
Law Enforcement, Courts, and Prisons

This section presents data on crimes committed, victims of crimes, arrests, and data related to criminal violations and the criminal justice system. The major sources of these data are the Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS), the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), and the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts. BJS issues many reports—see our Guide to Sources for a complete listing. The Federal Bureau of Investigation's major annual reports are *Crime in the United States*, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted*, annual, and *Hate Crimes*, annual, which present data on reported crimes as gathered from state and local law enforcement agencies.

Legal jurisdiction and law enforcement—Law enforcement is, for the most part, a function of state and local officers and agencies. The U.S. Constitution reserves general police powers to the states. By act of Congress, federal offenses include only offenses against the U.S. government and against or by its employees while engaged in their official duties and offenses which involve the crossing of state lines or an interference with interstate commerce. Excluding the military, there are 52 separate criminal law jurisdictions in the United States: one in each of the 50 states, one in the District of Columbia, and the federal jurisdiction. Each of these has its own criminal law and procedure and its own law enforcement agencies. While the systems of law enforcement are quite similar among the states, there are often substantial differences in the penalties for like offenses.

Law enforcement can be divided into three parts: investigation of crimes and arrests of persons suspected of committing them; prosecution of those charged with crime; and the punishment or treatment of persons convicted of crime.

Crime—The U.S. Department of Justice administers two statistical programs to measure the magnitude, nature, and

impact of crime in the nation: the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program and the National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS). Each of these programs produces valuable information about aspects of the nation's crime problem. Because the UCR and NCVS programs are conducted for different purposes, use different methods, and focus on somewhat different aspects of crime, the information they produce together provides a more comprehensive panorama of the nation's crime problem than either could produce alone.

Uniform Crime Reports (UCR)—The FBI's UCR Program, which began in 1929, collects information on the following crimes reported to law enforcement authorities—Part 1 offenses (detail data reported): murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson. For Part 2 offenses, law enforcement agencies report only arrest data for 21 additional crime categories. For UCR definitions of criminal offenses (including those listed), please go to: <www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/about/offense_definitions.html>.

The UCR Program compiles data from monthly law enforcement reports or individual crime incident records transmitted directly to the FBI or to centralized state agencies that then report to the FBI. The Program thoroughly examines each report it receives for reasonableness, accuracy, and deviations that may indicate errors. Large variations in crime levels may indicate modified records procedures, incomplete reporting, or changes in a jurisdiction's boundaries. To identify any unusual fluctuations in an agency's crime counts, the Program compares monthly reports to previous submissions of the agency and with those for similar agencies.

The UCR Program presents crime counts for the nation as a whole, as well as for regions, states, counties, cities, towns, tribal law enforcement, and colleges and

universities. This permits studies among neighboring jurisdictions and among those with similar populations and other common characteristics.

The UCR Program annually publishes its findings in a preliminary release in the spring of the following calendar year, followed by a detailed annual report, *Crime in the United States*, issued in the fall. In addition to crime counts and trends, this report includes data on crimes cleared, persons arrested (age, sex, and race), law enforcement personnel (including the number of sworn officers killed or assaulted), and the characteristics of homicides (including age, sex, and race of victims and offenders; victim-offender relationships; weapons used; and circumstances surrounding the homicides). Other periodic reports are also available from the UCR Program.

National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS)—The 2006 national crime victimization estimates are not comparable to previous years because of changes in methodology. The methodological changes included: a new sample, a change in the method of handling first-time interviews with households, and a change in the method of interviewing. For more information on methodology, go to <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cv06.htm>>.

A second perspective on crime is provided by this survey of the Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS). The NCVS is an annual data collection (interviews of persons age 12 or older), conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the BJS. As an ongoing survey of households, the NCVS measures crimes of violence and theft both reported and not reported to police. It produces national rates and levels of personal and property victimization. No attempt is made to validate the information against police records or any other source.

The NCVS measures rape/sexual assault, robbery, assault, pocket-picking, purse snatching, burglary, and motor vehicle theft. The NCVS includes crimes reported to the police, as well as those not reported.

Murder and kidnapping are not covered. The so-called victimless crimes, such as drunkenness, drug abuse, and prostitution, also are excluded, as are crimes for which it is difficult to identify knowledgeable respondents or to locate data records.

Crimes of which the victim may not be aware also cannot be measured effectively. Buying stolen property may fall into this category, as may some instances of embezzlement. Attempted crimes of many types probably are under recorded for this reason. Events in which the victim has shown a willingness to participate in illegal activity also are excluded.

In any encounter involving a personal crime, more than one criminal act can be committed against an individual. For example, a rape may be associated with a robbery, or a household offense, such as a burglary, can escalate into something more serious in the event of a personal confrontation. In classifying the survey-measured crimes, each criminal incident has been counted only once—by the most serious act that took place during the incident and ranked in accordance with the seriousness classification system used by the FBI. The order of seriousness for crimes against persons is as follows: rape, robbery, assault, and larceny. Personal crimes take precedence over household offenses.

A *victimization*, basic measure of the occurrence of crime, is a specific criminal act as it affects a single victim. The number of victimizations is determined by the number of victims of such acts. Victimization counts serve as key elements in computing rates of victimization. For crimes against persons, the rates are based on the total number of individuals age 12 and over or on a portion of that population sharing a particular characteristic or set of traits. As general indicators of the danger of having been victimized during the reference period, the rates are not sufficiently refined to represent true measures of risk for specific individuals or households.

An *incident* is a specific criminal act involving one or more victims; therefore the number of incidents of personal crimes is lower than that of victimizations.

Courts—Statistics on criminal offenses and the outcome of prosecutions are incomplete for the country as a whole, although data are available for many states individually.

Since 1982, through its National Judicial Reporting Program, the BJS has surveyed a nationally representative sample of 300 counties every 2 years and collected detailed information on demographic characteristics of felons, conviction offenses, type of sentences, sentence lengths, and time from arrest to conviction and sentencing.

The bulk of civil and criminal litigation in the country is commenced and determined in the various state courts. Only when the U.S. Constitution and acts of Congress specifically confer jurisdiction upon the federal courts may civil or criminal litigation be heard and decided by them. Generally, the federal courts have jurisdiction over the following types of cases: suits or proceedings by or against the United States; civil actions between private parties arising under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States; civil actions between private litigants who are citizens of different states; civil cases involving admiralty, maritime, or private jurisdiction; and all matters in bankruptcy.

There are several types of courts with varying degrees of legal jurisdiction. These jurisdictions include original, appellate, general, and limited or special. A court of original jurisdiction is one having the authority initially to try a case and pass judgment on the law and the facts; a court of appellate jurisdiction is one with the legal authority to review cases and hear appeals; a court of general jurisdiction is a trial court of unlimited original jurisdiction in civil and/or criminal cases, also called a “major trial court”; a court of limited or special jurisdiction is a trial court with legal authority over only a particular class of cases, such as probate, juvenile, or traffic cases.

The 94 federal courts of original jurisdiction are known as the U.S. district courts. One or more of these courts is established in every state and one each in the

District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the Northern Mariana Islands, and Guam. Appeals from the district courts are taken to intermediate appellate courts of which there are 13, known as U.S. courts of appeals and the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. The Supreme Court of the United States is the final and highest appellate court in the federal system of courts.

Juvenile offenders—For statistical purposes, the FBI and most states classify as juvenile offenders persons under the age of 18 years who have committed a crime or crimes.

Delinquency cases are all cases of youths referred to a juvenile court for violation of a law or ordinance or for seriously “antisocial” conduct. Several types of facilities are available for those adjudicated delinquents, ranging from the short-term physically unrestricted environment to the long-term very restrictive atmosphere.

Prisoners and jail inmates—BJS started to collect annual data in 1979 on prisoners in federal and state prisons and reformatories. Adults convicted of criminal activity may be given a prison or jail sentence. A *prison* is a confinement facility having custodial authority over adults sentenced to confinement of more than 1 year. A *jail* is a facility, usually operated by a local law enforcement agency, holding persons detained pending adjudication and/or persons committed after adjudication to 1 year or less.

Data on inmates in local jails were collected by the BJS for the first time in 1970. Since then, BJS has conducted censuses of facilities and inmates every 5 to 6 years. In 1984, BJS initiated an annual survey of jails conducted in noncensus years.

Statistical reliability—For discussion of statistical collection, estimation and sampling procedures, and measures of statistical reliability pertaining to the National Crime Victimization Survey and Uniform Crime Reporting Program, see Appendix III.

Table 295. Crimes and Crime Rates by Type of Offense: 1980 to 2007

[(1,345 represents 1,345,000). Data include offenses actually reported to law enforcement and also offense estimations for nonreporting and partially reporting agencies within each state. Rates are based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of **July 1, 1980, 1990, and 2000, enumerated as of April 1.** See source for details. For definitions of types of crimes, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2007/about/offense_definitions.html>]

Item and year	Violent crime					Property crime			
	Total	Murder ¹	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Total	Burglary	Larceny/ theft	Moto vehicle theft
Number of offenses (1,000):									
1980	1,345	23	83	566	673	12,064	3,795	7,137	1,132
1985	1,328	19	88	498	723	11,103	3,073	6,926	1,103
1990	1,820	23	103	639	1,055	12,655	3,074	7,946	1,636
1993	1,926	25	106	660	1,136	12,219	2,835	7,821	1,563
1994	1,858	23	102	619	1,113	12,132	2,713	7,880	1,539
1995	1,799	22	97	581	1,099	12,064	2,594	7,998	1,472
1996	1,689	20	96	536	1,037	11,805	2,506	7,905	1,394
1997	1,636	18	96	499	1,023	11,558	2,461	7,744	1,354
1998	1,534	17	93	447	977	10,952	2,333	7,376	1,243
1999	1,426	16	89	409	912	10,208	2,101	6,956	1,152
2000	1,425	16	90	408	912	10,183	2,051	6,972	1,160
2001 ²	1,439	16	91	424	909	10,437	2,117	7,092	1,228
2002	1,424	16	95	421	891	10,455	2,151	7,057	1,247
2003	1,384	17	94	414	859	10,443	2,155	7,027	1,261
2004	1,360	16	95	401	847	10,319	2,144	6,937	1,238
2005	1,391	17	94	417	862	10,175	2,155	6,783	1,236
2006 ³	1,418	17	93	447	861	9,984	2,184	6,607	1,193
2007	1,408	17	90	445	856	9,843	2,179	6,569	1,096
Rate per 100,000 population:									
1980	597	10	37	251	299	5,353	1,684	3,167	502
1985	558	8	37	209	304	4,666	1,292	2,911	464
1990	730	9	41	256	423	5,073	1,232	3,185	656
1993	747	10	41	256	441	4,740	1,100	3,034	606
1994	714	9	39	238	428	4,660	1,042	3,027	591
1995	685	8	37	221	418	4,591	987	3,043	560
1996	637	7	36	202	391	4,451	945	2,980	526
1997	611	7	36	186	382	4,316	919	2,892	506
1998	568	6	35	166	361	4,053	863	2,730	460
1999	523	6	33	150	334	3,744	770	2,551	423
2000	507	6	32	145	324	3,618	729	2,477	412
2001 ²	505	6	32	149	319	3,658	742	2,486	431
2002	494	6	33	146	310	3,631	747	2,451	433
2003	476	6	32	143	295	3,591	741	2,417	434
2004	463	6	32	137	289	3,514	730	2,362	422
2005	469	6	32	141	291	3,432	727	2,288	417
2006 ³	474	6	31	149	288	3,335	729	2,207	398
2007	467	6	30	148	284	3,264	723	2,178	363

¹ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter. ² The murder and nonnegligent homicides that occurred as a result of the events of September 11, 2001, were not included in this table. ³ The 2006 data have been revised.

Table 296. Crimes and Crime Rates by Type and Area: 2007

[In thousands (1,408 represents 1,408,000), except rate. Rate per 100,000 population; based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of **July 1**. See headnote, Table 295. For definitions of types of crimes, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2007/about/offense_definitions.html>]

Type of crime	United States		Metropolitan statistical areas ¹		Cities outside metropolitan areas		Nonmetropolitan counties	
	Total	Rate	Total	Rate	Total	Rate	Total	Rate
Violent crime	1,408	467	1,265	504	79	395	64	209
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	17	6	15	6	1	4	1	3
Forcible rape	90	30	75	30	8	38	8	25
Robbery	445	148	428	170	12	62	5	16
Aggravated assault	856	284	747	298	58	291	50	165
Property crime	9,843	3,264	8,577	3,417	758	3,774	509	1,668
Burglary	2,179	723	1,859	740	157	783	163	536
Larceny-theft	6,569	2,178	5,698	2,270	565	2,815	305	1,000
Motor vehicle theft	1,096	363	1,020	406	35	176	40	132

¹ For definition, see Appendix II.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, "Crime in the United States"; <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2007/index.html>>.

Table 297. Crime Rates by State, 2006 and 2007, and by Type, 2007

[Rates per 100,000 population. Data include offenses actually reported to law enforcement and also offense estimations for nonreporting and partially reporting agencies within each state. Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. For definitions of types of crimes, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2007/about/offense_definitions.html>]

State	Violent crime						Property crime				
	2006 total ¹	2007					2006 total	2007			
		Total	Murder ²	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault		Total	Burglary	Larceny/theft	Motor vehicle theft
United States	474	467	5.6	30	148	284	3,335	3,264	723	2,178	363
Alabama	425	448	8.9	33	160	246	3,936	3,972	980	2,685	308
Alaska	688	661	6.4	77	85	492	3,605	3,380	539	2,487	354
Arizona	501	483	7.4	29	152	294	4,628	4,414	912	2,738	763
Arkansas	552	529	6.7	45	107	371	3,968	3,953	1,131	2,574	247
California	533	523	6.2	25	193	299	3,171	3,033	648	1,784	600
Colorado	392	348	3.1	41	71	233	3,451	3,006	591	2,069	345
Connecticut	281	256	3.0	19	103	131	2,504	2,400	433	1,705	262
Delaware	682	689	4.3	39	197	449	3,418	3,370	733	2,369	268
District of Columbia ³	1,508	1,414	30.8	33	724	627	4,654	4,914	667	2,955	1,292
Florida	712	723	6.6	34	209	473	3,986	4,089	996	2,689	404
Georgia	471	493	7.5	23	182	281	3,889	3,901	950	2,505	446
Hawaii	281	273	1.7	25	86	160	4,230	4,225	709	2,993	523
Idaho	247	239	3.3	39	16	182	2,419	2,247	465	1,633	149
Illinois ^{4, 5}	542	533	5.9	32	180	316	3,020	2,936	588	2,085	264
Indiana	315	334	5.6	28	124	176	3,502	3,397	739	2,349	308
Iowa	284	295	1.2	30	44	219	2,803	2,616	567	1,885	164
Kansas	425	453	3.9	44	73	332	3,750	3,679	730	2,640	309
Kentucky	263	295	4.8	33	96	162	2,545	2,518	653	1,661	205
Louisiana	698	730	14.2	32	142	541	3,994	4,076	1,039	2,684	354
Maine	116	118	1.6	30	27	60	2,519	2,429	507	1,826	96
Maryland	679	642	9.8	21	236	375	3,481	3,432	660	2,266	505
Massachusetts	447	432	2.9	25	109	295	2,391	2,392	553	1,606	232
Michigan	562	536	6.7	46	133	351	3,213	3,066	749	1,898	419
Minnesota ⁵	318	289	2.2	36	92	159	3,080	3,037	571	2,225	241
Mississippi	299	291	7.1	36	98	150	3,209	3,201	958	1,990	253
Missouri	546	505	6.5	29	122	347	3,827	3,738	739	2,595	405
Montana	254	288	1.5	30	20	236	2,688	2,765	316	2,266	183
Nebraska	282	302	3.8	30	62	207	3,341	3,161	510	2,359	293
Nevada	742	751	7.5	43	270	430	4,089	3,778	968	1,939	871
New Hampshire	139	137	1.1	25	33	78	1,874	1,892	379	1,414	99
New Jersey	352	329	4.4	12	145	168	2,292	2,213	432	1,529	253
New Mexico	643	664	8.2	52	118	486	3,937	3,726	964	2,308	454
New York	435	414	4.2	15	161	234	2,053	1,979	336	1,497	145
North Carolina	476	466	6.5	26	150	284	4,121	4,087	1,201	2,578	309
North Dakota	128	142	1.9	32	11	97	2,000	1,890	338	1,408	143
Ohio	350	343	4.5	39	159	141	3,679	3,455	859	2,302	295
Oklahoma	497	500	6.1	43	93	357	3,604	3,526	943	2,211	372
Oregon	280	288	1.9	34	76	176	3,672	3,526	609	2,529	388
Pennsylvania	439	417	5.8	28	157	226	2,444	2,361	451	1,698	213
Rhode Island	228	227	1.8	24	71	130	2,587	2,623	495	1,823	305
South Carolina	766	788	8.0	40	144	597	4,242	4,272	1,026	2,860	386
South Dakota	171	169	2.1	39	14	114	1,620	1,652	299	1,261	92
Tennessee	760	753	6.4	35	179	533	4,128	4,089	1,002	2,734	352
Texas	516	511	5.9	35	162	307	4,082	4,121	955	2,773	393
Utah	224	235	2.2	34	54	145	3,516	3,500	588	2,580	333
Vermont	137	124	1.9	20	13	90	2,305	2,323	500	1,720	103
Virginia	282	270	5.3	23	99	143	2,478	2,466	411	1,873	182
Washington	346	333	2.7	41	94	196	4,480	4,031	815	2,634	582
West Virginia	280	275	3.5	20	47	204	2,622	2,525	597	1,736	193
Wisconsin	284	291	3.3	22	98	168	2,818	2,838	497	2,101	240
Wyoming	240	239	3.1	31	16	190	2,981	2,866	449	2,265	152

¹ 2006 data have been revised. ² Includes nonnegligent manslaughter. ³ Includes offenses reported by the Zoological Police and the Metro Transit Police. ⁴ Limited data for 2006 and 2007 were available for Illinois. ⁵ The data collection methodology for the offense of forcible rape used by the Illinois and the Minnesota state Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) programs (with the exception of Rockford, Illinois, and Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minnesota) does not comply with national UCR guidelines. Consequently, their state figures for forcible rape (with the exception of Rockford, Illinois, and Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minnesota) have been estimated for inclusion in this table.

