	918	85.5	615	57.2
Voluntary nonprofit	5,000	504	101.6	440	87.4	326	64.6
Government and other	1,200	152	123.6	134	87.9	113	74.1
Certification: ³							
Medicare and medicaid certified	14,100	1,600	113.5	1,380	86.2	972	60.8
Medicare only	4,700	433	450.6	28	85.0	20	59.7
Medicaid only	1,100	76	69.0	68	89.1	41	53.7
Bed size:							
Fewer than 50 beds	2,200	76	33.8	62	82.1	43	56.6
50-99 beds	6,000	455	75.7	423	92.9	254	55.8
100-199 beds	6,800	903	132.0	789	87.3	563	62.4
200 beds or more	1,000	296	298.2	219	73.9	193	65.3
Region:							
Northeast	2,800	382	136.0	331	86.8	263	68.9
Midwest	5,300	527	99.4	448	85.1	286	54.2
South	5,400	586	108.2	502	85.6	353	60.3
West	2,600	236	92.1	211	89.5	151	64.1
Affiliation:							
Chain	8,700	939	107.9	812	86.5	540	57.4
Independent	7,400	791	107.2	680	86.0	514	65.0

¹ Number of residents divided by number of available beds multiplied by 100. ² Includes only those employees providing direct health-related services to residents. Includes nurses, nurses' aides, orderlies, dental hygienists, physical therapists, speech pathologists and/or audiologists, dietitians or nutritionists, podiatrists, and social workers. ³ Estimates for nursing homes that are "not certified" are not shown because the sample size was less than 30 and figures are unreliable. ⁴ Figure does not meet standards of reliability or precision.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, National Nursing Home Survey. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhs.htm>>.

Table 191. Persons 18 Years and Over With Selected Diseases and Conditions by Selected Characteristics: 2007

[In thousands (223,181 represents 223,181,000). Based on National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Selected characteristic	Total persons	Persons with selected diseases and conditions					
		Diabetes ^{1,2}	Ulcers ¹	Kidney disease ^{3,4}	Liver disease ³	Arthritis diagnosis ⁵	Chronic joint symptoms ⁵
Total⁶	223,181	17,273	14,501	3,343	2,649	46,429	53,945
SEX							
Male	107,750	8,391	6,591	1,482	1,200	18,584	23,574
Female	115,431	8,882	7,910	1,861	1,449	27,845	30,371
AGE							
18 to 44 years old	110,890	2,432	4,616	759	749	7,810	14,776
45 to 64 years old	76,136	8,093	5,641	1,226	1,374	21,428	24,820
65 to 74 years old	19,258	3,840	2,119	593	368	8,322	7,140
75 years old and over	16,897	2,908	2,125	766	158	8,870	7,210
RACE							
Race alone ⁷	220,175	17,014	14,280	3,231	2,562	45,726	52,982
White	180,815	12,936	12,567	2,547	2,181	39,515	45,344
Black or African American	26,366	2,857	1,226	576	243	4,801	5,580
American Indian or Alaska Native	2,222	325	⁸ 162	(B)	(B)	522	611
Asian	10,437	823	300	⁸ 74	97	846	1,407
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	335	(B)	(B)	—	—	(B)	(B)
Two or more races ⁹	3,006	259	221	⁸ 112	⁸ 87	703	963
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE¹⁰							
Hispanic or Latino	29,857	2,316	1,190	429	388	3,410	4,645
Mexican or Mexican American	18,309	1,422	688	282	220	1,742	2,584

— Represents zero. B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Respondents were asked if they had ever been told by a health professional that they had an ulcer or diabetes. A person may be represented in more than one column. ² Excludes borderline diabetes. ³ Respondents were asked if they had been told in the last 12 months by a health professional that they had weak or failing kidneys or any kind of liver condition. ⁴ Excludes kidney stones, bladder infections, or incontinence. ⁵ Respondents were asked if they had ever been told by a health professional that they had some form of arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, lupus or fibromyalgia. Respondents with joint symptoms (excluding back and neck) that began more than 3 months prior to interview; were classified as having chronic joint symptoms. ⁶ Total includes other races not shown separately. ⁷ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁸ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁹ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ¹⁰ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race or combination of races.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 240, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Adults: National Health Interview Survey, 2007*; <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/sr10_240.pdf>.

Table 192. Persons 18 Years of Age and Over With Selected Circulatory Diseases by Selected Characteristics: 2007

[In thousands (223,181 represents 223,181,000). In separate questions, respondents were asked if they had ever been told by a doctor or other health professional that they had: hypertension (or high blood pressure); coronary heart disease, angina (or angina pectoris); heart attack (or myocardial infarction); any other heart condition or disease not already mentioned; or a stroke. A person may be represented in more than one column. Based on National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Characteristic	Total persons	Selected circulatory diseases			
		Heart disease		Hypertension ³	Stroke
		All types ¹	Coronary ²		
Total⁴	223,181	25,095	13,674	52,920	5,426
SEX					
Male	107,750	12,790	8,099	24,959	2,293
Female	115,431	12,305	5,575	27,961	3,133
AGE					
18 to 44 years old	110,890	4,591	1,041	9,094	285
45 to 64 years old	76,136	9,266	5,091	24,383	2,156
65 to 74 years old	19,258	5,199	3,571	9,763	1,205
75 years old and over	16,897	6,040	3,971	9,679	1,780
RACE					
Race alone ⁵	220,175	24,638	13,434	52,229	5,334
White	180,815	21,439	11,666	42,217	4,211
Black or African American	26,366	2,384	1,321	7,681	829
American Indian or Alaska Native	2,222	201	⁶ 78	474	(B)
Asian	10,437	607	370	1,758	199
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	335	(B)	—	⁶ 98	—
Two or more races ⁷	3,006	457	240	691	91
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE⁸					
Hispanic or Latino	29,857	1,969	1,136	4,537	489
Mexican or Mexican American	18,309	947	597	2,381	249

— Represents zero. B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Heart disease includes coronary heart disease, angina pectoris, heart attack, or any other heart condition or disease. ² Coronary heart disease includes coronary heart disease, angina pectoris, or heart attack. ³ Persons had to have been told on two or more different visits that they had hypertension, or high blood pressure, to be classified as hypertensive. ⁴ Includes other races not shown separately. ⁵ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁶ Figures do not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁷ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁸ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 240, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Adults: National Health Interview Survey, 2007*; <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/sr10_240.pdf>.

Table 193. Selected Respiratory Diseases Among Persons 18 Years of Age and Over by Selected Characteristics: 2007

[In thousands (223,181 represents 223,181,000). Respondents were asked in two separate questions if they had ever been told by a doctor or other health professional that they had emphysema or asthma. Respondents who had been told they had asthma were asked if they still had asthma. Respondents were asked in three separate questions if they had been told by a doctor or other health professional in the past 12 months that they had hay fever, sinusitis, or bronchitis. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

Selected characteristic	Total persons	Selected respiratory conditions ¹					
		Emphysema	Asthma		Hay fever	Sinusitis	Chronic bronchitis
			Ever	Still			
Total ²	223,181	3,736	24,402	16,177	16,882	25,953	7,604
SEX							
Male	107,750	2,018	10,383	5,825	7,120	9,748	2,559
Female	115,431	1,718	14,020	10,351	9,763	16,205	5,045
AGE							
18 to 44 years old	110,890	226	12,996	7,996	7,420	10,261	2,515
45 to 64 years old	76,136	1,765	7,895	5,476	7,210	11,154	3,226
65 to 74 years old	19,258	861	2,030	1,591	1,302	2,589	1,050
75 years old and over	16,897	884	1,481	1,113	950	1,949	813
RACE							
Race alone: ³	220,175	3,612	23,824	15,781	16,589	25,555	7,367
White	180,815	3,341	19,997	13,229	14,265	21,990	6,356
Black or African American	26,366	210	2,699	2,025	1,489	2,872	825
American Indian or Alaska Native	2,222	(B)	241	146	159	186	58
Asian	10,437	21	842	357	675	502	121
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	335	—	(B)	(B)	—	(B)	(B)
Two or more races ⁵	3,006	4124	579	396	293	398	237
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE ⁶							
Hispanic or Latino	29,857	262	2,687	1,664	1,471	2,053	503
Mexican or Mexican American	18,309	97	1,331	784	862	1,161	206
Not Hispanic or Latino	193,324	3,474	21,715	14,512	15,411	23,900	7,101
White, single race	153,359	3,093	17,615	11,743	12,933	20,080	5,914
Black or African American, single race	25,574	199	2,585	1,963	1,447	2,817	805

— Represents zero. B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ A person may be represented in more than one column. ² Total includes other races not shown separately. ³ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁴ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁵ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁶ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 240, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Adults: National Health Interview Survey, 2007*; <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/sr10_240.pdf>.

Table 194. Persons 18 Years of Age and Over With Migraines and Pains in the Neck, Lower Back, Face, or Jaw by Selected Characteristics: 2007

[In thousands (223,181 represents 223,181,000). Based on National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population, Appendix III]

Selected characteristic	Total persons	Migraines and pains ¹			
		Migraines or severe headaches ²	Pain in neck ³	Pains in lower back ³	Pains in face or jaw ³
Total ⁴	223,181	27,364	29,019	57,070	9,062
SEX					
Male	107,750	7,956	11,665	25,334	2,581
Female	115,431	19,409	17,354	31,736	6,481
AGE					
18 to 44 years old	110,890	16,427	11,833	24,555	4,649
45 to 64 years old	76,136	9,277	12,073	21,860	3,455
65 to 74 years old	19,258	1,075	2,833	5,650	607
75 years old and over	16,897	585	2,280	5,005	350
RACE					
Race alone ⁵	220,175	26,792	28,485	56,016	8,825
White	180,815	22,241	24,727	47,523	7,532
Black or African American	26,366	3,010	2,473	6,006	814
American Indian or Alaska Native	2,222	463	336	543	6192
Asian	10,437	1,049	897	1,799	264
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	335	(B)	(B)	6146	(B)
Two or more races ⁷	3,006	572	534	1,053	237
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE ⁸					
Hispanic or Latino	29,857	3,462	3,321	6,851	970
Mexican or Mexican American	18,309	1,928	1,925	3,955	516
Not Hispanic or Latino	193,324	23,902	25,698	50,218	8,092
White, single race	153,359	19,132	21,729	41,463	6,711
Black or African American, single race	25,574	2,933	2,408	5,666	759

B Figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ A person may be represented in more than one column. ² Respondents were asked, "During the past 3 months, did you have a severe headache or migraine?" Respondents were instructed to report pain that had lasted a whole day or more and, conversely, not to report fleeting or minor aches or pains. ³ Respondents were asked, "During the past 3 months, did you have a neck pain; or low back pain; or facial ache or pain in the jaw muscles or the joint in front of the ear?" Respondents were instructed to report pain that had lasted a whole day or more and, conversely, not to report fleeting or minor aches or pains. ⁴ Total includes other races not shown separately. ⁵ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group. ⁶ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁷ Refers to all persons who indicated more than one race group. ⁸ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race or combination of races.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics, Series 10, Number 240, Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Adults: National Health Interview Survey, 2007*; <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/sr10_240.pdf>

Table 195. Injury and Poisoning Episodes and Conditions by Age and Sex: 2007

[34,347 represents 34,347,000. Covers all medically attended injuries and poisonings occurring during the 5-week period prior to the survey interview. Age adjustment is used to adjust for differences in the age distribution of populations being compared. There may be more than one condition per episode. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population; see Appendix III]

External cause and nature of injury	Both sexes							Male, total	Female, total
	Total	Total, age-adjusted ¹	Under 12 years old	12 to 21 years old	22 to 44 years old	45 to 64 years old	65 years old and over		
EPISODES									
Number (1,000)	34,347	(X)	4,468	7,191	11,173	6,861	4,655	18,422	15,925
Annual rate per 1,000 population, total ²	115.7	116.6	92.1	172.1	118.5	90.1	128.7	126.7	105.1
Fall	43.4	43.9	51.1	54.0	32.5	28.2	80.7	41.6	45.0
Struck by or against a person or an object	15.7	15.9	10.7	33.9	18.7	49.1	47.1	19.8	11.7
Transportation ³	12.7	12.6	42.4	14.3	16.1	14.9	411.2	12.3	13.1
Overexertion	12.7	12.8	40.3	21.6	17.2	10.6	411.6	12.7	12.7
Cutting, piercing instruments	10.3	10.3	48.8	42.8	12.6	48.9	46.3	14.3	6.4
Poisoning ⁵	41.6	41.5	43.2	43.1	40.4	41.8	-	41.2	41.9
CONDITIONS									
Annual rate per 1,000 population, total ²	154.4	154.8	115.6	196.4	156.8	140.0	181.7	157.9	151.0
Sprains/strains	45.0	44.7	41.3	60.3	52.6	48.9	44.2	42.9	47.0
Open wounds	20.7	20.9	28.7	20.1	19.6	15.8	23.5	29.0	12.6
Fractures	21.6	21.7	20.0	44.6	16.5	15.4	23.1	24.4	18.9
Contusions	25.6	25.7	17.2	22.0	22.8	24.2	51.6	17.7	33.3

- Represents zero. X Not applicable. ¹ Data were age-adjusted using the 2000 standard population using age groups: under 12 years, 12-21 years, 22-44 years, 45-64 years, and 65 years and over. ² Includes other items not shown separately. ³ Includes the categories "Motor vehicle traffic"; "Pedal cycle, other"; "Pedestrian, other"; and "Transport, other." ⁴ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁵ Poisoning episodes are assumed to have a single condition resulting from the episode.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital and Health Statistics, unpublished data.*

Table 196. Injuries Associated With Selected Consumer Products: 2007

[Estimates calculated from a representative sample of hospitals with emergency treatment departments in the United States. Data are estimates of the number of emergency-room treated cases nationwide associated with various products. Product involvement does not necessarily mean the product caused the accident. Products were selected from the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission's National Electronic Injury Surveillance System (NEISS)]

Product	Number	Product	Number
Home workshop equipment:		Stairs or steps	1,161,945
Saws (hand or power)	87,725	Other doors ²	304,556
Hammers	35,037	Home entertainment equipment:	
Household packaging and containers:		Televisions	59,844
Household containers and packaging	205,324	Personal use items:	
Bottles and jars	72,485	Footwear	155,224
Housewares:		Wheelchairs	118,901
Knives	429,368	Crutches, canes, walkers	91,849
Tableware and flatware	99,010	Yard and garden equipment:	
Drinking glasses	74,004	Lawn mowers	78,773
Home furnishing:		Sports and recreation equipment:	
Beds	532,061	Bicycles	515,871
Chairs	318,994	Skateboards	143,682
Tables ¹	309,252	Trampolines	107,345
Household cabinets, racks, and shelves	269,617	Playground climbing equipment	77,845
Bathubs and showers	238,847	Swings or swing sets	59,144
Home structures, construction:			
Floors or flooring materials	1,166,310		

¹ Excludes baby-changing and television tables or stands. ² Excludes glass doors and garage doors.

Source: National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, *Injury Facts, annual* (copyright); <<http://www.nsc.org/lrs/statstop.aspx>>.

Table 197. Costs of Unintentional Injuries: 2007

[684.4 represents \$684,400,000,000. Covers costs of deaths or disabling injuries together with vehicle accidents and fires]

Cost	Amount (bil. dol.)					Percent distribution				
	Total ¹	Motor vehicle	Work	Home	Other	Total ¹	Motor vehicle	Work	Home	Other
Total	684.4	257.7	175.3	164.7	108.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Wage and productivity losses ²	344.4	88.5	84.1	104.4	71.1	50.3	34.3	48.0	63.4	65.7
Medical expense	134.0	38.5	35.3	38.1	24.3	19.6	14.9	20.1	23.1	22.4
Administrative expenses ³	129.2	86.1	40.4	8.3	8.1	18.9	33.4	23.0	5.0	7.5
Motor vehicle damage	42.6	42.6	1.7	(NA)	(NA)	6.2	16.5	1.0	(NA)	(NA)
Employer uninsured cost ⁴	19.5	2.0	10.4	4.8	2.6	2.8	0.8	5.9	2.9	2.4
Fire loss	14.7	(NA)	3.4	9.1	2.2	2.1	(NA)	1.9	5.5	2.0

NA Not available. ¹ Excludes duplication between work and motor vehicle; \$21.6 billion in 2007. ² Actual loss of wages and household production, and the present value of future earnings lost. ³ Home and other costs may include costs of administering medical treatment claims for some motor-vehicle injuries filed through health insurance plans. ⁴ Estimate of the uninsured costs incurred by employers, representing the money value of time lost by noninjured workers.

Source: National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, *Injury Facts, annual* (copyright); <<http://www.nsc.org/lrs/statstop.aspx>>.

Table 198. Use of Mammography for Women 40 Years Old and Over by Patient Characteristics: 1990 to 2005

[Percent of women having a mammogram within the past 2 years. Covers civilian noninstitutional population. Based on National Health Interview Survey; see Appendix III]

Characteristic	1990	2000 ¹	2005 ²	Characteristic	1990	2000 ¹	2005 ²
Total³	51.4	70.4	66.8	Years of school completed:			
40 to 49 years old	55.1	64.3	63.5	No high school diploma or GED	36.4	57.7	52.8
50 years old and over	49.7	73.6	68.4	High school diploma or GED	52.7	69.7	64.9
50 to 64 years old	56.0	78.7	71.8	Some college or more	62.8	76.2	72.7
65 years old and over	43.4	67.9	63.8	Poverty status: ⁵			
White, non-Hispanic	52.7	72.2	68.4	Below poverty	28.7	54.8	48.5
Black, non-Hispanic	46.0	67.9	65.2	At or above poverty	54.8	72.1	68.8
Hispanic origin ⁴	45.2	61.2	58.8				

¹ Adjusted data—data for 2000 have been reweighted using the 2000 census population controls. ² Data for 2005 are weighted using the 2000 Census Population controls. ³ Includes other races not shown separately and unknown education level and poverty status. ⁴ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race or combination of races. ⁵ For explanation of poverty level, see text, Section 13.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States Annual*, annual. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>>.