Table 298. Crime Rates by Type—Selected Large Cities: 2007

[Offenses known to law enforcement per 100,000 population. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population. For definitions of types of crimes, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2007/about/offense_definitions.htm>

City ranked by population size, 2007 ¹	Violent crime					Property crime			
	Total	Murder	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Total	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft
New York, NY	614	6.0	10.6	265	332	1,819	254	1,403	161
Los Angeles, CA	718	10.2	25.9	348	334	2,621	507	1,506	608
Chicago, IL	(²)	15.7	(²)	546	617	4,472	876	2,937	659
Houston, TX	1,132	16.2	32.0	529	555	5,684	1,339	3,449	897
Phoenix, AZ	724	13.8	33.0	321	356	5,826	1,246	3,227	1,353
Philadelphia, PA	1,475	27.3	66.6	715	667	4,305	803	2,728	774
Las Vegas MPD, NV	1,017	8.9	53.9	392	563	4,392	1,141	2,025	1,226
San Antonio, TX	556	9.3	48.2	186	313	6,390	1,272	4,607	511
San Diego, CA	502	4.7	23.5	166	308	3,502	609	1,845	1,049
Dallas, TX	1,069	16.1	41.2	583	429	6,776	1,814	3,849	1,113
San Jose, CA	402	3.5	23.2	114	261	2,575	476	1,412	686
Honolulu, HI	288	2.1	24.9	104	157	4,106	638	2,923	545
Detroit, MI	2,289	45.8	39.6	764	1,440	6,772	2,064	2,430	2,278
Jacksonville, FL	1,022	15.4	31.2	391	584	5,696	1,394	3,698	604
Indianapolis, IN	1,234	14.3	63.3	607	649	6,308	1,679	3,666	963
Columbus, OH	852	10.7	89.8	523	228	6,996	1,952	4,198	846
San Francisco, CA	874	13.6	17.0	514	330	4,696	692	3,199	804
Charlotte-Mecklenburg PD, NC	986	10.4	38.5	435	502	6,993	1,766	4,407	821
Austin, TX	540	4.2	45.8	203	287	6,341	1,120	4,808	413
Fort Worth, TX	667	8.6	49.9	242	367	5,469	1,343	3,726	400
Memphis, TN	1,951	19.1	67.5	728	1,136	8,062	2,183	4,953	926
Baltimore, MD	1,631	45.2	23.4	624	939	4,796	1,182	2,682	932
Louisville Metro, KY	679	11.4	31.1	306	331	4,734	1,216	3,008	510
El Paso, TX	418	2.8	41.9	77	297	3,201	349	2,361	492
Boston, MA	1,155	11.0	44.4	379	721	4,153	644	2,932	578
Washington, DC	1,347	30.8	32.6	677	606	4,712	666	2,801	1,245
Seattle, WA	627	4.1	15.4	260	347	5,804	1,023	3,793	988
Denver, CO	619	8.2	51.6	182	377	3,908	993	2,022	893
Milwaukee, WI	1,403	18.3	41.2	616	728	6,667	1,083	4,232	1,352
Nashville, TN	1,509	12.9	51.4	446	999	5,577	1,083	4,029	465
Oklahoma City, OK	851	10.7	61.0	258	522	5,892	1,496	3,546	850
Portland, OR	688	4.1	52.0	240	392	5,870	899	4,084	886
Tucson, AZ	784	9.4	52.9	274	448	(³)	915	(³)	1,293
Albuquerque, NM	990	9.2	59.8	280	641	5,709	1,096	3,631	982
Atlanta, GA	1,624	25.9	29.8	719	849	7,286	1,781	4,093	1,412
Long Beach, CA	723	8.9	29.1	318	367	2,738	613	1,522	603
Fresno, CA	644	11.0	21.0	234	379	4,441	825	2,764	852
Sacramento, CA	1,113	9.6	42.1	436	626	5,298	1,177	2,802	1,319
Mesa, AZ	489	4.8	38.5	136	310	4,388	643	3,094	651
Cleveland, OH	1,465	20.5	85.0	914	445	6,142	2,057	2,542	1,542
Virginia Beach, VA	250	3.7	20.2	127	99	2,989	495	2,359	134
Omaha, NE	597	9.7	43.8	189	354	4,784	775	3,213	796
Miami, FL	1,492	19.0	13.9	618	840	5,163	1,177	3,042	945
Oakland, CA	1,918	30.3	75.4	875	937	5,968	1,196	2,258	2,514
Tulsa, OK	1,193	14.4	78.4	268	832	6,303	1,794	3,545	964
Colorado Springs, CO	531	7.2	76.2	141	306	4,425	850	3,178	397
Arlington, TX	696	3.5	41.9	199	451	5,665	1,195	4,029	441
Minneapolis, MN	1,503	12.7	121.8	679	690	6,072	1,660	3,556	856
Raleigh, NC	571	6.3	27.0	227	311	3,476	803	2,390	283
Wichita, KS	945	11.4	75.1	155	703	5,793	1,216	3,981	596
St. Louis, MO	2,198	39.6	73.2	793	1,292	9,736	2,093	5,839	1,804
Santa Ana, CA	572	6.8	19.1	229	317	2,292	298	1,377	617
Tampa, FL	1,060	8.3	23.7	357	671	4,974	1,252	3,081	642
Anaheim, CA	425	5.1	28.6	173	218	2,625	545	1,699	381
Cincinnati, OH	1,079	19.0	94.2	590	376	6,177	1,865	3,710	601
Bakersfield, CA	615	4.7	12.9	197	400	5,038	1,110	3,091	837
Pittsburgh, PA	1,107	16.7	41.3	511	538	4,463	1,095	2,876	493
Aurora, CO	548	4.6	62.1	190	292	3,833	754	2,519	559
Riverside, CA	632	4.0	30.4	229	369	3,727	744	2,366	617
Stockton, CA	1,419	9.8	35.3	543	830	6,285	1,364	3,965	956
Toledo, OH	1,228	4.4	50.9	413	759	6,689	1,998	4,058	633
Corpus Christi, TX	826	5.9	83.1	174	564	6,540	1,189	5,063	288
Anchorage, AK	846	7.7	90.4	159	589	3,909	512	2,955	442
Newark, NJ	853	37.1	21.4	393	401	3,806	683	1,565	1,558
Buffalo, NY	1,275	19.7	59.9	560	635	5,893	1,603	3,461	829
Lexington, KY	656	5.9	40.7	202	408	3,427	775	2,428	224
St. Paul, MN	857	5.2	63.7	286	502	4,093	992	2,336	764
Plano, TX	260	0.8	19.6	62	178	3,069	533	2,374	162
Mobile, AL ⁴	451	15.0	9.1	295	131	5,569	1,438	3,688	443
New Orleans, LA	1,564	94.7	52.1	523	894	7,063	2,284	3,333	1,446

¹ Kansas City, Missouri did not report twelve months of data. Consequently, the data are not included in this table. ² The data collection methodology for the offense of forcible rape used by the Illinois and Minnesota state programs (with the exception of Rockford, Illinois, and Minneapolis and St Paul, Minnesota) does not comply with national UCR Program guidelines. Consequently, their figures for forcible rape and violent crime (of which forcible rape is a part) are not published in this table. ³ It was determined that the agency did not follow national Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program guidelines for reporting an offense. Consequently, this figure is not included in this table. ⁴ The population for the city of Mobile, Alabama, includes 61,856 inhabitants from the jurisdiction of the Mobile County Sheriff's Department.

Table 299. Murder Victims—Circumstances—Circumstances and Weapons Used or Cause of Death: 2000 to 2007

[The Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program defines murder and nonnegligent manslaughter as the willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another. The classification of this offense is based solely on police investigation as opposed to the determination of a court, medical examiner, coroner, jury, other judicial body. For more information on murder, go to <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2007/offenses/violentcrime/murderhomicide.html>>]

Characteristic	2000	2005	2006	2007	Characteristic	2000	2005	2006	2007
Murders, total . . .	13,230	14,965	15,087	14,831					
CIRCUMSTANCES ¹					Juvenile gang killings . . .	653	756	864	676
Felonies, total	2,229	2,189	2,472	2,184	Institutional killings . . .	10	12	22	11
Rape	58	45	32	31	Sniper attack	8	2	2	1
Robbery	1,077	930	1,053	924	Other - not specified . . .	1,901	1,938	2,187	2,186
Burglary	76	91	80	86	Unknown	4,070	5,635	5,230	5,475
Larceny-theft	23	12	16	11					
Motor vehicle theft . . .	25	32	16	20	TYPE OF WEAPON OR CAUSE OF DEATH ²				
Arson	81	39	27	58	Total firearms	8,661	10,158	10,225	10,086
Prostitution and commercialized vice . .	6	13	8	11	Handguns	6,778	7,565	7,836	7,361
Other sex offenses . . .	10	9	18	9	Rifles	411	445	438	450
Narcotic drug laws . . .	589	597	806	583	Shotguns	485	522	490	455
Gambling	12	2	4	4	Other not specified or type unknown	53	138	107	115
Other - not specified . .	272	419	412	447	Firearms, type not stated	934	1,488	1,354	1,705
Suspected felony type . .	60	45	57	67	Knives or cutting instruments ³	1,782	1,920	1,830	1,796
Other than felony type total	6,871	7,096	7,328	7,105	Blunt objects ³	617	608	618	647
Romantic triangle . . .	122	118	104	105	Personal weapons ⁴	927	905	841	854
Child killed by babysitter	30	26	27	34	Poison	8	9	12	10
Brawl due to influence of alcohol	188	123	106	117	Explosives	9	2	1	1
Brawl due to influence of narcotics	99	97	53	61	Fire	134	125	117	130
Argument over money or property	206	210	198	192	Narcotics	20	46	48	49
Other arguments	3,589	3,718	3,644	3,645	Drowning	15	20	12	12
Gangland killings	65	96	121	77	Strangulations	166	118	137	134
					Asphyxiations	92	96	106	108
					All other ⁵	799	958	1,140	1,004

¹ Murder total includes other types of circumstances not shown separately. ² Murder total includes other types of weapons or causes of deaths not shown separately. ³ Refers to club, hammer, etc. ⁴ Hands, fists, feet, etc. ⁵ Includes poison, drowning, explosives, narcotics, and unknown.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, "Crime in the United States"; <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2007/index.html>>.

Table 300. Murder Victims by Age, Sex, and Race: 2007

[See headnote, Table 299]

Age	Total	Sex			Race			
		Male	Female	Unknown	White	Black	Other	Unknown
Murders, total	14,831	11,618	3,177	36	6,948	7,316	345	222
Percent of total	100	78.3	21.4	0.2	46.8	49.3	2.3	1.5
Under 18 years old ¹	1,554	1,070	482	2	752	740	40	22
18 years old and over ¹	13,013	10,367	2,641	5	6,089	6,482	301	141
Infant (under 1 year old)	210	116	93	1	139	57	9	5
1 to 4 years old	322	162	159	1	169	142	6	5
5 to 8 years old	88	47	41	–	55	28	4	1
9 to 12 years old	75	39	36	–	39	30	4	2
13 to 16 years old	487	380	107	–	206	265	9	7
17 to 19 years old	1,443	1,272	171	–	538	867	23	15
20 to 24 years old	2,733	2,355	374	4	1,091	1,555	58	29
25 to 29 years old	2,215	1,871	344	–	871	1,284	36	24
30 to 34 years old	1,651	1,366	285	–	735	860	40	16
35 to 39 years old	1,243	949	293	1	575	622	32	14
40 to 44 years old	1,127	787	340	–	596	476	36	19
45 to 49 years old	960	689	271	–	544	381	25	10
50 to 54 years old	698	522	176	–	422	261	11	4
55 to 59 years old	451	338	113	–	268	164	16	3
60 to 64 years old	292	202	90	–	196	80	13	3
65 to 69 years old	181	123	58	–	111	57	11	2
70 to 74 years old	130	84	46	–	96	30	3	1
75 years old and over	261	135	126	–	190	63	5	3
Age unknown	264	181	54	29	107	94	4	59

– Represents zero. ¹ Does not include unknown ages.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, "Crime in the United States"; <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2007/index.html>>.

Table 301. Homicide Trends: 1980 to 2005

[Not all agencies which report offense information to the FBI also submit supplemental data on homicides. To account for the total number of homicide victims, the data were weighted to match national and state estimates prepared by the FBI; hence, detail may not equal total. For more information on the methodology, go to <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/homicide/homtrnd.htm#contents>>]

Year	Number of victims						Rate ¹					
	Total	Male	Female	White	Black	Other	Total	Male	Female	White	Black	Other
1980	23,040	17,788	5,232	12,275	9,767	327	10.2	16.2	4.5	6.3	37.7	5.7
1985	18,976	14,079	4,880	10,590	7,891	399	8.0	12.2	4.0	5.2	27.6	5.5
1990	23,438	18,304	5,115	11,279	11,488	400	9.4	15.0	4.0	5.4	37.6	4.2
1993	24,526	18,937	5,550	11,278	12,435	601	9.5	15.0	4.2	5.3	38.7	5.5
1994	23,326	18,294	5,007	10,773	11,856	526	9.0	14.4	3.8	5.0	36.4	4.6
1995	21,606	16,552	5,022	10,376	10,444	581	8.2	12.9	3.7	4.8	31.6	4.9
1996	19,645	15,153	4,469	9,483	9,476	512	7.4	11.7	3.3	4.3	28.3	4.1
1997	18,208	14,057	4,125	8,620	8,842	524	6.8	10.7	3.0	3.9	26.0	4.1
1998	16,974	12,753	4,139	8,389	7,931	393	6.3	9.7	3.0	3.8	23.0	2.9
1999	15,522	11,704	3,800	7,777	7,139	458	5.7	8.8	2.7	3.5	20.5	3.3
2000	15,586	11,818	3,733	7,560	7,425	399	5.5	8.6	2.6	3.3	20.5	2.7
2001	16,037	12,232	3,775	7,884	7,522	424	5.6	8.8	2.6	3.4	20.4	2.8
2002	16,204	12,410	3,764	7,784	7,758	437	5.6	8.8	2.6	3.3	20.8	2.7
2003	16,582	12,804	3,693	7,932	7,893	468	5.7	9.0	2.5	3.4	20.9	2.8
2004	16,137	12,556	3,543	7,944	7,562	417	5.5	8.7	2.4	3.3	19.7	2.4
2005	16,692	13,122	3,545	8,017	7,999	437	5.5	9.0	2.3	3.3	20.6	2.5

¹ Rate is per 100,000 inhabitants.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Homicide Trends in the United States, 1976–2005*; <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/homicide/homtrnd.htm#contents>.

Table 302. Homicide Victims by Race and Sex: 1980 to 2006

[Rates per 100,000 resident population in specified group. Excludes deaths to nonresidents of United States. Effective with data for 1999, causes of death are classified by The Tenth Revision International Classification of Diseases (ICD-10), replacing the Ninth Revision (ICD-9) used for 1979–98 data. In ICD-9, the category Homicide also includes death as a result of legal intervention. ICD-10 has two separate categories for these two causes of death. Some caution should be used in comparing data between 1998 and 1999. See text, Section 2]

Year	Homicide victims					Homicide rate ²				
	Total ¹	White		Black		Total ¹	White		Black	
		Male	Female	Male	Female		Male	Female	Male	Female
1980	24,278	10,381	3,177	8,385	1,898	10.7	10.9	3.2	66.6	13.5
1985	19,893	8,122	3,041	6,616	1,666	8.3	8.2	2.9	48.4	11.0
1990	24,932	9,147	3,006	9,981	2,163	10.0	9.0	2.8	69.2	13.5
1994	24,926	9,055	2,921	10,083	2,124	9.6	8.5	2.6	65.1	12.4
1995	22,895	8,336	3,028	8,847	1,936	8.7	7.8	2.7	56.3	11.1
1996	20,971	7,570	2,747	8,183	1,800	7.9	7.0	2.5	51.5	10.2
1997	19,846	7,343	2,570	7,601	1,652	7.4	6.7	2.3	47.1	9.3
1998	18,272	6,707	2,534	6,873	1,547	6.8	6.1	2.2	42.1	8.6
1999	16,889	6,162	2,466	6,214	1,434	6.2	5.6	2.2	37.5	7.8
2000	16,765	5,925	2,414	6,482	1,385	6.1	5.3	2.1	38.6	7.5
2001	20,308	8,254	3,074	6,780	1,446	7.1	7.2	2.6	38.3	7.4
2002	17,638	6,282	2,403	6,896	1,391	6.1	5.4	2.0	38.4	7.0
2003	17,732	6,337	2,372	7,083	1,309	6.1	5.4	2.0	38.9	6.6
2004	17,357	6,302	2,341	6,839	1,296	5.9	5.3	1.9	37.1	6.4
2005	18,124	6,457	2,313	7,412	1,257	6.1	5.4	1.9	39.7	6.2
2006	18,573	6,514	2,346	7,677	1,355	6.2	5.4	1.9	40.6	6.6

¹ Includes races not shown separately. ² Rate based on enumerated population figures as of April 1 for 1980, 1990, and 2000; estimated resident population as of July 1 for other years.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital Statistics of the United States*, annual; *National Vital Statistics Reports (NVSR)* (formerly *Monthly Vital Statistics Report*); and unpublished data.