Table 199. Current Cigarette Smoking: 1990 to 2007

[In percent. Prior to 1992, a current smoker is a person who has smoked at least 100 cigarettes and who now smokes. Beginning 1995, definition includes persons who smoke only "some days." Excludes unknown smoking status. Based on National Health Interview Survey; for details, see Appendix III]

Sex, age, and race	1990 ¹	2000	2005	2007	Sex, age, and race	1990 ¹	2000	2005	2007
Total smokers, age-adjusted²	25.3	23.1	20.8	19.7	Black, total	32.5	26.2	26.5	24.6
Male	28.0	25.2	23.4	22.0	18 to 24 years	21.3	20.9	21.6	21.4
Female	22.9	21.1	18.3	17.5	25 to 34 years	33.8	23.2	29.8	32.3
White male	27.6	25.4	23.3	22.2	35 to 44 years	42.0	30.7	23.3	17.4
Black male	32.8	25.7	25.9	23.4	45 to 64 years	36.7	32.2	32.4	28.3
White female	23.5	22.0	19.1	18.5	65 years and over	21.5	14.2	16.8	14.3
Black female	20.8	20.7	17.1	15.6	Female, total	22.8	20.9	18.1	17.4
Total smokers³	25.5	23.2	20.9	19.8	18 to 24 years	22.5	24.9	20.7	19.1
Male, total	28.4	25.6	23.9	22.3	25 to 34 years	28.2	22.3	21.5	19.6
18 to 24 years	26.6	28.1	28.0	25.4	35 to 44 years	24.8	26.2	21.3	19.6
25 to 34 years	31.6	28.9	27.7	28.8	45 to 64 years	24.8	21.7	18.8	19.5
35 to 44 years	34.5	30.2	26.0	23.2	65 years and over	11.5	9.3	8.3	7.6
45 to 64 years	29.3	26.4	25.2	22.6	White, total	23.4	21.4	18.7	18.1
65 years and over	14.6	10.2	8.9	9.3	18 to 24 years	25.4	28.5	22.6	21.6
White, total	28.0	25.7	23.6	22.3	25 to 34 years	28.5	24.9	23.1	21.4
18 to 24 years	27.4	30.4	29.7	26.5	35 to 44 years	25.0	26.6	22.2	20.7
25 to 34 years	31.6	29.7	27.7	29.0	45 to 64 years	25.4	21.4	18.9	19.6
35 to 44 years	33.5	30.6	26.3	24.4	65 years and over	11.5	9.1	8.4	8.0
45 to 64 years	28.7	25.8	24.5	22.1	Black, total	21.2	20.8	17.3	15.9
65 years and over	13.7	9.8	7.9	8.9	18 to 24 years	10.0	14.2	8.7	8.7
					25 to 34 years	29.1	15.5	16.9	14.9
					35 to 44 years	25.5	30.2	19.0	17.7
					45 to 64 years	22.6	25.6	21.0	22.6
					65 years and over	11.1	10.2	10.0	6.4

¹ Data prior to 1997 are not strictly comparable with data for later years due to the 1997 questionnaire redesign. ² Data are age adjusted to the year 2000 standard using five age groups: 18–24 years, 25–34 years, 35–44 years, 45–64 years, 65 years and over. ³ Crude, not age adjusted. ⁴ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health, United States*, 2009. See also <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>>.

Table 200. Current Cigarette Smoking by Sex and State: 2007

[In percent. Current cigarette smoking is defined as persons 18 years and older who reported having smoked 100 or more cigarettes during their lifetime and who currently smoke every day or some days. Based on the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, a telephone survey of health behaviors of the civilian, noninstitutionalized U.S. population, 18 years old and over; for details, see source]

State	Total	Male	Female	State	Total	Male	Female	State	Total	Male	Female
U.S.¹	19.8	21.3	18.4	KS	17.9	18.7	17.1	ND	21.0	22.2	19.8
AL	22.5	25.7	19.7	KY	28.3	28.8	27.8	OH	23.1	24.2	22.1
AK	22.2	24.6	19.7	LA	22.6	26.4	19.1	OK	25.8	28.0	23.8
AZ	19.8	23.4	16.3	ME	20.1	21.0	19.3	OR	16.9	18.9	14.9
AR	22.4	24.8	20.2	MD	17.1	18.4	16.0	PA	20.9	20.7	21.1
CA	14.3	18.1	10.6	MA	16.4	17.4	15.5	RI	17.0	17.8	16.3
CO	18.7	19.7	17.7	MI	21.2	23.5	19.0	SC	21.9	25.3	18.8
CT	15.5	16.6	14.5	MN	16.5	18.3	14.7	SD	19.8	20.1	19.5
DE	19.0	17.6	20.3	MS	24.0	27.8	20.5	TN	24.3	25.7	22.9
DC	17.3	19.1	15.7	MO	24.6	26.0	23.3	TX	19.4	22.0	16.9
FL	19.3	21.3	17.5	MT	19.5	19.8	19.3	UT	11.7	15.5	8.0
GA	19.3	21.2	17.5	NE	19.9	23.2	16.8	VT	17.6	19.5	15.9
HI	17.0	19.8	14.3	NV	21.5	23.4	19.6	VA	18.6	20.3	16.9
ID	19.2	20.9	17.4	NH	19.4	20.2	18.6	WA	16.8	18.0	15.7
IL	20.2	22.1	18.4	NJ	17.2	19.4	15.2	WV	27.0	28.6	25.5
IN	24.1	25.9	22.4	NM	20.8	23.6	18.1	WI	19.6	19.6	19.5
IA	19.8	21.4	18.3	NY	18.9	21.6	16.5	WY	22.1	22.8	21.4
				NC	22.9	25.3	20.7				

¹ Represents median value among the states and DC. For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular Presentations.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 58, No. 09, (released 13 March 2009); <<http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr>>.

Table 201. Substance Abuse Treatment Facilities and Clients: 1995 to 2007

[As of October 2 (1995); as of October 1 (1997–2000), as of March 29 (2002), and as of March 31 (2003–2006), and March 30, 2007. Based on the Uniform Facility Data Set (UFDS)/National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services (N-SSATS) survey, a census of all known facilities that provide substance abuse treatment in the United States and associated jurisdictions. Selected missing data for responding facilities were imputed]

Primary focus	Number	Primary focus	Number	Type of care and type of problem	Number of clients
FACILITIES		CLIENTS		2007, total ^{1, 4}	1,135,425
1995	10,746	1995	1,009,127	Outpatient rehabilitation	1,004,208
1998	13,455	1998	1,038,378	Outpatient detoxification	12,705
2000	13,428	2000	1,000,896	24-hour rehabilitation	104,657
2002	13,720	2002	1,136,287	24-hour detoxification	13,855
2003	13,623	2003	1,092,546		
2004	13,454	2004	1,072,251		
2005	13,371	2005	1,081,049	2007, total ^{1, 4}	1,133,436
2006	13,771	2006	1,130,881	Drug only	412,400
2007, total ⁴	13,648	2007, total ⁴	1,135,425	Alcohol only	211,094
Substance abuse treatment services	8,360	Substance abuse treatment services	768,047	Both alcohol & drug	509,919
Mental health services	949	Mental health services	47,803		
General health care	189	General health care	12,747	Total with a drug problem ²	922,342
Both substance abuse and mental health	3,957	Both substance abuse and mental health	297,907	Total with an alcohol problem ³	721,018
Other	193	Other	8,921		

¹ Excludes clients at facilities that did not provide data on type of substance abuse problem treated. ² The sum of clients with a drug problem and clients with both diagnoses. ³ The sum of clients with an alcohol problem and clients with both diagnoses. ⁴ Data for 2007 is based on preliminary data and is subject to change.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Uniform Facility Data Set (UFDS): Annual surveys for 1995–1999, and Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services (N-SSATS), 2000–2007. See <<http://oas.samhsa.gov/oasftp.cfm#Data>>.

Table 202. Drug Use by Type of Drug and Age Group: 2002 and 2007

[In percent. Data comes from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH). Current users are those who used drugs at least once within month prior to this study. Based on a representative sample of the U.S. population age 12 and older, including persons living in households and in some group quarters such as dormitories and homeless shelters. Estimates are based on computer-assisted interviews of about 68,000 respondents. Subject to sampling variability; see source]

Age and type of drug	Ever used		Current user		Age and type of drug	Ever used		Current user	
	2002	2007	2002	2007		2002	2007	2002	2007
12 YEARS OLD AND OVER					18 TO 25 YEARS OLD				
Any illicit drug ¹	46.0	46.1	8.3	8.0	Any illicit drug ¹	59.8	57.4	20.2	19.7
Marijuana and hashish	40.4	40.6	6.2	5.8	Marijuana and hashish	53.8	50.8	17.3	16.4
Cocaine	14.4	14.5	0.9	0.8	Cocaine	15.4	15.0	2.0	1.7
Crack	3.6	3.5	0.2	0.2	Hallucinogens	24.2	19.2	1.9	1.5
Heroin	1.6	1.5	0.1	0.1	Inhalants	15.7	11.3	0.5	0.4
Hallucinogens	14.6	13.8	0.5	0.4	Any psychotherapeutic ^{2, 3}	28.3	29.9	5.5	6.0
LSD	10.4	9.1	0.0	0.1	Alcohol	86.7	85.2	60.5	61.2
Ecstasy	4.3	5.0	0.3	0.2	"Binge" alcohol use ⁴	(NA)	(NA)	40.9	41.8
Inhalants	9.7	9.1	0.3	0.2	Cigarettes	71.2	64.7	40.8	36.2
Any psychotherapeutic ^{2, 3}	20.4	20.3	2.7	2.8	Smokeless tobacco	23.7	20.1	4.8	5.3
Pain relievers	12.6	13.3	1.9	2.1	Cigars	45.6	42.3	11.0	11.8
Tranquilizers	8.2	8.2	0.8	0.7	26 TO 34 YEARS OLD				
Stimulants	10.0	8.7	0.6	0.4	Any illicit drug ¹	58.3	56.6	10.5	10.9
Methamphetamine ³	6.5	5.3	0.3	0.2	Marijuana and hashish	52.2	50.3	7.7	7.9
Sedatives	4.2	3.4	0.2	0.1	Cocaine	17.6	16.6	1.2	1.4
Alcohol	83.1	82.3	51.0	51.1	Hallucinogens	20.6	22.0	0.5	0.7
"Binge" alcohol use ⁴	(NA)	(NA)	22.9	23.3	Inhalants	14.1	14.0	0.1	0.2
Cigarettes	69.1	65.3	26.0	24.2	Any psychotherapeutic ^{2, 3}	25.7	27.2	3.7	3.5
Smokeless tobacco	19.9	18.2	3.3	3.2	35 YEARS OLD AND OVER				
Cigars	37.4	35.7	5.4	5.4	Any illicit drug ¹	42.7	44.6	4.6	4.6
Pipe tobacco	17.0	14.3	0.8	0.8	Marijuana and hashish	38.0	40.2	3.1	3.0
12 TO 17 YEARS OLD					Cocaine	15.4	15.9	0.6	0.6
Any illicit drug ¹	30.9	26.2	11.6	9.5	Hallucinogens	12.6	12.5	0.1	0.1
Marijuana and hashish	20.6	16.2	8.2	6.7	Inhalants	7.2	7.4	0.1	0.1
Cocaine	2.7	2.1	0.6	0.4	Any psychotherapeutic ^{2, 3}	18.5	18.2	1.6	1.9
Hallucinogens	5.7	3.5	1.0	0.7	26 YEARS OLD AND OVER				
Inhalants	10.5	9.6	1.2	1.2	Alcohol	88.0	87.5	53.9	54.1
Any psychotherapeutic ^{2, 3}	13.7	11.7	4.0	3.3	"Binge" alcohol use ⁴	(NA)	(NA)	21.4	21.9
Alcohol	43.4	39.4	17.6	15.9	Cigarettes	73.7	70.9	25.2	24.1
"Binge" alcohol use ⁴	(NA)	(NA)	10.7	9.7	Smokeless tobacco	20.9	19.3	3.2	3.0
Cigarettes	33.3	23.7	13.0	9.8	Cigars	39.0	37.5	4.6	4.4
Smokeless tobacco	8.0	7.7	2.0	2.4					
Cigars	16.3	13.0	4.5	4.2					

NA Not available. ¹ Illicit drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. ² Nonmedical use of prescription-type psychotherapeutics includes the nonmedical use of pain relievers, tranquilizers, stimulants, or sedatives and does not include over-the-counter drugs. ³ Includes data from new methamphetamine items added in 2006 and 2007. Previous estimates have been adjusted to be comparable with new data and differ from those in reports prior to the 2007 data year. ⁴ Binge alcohol use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002 and 2007; <<http://oas.samhsa.gov/nhsda.htm>>.

Table 203. Estimated Use of Selected Drugs by State: 2006 to 2007

[20,107 represents 20,107,000. Data in this table cover a 2 year period. Data is based on the National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH). Current users are those persons 12 years old and over who used drugs at least once within month prior to this study. Based on national sample of respondents (see also headnote, Table 202). The state estimates were produced by combining the prevalence rate based on the state sample data and the prevalence rate based on a national regression model applied to local-area county and census block group/tract-level estimates from the state (i.e., a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach). The parameters of the regression model are estimated from the entire national sample. For comparison purposes, the data shown here display estimates for all 50 states and the District of Columbia utilizing the modeled estimates for all 51 areas]

State	Estimated current users (1,000)					Current users as percent of population				
	Any illicit drug	Marijuana	Any illicit drug other than marijuana ¹	Cigarettes	Binge alcohol ²	Any illicit drug ¹	Marijuana	Any illicit drug other than marijuana ¹	Cigarettes	Binge alcohol ²
U.S.	20,107	14,631	9,442	60,807	57,181	8.1	5.9	3.8	24.6	23.2
AL	266	172	148	1,090	714	7.0	4.5	3.9	28.6	18.8
AK	57	43	21	131	121	10.7	8.1	3.9	24.6	22.7
AZ	459	269	279	1,265	1,159	9.1	5.3	5.5	25.0	22.9
AR	198	135	113	688	516	8.6	5.8	4.9	29.8	22.3
CA	2,708	1,949	1,188	5,885	6,412	9.1	6.6	4.0	19.8	21.6
CO	431	324	179	960	1,029	11.0	8.2	4.6	24.4	26.2
CT	231	182	94	612	734	7.9	6.2	3.2	21.0	25.1
DE	61	44	27	175	165	8.6	6.3	3.8	24.7	23.2
DC	60	49	24	128	143	12.1	9.8	4.8	25.8	28.6
FL	1,168	835	588	3,734	3,506	7.7	5.5	3.9	24.6	23.1
GA	570	433	251	1,866	1,604	7.5	5.7	3.3	24.6	21.1
HI	78	56	29	215	240	7.5	5.3	2.8	20.6	22.9
ID	88	64	40	255	236	7.4	5.4	3.4	21.4	19.8
IL	772	574	348	2,693	2,757	7.3	5.4	3.3	25.6	26.2
IN	437	312	210	1,452	1,160	8.4	6.0	4.1	28.0	22.3
IA	129	95	64	622	681	5.2	3.8	2.6	25.1	27.5
KS	166	126	84	581	572	7.4	5.6	3.7	25.8	25.4
KY	281	202	137	1,058	742	8.1	5.8	3.9	30.4	21.3
LA	284	187	164	944	847	8.2	5.4	4.7	27.1	24.4
ME	108	94	37	304	261	9.6	8.3	3.3	26.9	23.1
MD	326	235	161	1,032	977	7.0	5.1	3.5	22.3	21.1
MA	531	427	222	1,159	1,448	9.8	7.9	4.1	21.4	26.7
MI	765	589	323	2,161	2,110	9.1	7.0	3.9	25.8	25.2
MN	357	312	139	1,091	1,235	8.3	7.3	3.2	25.4	28.8
MS	167	108	88	620	440	7.1	4.6	3.7	26.4	18.7
MO	386	267	200	1,410	1,173	8.0	5.5	4.2	29.2	24.3
MT	82	69	31	190	214	10.3	8.7	3.9	23.9	26.9
NE	98	73	47	368	351	6.7	5.1	3.2	25.4	24.3
NV	186	125	85	555	499	9.0	6.1	4.1	26.9	24.2
NH	110	92	39	259	286	9.8	8.2	3.5	23.2	25.6
NJ	469	337	217	1,588	1,656	6.5	4.7	3.0	21.9	22.9
NM	153	112	63	376	333	9.6	7.0	3.9	23.5	20.9
NY	1,467	1,117	582	3,619	3,769	9.1	6.9	3.6	22.4	23.3
NC	522	385	262	1,885	1,491	7.2	5.3	3.6	25.8	20.4
ND	33	26	14	134	169	6.2	5.0	2.6	25.3	32.0
OH	746	576	328	2,751	2,409	7.9	6.1	3.5	28.9	25.3
OK	247	151	134	893	618	8.5	5.2	4.6	30.6	21.2
OR	317	237	132	712	678	10.2	7.6	4.2	22.8	21.7
PA	729	530	324	2,620	2,456	7.0	5.1	3.1	25.1	23.5
RI	112	92	49	227	250	12.5	10.3	5.5	25.3	27.9
SC	235	173	114	1,051	782	6.6	4.8	3.2	29.4	21.9
SD	43	34	16	166	182	6.7	5.3	2.6	25.9	28.3
TN	444	288	262	1,535	967	8.8	5.7	5.2	30.5	19.2
TX	1,249	799	744	4,682	4,279	6.7	4.3	4.0	24.9	22.8
UT	130	85	69	353	315	6.4	4.2	3.4	17.5	15.6
VT	61	54	22	125	137	11.5	10.0	4.1	23.4	25.6
VA	513	411	227	1,506	1,413	8.2	6.6	3.6	24.1	22.6
WA	544	397	243	1,169	1,199	10.2	7.4	4.6	21.9	22.5
WV	113	81	64	479	289	7.4	5.3	4.2	31.1	18.8
WI	383	273	196	1,306	1,341	8.2	5.9	4.2	28.1	28.8
WY	37	30	17	126	116	8.7	6.9	3.9	29.4	26.9

¹ Illicit drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit drugs other than marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. ² Binge alcohol use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007*; <<http://www.oas.samhsa.gov/nhsda.htm>>.