Table 303. **Forcible Rape—Number and Rate: 1980 to 2007**

[For definition of rape, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2007/about/offense_definitions.html>

Item	1980	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
NUMBER										
Total	82,990	102,560	97,460	90,186	95,235	93,883	95,089	94,347	92,757	90,427
By force	63,599	86,541	85,249	81,111	86,655	85,837	87,147	86,597	85,266	83,333
Attempt	19,391	16,019	12,211	9,075	8,580	8,046	7,942	7,750	7,491	7,094
RATE										
Per 100,000 population	36.8	41.1	37.1	32.0	33.1	32.3	32.4	31.8	31.0	30.0
Per 100,000 females	71.6	80.5	72.5	62.7	65.0	63.5	63.8	62.5	60.9	59.1

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, "Violent Crime, Forcible Rape;" <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2007/offenses/violent_crime/forcible_rape.html>.

Table 304. Criminal Victimization and Victimization Rates: 1995 to 2007
 [(39,926 represents 39,926,000). Based on National Crime Victimization Survey; see text, this section and Appendix III. The 2006 estimates were not compared to 2007 or to estimates for 2005 and earlier years, due to changes in methodology. For more information on these changes, go to <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cv07.pdf>>. For definitions of crimes, go to <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cvus/definitions.htm>>]

Type of crime	Number of victimizations (1,000)				Victimization rates ¹			
	1995	2000	2005	2007	1995	2000	2005	2007
All crimes, total	39,926	25,893	23,441	22,880	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Personal crimes ²	10,436	6,597	5,401	5,371	46.2	29.1	22.1	21.5
Crimes of violence	10,022	6,323	5,174	5,177	44.5	27.9	21.2	20.7
Completed violence	2,960	2,044	1,659	1,579	12.9	9.0	6.8	6.3
Attempted/threatened violence	7,061	4,279	3,515	3,598	31.6	18.9	14.4	14.4
Rape/sexual assault	363	261	192	248	1.6	1.2	0.8	1.0
Rape/attempted rape	252	147	130	141	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.6
Rape	153	92	69	70	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.3
Attempted rape	99	55	61	71	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3
Sexual assault	112	114	62	108	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.4
Robbery	1,171	732	625	597	5.3	3.2	2.6	2.4
Completed/property taken	753	520	415	444	3.5	2.3	1.7	1.8
With injury	224	160	143	170	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.7
Without injury	529	360	272	274	2.4	1.6	1.1	1.1
Attempted to take property	418	212	210	153	1.8	0.9	0.9	0.6
With injury	84	66	64	43	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2
Without injury	335	146	145	110	1.4	0.6	0.6	0.4
Assault	8,487	5,330	4,357	4,331	37.6	23.5	17.8	17.3
Aggravated	2,050	1,293	1,052	859	8.8	5.7	4.3	3.4
With injury	533	346	331	221	2.4	1.5	1.4	0.9
Threatened with weapon	1,517	946	722	638	6.4	4.2	3.0	2.5
Simple	6,437	4,038	3,305	3,473	28.9	17.8	13.5	13.9
With minor injury	1,426	989	795	758	6.0	4.4	3.3	3.0
Without injury	5,012	3,048	2,510	2,715	22.9	13.4	10.3	10.8
Personal theft ³	414	274	227	194	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.8
Property crimes	29,490	19,297	18,040	17,508	279.5	178.1	154.0	146.5
Household burglary	5,004	3,444	3,456	3,215	47.4	31.8	29.5	26.9
Completed	4,232	2,909	2,900	2,563	40.0	26.9	24.8	21.4
Attempted forcible entry	773	534	556	652	7.4	4.9	4.7	5.5
Motor vehicle theft	1,717	937	978	980	16.2	8.6	8.4	8.2
Completed	1,163	642	775	796	10.8	5.9	6.6	6.7
Attempted	554	295	203	184	5.5	2.7	1.7	1.5
Theft ⁴	22,769	14,916	13,606	13,314	215.9	137.7	116.2	111.4
Completed	21,857	14,300	13,116	12,777	207.6	132.0	112.0	106.9
Attempted	911	616	489	537	8.4	5.7	4.2	4.5

¹ X Not applicable. ¹ Per 1,000 persons age 12 or older for "Personal crime"; per 1,000 households for "Property crime."
² The victimization survey cannot measure murder because of the inability to question the victim. ³ Includes pocket picking, purse snatching, and attempted purse snatching. ⁴ Includes thefts in which the amount taken was not ascertained.

Table 305. Victimization Rates by Type of Crime and Characteristics of the Victim: 2007

[Rate per 1,000 persons age 12 years or older. Total population for age 12 or older was 250,344,870. Based on National Crime Victimization Survey. See headnote, Table 304]

Characteristic of the victim	Crimes of violence							Personal theft ¹
	All crimes	Rape/sexual assault			Assault			
		Total	Rape/sexual assault	Robbery	Total	Aggravated	Simple	
Total	21.5	20.7	1.0	2.4	17.3	3.4	13.9	0.8
Male	23.4	22.5	² 0.1	3.4	19.1	4.5	14.5	0.9
Female.	19.6	18.9	1.8	1.4	15.6	2.4	13.2	0.7
12 to 15 years old	44.2	43.4	² 1.0	4.2	38.2	2.8	35.5	² 0.8
16 to 19 years old	51.7	50.1	2.4	6.4	41.4	7.2	34.2	² 1.6
20 to 24 years old	36.3	35.2	2.9	3.5	28.7	7.5	21.2	² 1.1
25 to 34 years old	25.8	24.7	1.2	3.4	20.1	4.8	15.3	1.1
35 to 49 years old	18.3	17.7	1.0	1.4	15.3	3.2	12.1	0.6
50 to 64 years old	11.9	11.6	² 0.3	1.7	9.5	2.3	7.2	² 0.3
65 years old and over	3.3	2.5	² 0.1	² 0.6	1.8	² 0.3	1.5	² 0.8
White	20.5	19.9	1.0	1.9	17.0	3.2	13.9	0.6
Black	26.1	24.3	² 0.5	4.9	18.8	4.4	14.4	1.9
Other ³	12.5	11.4	² 1.2	² 1.8	8.3	2.7	5.7	² 1.1
Hispanic	19.6	18.6	² 0.3	3.9	14.5	3.0	11.4	² 1.0
Non-Hispanic.	21.8	21.0	1.1	2.2	17.8	3.5	14.3	0.7
Household income:								
Less than \$7,500	52.7	50.7	² 2.5	² 4.1	44.1	5.4	38.7	² 2.0
\$7,500-\$14,999	40.9	39.0	² 1.5	6.7	30.7	6.6	24.0	² 1.9
\$15,000-\$24,999	27.2	25.9	² 1.5	3.3	21.1	3.5	17.6	² 1.3
\$25,000-\$34,999	28.1	27.5	² 0.5	2.7	24.3	4.6	19.7	² 0.6
\$35,000-\$49,999	22.1	21.7	1.5	3.0	17.2	3.5	13.6	² 0.4
\$50,000-\$74,999	20.3	19.8	² 0.5	1.1	18.3	3.3	14.9	² 0.5
\$75,000 or more	14.8	14.1	² 0.4	1.3	18.3	3.3	14.9	0.6

¹ Includes pocket picking, completed purse snatching, and attempted purse snatching. ² Based on 10 or fewer sample cases. ³ Includes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians, and other Pacific Islanders.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Crime Victimization Survey, *Criminal Victimization*, annual, and series NCJ-224390, December 2008; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cv07.htm>>.

Table 306. Victim-Offender Relationship in Crimes of Violence by Characteristics of the Criminal Incident: 2007

[In percent. Covers only crimes of violence. Total population age 12 or older was 250,344,870. Based on National Crime Victimization Survey; see text, this section and Appendix III. The 2006 estimates should not be compared to 2007 or to estimates for 2005 and earlier years, due to changes in methodology. See headnote, Table 304]

Selected characteristics of incident	Total	Rape/ sexual assault	Robbery	Assault		
				Total	Aggra- vated ¹	Simple
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Victim/offender relationship: ²						
Relatives	10.7	13.5	7.1	11.0	10.9	11.1
Well-known	23.4	28.9	8.4	25.2	17.3	27.1
Casual acquaintance	14.0	15.5	3.6	15.4	12.7	16.0
Stranger	40.0	31.2	65.7	36.9	48.0	34.2
Time of day: ⁴						
6 a.m. to 6 p.m.	55.2	35.0	39.4	58.6	45.6	61.6
6 p.m. to midnight	29.7	40.6	43.8	27.1	39.8	24.1
Midnight to 6 a.m.	11.1	21.9	11.9	10.3	12.6	9.8
Location of crime:						
At or near victim's home or lodging	35.6	48.9	30.5	35.6	40.9	34.3
Friend's/relative's/neighbor's home	6.7	15.3	2.8	6.7	10.1	6.0
Commercial places	11.4	14.3	6.5	11.9	9.0	12.5
Parking lots/garages	6.6	2.2	14.8	5.8	8.2	5.2
School	15.1	3.3	6.7	16.9	4.5	19.8
Streets other than near victim's home	15.7	10.0	32.2	13.8	18.5	12.7
Other ⁵	8.7	3.1	6.4	9.4	9.0	9.5
Victim's activity:						
At work or traveling to or from work	17.0	6.4	18.2	(NA)	17.4	17.4
School	15.4	8.1	11.1	(NA)	4.0	19.3
Activities at home	25.7	29.3	14.8	(NA)	32.4	25.7
Shopping/errands	4.8	6.7	7.1	(NA)	4.1	4.4
Leisure activities away from home	22.5	26.6	23.5	(NA)	25.9	21.2
Traveling	8.1	9.2	17.1	(NA)	12.3	5.4
Other	6.3	13.7	7.7	(NA)	3.9	6.1
Distance from victim's home: ⁶						
Inside home or lodging	19.0	41.1	12.9	18.5	20.9	17.9
Near victim's home	17.8	10.5	19.2	18.1	19.7	17.7
1 mile or less	17.6	8.5	25.6	17.1	18.0	16.8
5 miles or less	22.0	11.8	20.9	22.8	19.4	23.6
50 miles or less	19.3	23.7	15.4	19.6	17.0	20.2
More than 50 miles	3.3	4.5	5.2	3.0	4.5	2.7
Weapons:						
No weapons present	71.8	91.2	40.8	74.9	5.4	91.2
Weapons present	20.4	5.6	47.0	17.6	92.5	(X)

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ An aggravated assault is any assault in which an offender possesses or uses a weapon or inflicts serious injury. ² Excludes "don't know" relationships. ³ Based on 10 or fewer sample cases. ⁴ Excludes "not known and not available" time of day. ⁵ Includes areas on public transportation or inside station, in apartment yard, park, field, playground, or other areas. ⁶ Excludes "don't know" and "not available" victim activity. ⁷ Includes sleeping. ⁸ Excludes "don't know" and "not available" distance from victim's home.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Crime Victimization Survey, *Criminal Victimization*, annual and Series NCJ-224390, December 2008. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cv07.htm>>.

Table 307. Violence by Intimate Partners by Sex, 1995 to 2007, and by Type of Crime, 2007

[Violence includes rape and sexual assault, robbery, aggravated assault, simple assault and homicide. Intimates are defined as spouses, ex-spouses, current boy/girlfriends, and ex-boy/girlfriends. Based on the National Crime Victimization Survey; see text, this section and Appendix III. Table data have been revised]

Year and type of crime	All persons		Female victims		Male victims	
	Number	Rate per 1,000 ¹	Number	Rate per 1,000 ¹	Number	Rate per 1,000 ¹
1995	975,510	4.5	858,100	7.7	117,410	1.1
2000	670,900	3.0	560,230	4.8	110,670	1.0
2002	588,020	2.5	498,210	4.2	89,810	0.8
2003	540,700	2.3	444,140	3.6	96,560	0.8
2004	612,650	2.5	474,250	3.8	138,400	1.2
2005	493,110	2.0	385,850	3.1	107,260	0.9
2006 ²	779,040	3.2	617,190	4.9	161,840	1.3
2007, total	646,790	2.6	564,430	4.4	82,360	0.7
Rape or sexual assault	55,110	0.2	55,110	0.4	(B)	(B)
Robbery	43,270	0.2	37,320	0.3	5,960	—
Aggravated assault	85,010	0.3	69,010	0.5	16,000	0.1
Simple assault	446,510	1.8	399,370	3.1	47,140	0.4
Homicide	1,531	0.5	1,185	0.8	346	0.2

— Rounds to zero. B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of derived figure. ¹ Rates are for the number of victimizations per 1,000 persons aged 12 or older. Except for Homicide, the number of victimizations is per 1000,000 persons aged 12 or older. ² Due to changes in methodology, the 2006 national crime victimization rates are not comparable to previous years or to 2007; and cannot be used for yearly trend comparisons. However, the overall patterns of victimization at the national level can be examined. See *Criminal Victimization, 2007*, at <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cv07.htm>>.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Crime Victimization Survey, *Intimate Partner Violence in the United States*, Series NCJ-210675, December 2007 and *Crime Victimization*, annual, Series NCJ-224390; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/intimate/ipv.htm>>.

Table 308. Stalking and Harassment Victimization in the United States: 2006

[Survey based on a total population 246,500,200, age 18 or older. The survey defines stalking as a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to feel fear. The survey characterizes individuals as victims of harassment who experience the behaviors associated with stalking but neither reported feeling fear as a result of such conduct nor experienced actions that would cause a reasonable person to feel fear]

Characteristic ¹	Number			Rate per 1,000 persons		
	All	Stalking	Harassment	All	Stalking	Harassment
All victims	5,857,030	3,424,100	2,432,930	23.8	13.9	9.9
Gender						
Male	2,032,460	892,340	1,140,120	16.9	7.4	9.5
Female	3,824,570	2,531,770	1,292,800	30.3	20.0	10.2
Age						
18 to 19 years old	379,610	238,990	140,620	47.2	29.7	17.5
20 to 24 years old	929,710	576,870	352,840	45.7	28.4	17.3
25 to 34 years old	1,198,195	805,260	392,930	30.1	20.2	9.9
35 to 49 years old	1,971,290	1,139,320	831,970	29.9	17.3	12.6
50 to 64 years old	1,046,650	534,870	511,780	20.4	10.4	10.0
65 years old and over	331,580	128,790	202,790	9.3	3.6	5.7
Race						
White	4,835,270	2,860,810	1,974,460	24.1	14.2	9.8
Black	678,230	363,280	314,950	22.7	12.2	10.5
American Indian/Alaska Native	55,890	² 33,150	² 22,740	33.0	² 19.6	² 13.4
Asian/Pacific Islander	151,670	79,790	71,890	13.4	7.0	6.4
More than one race ³	135,960	87,080	48,880	49.3	31.6	17.7
Hispanic origin						
Hispanic	487,320	312,490	174,830	16.5	10.6	5.9
Non-Hispanic	5,308,010	3,089,570	2,218,440	24.7	14.4	10.3
Marital status						
Never married	2,143,400	1,321,870	821,530	26.9	16.6	10.3
Married	2,078,830	1,071,630	1,007,200	16.8	8.7	8.1
Divorced or separated	1,363,540	895,620	467,920	51.8	34.0	17.8
Widowed	229,450	107,730	121,720	16.0	7.5	8.5
Household Income						
Less than \$7,500	395,740	266,800	128,940	47.0	31.7	15.3
\$7,500 to \$14,999	583,840	399,620	184,210	40.1	27.4	12.6
\$15,000 to \$24,999	724,270	474,220	250,050	32.3	21.1	11.1
\$25,000 to \$34,999	625,680	362,180	263,500	27.4	15.8	11.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999	765,580	480,750	284,830	25.2	15.8	9.4
\$50,000 to \$74,999	877,660	476,420	401,230	23.1	12.6	10.6
\$75,000 or more	1,063,860	542,730	521,130	18.8	9.6	9.2

¹ Table excludes missing data. ² Based on 10 or fewer sample cases. ³ Includes all persons of any race, including persons who identify two or more races.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Crime Victimization Survey, The Supplemental Victimization Survey; Stalking Victimization in the United States, Series NCJ-224527, January 2009. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/svus.htm>>.

Table 309. Fraud and Identity Theft—Consumer Complaints by State: 2008

[Rate per 100,000 population. As of December 31. Based on Census Bureau population estimate. Federal Trade Commission (FTC) has developed and maintained a complaint data base called the Consumer Sentinel. This database collects information about consumer fraud and identity theft from the FTC and over 115 other organizations and makes the information available to law enforcement. See appendices in the annual report for list of contributing organizations]

Consumer state	Fraud complaints		Identity theft victims		Consumer state	Fraud complaints		Identity theft victims	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate		Number	Rate	Number	Rate
U.S. ¹	806,146	265.1	302,757	99.6	MT.	2,410	249.1	450	46.5
AL.	11,417	244.9	4,342	93.1	NE.	4,353	244.1	1,055	59.2
AK.	2,253	328.3	490	71.4	NV.	8,953	344.3	3,275	126.0
AZ.	20,610	317.1	9,683	149.0	NH.	3,985	302.9	759	57.7
AR.	5,492	192.3	2,068	72.4	NJ.	24,830	286.0	8,181	94.2
CA.	106,623	290.1	51,140	139.1	NM.	4,807	242.2	2,081	104.9
CO.	17,755	359.5	4,983	100.9	NY.	44,996	230.9	22,647	116.2
CT.	8,552	244.3	3,031	86.6	NC.	23,128	250.8	7,609	82.5
DE.	2,630	301.2	759	86.9	ND.	1,041	162.3	229	35.7
DC.	2,685	453.7	979	165.4	OH.	29,506	256.9	8,237	71.7
FL.	57,472	313.6	24,440	133.3	OK.	8,099	222.4	2,696	74.0
GA.	27,470	283.6	10,748	111.0	OR.	12,584	332.0	2,937	77.5
HI.	3,689	286.4	711	55.2	PA.	30,711	246.7	10,723	86.1
ID.	3,970	260.5	867	56.9	RI.	2,417	230.0	824	78.4
IL.	30,578	237.0	13,726	106.4	SC.	10,556	235.6	3,292	73.5
IN.	15,159	237.7	4,589	72.0	SD.	1,333	165.8	272	33.8
IA.	5,895	196.3	1,347	44.9	TN.	15,893	255.7	4,982	80.2
KS.	7,101	253.4	2,005	71.6	TX.	60,633	249.2	31,708	130.3
KY.	8,173	191.4	2,396	56.1	UT.	7,345	268.4	1,775	64.9
LA.	8,978	203.5	3,819	86.6	VT.	1,535	247.1	296	47.6
ME.	3,138	238.4	623	47.3	VA.	24,695	317.9	6,349	81.7
MD.	19,585	347.6	5,412	96.1	WA.	21,730	331.8	5,855	89.4
MA.	15,515	238.8	5,408	83.2	WV.	3,709	204.4	866	47.7
MI.	22,805	228.0	8,363	83.6	WI.	13,142	233.5	3,152	56.0
MN.	13,259	254.0	3,528	67.6	WY.	1,397	262.3	250	46.9
MS.	4,498	153.1	2,367	80.5					
MO.	17,056	288.5	4,433	75.0					

¹ Data represents only fraud and other complaints reported by state consumers. Identity theft reported by state victims.

Table 310. Robbery and Property Crimes by Type and Selected Characteristics: 1990 to 2007

[(639 represents 639,000.) For definitions of types of crimes, see <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2007/about/offense_definitions.html>]

Characteristic of offenses	Number of offenses (1,000)				Rate per 100,000 population				Average value lost (dol.)	
	1990	2000	2005	2007	1990	2000	2005	2007	2005	2007
Robbery, total ¹	639	408	417	445	256.3	144.9	140.7	147.6	1,239	1,321
Type of crime:										
Street or highway	359	188	184	195	144.2	66.7	62.1	64.6	1,020	1,113
Commercial house	73	57	60	62	29.5	20.1	20.1	20.6	1,662	1,499
Gas station	18	12	12	12	7.1	4.1	4.0	3.9	1,104	1,097
Convenience store	39	26	24	25	15.6	9.3	8.0	8.3	677	800
Residence	62	50	59	68	25.1	17.7	20.0	22.4	1,332	1,516
Bank	9	9	9	9	3.8	3.1	3.0	3.1	4,113	4,201
Weapon used:										
Firearm	234	161	175	158	94.1	57.0	59.0	61.9	(NA)	(NA)
Knife or cutting instrument	76	36	37	31	30.7	12.8	12.5	12.0	(NA)	(NA)
Other dangerous weapon	61	53	39	33	24.5	18.9	13.2	13.1	(NA)	(NA)
Strongarm	268	159	166	147	107.7	56.4	56.0	57.7	(NA)	(NA)
Burglary, total	3,074	2,050	2,154	2,179	1,232.2	728.4	726.7	722.5	1,771	1,991
Forcible entry	2,150	1,297	1,310	1,161	864.5	460.7	440.0	454.5	(NA)	(NA)
Unlawful entry	678	615	701	616	272.8	218.7	237.5	241.1	(NA)	(NA)
Attempted forcible entry	245	138	133	123	98.7	49.0	45.2	48.2	(NA)	(NA)
Residence	2,033	1,335	1,417	1,479	817.4	474.3	477.9	490.3	1,813	1,991
Nonresidence	1,041	715	738	700	418.5	254.1	248.8	232.2	1,687	1,989
Occurred during the night ²	1,135	699	708	715	456.4	248.3	238.9	237.2	(NA)	(NA)
Occurred during the day ²	1,151	836	890	966	462.8	297.2	328.8	320.2	(NA)	(NA)
Larceny-theft, total	7,946	6,972	6,783	6,569	3,185.1	2,477.3	2,286.3	2,177.8	857	886
Pocket picking	81	36	29	27	32.4	12.7	9.8	9.1	346	728
Purse snatching	82	37	42	38	32.8	13.2	14.2	12.6	404	402
Shoplifting	1,291	959	940	979	519.1	340.7	317.0	324.6	184	205
From motor vehicles	1,744	1,754	1,752	1,707	701.3	623.3	590.6	565.9	704	722
Motor vehicle accessories	1,185	677	693	599	476.3	240.6	233.6	198.6	482	554
Bicycles	443	312	249	224	178.2	110.9	83.9	74.4	267	273
From buildings	1,118	914	852	789	449.4	324.6	287.3	261.6	1,738	1,263
From coin-operated machines	63	46	41	31	25.4	16.2	13.8	10.3	232	363
Other	1,940	2,232	2,184	2,174	780.0	793.0	736.1	720.6	1,137	1,357
Motor vehicles, total ³	1,636	1,160	1,236	1,096	655.8	412.2	417.4	363.3	6,204	6,755
Automobiles	1,304	877	907	715	524.3	311.5	304.5	279.9	(NA)	(NA)
Trucks and buses	238	209	219	176	95.5	74.1	76.2	68.9	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Includes other crimes not shown separately. ² Unknown data not included. ³ Includes other types of motor vehicles not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, "Offenses Known to Law Enforcement"; <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2007/offenses/index.html>>.

Table 311. Property Victimization Rates by Selected Household Characteristics: 2007

[(17,508 represents 17,508,000. Total number of households was 119,503,530. Based on National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS); see text, this section and Appendix III. The 2006 estimates should not be compared to 2007 or to estimates for 2005 and earlier years, due to changes in methodology. See headnote, Table 304]

Characteristic	Number of victimizations (1,000)				Victimization rate per 1,000 households			
	Total	Burglary	Motor vehicle theft	Theft	Total	Burglary	Motor vehicle theft	Theft
Total	17,508	3,215	980	13,314	146.5	26.9	8.2	111.4
Race:								
White	13,823	2,444	687	10,692	141.9	25.1	7.1	109.7
Black	2,558	560	213	1,785	170.0	37.2	14.2	118.6
Other	738	130	44	564	129.2	22.8	7.7	98.7
Ethnicity:								
Hispanic	2,550	412	213	1,925	190.5	30.8	15.9	143.8
Non-Hispanic	14,947	2,803	767	11,378	141.2	26.5	7.2	107.5
Household income:								
Less than \$7,500	934	252	49	633	213.1	57.6	11.1	144.4
\$7,500 to \$14,999	1,360	346	73	942	201.3	51.2	10.8	139.4
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,595	320	105	1,169	167.0	33.5	11.0	122.4
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,559	254	96	1,209	154.6	25.2	9.5	119.8
\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,010	376	101	1,532	151.2	28.3	7.6	115.2
\$50,000 to \$74,999	2,155	326	118	1,711	144.3	21.8	7.9	114.6
\$75,000 or more	3,348	393	163	2,792	146.3	17.2	7.1	122.0

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Crime Victimization Survey, *Criminal Victimization*, annual; and Series NCJ-224390, December 2008. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cv07.htm>>.

Table 31.2. Hate Crimes—Number of Incidents, Offenses, Victims, and Known Offenders by Bias Motivation: 2000 to 2007

[The FBI collected statistics on hate crimes from 13,241 law enforcement agencies representing over 260 million inhabitants in 2007. Hate crime offenses cover incidents motivated by race, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity/national origin, and disability]

Bias motivation	Incidents reported	Offenses	Victims ¹	Known offenders ²
2000, total	8,213	9,619	10,117	7,690
2005, total	7,163	8,380	8,804	6,804
2006, total	7,722	9,080	9,652	7,330
2007, Total.	7,624	9,006	9,535	6,965
Race, total	3,870	4,724	4,956	3,707
Anti-White	749	871	908	828
Anti-Black	2,658	3,275	3,434	2,509
Anti-American Indian/Alaska native	61	75	76	63
Anti-Asian/Pacific Islander	188	219	234	165
Anti-multiracial group	214	284	304	142
Ethnicity/national origin, total	1,007	1,256	1,347	1,155
Anti-Hispanic	595	775	830	758
Anti-other ethnicity/national origin	412	481	517	397
Religion, total.	1,400	1,477	1,628	576
Anti-Jewish	969	1,010	1,127	320
Anti-Catholic	61	65	70	31
Anti-Protestant	57	59	67	22
Anti-Islamic	115	133	142	104
Anti-other religious group	130	140	148	62
Anti-multi-religious group	62	64	66	32
Anti-atheism/agnosticism/etc.	6	6	8	5
Sexual orientation, total	1,265	1,460	1,512	1,454
Anti-male homosexual	772	864	890	923
Anti-female homosexual	145	184	197	147
Anti-homosexual	304	362	375	349
Anti-heterosexual	22	27	27	19
Anti-bisexual	22	23	23	16
Disability, total	79	82	84	70
Anti-physical	20	20	20	27
Anti-mental	59	62	64	43
Multiple bias ³	3	7	8	3

¹ The term "victim" may refer to a person, business, institution, or a society as a whole. ² The term "known offender" does not imply that the identity of the suspect is known, but only that an attribute of the suspect has been identified which distinguishes him/her from an unknown offender. ³ In a "multiple-bias incident" two conditions must be met: more than one offense type must occur in the incident and at least two offense types must be motivated by different biases.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Uniform Crime Reports, "About Hate Crime Statistics, 2007"; <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/hc2007/>>.

Table 313. Hate Crimes Reported by State: 2007

[(260,230 represents 260,230,000). See headnote, Table 312]

State	Number of participating agencies	Population covered (1,000)	Agencies submitting incidents	Incidents reported	State	Number of participating agencies	Population covered (1,000)	Agencies submitting incidents	Incidents reported
United States¹	13,241	260,230	2,025	7,624					
Alabama	156	2,388	5	6	Montana	96	944	11	21
Alaska	1	284	1	8	Nebraska	162	1,267	9	44
Arizona	78	5,755	26	161	Nevada	32	2,527	6	63
Arkansas	265	2,765	27	33	New Hampshire	143	1,022	25	43
California	727	36,553	276	1,400	New Jersey	512	8,685	207	748
Colorado	213	4,733	48	156	New Mexico	48	1,174	4	14
Connecticut	101	3,502	53	127	New York	273	15,336	29	493
Delaware	53	854	14	49	North Carolina	369	7,422	33	75
District of Columbia	2	588	2	41	North Dakota	77	579	10	14
Florida	490	18,152	73	166	Ohio	534	8,699	76	312
Georgia	18	681	3	13	Oklahoma	293	3,617	26	30
Idaho	108	1,498	16	38	Oregon	239	3,744	40	170
Illinois	60	4,946	45	167	Pennsylvania	1,173	12,075	24	83
Indiana	127	2,900	13	40	Rhode Island	47	1,058	7	47
Iowa	226	2,952	16	27	South Carolina	480	4,408	55	127
Kansas	348	2,138	45	110	South Dakota	105	672	9	37
Kentucky	324	3,841	23	48	Tennessee	461	6,156	58	239
Louisiana	103	2,515	14	31	Texas	999	23,879	60	242
Maine	149	1,317	30	72	Utah	117	2,620	28	55
Maryland	156	5,618	25	150	Vermont	80	611	11	21
Massachusetts	337	6,272	85	353	Virginia	408	7,710	83	323
Michigan	593	9,932	185	627	Washington	244	6,437	54	195
Minnesota	321	5,197	47	157	West Virginia	338	1,687	21	44
Mississippi	58	705	—	—	Wisconsin	374	5,599	21	69
Missouri	561	5,700	39	114	Wyoming	62	516	7	21

— Represents zero. ¹ No data available for Hawaii.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Uniform Crime Reports, "About Hate Crime Statistics, 2007"; <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/hc2007/>>.

Table 314. Persons Arrested by Charge and Selected Characteristics: 2007

[In thousands (10,698.3 represents 10,698,300). Represents arrests (not charges) reported by approximately 11,936 agencies with a total 2007 population of almost 226 million as estimated by FBI. Age and sex data are mandatory, while race data are optional and not always reported with arrest data; hence, two different total number of arrests. See source for details. For definitions of crimes, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2007/about/offense_definitions.html>]

Offense							American Indian or Alaska Native	Asian or Pacific Islander
	Total arrests	Male	Female	Total arrests	White	Black		
Total ¹	10,698.3	8,111.0	2,587.3	10,656.7	7,426.3	3,003.1	143.0	84.4
Serious crimes:								
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	10.1	9.1	1.0	10.1	4.8	5.1	0.1	0.1
Forcible rape	17.1	16.9	0.2	17.1	11.0	5.7	0.2	0.2
Robbery	96.7	85.5	11.2	96.6	40.6	54.8	0.6	0.6
Aggravated assault	327.1	257.6	69.6	326.3	208.8	110.0	4.4	3.2
Burglary	228.8	195.6	33.3	228.3	156.4	68.1	2.2	1.7
Larceny/theft	897.6	538.9	358.7	894.2	610.6	261.7	11.9	10.0
Motor vehicle theft	89.0	73.2	15.8	88.8	55.2	31.8	1.0	0.8
Arson	11.5	9.6	1.8	11.4	8.5	2.7	0.1	0.1
Other assaults	984.0	735.6	248.4	980.5	642.0	316.2	14.0	8.3
Nonserious crimes:								
Forgery and counterfeiting	78.0	48.2	29.8	77.8	54.1	22.5	0.4	0.7
Fraud	185.2	103.6	81.6	184.4	127.4	54.6	1.4	1.1
Embezzlement	17.0	8.3	8.8	17.0	10.8	5.8	0.1	0.2
Stolen property—buying, receiving, possessing	92.2	73.4	18.8	91.9	57.9	32.6	0.7	0.8
Vandalism	221.0	183.5	37.5	220.1	166.2	48.6	3.3	1.9
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	142.7	131.7	11.1	142.4	82.3	57.7	1.1	1.3
Prostitution and commercialized vice	59.4	18.9	40.5	59.3	34.2	23.3	0.6	1.3
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	62.8	57.2	5.5	62.6	46.0	15.4	0.6	0.6
Drug abuse violations	1,386.4	1,125.1	261.3	1,382.8	880.7	485.1	8.9	8.1
Gambling	9.2	8.3	0.8	9.1	2.2	6.8	—	0.1
Offenses against family and children	88.9	66.4	22.5	88.4	60.1	26.1	1.7	0.5
Driving under the influence	1,056.0	836.7	219.3	1,050.8	929.5	97.5	14.3	9.6
Liquor laws	478.7	345.7	133.0	474.7	406.2	49.4	14.4	4.6
Drunkenness	451.1	378.9	72.2	449.1	375.4	62.3	8.9	2.5
Disorderly conduct	540.3	398.2	142.1	537.8	342.2	183.8	8.4	3.5
Vagrancy	25.6	19.9	5.7	25.6	15.5	9.5	0.5	0.1
Suspicion	1.6	1.3	0.3	1.6	0.9	0.6	—	—
Curfew and loitering law violations	109.8	76.0	33.8	109.6	70.0	37.5	1.0	1.1
Runaways	82.5	36.2	46.3	82.2	57.0	22.4	1.7	1.2
All other offenses (except traffic)	2,948.0	2,271.4	676.6	2,936.2	1,969.9	905.7	40.5	20.2

— Rounds to zero. ¹ These data represent the number of persons arrested; however, some persons may be arrested more than once during a year. Therefore, the statistics in this table could, in some cases, represent multiple arrests of the same person.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, "Crime in the United States, Arrests" (released September 2008); <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2007/arrests/index.html>>.