Table 204. Cumulative Percent Distribution of Population by Height and Sex: 2003 to 2006

[Data are based on National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES), a sample of the civilian noninstitutional population. For this survey, the respondent participates in an interview and a physical examination. For persons 20 years old and over. Height was measured without shoes. Based on sample and subject to sampling variability; see source]

Height	Males						Females					
	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years
Percent under—												
4'10"	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	10.9	(B)	2.0	1.7	12.6
4'11"	—	—	—	—	—	(B)	2.2	2.1	12.0	3.1	3.0	5.9
5'	—	(B)	—	—	(B)	(B)	5.5	5.2	6.3	8.2	6.1	13.5
5'1"	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	10.6	12.1	11.7	13.6	14.3	23.1
5'2"	(B)	(B)	10.3	(B)	(B)	(B)	18.5	19.6	19.6	20.8	23.9	37.3
5'3"	11.2	2.6	11.2	(B)	12.0	11.1	32.1	30.4	31.1	36.6	40.9	55.4
5'4"	2.8	4.8	2.8	12.7	4.1	5.3	47.4	45.2	46.3	53.6	54.1	68.7
5'5"	6.0	8.7	3.7	4.9	8.3	12.5	60.7	61.4	63.1	65.4	70.3	82.2
5'6"	10.8	13.6	8.5	10.8	14.0	20.2	74.2	74.1	75.6	79.1	82.7	90.0
5'7"	16.7	20.3	15.4	19.6	21.9	28.8	85.6	83.4	85.3	90.1	90.5	96.1
5'8"	25.8	30.8	24.9	30.6	36.4	42.4	94.0	91.3	91.5	95.8	96.0	99.0
5'9"	37.8	42.7	38.8	43.5	48.6	54.1	97.2	96.1	95.7	98.9	96.9	99.7
5'10"	49.7	57.7	54.3	56.2	61.7	71.1	98.8	98.6	98.4	99.5	98.2	100.0
5'11"	62.4	71.1	65.9	71.3	72.0	84.0	99.6	99.6	99.8	99.7	99.7	100.0
6'	73.5	80.7	78.0	80.7	84.9	89.0	99.8	99.9	100.0	99.9	99.7	100.0
6'1"	85.0	88.5	88.1	87.6	91.5	94.0	99.8	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'2"	91.4	92.1	94.6	93.2	95.3	97.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'3"	95.5	95.9	97.6	96.8	98.3	98.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'4"	98.7	97.7	99.3	98.8	99.3	99.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'5"	99.0	99.0	99.4	99.2	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6'6"	99.8	99.7	99.9	99.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

— Represents zero. B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards of reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics and unpublished data; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes.htm>>.

Table 205. Cumulative Percent Distribution of Population by Weight and Sex: 2003 to 2006

[See headnote, Table 204. Data are based on National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES). Weight was measured without shoes. Pregnant females were excluded from the analyses. Based on sample and subject to sampling variability; see source]

Weight	Males						Females					
	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years
Percent under—												
100 lbs.	(B)	(B)	—	—	(B)	(B)	2.6	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
110 lbs.	(B)	(B)	(B)	—	(B)	(B)	7.2	2.4	11.9	12.9	13.3	4.9
120 lbs.	11.5	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	18.9	10.8	8.9	9.1	7.1	12.4
130 lbs.	4.5	11.4	11.5	3.1	12.2	3.2	32.3	22.7	15.6	17.8	15.1	22.2
140 lbs.	10.1	6.0	3.1	4.6	4.6	7.9	46.6	35.7	26.5	25.9	24.5	34.3
150 lbs.	16.5	11.5	6.2	9.0	8.0	13.5	55.0	45.2	39.7	35.7	34.8	47.3
160 lbs.	28.2	20.9	12.3	15.2	13.3	22.0	63.1	55.1	49.6	47.0	46.1	59.7
170 lbs.	39.6	31.0	20.1	24.9	22.7	32.0	71.8	62.7	58.1	58.4	57.4	69.5
180 lbs.	52.4	41.3	30.3	37.0	30.9	44.4	77.9	71.9	65.4	65.7	66.6	79.8
190 lbs.	62.8	50.8	42.3	46.3	43.2	54.2	82.1	77.6	70.4	72.0	74.8	86.9
200 lbs.	70.4	60.6	52.5	55.8	52.6	65.5	86.5	81.0	77.2	77.6	80.1	88.7
210 lbs.	76.5	68.6	63.3	64.8	64.8	75.3	88.3	85.8	82.1	82.0	85.1	92.5
220 lbs.	80.8	76.7	72.3	73.2	73.5	85.5	90.5	88.5	84.5	85.5	88.8	94.8
230 lbs.	84.9	84.8	77.7	79.7	80.0	89.5	93.2	90.8	88.5	88.4	91.7	96.7
240 lbs.	88.6	89.2	83.9	85.7	86.2	91.7	94.8	93.1	90.7	91.3	93.4	97.9
250 lbs.	92.0	91.6	88.8	89.9	90.9	93.5	95.3	94.6	93.5	93.2	95.8	98.7
260 lbs.	93.9	93.9	92.5	91.2	93.7	95.6	96.3	96.0	95.1	95.1	97.2	99.2
270 lbs.	95.3	94.9	93.8	93.5	96.0	97.6	97.2	97.2	95.8	96.3	98.2	99.4
280 lbs.	96.2	95.6	95.8	95.7	97.0	98.0	98.4	97.9	97.2	97.3	98.6	99.4
290 lbs.	96.6	96.2	96.2	97.2	98.1	99.0	98.7	98.3	98.1	97.6	98.6	99.5
300 lbs.	96.8	97.2	97.1	98.5	98.2	99.4	98.8	98.6	98.5	98.4	98.9	99.6
320 lbs.	98.0	98.5	98.5	99.3	99.0	99.8	99.7	99.1	99.2	98.9	99.4	100.0
340 lbs.	98.7	99.1	99.1	99.6	99.5	100.0	99.7	99.6	99.6	99.3	99.4	100.0
360 lbs.	99.3	99.2	99.5	99.8	99.7	100.0	99.9	99.8	100.0	99.7	99.6	100.0
380 lbs.	99.5	99.6	99.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	100.0	99.7	99.6	100.0
400 lbs.	99.6	99.8	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
420 lbs.	99.6	99.8	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
440 lbs.	99.8	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

— Represents zero. B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards of reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics and unpublished data; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes.htm>>.

Table 206. Age-Adjusted Percent Distributions of Body Mass Index (BMI) Among Persons 18 Years Old and Over by Selected Characteristics: 2003 to 2006

[See headnote, Table 203. Body Mass Index (BMI) is a measure that adjusts body weight for height. It is calculated as weight in kilograms divided by height in meters squared. For both men and women, underweight is indicated by a BMI under 18.5; healthy weight is indicated by a BMI greater than or equal to 18.5 and less than 25.0; overweight is greater than or equal to 25.0 and less than 30.0; obesity is indicated by a BMI greater than or equal to 30.0. BMI is calculated from the measurement of the participants' weight and height during the examination. Based on the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES)]

Selected characteristic	Under-weight	Healthy weight	Above healthy weight		
			Total	Overweight	Obese
Total ¹ (age-adjusted)	1.9	32.5	65.6	32.9	32.6
Total ¹ (crude)	1.9	32.1	66.0	33.1	33.0
Age: ²					
18 to 44 years old	2.6	37.4	60.0	29.7	30.3
45 to 64 years old	1.1	25.5	73.4	35.0	38.4
65 to 74 years old	³ 0.9	25.1	73.9	39.1	34.8
75 years old and over	1.7	34.5	63.9	39.7	24.1
Sex:					
Male	1.5	27.9	70.6	39.1	31.5
Female	2.3	37.2	60.5	26.9	33.7
Race/ethnicity and sex:					
Not Hispanic or Latino:					
White, male	1.6	27.9	70.5	38.8	31.6
White, female	2.6	40.2	57.2	26.1	31.1
Black alone or African American, male	1.7	28.8	69.5	35.1	34.4
Black alone or African American, female	³ 1.2	20.3	78.4	26.0	52.4
Mexican or Mexican American, male	³ 0.5	26.4	73.1	45.0	28.1
Mexican or Mexican American, female	(B)	26.4	72.3	31.3	41.0
Education: ⁴					
Less than a high school diploma	1.5	29.4	69.1	33.8	35.3
High school diploma or GED	1.3	26.9	71.8	34.1	37.7
Some college, bachelor's degree, or higher	1.4	31.7	66.9	34.9	32.0

B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Total includes other race/ethnicities not shown separately and persons with unknown race/ethnicity. ² Estimates for age groups are not age adjusted. ³ Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision. ⁴ Education is shown only for persons 25 years old and over.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, unpublished data; <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes.htm>>.