Table 315. Juvenile Arrests for Selected Offenses: 1980 to 2007

[169,439 represents 169,439,000. Juveniles are persons under 18 years of age]

Offense	1980	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Number of contributing agencies	8,178	10,765	10,037	9,904	10,946	11,368	11,437	11,778	11,250	11,936
Population covered (1,000) . . .	169,439	204,543	206,762	204,965	220,157	219,562	222,147	230,176	216,687	225,519
NUMBER										
Violent crime, total	77,220	97,103	123,131	78,450	71,059	69,060	68,247	73,377	73,991	73,427
Murder	1,475	2,661	2,812	1,027	1,014	960	829	968	956	1,011
Forcible rape	3,668	4,971	4,556	3,402	3,553	3,195	3,186	3,088	2,519	2,633
Robbery	38,529	34,944	47,240	24,206	19,491	18,950	19,000	22,356	26,092	26,324
Aggravated assault	33,548	54,527	68,523	49,815	47,001	45,955	45,232	46,965	44,424	43,459
Weapon law violations	21,203	33,123	46,506	28,514	26,786	29,512	30,530	34,468	34,700	33,187
Drug abuse, total ¹	86,685	66,300	149,236	146,594	133,557	134,746	135,056	137,809	143,639	147,382
Sale and manufacturing	13,004	24,575	34,077	26,432	22,086	21,987	21,136	21,607	20,975	21,046
Heroin/cocaine	1,318	17,511	19,187	11,000	8,832	7,848	7,852	7,863	7,855	7,257
Marijuana	8,876	4,372	10,682	11,792	9,962	10,463	9,743	9,845	9,575	10,412
Synthetic narcotics	465	346	701	945	974	1,043	1,119	1,071	1,156	1,134
Dangerous nonnarcotic drugs	2,345	2,346	3,507	2,695	2,318	2,633	2,422	2,828	2,389	2,243
Possession	73,681	41,725	115,159	120,432	111,471	112,759	113,920	116,202	113,905	118,318
Heroin/cocaine	2,614	15,194	21,253	12,586	10,969	9,932	10,805	11,131	11,146	9,593
Marijuana	64,465	20,940	82,015	95,962	85,769	87,909	87,717	88,909	88,249	94,851
Synthetic narcotics	1,524	1,155	2,047	2,052	2,805	2,872	3,279	3,235	3,108	3,069
Dangerous nonnarcotic drugs	5,078	4,436	9,844	9,832	11,928	12,046	12,119	12,927	11,402	10,805

¹ For 2006 and 2007, the totals provided for sale/manufacturing and possession are based on law enforcement agencies supplying 12 months complete drug breakdown information to the Uniform Crime Reporting Program; therefore, the totals may not match those shown for drug abuse.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, "Crime in the United States, Arrests" (released September 2008). See <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2007/arrests/index.html>>.

Table 316. Suspects Arrested for Federal Offenses and Booked by U.S. Marshal Service (USMS) by Offense: 1995 to 2005

[Persons suspected of violating federal law may be arrested by any one of the many federal agencies empowered to make arrests, or by state or local authorities. Regardless of which agency makes the arrest, federal suspects are typically transferred to the custody of the U.S. Marshals Service for booking, processing, and detention. See Methodology for a listing of detailed offense categories within each major offense category]

Most serious offense	1995	1996	1997	1998 ²	1999 ^{1, 2}	2000 ²	2001 ²	2002 ²	2003	2004	2005
All offenses ³	83,324	85,195	91,747	104,119	109,340	115,589	118,896	124,074	131,064	140,755	140,200
Violent offenses ⁴	3,873	4,519	4,801	4,989	4,254	4,250	4,843	4,723	4,484	4,587	4,243
Property offenses	16,245	16,191	16,288	16,786	16,569	16,842	16,824	17,268	17,258	15,609	14,899
Fraudulent ⁵	12,804	12,729	12,912	13,219	13,116	13,432	13,397	13,976	14,169	12,709	12,365
Other ⁶	3,441	3,462	3,376	3,567	3,453	3,410	3,427	3,292	3,089	2,900	2,534
Drug offenses	23,768	24,682	26,843	30,012	31,867	32,630	33,589	33,730	34,217	32,980	33,061
Public-order offenses	10,336	9,578	9,324	9,234	9,841	10,063	9,156	8,772	8,591	8,618	8,989
Regulatory	697	656	749	775	752	621	687	524	425	335	299
Other	9,639	8,922	8,575	8,459	9,089	9,442	8,469	8,248	8,166	8,283	8,690
Weapon offenses ⁷	3,724	3,131	3,235	3,539	4,268	5,203	6,007	7,488	9,416	9,936	9,560
Immigration offenses ⁷	10,600	12,026	14,994	20,942	22,849	25,205	24,794	25,270	27,620	39,135	38,041
Supervision violations	13,498	13,304	13,995	15,157	15,603	17,133	18,978	21,777	23,605	23,399	24,250
Material witness	1,143	1,617	2,169	3,398	4,016	4,203	3,679	3,918	4,615	5,385	6,078
Unknown or indeterminable offenses	137	147	163	62	73	60	1,026	1,128	1,258	1,106	1,079

¹ Starting in 1999 and through the current year of data, nonviolent sex offenses were reclassified from violent offenses to public-order offenses. ² Data for 1998 through 2002 are not directly comparable to 2003 through 2005 because of changes in the data processing methodology. See note 2 on page 24, chapter 1 of the 2004 Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics. ³ Includes suspects whose offense category could not be determined. ⁴ In this table violent offenses may include nonnegligent manslaughter. ⁵ Fraudulent property excludes tax fraud. ⁶ Excludes fraudulent property and includes destruction of property and trespassing. ⁷ Beginning in 2001, weapon and immigration offenses became major offense categories. Previously, these offenses were classified within Public-order offenses.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, Federal Justice Statistics, 2005, Series NCJ 220383, September 2008; <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/fjs05.htm>.

Table 317. Suspects in Criminal Matters Investigated by U.S. Attorneys by Offense: 1995 to 2005

[The most serious offense investigated is based on the criminal lead charge as determined by the assistant U.S. attorney responsible for the criminal matter]

Most serious offense investigated	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999 ¹	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
All offenses²	102,220	97,776	110,034	115,692	117,994	123,559	121,818	124,335	130,078	141,212	143,640
Violent offenses ³	5,720	6,570	7,354	7,527	5,768	6,036	6,225	6,392	5,688	5,714	5,485
Property offenses	31,759	28,962	29,916	30,125	28,011	28,423	28,608	27,321	27,375	24,956	25,570
Fraudulent ⁴	27,836	25,245	25,854	26,328	24,200	24,679	25,275	24,019	24,261	22,182	23,052
Other ⁵	3,923	3,717	4,062	3,797	3,811	3,744	3,333	3,302	3,114	2,774	2,518
Drug offenses	31,686	30,227	34,027	36,355	37,313	38,959	37,944	38,150	37,416	37,501	40,038
Public-order offenses	19,036	18,918	22,857	21,244	22,816	24,180	23,980	23,472	23,717	21,277	21,583
Regulatory	5,371	5,154	5,423	6,541	6,332	5,737	5,411	4,738	5,366	4,959	5,037
Other	13,665	13,764	17,434	14,703	16,484	18,443	18,569	18,734	18,351	16,318	16,546
Weapon offenses ⁶	5,376	4,462	4,870	4,907	6,982	8,589	8,989	11,200	14,022	14,398	13,689
Immigration offenses ⁶	7,256	7,122	9,366	14,114	15,539	16,495	15,378	16,699	20,341	35,858	36,559
Unknown or indeterminate offenses	1,387	1,515	1,644	1,420	1,565	877	694	1,101	1,519	1,508	716

¹ Starting in 1999 and through the current year of data, nonviolent sex offenses were reclassified from violent offenses to public-order offenses. ² Includes suspects whose offense category could not be determined. See Methodology for a listing of detailed offense categories within each major offense category. ³ In this table, violent offenses may include nonnegligent manslaughter. ⁴ Fraudulent property excludes tax fraud. ⁵ Excludes fraudulent property and includes destruction of property and trespassing. ⁶ Beginning in 2001, weapon and immigration offenses became major offense categories. Previously, these offenses were classified within public-order offenses.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Federal Justice Statistics, 2005*, Series NCJ 220383, September 2008; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/fjs05.htm>>.

Table 318. Drug Arrest Rates for Drug Abuse Violations, 1990 to 2007, and by Region, 2007

[Rate per 100,000 inhabitants. Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1, except 1990 and 2000, enumerated as of April 1. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Offense	1990 2000 2005			2007				
				Total	Region			
					North-east	Mid-west	South	West
Drug arrest rate, total	435.3	587.1	600.9	585.9	507.1	426.2	655.0	675.7
Sale and/or manufacture	139.0	122.7	109.9	102.7	114.3	78.1	112.3	101.6
Heroin or cocaine ¹	93.7	60.8	47.8	46.3	72.1	26.3	51.8	36.9
Marijuana	26.4	34.2	29.6	30.9	28.8	32.9	30.1	31.9
Synthetic or manufactured drugs	2.7	6.4	8.6	8.8	5.5	4.8	17.1	4.6
Other dangerous nonnarcotic drugs. . .	16.2	21.3	23.9	16.7	8.0	14.1	13.3	28.2
Possession	296.3	464.4	490.9	483.2	392.7	348.1	542.7	574.1
Heroin or cocaine ¹	144.4	138.7	131.5	126.0	113.2	62.7	149.6	153.6
Marijuana	104.9	244.4	228.9	246.5	224.3	226.4	313.8	200.0
Synthetic or manufactured drugs	6.6	12.0	21.0	19.4	11.6	13.6	28.2	18.8
Other dangerous nonnarcotic drugs. . .	40.4	69.4	109.6	91.2	43.7	45.4	51.0	201.7

¹ Includes other derivatives such as morphine, heroin, and codeine.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, "Crime in the United States"; <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/07cius/arrests/index.html>>, and unpublished data.

Table 319. Federal Drug Arrests and Seizures by Type of Drug: 1990 to 2008

[For fiscal years ending in year shown]

Drug	1990	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Number of Arrests, total	22,085	23,701	36,844	26,003	26,835	28,064	27,155	27,179	24,954
Heroin	2,057	2,548	3,622	2,521	2,485	2,449	2,314	2,151	2,505
Cocaine	12,399	12,036	16,373	11,381	11,961	13,005	13,026	12,735	11,805
Marijuana	5,155	6,231	8,573	6,031	6,309	6,109	5,977	6,797	6,048
Methamphetamine	2,474	2,886	8,276	6,070	6,080	6,501	5,838	5,496	4,596
Seizure in (pounds), total	720,947	1,544,588	2,871,109	2,965,601	3,048,722	2,816,695	2,643,634	3,680,313	3,505,091
Cocaine	235,890	233,989	248,859	245,413	336,078	391,934	329,772	362,216	199,463
Heroin	1,704	2,971	3,341	5,803	4,088	3,898	4,124	5,683	3,729
Marijuana	483,353	1,305,702	2,611,802	2,705,821	2,700,362	2,410,131	2,300,553	3,304,154	3,293,736
Methamphetamine	(NA)	1,926	7,107	8,564	8,194	10,732	9,185	8,260	8,163

NA Not available. ¹ Arrests are for Drug Enforcement Administration only. ² Includes other drug-related arrests not shown. ³ Reflects the combined drug seizure effort of the Drug Enforcement Administration, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the U.S. Customs Services, and beginning October 1995, the U.S. Border Patrol within the jurisdiction of the United States as well as maritime seizures by the U.S. Coast Guard. Based on reports to the federal-wide Drug Seizure System, which eliminates duplicate reporting of a seizure involving more than one federal agency. ⁴ Includes other drug seizures not shown.

Source: U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration, Stats and Facts, and unpublished data from federal-wide Drug Seizure System (15 May 2008). See also <<http://www.usdoj.gov.dea/statistics.html>>.

Table 320. Background Checks for Firearm Transfers: 1994 to 2007

[In thousands (87,180 represents 87,180,000), except rates]

Inquiries and rejections	Total 1994– 2007 ¹	Interim period 1994– 1998 ²	Permanent Brady ³							
			1998 ⁴	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Applications and denials:										
Applications received	87,180	12,740	893	8,621	7,699	7,831	8,084	8,278	8,612	8,658
Applications denied	1,631	312	20	204	153	126	126	132	134	136
Denied (Percent)	1.9	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.0	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Selected reasons for rejection:										
Felony indictment/conviction . .	493	44	(NA)	147	88	53	53	57	52	49
Other	403	18	(NA)	57	65	73	73	75	83	87
Felony denials per 1,000 applications	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	17.0	11.4	6.8	6.6	6.9	6.0	5.7

NA Not available. ¹ Number of applications and estimates of denials for firearm transfers or permits since the inception of the Brady Act, 1994–2007. ² Background checks on applicants were conducted by state and local agencies, mainly on handgun transfers. See “*Presale Handgun Checks, the Brady Interim Period, 1994–98*” (NCJ 175034). ³ The period beginning November 30, 1998 is the effective date for the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act, P.L. 103-159, 1993. The National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) began operations. Checks on handgun and long gun transfers are conducted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), and by state and local agencies. Totals combine Firearm Inquiry Statistics (FIST) estimates for state and local agencies with transactions and denials reported by the FBI. ⁴ For the period of November 30 to December 31, 1998. Counts are from the NICS operations report and may include multiple transactions for the same application.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, Background Checks for Firearm Transfers, 2007, Series NCJ 223197, July 2008; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/html/bcft/2007/bcft07st.htm>>.

Table 321. Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted: 1990 to 2007

[Contains statistics on felonious and accidental deaths of duly sworn local, state, tribal, and federal law enforcement officers. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
OFFICERS KILLED									
Total killed	132	133	134	131	133	139	122	114	140
Northeast	13	16	13	10	13	18	12	12	13
Midwest	20	19	32	22	20	25	23	20	20
South	68	63	67	64	66	66	58	48	77
West	23	32	19	28	31	24	24	31	28
Puerto Rico	8	2	3	7	3	5	5	3	2
Island areas, foreign countries	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Total feloniously killed	65	74	51	56	52	57	55	48	57
Firearms	56	63	47	51	45	54	50	46	55
Handgun	47	44	33	38	34	36	42	36	38
Rifle	8	14	10	10	10	13	3	8	8
Shotgun	1	5	4	3	1	5	5	2	8
Blunt instrument	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Bomb	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Knife/cutting instrument	3	1	1	1	—	1	—	—	—
Personal weapons ¹	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vehicle	1	2	3	4	6	2	5	2	2
Other	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total accidentally killed	67	59	83	75	81	82	67	66	83
OFFICERS ASSAULTED									
Population covered (1,000) ²	197,426	191,759	204,599	219,425	225,770	226,273	222,874	227,361	231,764
Number of—									
Reporting agencies	9,343	8,503	8,940	10,164	10,539	10,589	10,119	10,596	10,856
Officers employed	410,131	428,379	452,531	491,009	501,738	501,462	489,393	504,147	517,875
Total assaulted	72,091	57,762	58,398	59,526	58,600	59,692	57,820	59,396	59,201
Firearm	3,651	2,354	1,749	1,927	1,879	2,114	2,157	2,290	2,176
Knife/cutting instrument	1,647	1,356	1,015	1,061	1,084	1,123	1,059	1,055	1,023
Other dangerous weapon	7,423	6,414	8,132	8,526	8,180	8,645	8,379	8,611	8,507
Personal weapons ¹	59,370	47,638	47,502	48,012	47,457	47,810	46,225	47,440	47,495

— Represents zero. ¹ Includes hands, fists, feet, etc. ² Represents the number of persons covered by agencies shown.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, "Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted, 2007"; <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/killed/2007/index.html>>.

Table 322. U.S. Supreme Court—Cases Filed and Disposition: 1980 to 2007

[Statutory term of court begins first Monday in **October**]

Action	1980	1990	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total cases on docket	5,144	6,316	7,565	8,965	8,882	8,588	9,608	10,256	9,602
Appellate cases on docket	2,749	2,351	2,456	2,305	2,058	2,041	2,025	2,069	1,969
From prior term	527	365	361	351	336	300	354	346	355
Docketed during present term	2,222	1,986	2,095	1,954	1,722	1,741	1,671	1,723	1,614
Cases acted upon	2,324	2,042	2,130	2,024	1,798	1,727	1,703	1,736	1,666
Granted review	167	114	92	85	74	69	63	62	85
Denied, dismissed, or withdrawn	1,999	1,802	1,945	1,842	1,641	1,529	1,554	1,611	1,529
Summarily decided	90	81	62	63	37	89	46	39	30
Cases not acted upon	425	309	326	281	260	314	322	333	303
Pauper cases on docket	2,371	3,951	5,098	6,651	6,818	6,543	7,575	8,181	7,628
Cases acted upon ¹	2,027	3,436	4,514	5,736	6,036	5,815	6,533	7,186	6,753
Granted review	17	27	13	14	13	11	15	15	10
Denied, dismissed, or withdrawn	1,968	3,369	4,439	5,658	6,005	5,061	6,459	6,925	6,562
Summarily decided	32	28	55	61	13	737	58	239	175
Cases not acted upon	344	515	584	915	782	728	1,042	995	875
Original cases on docket	24	14	11	9	6	4	8	6	5
Cases disposed of during term	7	3	5	2	2	–	4	1	1
Total cases available for argument	264	201	145	138	140	128	122	108	125
Cases disposed of	162	131	93	89	93	87	87	80	78
Cases argued	154	125	90	86	91	87	88	78	75
Cases dismissed or remanded without argument	8	6	3	3	2	–	1	2	3
Cases remaining	102	70	52	49	47	41	31	28	47
Cases decided by signed opinion	144	121	87	83	89	85	82	74	72
Cases decided by per curiam opinion	8	4	3	4	2	2	5	4	2
Number of signed opinions	123	112	75	77	73	74	69	67	67

– Represents zero. ¹ Includes cases granted review and carried over to next term, not shown separately.