Table 207. Age-Adjusted Percentage of Persons Engaging in Physical Activity and Fitness by Selected Characteristics: 2006

[In percent. Covers persons 18 years old and over. Based on the National Health Interview Survey, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Leisure-time physical activity is assessed by asking respondents a series of questions about participation in moderate and vigorous-intensity physical activities. To assess muscle-strengthening activities, respondents were asked about leisure-time physical activities specifically designed to strengthen their muscles]

Characteristic	No leisure-time physical activity ¹	Regular Physical activity-moderate or vigorous ²	Muscular strength and endurance ³	Characteristic	No leisure-time physical activity ¹	Regular Physical activity-moderate or vigorous ²	Muscular strength and endurance ³
SEX				HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Male	38.1	33.1	22.0	Hispanic or Latino	53.0	22.6	13.1
Female	40.1	28.9	17.0	Not Hispanic or Latino	37.0	32.3	20.5
AGE ⁴				White, non-Hispanic	48.2	33.7	18.0
18 to 24 years old	34.4	38.1	26.5	Black, non-Hispanic	35.1	24.8	21.1
25 to 44 years old	34.7	33.4	22.5	Education level (persons aged			
45 to 64 years old	39.4	29.5	17.3	25 years years and over):			
65 to 74 years old	47.6	26.2	12.1	Less than 9th grade	66.6	15.0	5.3
75 years old and over	59.3	17.3	9.4	Grades 9 thru 11	59.5	17.3	7.2
RACE				High School graduate	47.2	23.5	13.3
Race alone				Some college or AA degree	34.7	31.7	20.7
White	38.0	31.8	19.7	College graduate or above	23.1	43.4	28.6
Black or African American	48.1	24.9	17.8				
American Indian or Alaska Native	33.6	29.0	16.5				
Asian or Pacific Islander	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)				

¹ Persons with no moderate- or vigorous-intensity activity for at least 10 minutes at a time. ² Regular physical activity is moderate-intensity physical activity at least 5 times a week for 30 minutes/time or vigorous-intensity physical activity for at least 3 times/week for 20 minutes/time. ³ Persons who participated in muscle strengthening activities at least 2 times/week. ⁴ Age data are not age-adjusted.

Source: U.S. National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, "Nutrition and Physical Activity" and unpublished data; <<http://wonder.cdc.gov/data2010/>>.

Table 208. High School Students Engaged in Physical Activity by Sex: 2007

[In percent. For students in grades 9 to 12. Based on the Youth Risk Behavior Survey, a school-based survey and subject to sampling error; for details see source]

Characteristic	Met currently recommended levels of physical activity ¹	Did not meet currently recommended levels of physical activity ²	Enrolled in physical education class		Played on at least one sports team ⁴	Injured while exercising or playing sports ⁵	Used computers 3 or more hours/day ⁶	Watched 3 or more hours/day of TV ⁷
			Total ³	Attended daily				
All students	34.7	24.9	53.6	30.3	56.3	21.9	24.9	35.4
Male	43.7	18.0	57.7	33.2	62.1	24.1	29.1	37.5
Grade 9	44.4	17.1	68.3	39.7	63.4	26.0	30.5	42.0
Grade 10	45.1	16.3	62.3	35.7	64.7	24.5	30.0	38.1
Grade 11	45.2	18.0	51.4	27.9	63.0	23.8	29.5	35.4
Grade 12	38.7	21.5	44.6	27.5	56.2	20.9	25.6	32.8
Female	25.6	31.8	49.4	27.3	50.4	19.3	20.6	33.2
Grade 9	31.5	26.1	65.1	40.4	54.7	21.7	24.9	37.2
Grade 10	24.4	31.7	51.2	26.1	50.8	20.8	22.6	35.9
Grade 11	24.6	34.3	38.8	19.8	52.5	18.2	17.9	29.6
Grade 12	20.6	36.2	38.5	20.2	41.9	14.8	14.8	28.9

¹ Were physically active doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time for a total of at least 60 minutes/day for at least 5 or more days during the 7 days before the survey. ² Did not participate 60 or more minutes of any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time on at least 1 day during the 7 days before the survey. ³ On one or more days in an average week when they were in school. ⁴ Run by their school or community groups during the 12 months before the survey. ⁵ Students who saw a doctor or nurse for an injury that happened while exercising or playing sports. ⁶ For activity that was not school related. ⁷ On an average school day.

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance—United States, 2007, *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Vol. 57, No. SS-4, June 6, 2008. See <<http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/ss5704a1.htm>>.

Table 209. Households and Persons Having Problems With Access to Food: 2003 to 2007

[112,214 represents 112,214,000. Food-secure means that a household had access at all times to enough food for an active healthy life for all household members, with no need for recourse to socially unacceptable food sources or extraordinary coping behaviors to meet their basic food needs. Food-insecure households had limited or uncertain ability to acquire acceptable foods in socially acceptable ways. Households with very low food security (a subset of food-insecure households) were those in which food intake of one or more household members was reduced and normal eating patterns disrupted due to inadequate resources for food. The severity of food insecurity in households is measured through a series of questions about experiences and behaviors known to characterize households that are having difficulty meeting basic food needs. These experiences and behaviors generally occur in an ordered sequence as the severity of food insecurity increases. As resources become more constrained, adults in typical households first worry about having enough food, then they stretch household resources and juggle other necessities, then decrease the quality and variety of household members' diets, then decrease the frequency and quantity of adults' food intake, and finally decrease the frequency and quantity of children's food intake. All questions refer to the previous 12 months and include a qualifying phrase reminding respondents to report only those occurrences that resulted from inadequate financial resources. Restrictions to food intake due to dieting or busy schedules are excluded. The omission of homeless persons may be a cause of underreporting. Data are from the Food Security Supplement to the Current Population Survey (CPS); for details about the CPS, see text, Section 1, Population, and Appendix III]

Household food security level	Number (1,000)					Percent distribution				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Households, total	112,214	112,967	114,437	115,609	117,100	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Food-secure	99,631	99,473	101,851	102,961	104,089	88.8	88.1	89.0	89.1	88.9
Food-insecure	12,583	13,494	12,586	12,648	13,011	11.2	11.9	11.0	10.9	11.1
With low food security ²	8,663	9,045	8,158	8,031	8,262	7.7	8.0	7.1	6.9	7.0
With very low food security ²	3,920	4,449	4,428	4,617	4,749	3.5	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.1
among children ³	207	274	270	221	323	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.8
Adult members	213,441	215,564	217,897	220,423	223,467	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In food-secure households	190,451	191,236	195,172	197,536	199,672	89.2	88.7	89.6	89.6	89.4
In food-insecure households	22,990	24,328	22,725	22,887	23,795	10.8	11.3	10.4	10.4	10.6
With low food security ²	16,358	16,946	15,146	15,193	15,602	7.7	7.9	7.0	6.9	7.0
With very low food security ²	6,632	7,382	7,579	7,694	8,193	3.1	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.7
Child members	72,969	73,039	73,604	73,587	73,575	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In food-secure households	59,704	59,171	61,201	60,959	61,140	81.8	81.0	83.1	82.8	83.1
In food-insecure households	13,265	13,868	12,403	12,628	12,435	18.2	19.0	16.9	17.2	16.9
With very low food security ²	420	545	606	430	691	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.9

¹ Prior to 2006, USDA described these households as food insecure without hunger. ² Food intake of one or more members in these households was reduced and normal eating patterns disrupted at some time during the year because of the household's food insecurity. Prior to 2006, USDA described these households as food insecure with hunger. ³ Percentages omit households with no children. The food security survey measures food security status at the household level. Not all children residing in food-insecure households were directly affected by the households food insecurity. Similarly, not all children in households classified as having very low food security among children were subject to the reductions in food intake and disruptions in eating patterns that characterize this condition. Young children, in particular, are often protected from effects of the households food insecurity.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Household Food Security in the United States, 2007, Economic Research Report Number 66*; November 2008; <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/publications/err66/>>.

Table 210. Per Capita Consumption of Selected Beverages by Type: 1980 to 2007

[In gallons. See headnote, Table 212. Per capita consumption uses U.S. resident population, July 1, for all beverages except coffee, tea, and fruit juices which use U.S. total population (Resident plus Armed Forces overseas), July 1]

Commodity	1980	1990	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Nonalcoholic	105.5	134.6	138.0	150.9	151.2	153.0	153.1	154.2	153.1
Milk (plain and flavored)	27.6	25.7	23.9	22.5	21.6	21.3	21.0	21.0	20.7
Whole	17.0	10.5	8.6	8.1	7.6	7.3	7.0	6.7	6.4
Reduced-fat, light, and skim	10.5	15.2	15.3	14.4	14.0	14.0	14.1	14.2	14.3
Tea	7.3	6.9	7.9	7.8	7.5	8.0	8.0	8.4	8.4
Coffee	26.7	26.8	20.2	26.3	24.3	24.7	24.3	24.4	24.6
Bottled water	2.7	8.8	11.6	16.7	21.6	23.2	25.5	27.7	29.1
Carbonated soft drinks	33.6	47.1	50.6	53.2	52.6	52.5	51.7	50.6	48.8
Diet	(NA)	14.0	13.8	13.8	15.1	15.4	15.3	15.2	14.9
Regular	(NA)	33.1	36.8	39.4	37.5	37.0	36.3	35.4	33.9
Fruit juices	7.6	6.9	8.0	9.0	8.6	8.7	8.3	8.2	8.2
Fruit drinks, cocktails, and ades	(NA)	12.3	15.0	14.8	14.5	14.3	13.9	13.5	12.9
Canned iced tea	(NA)	0.1	0.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Vegetable juices	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Alcoholic	28.3	27.5	24.7	25.0	25.2	25.3	25.2	25.5	25.7
Beer	24.3	23.9	21.8	21.7	21.6	21.7	21.5	21.7	21.8
Wine	2.1	2.0	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.5
Distilled spirits	2.0	1.5	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4

NA Not available. ¹ Beginning 1983, includes wine coolers.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1970-1997*; Food Consumption (Per Capita) Data System; <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption/>>.

Table 211. Nutrition—Nutrients in Foods Available for Civilian Consumption Per Capita Per Day: 1970 to 2006

[Computed by the Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP). Based on Economic Research Service (ERS) estimates of per capita quantities of food available for consumption from "Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures", on imputed consumption data for foods no longer reported by ERS, and on CNPP estimates of quantities of produce from home gardens. Food supply estimates do not reflect loss of food or nutrients from further marketing or home processing. Enrichment and fortification levels of iron, zinc, thiamin, riboflavin, niacin, folate, vitamin A, vitamin B₆, vitamin B₁₂, and Vitamin C are included]

Nutrient	Unit	1970-79	1980-89	1990-99	2000	2006
Food energy	Kilocalories	3,200	3,400	3,600	3,900	3,900
Carbohydrate	Grams	395	421	478	495	474
Fiber	Grams	20	22	24	24	25
Protein	Grams	96	100	108	111	111
Total fat ¹	Grams	143	151	150	169	178
Saturated	Grams	49	50	48	52	54
Monounsaturated	Grams	57	61	64	75	77
Polyunsaturated	Grams	27	30	31	35	39
Cholesterol	Milligrams	430	420	400	410	420
Vitamin A	Micrograms RAE ²	1,050	1,050	1,100	1,090	940
Carotene	Micrograms	560	600	710	690	690
Vitamin E	Milligrams a-TE ³	14	16	17	20	21
Vitamin C	Milligrams	109	115	118	121	106
Thiamin	Milligrams	2	3	3	3	3
Riboflavin	Milligrams	3	3	3	3	3
Niacin	Milligrams	25	29	31	32	32
Vitamin B ₆	Milligrams	2	2	2	2	2
Folate ⁴	Micrograms DFE ⁵	341	383	504	902	874
Vitamin B ₁₂	Micrograms	9	8	8	8	8
Calcium	Milligrams	930	930	980	980	960
Phosphorus	Milligrams	1,540	1,590	1,690	1,720	1,700
Magnesium	Milligrams	340	360	390	400	400
Iron	Milligrams	17	20	23	23	23
Zinc	Milligrams	13	14	15	15	16
Copper	Milligrams	2	2	2	2	2
Potassium	Milligrams	3,510	3,550	3,720	3,780	3,620
Sodium ⁶	Milligrams	1,210	1,210	1,240	1,230	1,150
Selenium	Micrograms	133	143	163	179	181

¹ Includes other types of fat not shown separately. ² Retinol activity equivalents. ³ Alpha-Tocopherol equivalents. ⁴ Reflects new terminology from Institute of Medicine's Dietary Reference Intakes reports. ⁵ Dietary Folate Equivalents (DFE). ⁶ Does not include amount from processed foods; underestimates actual availability.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion, *Nutrient Content of the U.S. Food Supply, 1909-2006*. Data also published by Economic Research Service in *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures*, annual. See <<http://www.cnpp.usda.gov/>>.

Table 212. Per Capita Consumption of Major Food Commodities: 1980 to 2007

[In pounds, retail weight, except as indicated. Consumption represents the residual after exports, nonfood use and ending stocks are subtracted from the sum of beginning stocks, domestic production, and imports. Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population]

Commodity	Unit	1980	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006	2007
Red meat, total (boneless, trimmed weight) ^{1, 2}	Pounds	126.4	112.2	113.6	113.7	110.3	110.0	110.6
Beef	Pounds	72.1	63.9	63.5	64.5	62.5	62.8	62.2
Veal	Pounds	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3
Lamb and mutton	Pounds	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Pork	Pounds	52.1	46.4	48.4	47.8	46.6	46.0	47.3
Poultry (boneless, trimmed weight) ²	Pounds	40.8	56.2	62.1	67.9	73.7	74.3	73.7
Chicken	Pounds	32.7	42.4	48.2	54.2	60.6	60.9	59.9
Turkey	Pounds	8.1	13.8	13.9	13.7	13.2	13.3	13.8
Fish and shellfish (boneless, trimmed weight)	Pounds	12.4	14.9	14.8	15.2	16.2	16.5	16.3
Eggs	Number	271	234	232	251	255	257	249
Shell	Number	236	186	172	178	172	175	170
Processed	Number	35	48	60	73	83	81	79
Dairy products, total ³	Pounds	543.1	568.0	576.2	592.2	597.7	606.0	606.1
Fluid milk products ⁴	Gallons	27.9	26.2	24.6	23.2	22.2	22.2	22.0
Beverage milks	Gallons	27.6	25.7	23.9	22.5	21.0	21.0	20.7
Plain whole milk	Gallons	16.5	10.2	8.3	7.7	6.7	6.5	6.1
Plain reduced-fat milk (2%)	Gallons	6.3	9.1	8.0	7.1	6.9	6.9	6.9
Reduced fat milk (1%) and skim milk	Gallons	3.1	4.9	6.1	6.1	5.6	5.7	5.7
Flavored whole milk	Gallons	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3
Flavored milks other than whole	Gallons	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.4
Buttermilk	Gallons	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
Yogurt (excl. frozen)	1/2 pints	4.6	7.8	11.4	12.0	19.1	20.4	21.3
Fluid cream products ⁵	1/2 pints	10.5	14.3	15.6	18.3	24.1	24.2	24.7
Cream ⁶	1/2 pints	6.3	8.7	9.4	11.6	14.9	15.4	15.7
Sour cream and dips	1/2 pints	3.4	4.7	5.4	6.1	8.3	7.9	8.2
Condensed and evaporated milks	Pounds	7.0	7.9	6.8	5.8	5.9	6.4	7.6
Whole milk	Pounds	3.8	3.1	2.3	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.0
Skim milk	Pounds	3.3	4.8	4.5	3.8	3.7	4.2	5.6
Cheese ⁷	Pounds	17.5	24.6	26.9	29.8	31.6	32.5	32.7
American ⁸	Pounds	9.6	11.1	11.7	12.7	12.7	13.1	12.8
Cheddar	Pounds	6.8	9.0	9.0	9.7	10.3	10.4	10.0
Italian ⁸	Pounds	4.4	9.0	10.3	12.1	13.3	13.7	14.1
Mozzarella	Pounds	3.0	6.9	8.0	9.3	10.2	10.5	10.9
Other ⁸	Pounds	3.3	4.3	5.0	4.8	5.6	5.8	5.8
Swiss	Pounds	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.3
Cream and Neufchatel	Pounds	0.9	1.6	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6
Cottage cheese, total	Pounds	4.5	3.4	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.6
Lowfat	Pounds	0.8	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4
Frozen dairy products	Pounds	26.4	28.5	29.0	28.0	25.8	26.0	25.2
Ice cream	Pounds	17.5	15.8	15.5	16.7	14.6	14.7	14.0
Lowfat ice cream	Pounds	7.1	7.7	7.4	7.3	6.7	6.9	7.0
Sherbet	Pounds	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3
Frozen yogurt	Pounds	(NA)	2.8	3.4	2.0	1.3	1.3	1.2
Fats and oils:								
Total, fat content only	Pounds	56.9	62.3	64.2	81.7	85.5	84.6	84.9
Butter (product weight)	Pounds	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.7
Margarine (product weight)	Pounds	11.3	10.9	9.1	8.2	4.0	4.6	4.5
Lard (direct use)	Pounds	2.3	0.9	0.4	0.8	1.6	1.7	1.6
Edible beef tallow (direct use)	Pounds	1.1	0.6	2.7	4.0	3.8	3.9	2.9
Shortening	Pounds	18.2	22.2	22.2	31.5	29.0	24.9	21.0
Salad and cooking oils	Pounds	21.2	25.2	26.5	33.7	42.8	44.6	50.2
Other edible fats and oils ⁹	Pounds	1.5	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.6	2.1	1.7
Flour and cereal products ⁹	Pounds	144.9	181.0	188.7	199.2	192.1	194.0	196.9
Wheat flour	Pounds	116.9	135.9	140.0	146.3	134.2	135.6	138.1
Rice, milled	Pounds	9.5	15.8	17.1	18.9	20.8	20.7	20.5
Corn products	Pounds	12.9	21.4	24.9	28.4	31.4	31.9	32.4
Oat products	Pounds	3.9	6.5	5.5	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.7
Caloric sweeteners, total ¹⁰	Pounds	120.2	132.4	144.1	148.8	142.3	139.1	136.3
Sugar, refined cane and beet	Pounds	83.6	64.4	64.9	65.5	63.2	62.4	62.0
Corn sweeteners ¹¹	Pounds	35.3	66.8	77.9	81.8	77.7	75.1	72.9
High-fructose corn syrup	Pounds	19.0	49.6	57.6	62.6	59.2	58.3	56.2
Other:								
Cocoa beans	Pounds	3.4	5.4	4.5	5.9	6.5	6.4	6.0
Coffee (green beans)	Pounds	10.3	10.3	7.9	10.3	9.5	9.5	9.6
Peanuts (shelled)	Pounds	5.1	6.1	5.7	5.9	6.7	6.5	6.3
Tree nuts (shelled)	Pounds	1.8	2.5	1.9	2.6	2.7	3.3	3.3