Source: Office of the Clerk, Supreme Court of the United States, unpublished data.

**Table 323. U.S. District Courts—Civil Cases Commenced and Pending:
2000 to 2008**

[For years ending June 30]

Type of case	Cases commenced				Cases pending			
	2000	2005	2007	2008	2000	2005	2007	2008
Cases total ¹	263,049	282,758	272,067	256,354	249,692	267,270	267,774	286,193
Contract actions ¹	54,494	28,590	34,071	34,818	38,262	26,712	30,631	30,696
Recovery of overpayments ²	25,636	3,380	3,053	3,491	12,107	1,953	1,708	1,686
Real property actions	6,481	4,541	4,456	5,607	4,249	4,512	4,321	4,525
Tort actions	40,877	75,273	77,257	59,588	63,116	76,821	83,046	105,763
Personal injury	36,867	52,215	73,004	55,777	59,232	72,716	78,464	101,181
Personal injury product liability ¹	15,349	35,615	51,557	39,664	31,772	46,575	52,346	74,440
Asbestos	7,893	1,628	15,422	23,726	4,949	1,073	14,525	35,857
Other personal injury	21,518	16,600	21,447	16,113	27,460	26,141	26,118	26,741
Personal property damage	4,010	23,058	4,253	3,811	3,884	4,105	4,582	4,582
Actions under statutes ¹	161,187	171,922	156,152	156,277	144,053	157,357	149,622	145,077
Civil rights ¹	41,226	36,724	31,975	31,632	44,259	40,596	36,469	34,652
Employment	21,404	17,998	13,608	13,036	24,456	21,344	16,863	15,452
Bankruptcy suits	3,378	3,428	3,182	2,630	2,555	2,650	2,533	1,793
Commerce (ICC rates, etc.)	1,007	492	317	373	444	395	276	217
Environmental matters	894	726	763	900	1,355	1,193	1,045	1,219
Prisoner petitions	57,706	62,698	53,222	55,374	43,560	47,870	47,172	46,229
Forfeiture and penalty	2,246	2,214	2,221	2,324	1,772	2,156	2,245	2,237
Labor laws	14,229	18,643	18,630	16,685	11,267	15,725	15,111	15,171
Protected property rights ³	8,745	11,809	11,132	9,636	7,858	10,507	9,827	9,019
Securities commodities and exchanges	2,500	2,371	1,369	1,669	3,578	5,192	4,030	3,621
Social security laws	14,365	16,066	12,964	13,329	13,667	15,420	13,214	13,181
Tax suits	938	1,348	1,485	1,448	1,068	1,222	1,376	1,366
Freedom of information	335	426	325	294	380	378	380	365

¹ Includes other types not shown separately. ² Includes enforcement of judgments in student loan cases, and overpayments of veterans benefits. ³ Includes copyright, patent, and trademark rights.

Source: Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, *Statistical Tables for the Federal Judiciary*, annual. See also <<http://www.uscourts.gov/>>.

Table 324. U.S. District Courts—Offenders Convicted and Sentenced to Prison and Length of Sentence: 2000 and 2005

Selected most serious offense of conviction	Offenders convicted ¹		Offenders sentenced to prison ^{1, 2}		Mean length of sentence for incarceration (months) ³	
	2000	2005	2000	2005	2000	2005
Total	68,156	78,042	50,451	61,151	56.7	61.1
Violent offenses ⁴	2,557	2,500	2,360	2,329	86.5	100.8
Murder ⁵	283	137	249	132	94.2	136.8
Assault	253	489	188	411	33.0	49.5
Robbery	1,579	1,388	1,532	1,349	93.0	101.6
Property offenses	12,454	11,259	7,462	6,609	24.2	26.8
Fraudulent	10,396	9,837	6,272	5,823	22.5	25.8
Embezzlement	917	548	506	272	14.8	16.5
Fraud ⁶	8,177	8,322	5,008	4,938	23.5	26.2
Forgery	86	64	41	29	19.1	15.1
Counterfeiting	1,216	903	717	584	20.8	27.4
Other ⁴	2,058	1,422	1,190	786	33.2	34.1
Larceny ⁷	1,394	970	689	427	27.3	21
Arson	158	171	134	143	71.8	79.6
Transportation of stolen property	272	159	200	123	33.4	36.1
Drug offenses ⁴	24,206	25,576	22,352	23,665	75.5	85.8
Public-order offenses ⁴	4,585	5,823	2,989	4,219	45.8	53.8
Regulatory	1,376	754	647	346	28.4	33.1
Other	3,209	5,069	2,342	3,873	46.5	55.7
Tax law violations ⁸	655	509	355	327	18.5	23.4
Escape	487	940	447	641	19.2	21.5
Racketeering and extortion	951	1,637	778	1,367	81.5	73.8
Nonviolent sex offenses	475	1,157	429	1,090	47.1	68.5
Obscene material ⁹	28	11	7	8	(B)	(B)
Weapon offenses ¹⁰	4,196	8,834	3,834	8,183	91.4	83.1
Immigration offenses ¹⁰	11,125	16,872	10,073	14,922	29.5	25.7
Misdemeanors ¹¹	8,961	7,178	1,356	1,224	10.4	5.4

B Base figures too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Total may not equal the sum of individual sanctions. ² All sentences to incarceration, including split, mixed, life and indeterminate sentences. ³ Excludes sentences of life, death, and indeterminate sentences. ⁴ Includes offenses not shown separately. ⁵ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter. ⁶ Excludes tax fraud. ⁷ Excludes transportation of stolen property. ⁸ Includes tax fraud. ⁹ Denotes the mail or transport thereof. ¹⁰ Beginning in 2001, "Weapon and Immigration" offenses became major offense categories. Previously, these offenses were classified within "Public-order offenses". ¹¹ Includes misdemeanors, petty offenses, unknown offense levels, and drug possession.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Federal Justice Statistics, 2005*; Series NCJ 220383, September 2008; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/fjs05.htm>>.

Table 325. Criminal Appeals Filed by Offense: 1995 to 2005

[Appeals were classified into the offense category that represents the offense of conviction. Offenses represent the statutory offense charged against a defendant in a criminal appeal]

Most serious offense of conviction	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999 ¹	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
All offenses²	10,162	10,889	10,521	10,535	10,251	9,162	11,281	11,569	11,968	12,517	14,644
Violent offenses ³	700	685	739	742	559	490	591	606	601	673	748
Property offenses	1,767	2,093	1,972	1,947	1,739	1,482	1,681	1,726	1,842	1,873	2,104
Fraudulent ⁴	1,323	1,581	1,519	1,439	1,338	1,164	1,299	1,389	1,478	1,524	1,673
Other ⁵	444	512	453	508	401	318	382	337	364	349	431
Drug offenses	4,499	5,099	4,750	4,845	4,513	3,843	4,529	4,689	4,565	4,678	5,778
Public-order offenses	886	985	1,050	878	954	827	1,024	876	894	955	1,025
Regulatory	220	196	224	178	162	150	144	128	137	142	159
Other	666	789	826	700	792	677	880	642	757	813	866
Weapon offenses ⁶	1,034	1,183	1,135	982	1,070	872	1,266	1,386	1,681	2,024	2,242
Immigration offenses ⁶	277	353	417	693	934	1,179	1,654	1,679	1,821	1,856	2,373
Unknown or indeterminable offenses	999	491	458	448	482	469	536	607	564	458	374

¹ Starting in 1999 and through the current data year, nonviolent sex offenses were reclassified from "Violent offenses" to "Public-order offenses." ² Include suspects whose offense category could not be determined. See Methodology for a listing of detailed offense categories within each major offense category. ³ In this table, "Violent offenses" may include nonnegligent manslaughter. ⁴ Fraudulent property excludes tax fraud. ⁵ Excludes fraudulent property and includes destruction of property and trespassing. ⁶ Beginning in 2001, "Weapon" and "Immigration" offenses became major offense categories. Previously, these offenses were classified within "Public-order offenses."

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Federal Justice Trends*, 2005. Series NCJ 220383, September 2008. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/fjs05.htm>>.

Table 326. Authorized Intercepts of Communication—Summary: 1980 to 2008

[As of December 31. Data for jurisdictions with statutes authorizing or approving interception of wire or oral communication]

Item	1980	1990	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Jurisdictions: ¹										
With wiretap statutes	28	40	41	45	47	47	47	47	47	47
Reporting interceptions	22	25	19	26	24	20	23	24	25	23
Intercept applications authorized	564	872	1,156	1,266	1,442	1,710	1,773	1,839	2,208	1,891
Intercept installations ²	524	812	1,024	1,139	1,367	1,633	1,694	1,714	2,119	1,809
Federal	79	321	527	472	576	723	624	461	454	384
State	445	491	497	667	791	910	1,070	1,253	1,665	1,425
Intercepted communications, average ³	1,058	1,487	2,028	1,769	3,004	3,017	2,835	2,685	3,106	2,707
Incriminating average ³	315	321	459	402	993	619	629	547	920	514
Persons arrested ⁴	1,871	2,057	2,577	3,411	3,674	4,506	4,674	4,376	4,830	4,133
Convictions ⁴	259	420	494	736	844	634	776	711	984	810
Major offense specified:										
Gambling	199	116	95	49	49	90	42	56	55	54
Drugs	282	520	732	894	1,104	1,308	1,433	1,473	1,792	1,593
Homicide and assault	13	21	30	72	80	48	82	119	132	92
Racketeering	(NA)	(NA)	98	76	96	138	94	90	98	58

NA Not available ¹ Jurisdictions include federal government, 44 states and the Virgin Islands, and District of Columbia. ² Based on the number of orders for which intercept devices were installed as reported by the prosecuting official. ³ Average per authorized installation. ⁴ Based on information received from intercepts installed in year shown; additional arrests/convictions will occur in subsequent years but are not shown here.

Source: Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, *Report on Applications for Orders Authorizing or Approving the Interception of Wire, Oral or Electronic Communications (Wiretap Report)*, annual. See also <<http://www.uscourts.gov/wiretap08/contents.html>>.

Table 327. Federal Prosecutions of Public Corruption: 1990 to 2007

[As of Dec. 31. Prosecution of persons who have corrupted public office in violation of Federal Criminal Statutes]

Prosecution Status	1990			2000			2005			2007		
	Charged	Con- victed	Await- ing trial	Charged	Con- victed	Await- ing trial	Charged	Con- victed	Await- ing trial	Charged	Con- victed	Await- ing trial
Total ¹	1,176	1,084	300	1,000	938	327	1,163	1,027	451	1,141	1,014	487
Federal officials	615	583	103	441	422	92	445	390	118	426	405	116
State officials	96	79	28	92	91	37	96	94	51	128	85	65
Local officials	257	225	98	211	183	89	309	232	148	284	275	127
Others involved	208	197	71	256	242	109	313	311	134	303	249	179

¹ Includes individuals who are neither public officials nor employees, but were involved with public officials or employees in violating the law, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Criminal Division, *Report to Congress on the Activities and Operations of the Public Integrity Section*, <<http://www.usdoj.gov/criminal/pin/>>.

Table 328. Delinquency Cases Disposed by Juvenile Courts by Reason for Referral: 1990 to 2005

[In thousands (1,346 represents 1,346,000), except rate. A delinquency offense is an act committed by a juvenile for which an adult could be prosecuted in a criminal court. Disposition of a case involves taking a definite action such as waiving the case to criminal court, dismissing the case, placing the youth on probation, placing the youth in a facility for delinquents, or such actions as fines, restitution, and community service]

Reason for referral	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
All delinquency offenses . . .	1,346	1,807	1,870	1,799	1,720	1,702	1,688	1,676	1,674	1,688	1,682
Case rate ¹	52.5	63.0	63.4	60.3	56.9	55.4	54.3	53.4	53.1	53.5	53.2
Person offenses ²	257	398	413	404	396	391	402	401	408	416	428
Criminal homicide	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Forcible rape	4	6	5	5	4	4	5	4	5	4	4
Robbery	28	42	36	30	26	22	22	21	22	21	26
Aggravated assault	52	73	61	57	51	51	48	46	47	47	49
Property offenses ²	786	906	861	786	709	678	641	637	624	616	591
Burglary	145	148	147	135	117	111	107	106	104	99	96
Larceny-theft	349	432	406	360	326	314	293	292	284	283	262
Motor vehicle theft	71	54	52	45	39	37	38	38	38	35	33
Arson	7	11	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8
Drug law violations	71	162	189	188	188	196	203	192	191	196	194
Public order offenses ²	232	341	408	420	426	438	442	445	452	462	470
Obstruction of justice	89	137	192	212	209	215	217	214	217	216	225
Disorderly conduct	56	91	92	89	96	100	104	114	116	125	128
Weapons offenses	31	47	45	43	40	37	37	35	37	41	44
Liquor law violations	17	18	16	19	20	25	25	26	26	26	25
Nonviolent sex offenses	11	10	12	12	13	14	15	15	14	14	14

¹ Number of cases disposed per 1,000 youth (ages 10 to 17) at risk of referral to juvenile court. ² Total include other offenses not shown.

Source: National Center for Juvenile Justice, Pittsburgh, PA, *Juvenile Court Statistics*, annual. See also <<http://www.ojdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/index.html>>.

Table 329. Delinquency Cases and Case Rates by Sex and Race: 1995 to 2005

[See headnote, Table 328]

Sex, race, and offense	Number of cases disposed			Case rate ¹		
	1995	2000	2005	1995	2000	2005
Male, total	1,401,800	1,271,100	1,221,600	95.1	80.6	75.5
Person	299,600	281,600	301,000	20.3	17.9	18.6
Property	701,000	506,200	429,600	47.6	32.1	26.5
Drugs	138,500	162,600	155,200	9.4	10.3	9.6
Public order	262,600	320,600	335,900	17.8	20.3	20.8
Female, total	405,500	431,200	460,300	29.0	28.8	29.9
Person	98,800	109,300	126,600	7.1	7.3	8.2
Property	204,800	172,100	160,900	14.7	11.5	10.4
Drugs	23,600	33,000	39,000	1.7	2.2	2.5
Public order	78,400	116,900	133,700	5.6	7.8	8.7
White, total	1,215,300	1,164,800	1,080,600	53.2	48.2	44.0
Person	236,300	243,700	243,100	10.3	10.1	9.9
Property	647,300	474,800	397,500	28.3	19.7	16.2
Drugs	107,000	146,800	142,900	4.7	6.1	5.8
Public order	224,700	299,500	297,100	9.8	12.4	12.1
Black, total	541,400	489,000	556,000	124.3	101.1	107.8
Person	152,000	137,000	174,800	34.9	28.3	33.9
Property	230,100	179,800	174,300	52.8	37.2	33.8
Drugs	52,300	44,500	46,300	12.0	9.2	9.0
Public order	107,100	127,700	160,700	24.6	26.4	31.2
Other races, total	568,900	514,700	578,500	33.8	27.8	24.5
Person	157,200	142,400	179,700	6.8	5.8	5.3
Property	245,300	192,000	183,100	19.1	13.6	10.1
Drugs	53,800	47,000	49,200	1.9	2.5	2.7
Public order	112,600	133,300	166,600	6.2	5.9	6.4

¹ Cases per 1,000 youth (ages 10 to 17) at risk.

Table 330. Child Abuse and Neglect Cases Substantiated and Indicated—Victim Characteristics: 2000 to 2007

[Based on reports alleging child abuse and neglect that were referred for investigation by the respective child protective services agency in each state. The reporting period may be either calendar or fiscal year. The majority of States provided duplicated counts. Also, varying number of states reported the various characteristics presented below. A substantiated case represents a type of investigation disposition that determines that there is sufficient evidence under state law to conclude that maltreatment occurred or that the child is at risk of maltreatment. An indicated case represents a type of disposition that concludes that there was a reason to suspect maltreatment had occurred]

Item	2000		2005 ¹		2006 ¹		2007	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TYPES OF SUBSTANTIATED MALTREATMENT²								
Victims, total	864,837	116.5	900,143	114.0	885,258	114.1	753,351	114.3
Neglect.	517,118	59.8	573,581	63.7	567,850	64.1	530,770	70.5
Physical abuse	167,713	19.4	153,166	17.0	142,147	16.1	122,019	16.2
Sexual abuse	87,770	10.2	84,452	9.4	78,166	8.8	70,793	9.4
Emotional maltreatment.	66,965	7.7	66,054	7.3	58,563	6.6	52,712	7.0
Medical neglect	25,498	3.0	17,637	2.0	19,542	2.2	16,523	2.2
Other and unknown	146,184	16.9	139,063	15.4	144,108	16.3	68,059	9.0
SEX OF VICTIM^{3, 4}								
Victims, total	864,837	100.0	900,143	100.0	885,258	100.0	753,351	100.0
Male	413,744	47.8	425,739	47.3	427,001	48.2	362,964	48.2
Female.	446,230	51.6	455,992	50.7	455,548	51.5	388,090	51.5
AGE OF VICTIM^{3, 4}								
Victims, total	864,837	100.0	901,143	100.0	885,258	100.0	753,351	100.0
1 year and younger	133,094	15.4	155,674	17.3	160,785	18.2	144,137	19.1
2 to 5 years old	205,790	23.8	222,246	24.7	221,902	25.1	188,381	25.0
6 to 9 years old	212,186	24.5	192,962	21.4	194,239	21.9	165,119	21.9
10 to 13 years old	176,071	20.4	171,005	19.0	164,064	18.5	133,513	17.7
14 to 17 years old	126,207	14.6	138,846	15.4	140,797	15.9	116,759	15.5
18 years old and over	992	0.1	469	0.1	535	0.1	407	0.1

¹ Data have been revised. ² A child may be a victim of more than one maltreatment. Therefore, the total for this item adds up to more than 100 percent. ³ The increase in unknown age, sex, and race in 2005 is due to some states reporting summary data without breakdown of corresponding fields. ⁴ Unknown data not shown.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Statistics and Research, *Child Maltreatment 2007*, annual. See also <<http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cb/pubs/cm07/index.htm>>.