NA Not available. ¹ Excludes edible offals. ² Excludes shipments to Puerto Rico and the other U.S. possessions. ³ Milk-equivalent, milk-fat basis. Includes butter. ⁴ Fluid milk figures are aggregates of commercial sales and milk produced and consumed on farms. ⁵ Includes eggnog not shown separately. ⁶ Heavy cream, light cream, and half-and-half. ⁷ Excludes full-skim American, cottage, pot, and baker's cheese. ⁸ Includes other cheeses not shown separately. ⁹ Includes rye flour and barley products not shown separately. Excludes quantities used in alcoholic beverages. ¹⁰ Dry weight. Includes edible syrups (maple, molasses, etc.) and honey not shown separately. ¹¹ Includes glucose and dextrose not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, Food Availability (Per Capita) Data System*; <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption/>>.

Table 213. Per Capita Utilization of Selected Commercially Produced Fruits and Vegetables: 1980 to 2007

[In pounds, farm weight. Domestic food use of fresh fruits and vegetables reflects the fresh-market share of commodity production plus imports and minus exports]

Commodity	1980	1990	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Fruits and vegetables, total ¹	603.6	642.5	682.3	708.9	701.8	700.4	687.8	675.3	680.0
Fruits, total	265.0	256.8	274.6	285.6	279.7	278.6	270.8	269.5	263.0
Fresh fruits	106.2	116.6	123.1	128.5	128.3	128.1	126.3	129.4	126.2
Noncitrus	80.5	95.6	99.6	105.0	104.4	105.4	104.6	107.8	108.1
Apples	19.4	19.8	18.9	17.5	16.9	18.9	16.7	17.9	16.4
Bananas	20.8	24.3	27.1	28.4	26.2	25.8	25.2	25.1	26.0
Cantaloupes	5.8	9.2	9.0	11.1	10.8	10.0	9.8	9.6	9.9
Grapes	4.0	7.9	7.5	7.4	7.7	7.8	8.6	7.6	8.0
Peaches and nectarines	7.1	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.1	4.8	4.6	4.5
Pears	2.6	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.2	3.1
Pineapples	1.5	2.0	1.9	3.2	4.4	4.4	4.9	5.2	5.0
Plums and prunes	1.5	1.5	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0
Strawberries	2.0	3.2	4.1	4.9	5.3	5.5	5.8	6.1	6.4
Watermelons	10.7	13.3	15.2	13.8	13.5	13.0	14.0	15.9	16.3
Other ²	5.1	5.4	6.3	8.7	10.1	10.8	10.7	11.6	11.5
Fresh citrus	26.1	21.4	23.8	23.5	23.9	22.7	21.7	21.6	18.1
Oranges	14.3	12.4	11.8	11.7	11.9	10.8	11.4	10.2	7.5
Grapefruit	7.3	4.4	6.0	5.1	4.1	4.1	2.7	2.3	2.8
Other ³	4.5	4.6	6.0	6.7	7.9	7.8	7.6	9.0	7.8
Processed fruits	158.8	140.2	151.4	157.1	151.4	150.5	144.5	140.2	136.9
Frozen fruits	3.3	4.3	5.2	4.2	5.1	4.4	5.1	4.5	4.4
Dried fruits	11.2	12.1	12.6	10.4	9.9	9.3	10.1	10.2	9.6
Canned fruits ⁶	24.5	20.9	17.3	17.5	17.2	16.9	16.5	15.4	15.9
Fruit juices	119.0	102.7	116.0	124.6	118.9	119.5	112.4	109.2	106.1
Vegetables, total	338.6	385.7	407.7	423.4	422.1	421.8	416.9	405.8	417.0
Fresh vegetables	151.6	170.5	181.3	199.2	200.2	201.5	198.3	196.2	202.2
Asparagus (all uses)	0.3	0.6	0.6	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Broccoli	1.4	3.4	4.3	5.9	5.5	5.6	5.6	6.2	6.0
Cabbage	8.0	8.3	8.1	8.9	7.6	8.3	8.1	8.2	8.6
Carrots	6.2	8.3	11.2	9.2	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	9.0
Cauliflower	1.1	2.2	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.7
Celery (all uses)	7.4	7.2	6.9	6.3	6.3	6.2	5.9	6.1	6.4
Corn	6.5	6.7	7.8	9.0	9.5	9.2	8.9	8.7	9.1
Cucumbers	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.4	6.2	6.5	6.3	6.4	6.3
Head lettuce	25.6	27.7	22.2	23.5	22.2	21.3	21.1	20.2	20.3
Mushrooms	1.2	2.0	2.0	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
Onions	11.4	15.1	17.8	18.9	19.5	21.7	21.1	19.9	21.7
Snap beans	1.3	1.1	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.2
Bell peppers (all uses)	2.9	4.5	6.2	7.0	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.0	6.8
Potatoes	51.1	46.7	49.2	47.1	46.9	45.9	42.5	37.3	39.2
Sweet potatoes (all uses)	4.4	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.6	5.2
Tomatoes	12.8	15.5	16.8	19.0	19.5	20.0	20.2	20.0	20.3
Other fresh vegetables ⁸	6.0	11.8	14.7	26.7	29.4	29.2	31.0	35.5	35.6
Processed vegetables	187.0	215.2	226.4	224.1	221.9	220.3	218.7	209.6	214.7
Selected vegetables for freezing ⁹	51.5	66.8	78.8	79.3	78.9	79.0	76.4	74.5	76.0
Selected vegetables for canning ¹⁰	102.5	110.3	108.2	103.2	101.1	102.8	105.1	94.7	97.2
Vegetables for dehydrating ¹¹	10.5	14.6	14.5	17.3	17.3	15.3	13.9	14.1	14.1
Potatoes for chips	16.5	16.4	16.4	15.9	17.3	16.6	16.2	18.8	18.7
Pulses ¹²	5.9	7.2	8.4	8.5	7.3	6.7	7.0	7.5	8.7

¹ Excludes wine grapes. ² Apricots, avocados, cherries, cranberries, kiwifruit, mangoes, papayas, and honeydew melons. ³ Lemons, limes, tangerines, and tangelos. ⁴ Apples, apricots, blackberries, blueberries, boysenberries, cherries, loganberries, peaches, plums, prunes, raspberries, and strawberries. ⁵ Apples, apricots, dates, figs, peaches, pears, prunes, and raisins. ⁶ Apples, apricots, cherries, olives, peaches, pears, pineapples, plums, and prunes. ⁷ Apple, cranberry, grape, grapefruit, lemon, lime, orange, pineapple, and prunes. ⁸ Artichokes, brussels sprouts, eggplant, escarole, endive, garlic, romaine, leaf lettuce, radishes, spinach, and squash. Beginning 2000, includes collard greens, kale, mustard greens, okra, pumpkin, and turnip greens. ⁹ Asparagus, snap beans, lima beans, broccoli, carrots, cauliflower, sweet corn, green peas, potatoes, spinach, and miscellaneous vegetables. ¹⁰ Asparagus, snap beans, beets, cabbage, carrots, chili peppers, sweet corn, cucumbers for pickling, green peas, lima beans, mushrooms, spinach, and tomatoes. ¹¹ Onions and potatoes. ¹² Dry peas, lentils, and dry edible beans.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, Food Availability (Per Capita) Data System*; <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/data/foodconsumption/>>.