Table 331. Child Abuse and Neglect Cases Reported and Investigated by State: 2007

[See headnote, Table 330]

State and outlying area	Population under 18 years old	Number of reports ¹	Number of children subject of an investigation ²	Number of child victims ³	State and outlying area	Population under 18 years old	Number of reports ¹	Number of children subject of an investigation ²	Number of child victims ³
Total . .	74,904,677	1,860,259	3,359,284	753,351	MT	219,498	8,699	14,477	1,886
AL	1,123,537	18,710	27,531	9,247	NE	446,145	11,290	26,709	4,108
AK	182,218	4,906	8,222	3,138	NV	660,002	16,342	34,039	5,417
AZ	1,669,866	33,188	76,400	4,025	NH	298,186	6,834	9,958	912
AR	700,537	27,846	57,986	9,847	NJ	2,063,789	44,606	68,985	7,543
CA	9,383,924	232,297	441,467	88,319	NM	500,276	14,853	23,776	6,065
CO	1,192,679	31,520	49,764	10,588	NY	4,413,414	155,509	259,687	83,502
CT	820,216	26,479	39,755	9,875	NC	2,217,680	66,814	133,230	25,976
DE	205,646	5,693	13,546	2,116	ND	142,809	3,586	6,272	1,288
DC	113,720	4,506	11,166	2,757	OH	2,751,874	77,436	119,591	38,484
FL	4,043,560	154,951	343,836	53,484	OK	899,507	35,870	64,287	13,173
GA	2,531,609	48,965	115,348	35,729	OR	862,908	26,381	42,198	11,552
HI	285,694	2,527	4,643	2,075	PA	2,786,719	23,513	23,513	4,177
ID	407,712	7,089	11,022	1,582	RI	233,115	7,710	11,808	3,857
IL	3,199,159	68,101	150,102	31,058	SC	1,059,917	18,337	41,579	12,762
IN	1,586,518	41,900	65,034	18,380	SD	196,890	3,627	6,869	1,485
IA	711,403	23,093	35,875	14,051	TN	1,471,486	62,183	101,435	16,059
KS	696,082	16,912	25,412	2,272	TX	6,623,366	166,584	283,355	71,111
KY	1,003,973	48,600	77,221	18,778	UT	816,822	20,386	32,134	13,611
LA	1,079,560	19,293	30,801	9,468	VT	131,355	2,564	3,222	872
ME	279,467	6,710	11,009	4,118	VA	1,826,179	30,196	61,342	6,413
MD	1,358,797	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	WA	1,536,368	35,262	52,386	6,984
MA	1,432,856	39,801	80,752	37,690	WV	387,381	21,962	49,357	7,109
MI	2,446,856	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	WI	1,321,279	26,978	39,671	7,856
MN	1,260,282	18,993	27,557	6,847	WY	125,365	2,442	4,959	772
MS	768,704	17,871	27,563	7,002	PR	1,002,944	15,709	32,810	10,696
MO	1,424,830	54,635	79,623	7,235					

NA Not available. ¹ The number of investigations includes assessments. The number of investigations is based on the total number of investigations that received a disposition in 2007. ² The number of "Children Subject of an Investigation" is based on the total number of children who were included in an investigation or assessment. ³ Victims are defined as children subject of a substantiated, indicated, or alternative response-victim maltreatment.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Statistics and Research, *Child Maltreatment 2007*, annual. See also <<http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cb/pubs/cm07/index.htm>>.

Table 332. Felony Convictions in State Courts: 2000 to 2004

[In 2004, an estimated 1,145,438 persons were convicted of a felony (federal and state courts). Of that number, 1,078,920 were convicted in state courts, the vast majority (95%) of whom pleaded guilty. At the time of sentencing, about 3 out of 4 felons sentenced (77%) were sentenced for a single felony]

Most serious conviction	Felony convictions in state courts					
	2000		2002		2004	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All offenses	924,700	100.0	1,051,000	100.0	1,078,920	100.0
Violent offenses	173,200	18.7	197,030	18.8	194,570	18.0
Murder ¹	8,600	0.9	8,990	0.9	8,400	0.8
Rape/Sexual assault	31,500	3.4	35,500	3.4	33,190	3.1
Robbery	36,800	4.0	38,430	3.7	38,850	3.6
Aggravated assault	79,400	8.6	95,600	9.1	94,380	8.7
Other violent ²	17,000	1.8	18,510	1.8	19,750	1.8
Property offenses	262,000	28.3	325,200	30.9	310,680	28.8
Burglary ³	79,300	8.6	100,640	9.6	93,870	8.7
Larceny ³	100,000	10.8	124,320	11.8	119,340	11.1
Fraud/forgery ⁴	82,700	8.9	100,240	9.5	97,470	9.0
Drug offenses	319,700	34.6	340,330	32.4	362,850	33.6
Possession	116,300	12.6	127,530	12.1	161,090	14.9
Trafficking	203,400	22.0	212,810	20.2	201,760	18.7
Weapon offenses	28,200	3.1	32,470	3.1	33,010	3.1
Other offenses ⁵	141,600	15.3	155,970	14.8	177,810	16.5

¹ A small number of cases were classified as nonnegligent manslaughter when it was unclear if the conviction offense was murder or nonnegligent manslaughter. ² Includes offenses such as negligent manslaughter and kidnaping. ³ When vehicle theft could not be distinguished from other theft, the case was coded as "other theft." This results in a conservative estimate of vehicle thefts. ⁴ Includes embezzlement. ⁵ Composed of nonviolent offenses such as receiving stolen property and vandalism.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Sentencing Statistics*, Series NCJ 215646, July 2007; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/sent.htm>>.

Table 333. Employment by State and Local Law Enforcement Agencies by Type of Agency and Employee: 2004

[As of September 30.]

Type of agency	Number of agencies	Number of employees					
		Full-time			Part-time		
		Total	Sworn	Civilian	Total	Sworn	Civilian
Total ¹	17,876	1,076,897	731,903	344,994	105,252	45,982	59,270
Local police	12,766	573,152	446,974	126,178	62,693	28,712	33,981
Sheriffs' offices	3,067	326,531	175,018	151,513	27,004	11,784	15,220
Primary State	49	89,265	58,190	31,075	708	31	677
Special jurisdiction	1,481	85,126	49,398	35,728	14,342	5,063	9,279
Constable/marshal	513	2,823	2,323	500	505	392	113

¹ Excludes agencies with less than one full-time officer or the equivalent in part-time officers.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Census of State and Local Law Enforcement Agencies, 2004*, Series NCJ 212749, June 2007. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cslla04.htm>>.

Table 334. State and Local Government Expenditures Per Capita by Criminal Justice Function and State: 2006

[In dollars. See Table 453 for more details]

State	Total justice system	Police protection	Judicial and legal	Corrections	State	Total justice system	Police protection	Judicial and legal	Corrections
Total	597	264	123	210	Missouri	417	202	77	138
Alabama	420	201	78	141	Montana	519	201	132	185
Alaska	894	318	263	313	Nebraska	436	190	81	166
Arizona	643	275	137	232	Nevada	757	357	177	223
Arkansas	443	180	78	186	New Hampshire	422	209	87	126
California	871	355	214	301	New Jersey	728	347	159	221
Colorado	562	252	99	210	New Mexico	636	262	129	245
Connecticut	604	259	168	177	New York	828	393	170	265
Delaware	795	335	173	287	North Carolina	452	216	62	174
District of Columbia	1,325	848	124	353	North Dakota	376	166	94	116
Florida	669	328	117	224	Ohio	551	235	142	174
Georgia	519	210	95	214	Oklahoma	443	188	79	177
Hawaii	550	218	192	140	Oregon	604	254	100	250
Idaho	468	189	101	178	Pennsylvania	548	204	118	225
Illinois	523	294	94	136	Rhode Island	596	270	143	183
Indiana	380	165	67	148	South Carolina	396	197	55	143
Iowa	409	192	97	121	South Dakota	423	167	78	178
Kansas	472	230	105	137	Tennessee	432	199	86	147
Kentucky	399	157	92	150	Texas	483	208	85	189
Louisiana	631	275	121	235	Utah	498	211	114	173
Maine	385	168	76	140	Vermont	475	219	93	163
Maryland	667	286	120	261	Virginia	542	227	95	219
Massachusetts	577	260	140	177	Washington	535	208	105	222
Michigan	571	231	114	227	West Virginia	378	131	107	141
Minnesota	513	251	118	143	Wisconsin	586	257	99	229
Mississippi	391	194	68	130	Wyoming	837	323	163	351

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Expenditures and Employment Statistics*, Series NCJ 224394. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/eande.htm>>.

Table 335. Prisoners Under Jurisdiction of Federal or State Correctional Authorities—Summary by State: 1990 to 2007

[For years ending December 31. To have jurisdiction over a prisoner, a state or the federal system must have legal authority over the prisoner]

State	1990	2000	2005	2006	2007	State	1990	2000	2005	2006	2007
U.S.¹	773,919	1,391,261	1,527,929	1,570,691	1,598,316	MS. . . .	8,375	20,241	20,515	21,068	22,431
Federal . . .	65,526	145,416	187,618	193,046	199,618	MO	14,943	27,543	30,823	30,167	29,857
State . . .	708,393	1,245,845	1,340,311	1,377,645	1,398,698	MT. . . .	1,425	3,105	3,532	3,563	3,462
AL	15,665	26,332	27,888	28,241	29,412	NE. . . .	2,403	3,895	4,455	4,407	4,505
AK ²	2,622	4,173	4,812	5,069	5,167	NV ⁶	5,322	10,063	11,782	12,901	13,400
AZ ³	14,261	26,510	33,565	35,801	37,746	NH. . . .	1,342	2,257	2,530	2,805	2,943
AR. . . .	7,322	11,915	13,541	13,729	14,314	NJ. . . .	21,128	29,784	27,359	27,371	26,827
CA. . . .	97,309	163,001	170,676	175,512	174,282	NM. . . .	3,187	5,342	6,571	6,639	6,466
CO. . . .	7,671	16,833	21,456	22,481	22,841	NY. . . .	54,895	70,199	62,743	63,315	62,623
CT ²	10,500	18,355	19,442	20,566	20,924	NC. . . .	18,411	31,266	36,365	37,460	37,970
DE ²	3,471	6,921	6,966	7,186	7,276	ND. . . .	483	1,076	1,385	1,363	1,416
DC ^{4,5}	9,947	7,456	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	OH. . . .	31,822	45,833	45,854	49,166	50,731
FL. . . .	44,387	71,319	89,768	92,969	98,219	OK. . . .	12,285	23,181	26,676	26,243	25,849
GA ³	22,411	44,232	48,749	52,792	54,256	OR. . . .	6,492	10,580	13,411	13,707	13,948
HI ²	2,533	5,053	6,146	5,967	5,978	PA. . . .	22,290	36,847	42,380	44,397	45,969
ID. . . .	1,961	5,535	6,818	7,124	7,319	RI ²	2,392	3,286	3,654	3,996	4,018
IL. . . .	27,516	45,281	44,919	45,106	45,215	SC. . . .	17,319	21,778	23,160	23,616	24,239
IN. . . .	12,736	20,125	24,455	26,091	27,132	SD. . . .	1,341	2,616	3,463	3,359	3,311
IA ³	3,967	7,955	8,737	8,838	8,732	TN. . . .	10,388	22,166	26,369	25,745	26,267
KS. . . .	5,775	8,344	9,068	8,816	8,696	TX. . . .	50,042	166,719	169,003	172,116	171,790
KY. . . .	9,023	14,919	19,662	20,000	22,457	UT. . . .	2,496	5,637	6,382	6,433	6,509
LA. . . .	18,599	35,207	36,083	37,012	37,540	VT ²	1,049	1,697	2,078	2,215	2,145
ME ⁶	1,523	1,679	2,023	2,120	2,222	VA. . . .	17,593	30,168	35,344	36,688	38,069
MD. . . .	17,848	23,538	22,737	22,945	23,433	WA. . . .	7,995	14,915	17,382	17,561	17,772
MA. . . .	8,345	10,722	10,701	11,032	11,436	WV. . . .	1,565	3,856	5,312	5,733	6,056
MI. . . .	34,267	47,718	49,546	51,577	50,233	WI. . . .	7,465	20,754	22,697	23,415	23,743
MN. . . .	3,176	6,238	9,281	9,108	9,468	WY. . . .	1,110	1,680	2,047	2,114	2,084

NA Not available. ¹ U.S. total includes federal prisoners not distributed by state. This total includes all inmates held in public and private adult correctional facilities. ² Data include both total jail and prison population. Prisons and jails form one integrated system. ³ Numbers are for custody rather than jurisdiction counts. ⁴ The transfer of responsibility for sentenced felons from the District of Columbia to the federal system was completed by the year end 2001. ⁵ The District of Columbia inmates sentenced to more than 1 year are now under the responsibility of the Bureau of Prisons. ⁶ Estimates only. Data for 2007 were not available at the time of publication.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in 2007*, Series NCJ 224280 and earlier reports. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/p07.htm>>.

Table 336. Adults on Probation or Parole, Incarcerated in Jail or Prison: 1980 to 2007

[As of December 31, except jail counts as of June 30]

Year	Total ¹	Supervision rate per 100,000 adults	Community supervision		Incarceration		Male ²	Female ²
			Probation	Parole	Jail	Prison		
1980	1,840,400	1.1	1,118,097	220,438	182,288	319,598	(NA)	(NA)
1985	3,011,500	1.7	1,968,712	300,203	254,986	487,593	2,606,000	405,500
1990	4,350,343	2.3	2,670,234	531,407	405,320	743,382	3,746,300	601,700
1992	4,762,600	2.5	2,811,611	658,601	441,781	850,566	4,050,300	712,300
1993	4,944,000	2.6	2,903,061	676,100	455,500	909,381	4,215,800	728,200
1994	5,141,300	2.7	2,981,022	690,371	479,800	990,147	4,377,400	763,900
1995	5,342,900	2.8	3,077,861	679,421	507,044	1,078,542	4,513,000	822,100
1996	5,482,700	2.8	3,164,996	679,733	510,400	1,127,528	4,629,900	852,800
1997	5,725,800	2.9	3,296,513	694,787	557,974	1,176,564	4,825,300	900,500
1998	6,126,100	3.1	3,670,441	696,385	584,372	1,224,469	(NA)	(NA)
1999	6,331,400	3.1	3,779,922	714,457	596,485	1,287,172	(NA)	(NA)
2000 ³	6,445,100	3.1	3,826,209	723,898	621,149	1,316,333	5,376,300	1,068,800
2001 ³	6,581,700	3.1	3,931,731	732,333	631,240	1,330,007	5,468,900	1,112,800
2002 ³	6,758,800	3.1	4,024,067	750,934	665,475	1,367,547	5,579,500	1,179,300
2003 ^{3, 4}	6,924,500	3.2	4,120,012	769,925	691,301	1,390,279	5,724,200	1,200,300
2004 ³	6,995,100	3.2	4,143,792	771,852	713,990	1,421,345	5,767,300	1,227,800
2005 ³	7,051,900	3.1	4,166,757	780,616	747,529	1,448,344	5,823,200	1,228,700
2006 ⁵	7,181,500	3.2	4,215,361	799,058	766,010	1,492,973	5,885,300	1,296,000
2007 ^{6, 7}	7,328,200	3.2	4,293,163	824,365	780,581	1,512,576	6,027,500	1,300,200

NA Not available. ¹ Totals may not add due to individuals having multiple correctional statuses. ² Estimated. ³ The jail population includes juveniles held as adults. ⁴ Due to changes in reporting, total probation and parole counts include estimated counts for Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, and Washington. ⁵ Illinois did not provide prison or parole data for 2006, therefore, all prison and parole data for Illinois were estimated. ⁶ Illinois and Nevada did not provide prison data for 2007; therefore, all prison data for these states were estimated. ⁷ Oklahoma did not provide probation or parole data for 2007, therefore, all probation and parole data were estimated.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS), Prisoners Inmates at Midyear 2008—Statistical Tables; Jail Inmates at Midyear 2008—Statistical Tables; Probation and Parole in the United States, 2007—Statistical Tables; *Prisoners in 2007*; *Probation and Parole in the United States, 2007*; and *Prisoners in 2006*. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/correct.htm>>.

Table 337. Jail Inmates by Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1990 to 2008

[As of June 30. Data based on the Annual Survey of Jails, a sample survey and subject to sampling variability]

Characteristic	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total inmates ^{1, 2}	405,320	507,044	621,149	713,990	747,529	765,819	780,174	785,556
Incarceration rate per 100,000 residents	163	193	220	243	252	256	259	259
Rated capacity ^{3, 4}	389,171	545,763	677,787	755,603	789,001	794,984	810,543	828,413
Adult	403,019	499,300	613,534	706,907	740,770	759,717	773,341	777,852
Male	365,821	448,000	543,120	619,908	646,807	661,164	673,346	678,677
Female	37,198	51,300	70,414	86,999	93,963	98,552	99,995	99,175
Juveniles ⁵	2,301	7,800	7,615	7,083	6,759	6,102	6,833	7,703
White, non-Hispanic	169,600	203,300	260,500	317,400	331,000	336,500	338,200	333,300
Black, non-Hispanic	172,300	220,600	256,300	275,400	290,500	295,900	301,700	308,000
Hispanic/Latino	58,100	74,400	94,100	108,300	111,900	119,200	125,500	128,500
Other ⁶	5,400	8,800	10,200	12,900	13,000	13,500	13,900	14,000

¹ Total does not include offenders who were supervised outside of jail facilities. ² Race/Hispanic origin data do not include the two or more race data. ³ Beginning 1995, rated capacity subject to sampling error. ⁴ Rated capacity is the number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to facilities within each jurisdiction. ⁵ Juveniles are persons held under the age of 18. Includes juveniles who were tried or awaiting trial as adults. ⁶ Excludes persons of Hispanic or Latino origin. Includes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, and Pacific Islanders.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, Jail Inmates at Midyear, Series NCJ 2221945 and NCJ 225709 annual. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/jails.htm>>.

Table 338. Prisoners Under Federal or State Jurisdiction by Sex: 1980 to 2007

[Prisoners, as of **December 31**. Includes all persons under jurisdiction of federal and state authorities rather than those in the custody of such authorities. Represents inmates sentenced to maximum term of more than a year]

Year	Total ¹	Rate ²	State	Male	Female	Year	Total ¹	Rate ²	State	Male	Female
1980 . . .	315,974	139	295,363	303,643	12,331	1997 . . .	1,195,498	445	1,100,511	1,121,663	73,835
1985 . . .	480,568	202	447,873	459,223	21,345	1998 . . .	1,245,402	461	1,141,720	1,167,802	77,600
1988 . . .	603,732	247	560,994	573,587	30,145	1999 . . .	1,304,074	476	1,189,799	1,221,611	82,463
1989 . . .	680,907	276	633,739	643,643	37,264	2000 . . .	1,331,278	³ 470	1,204,323	1,246,234	85,044
1990 . . .	739,980	297	689,577	699,416	40,564	2001 . . .	1,345,217	470	1,208,708	1,260,033	85,184
1991 . . .	789,610	313	732,914	745,808	43,802	2002 . . .	1,380,516	476	1,237,476	1,291,450	89,066
1992 . . .	846,277	332	780,571	799,776	46,501	2003 . . .	1,408,361	482	1,256,442	1,315,790	92,571
1993 . . .	932,074	359	857,675	878,037	54,037	2004 . . .	1,433,728	486	1,274,591	1,337,730	95,998
1994 . . .	1,016,691	389	936,896	956,566	60,125	2005 . . .	1,462,866	491	1,296,693	1,364,178	98,688
1995 . . .	1,085,022	411	1,001,359	1,021,059	63,963	2006 . . .	1,504,660	501	1,331,127	1,401,317	103,343
1996 . . .	1,137,722	427	1,048,907	1,068,123	69,599	2007 . . .	1,532,817	506	1,353,613	1,427,282	105,535

¹ Includes prisoners under the legal authority of state or federal correctional officials. ² Rate per 100,000 estimated population. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population. ³ Decrease in incarceration rate from 1999 to 2000 due to use of new Census numbers.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in 2007*, Series NCJ 224280, annual. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/p07.htm>>.

Table 339. Prisoners Under Sentence of Death by Characteristic: 1980 to 2007

[As of December 31. Excludes prisoners under sentence of death who remained within local correctional systems pending exhaustion of appellate process or who had not been committed to prison]

Characteristic	1980	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total ^{1, 2}	688	2,346	3,064	3,540	3,601	3,577	3,562	3,377	3,320	3,245	3,233	3,220
White	418	1,368	1,732	1,960	1,989	1,968	1,939	1,882	1,856	1,802	1,806	1,804
Black and other	270	978	1,332	1,580	1,612	1,609	1,623	1,495	1,464	1,443	1,427	1,416
Under 20 years old	11	8	20	16	11	4	4	1	1	—	—	1
20 to 24 years old	173	168	264	251	237	192	153	133	95	61	51	42
25 to 34 years old	334	1,110	1,068	1,108	1,103	1,099	1,058	965	896	816	735	680
35 to 54 years old	186	1,006	1,583	1,958	2,019	2,043	2,069	1,969	1,977	2,012	2,043	2,060
55 years old and over	10	64	119	194	223	243	273	306	345	365	399	437
Years of school completed:												
7 years or less	68	178	191	201	214	212	215	213	207	192	186	183
8 years	74	186	195	221	233	236	234	227	221	206	195	189
9 to 11 years	204	775	979	1,142	1,157	1,145	1,130	1,073	1,053	1,030	1,015	989
12 years	162	729	995	1,157	1,184	1,183	1,173	1,108	1,091	1,105	1,098	1,089
More than 12 years	43	209	272	307	315	304	294	270	262	256	248	248
Unknown	163	279	422	499	490	501	511	483	480	465	486	522
Marital status:												
Never married	268	998	1,412	1,689	1,749	1,763	1,746	1,641	1,622	1,586	1,577	1,558
Married	229	632	718	731	739	716	709	684	658	649	626	635
Divorced ³	217	726	924	1,107	1,105	1,102	1,102	1,049	1,034	1,019	1,025	1,027
Time elapsed since sentencing:												
Less than 12 months	185	231	287	259	208	151	147	137	117	122	105	110
12 to 47 months	389	753	784	800	786	734	609	495	421	399	382	352
48 to 71 months	102	438	423	499	507	476	468	451	388	299	262	262
72 months and over	38	934	1,560	1,969	2,092	2,220	2,333	2,291	2,388	2,434	2,479	2,496
Legal status at arrest:												
Not under sentence	384	1,345	1,764	2,088	2,202	2,189	2,165	2,048	2,026	1,979	1,952	1,963
Parole or probation ⁴	115	578	866	886	921	918	909	845	809	792	778	760
Prison or escaped	45	128	110	125	126	135	141	137	145	144	142	143
Unknown	170	305	314	428	344	339	342	344	334	339	356	354

— Represents zero. ¹ Revisions to the total number of prisoners were not carried to the characteristics except for race. ² Includes races not shown separately. ³ Includes persons married but separated, widows, widowers, and unknown. ⁴ Includes prisoners on mandatory conditional release, work release, other leave, AWOL or bail. Covers 28 prisoners in 1990; 33 in 1995; 26 in 1998; 21 in 1999 and 2000; 17 in 2001, 2002, and 2003; 15 in 2004; and 14 in 2005, 2006, and 2007.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment*, Series NCJ 224528, annual. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/cp.htm#publications>>.

Table 340. Prisoners Executed Under Civil Authority by Sex and Race: 1930 to 2008

[Excludes executions by military authorities]

Year or period	Total ¹	Male	Female	White	Black	Executed for murder		
						Total ¹	White	Black
All years, 1930–2008 . .	4,995	4,952	43	2,479	2,459	4,470	2,392	2,023
1960 to 1967	191	190	1	98	93	155	87	68
1968 to 1976	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1977 to 2008	1,136	1,125	11	728	393	1,136	728	393
1985	18	18	—	11	7	18	11	7
1990	23	23	—	16	7	23	16	7
1995	56	56	—	33	22	56	33	22
1996	45	45	—	31	14	45	31	14
1997	74	74	—	45	27	74	45	27
1998	68	66	2	48	18	68	48	18
1999	98	98	—	61	33	98	61	33
2000	85	83	2	49	35	85	49	35
2001	66	63	3	48	17	66	48	17
2002	71	69	2	53	18	71	53	18
2003	65	65	—	44	20	65	44	20
2004	59	59	—	39	19	59	39	19
2005	60	59	1	41	19	60	41	19
2006	53	53	—	32	21	53	32	21
2007	42	42	—	28	14	42	28	14
2008	37	37	—	20	17	37	20	17

— Represents zero. ¹ Includes races other than White or Black.

Source: Through 1978, U.S. Law Enforcement Assistance Administration; thereafter, U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment*, annual. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cp07.htm>>.

Table 341. Prisoners Executed Under Civil Authority by State: 1977 to 2008

[Alaska, District of Columbia, Hawaii, Iowa, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Jersey, North Dakota, Rhode Island, Vermont, West Virginia, and Wisconsin are jurisdictions without a death penalty]

State	1977 to 2008	2005	2006	2007	2008	State	1977 to 2008	2005	2006	2007	2008	State	1977 to 2008	2005	2006	2007	2008
U.S..	1,136	60	53	42	37	IL	12	—	—	—	—	OH . . .	28	4	5	2	2
AL . . .	38	4	1	3	—	IN	19	5	1	2	—	OK . . .	88	4	4	3	2
AZ . . .	23	—	—	1	—	KY . . .	3	—	—	—	1	OR . . .	2	—	—	—	—
AR . . .	27	1	—	—	—	LA . . .	27	—	—	—	—	PA . . .	3	—	—	—	—
CA . . .	13	2	1	—	—	MD . . .	5	1	—	—	—	SC . . .	40	3	1	1	3
CO . . .	1	—	—	—	—	MS . . .	10	1	1	—	2	SD . . .	1	—	—	1	—
CT . . .	1	1	—	—	—	MO . . .	66	5	—	—	—	TN . . .	4	—	1	2	—
DE . . .	14	1	—	—	—	MT . . .	3	—	1	—	—	TX . . .	423	19	24	26	18
FL . . .	66	1	4	—	2	NE . . .	3	—	—	—	—	UT . . .	6	—	—	—	—
GA . . .	43	3	—	1	3	NV . . .	12	—	1	—	—	VA . . .	102	—	4	—	4
ID . . .	1	—	—	—	—	NM . . .	1	—	—	—	—	WA . . .	4	—	—	—	—
						NC . . .	43	5	4	—	—	WY . . .	1	—	—	—	—

— Represents zero.

Source: Through 1978, U.S. Law Enforcement Assistance Administration; thereafter, U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment*, 2007, Series NCJ 224528, annual. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/cp.htm>>.

Table 342. Fire Losses—Total and Per Capita: 1980 to 2007

[5,579 represents \$5,579,000,000. Includes allowance for uninsured and unreported losses but excludes losses to government property and forests. Represents incurred losses]

Year	Total (mil. dol.)	Per capita ¹ (dol.)	Year	Total (mil. dol.)	Per capita ¹ (dol.)	Year	Total (mil. dol.)	Per capita ¹ (dol.)
1980	5,579	24.56	1992	13,588	53.28	2000	13,457	³ 47.69
1985	7,753	32.70	1993	11,331	43.96	2001	17,118	³ 60.04
1986	8,488	35.21	1994	12,778	49.08	2002	17,586	³ 61.09
1987	8,504	34.96	1995	11,887	45.23	2003	21,129	³ 72.75
1988	9,626	39.11	1996	12,544	47.29	2004	17,344	³ 59.16
1989	9,514	38.33	1997	12,940	48.32	2005	20,427	³ 69.03
1990	9,495	38.07	1998	11,510	45.59	2006	³ 20,340	³ 68.08
1991	11,302	44.82	1999	12,428	45.58	2007	22,680	³ 74.95

¹ Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. Enumerated population as of April 1 for 1980, 1990, and 2000. ² Does not include insured fire losses related to terrorism. ³ Data have been revised.

Source: Insurance Information Institute, New York, NY. The III Insurance Fact Book, annual; and Financial Services Fact Book, annual (copyright). Data from ISO and Highline Data LLC. See also <<http://www.iii.org>>.

Table 343. The U.S. Fire Service: Departments and Personnel: 1990 to 2007

[(In thousands 1,025.7 represents 1,025,700.) A fire department is a public or private organization that provides fire prevention, fire suppression, and associated emergency and non-emergency services to a jurisdiction such as a county, municipality, or organized fire district. For 2007, there are an estimated 30,185 fire departments in the United States. These fire departments have an estimated 51,950 fire stations, 68,050 pumpers, 6,750 aerial apparatus and 74,350 other suppression vehicles. A fire department responds to a fire every 20 seconds]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Fire departments									
Total	30,391	31,197	30,339	30,310	30,542	30,400	30,300	30,635	30,185
All career	1,949	1,831	2,178	2,044	2,018	1,917	2,087	2,321	2,263
Mostly career	1,338	1,660	1,667	1,480	1,582	1,242	1,766	1,731	1,765
Mostly volunteer	4,000	4,581	4,523	4,886	5,271	4,084	4,902	5,134	4,989
All volunteer	23,104	23,125	21,971	21,900	21,671	23,157	21,575	21,449	21,168
Fire Department personnel (1,000)	1,025.7	1,098.9	1,064.2	1,108.3	1,096.9	1,100.8	1,136.7	1,140.9	1,148.8
Career ¹	253.0	260.9	286.8	291.7	296.9	305.2	313.3	317.0	323.4
Volunteer ²	772.7	838.0	777.4	816.6	800.1	795.6	823.7	824.0	825.5

¹ Career firefighters include full-time uniform firefighters regardless of assignment (i.e., suppression, administrative, prevention/inspection, etc.). Career firefighters do not include firefighters who work for the state or federal government or in private fire brigades. ² Volunteer firefighters include any active part-time (call or volunteer) firefighters.

Source: National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA, Annual Fire Department Profile Report, an unpublished NFPA annual report.

Table 344. Fires—Number and Loss by Type and Property Use: 2004 to 2007

[1,550 represents 1,550,000 and property loss of 9,794 represents \$9,794,000,000. Based on annual sample survey of fire departments. No adjustments were made for unreported fires and losses]

Type and property use	Number (1,000)				Direct property loss (mil. dol.) ¹			
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2004	2005	2006	2007
Fires, total.	1,550	1,602	1,642	1,557	9,794	10,672	11,307	14,639
Structure ²	526	511	524	531	8,314	9,193	9,636	10,638
Outside of structure	69	78	82	85	108	93	262	707
Brush and rubbish	514	594	627	561	—	—	—	—
Vehicle	297	290	278	257	1,304	1,318	1,319	1,411
Other	144	129	131	123	68	68	90	³ 1,883
Structure by property use:								
Public assembly	13	13	13	15	316	320	444	498
Educational	7	6	6	6	68	67	105	100
Institutional	6	8	8	7	25	40	42	41
Stores and offices	24	23	20	21	586	687	691	642
Residential	411	396	413	414	5,948	6,875	6,990	7,546
1-2 family units ⁴	302	287	304	300	4,948	5,781	5,936	6,225
Apartments ⁵	94	94	92	99	885	948	896	1,164
Other residential	15	15	17	15	115	146	158	157
Storage ⁵	32	30	29	31	748	590	650	670
Industry, utility, defense ⁶	12	12	12	12	423	376	573	779
Special structures	21	23	23	25	200	238	141	362

— Represents zero. ¹ Direct property damage figures do not include indirect losses, like business interruption, and adjustments for inflation. ² Includes outside storage, crops, timber, etc. ³ Includes California Fire Storm with an estimated \$1.8 billion in property loss. ⁴ Includes mobile homes. ⁵ Includes hotels and motels, college dormitories, boarding houses, etc. ⁶ Data underreported as some incidents were handled by private fire brigades or fixed suppression systems which do not report.

Source: National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA, "2007 U.S. Fire Loss," *NFPA Journal*, September 2008, and prior issues (copyright 2008). See also <<http://www.nfpa.org/categoryList.asp?categoryID=15&URL=Research%20%20Reports>>.

Table 345. Fires and Property Loss for Incendiary and Suspicious Fires and Civilian Fire Deaths and Injuries by Selected Property Type: 2004 to 2007

[526 represents 526,000. Based on sample survey of fire departments]

Characteristic	2004	2005	2006	2007	Characteristic	2004	2005	2006	2007
NUMBER (1,000)					Residential property	3,225	3,055	2,620	2,895
Structure fires, total . .	526	511	524	531	One- and two-family dwellings	2,680	2,575	2,155	2,350
Structure fires that were intentionally set	37	32	31	32	Apartments	510	460	425	515
					Vehicles	550	520	490	385
PROPERTY LOSS ¹ (mil. dol.)					CIVILIAN FIRE INJURIES				
Structure fires, total . .	8,314	9,193	9,636	10,638	Injuries, total ²	17,785	17,925	16,400	17,675
Structure fires that were intentionally set	714	664	775	773	Residential property	14,175	13,825	12,925	14,000
					One- and two-family dwellings	10,500	10,300	8,800	9,650
CIVILIAN FIRE DEATHS					Apartments	3,200	3,000	3,700	3,950
Deaths, total ²	3,900	3,675	3,245	3,430	Vehicles	1,500	1,650	1,200	1,675

¹ Direct property loss only. ² Includes other not shown separately.

Source: National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA, "2007 U.S. Fire Loss," *NFPA Journal*, September 2008, and prior issues (copyright 2008). See also <<http://www.nfpa.org/categoryList.asp?categoryID=15&URL=Research%20&%20Reports>>.