

APPORTIONMENT OF THE U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

INTRODUCTION

The primary reason for the establishment of the decennial census of population is set forth in Article 1, Section 2, of the Constitution. The Constitution provides for an enumeration of the population to serve as the basis for the apportionment of members of the U.S. House of Representatives among the States, with the provision that each State must have at least one Representative. An apportionment has been made on the basis of each census from 1790 to 1990, except following the census of 1920.

Calculation of a Congressional apportionment requires three factors—the apportionment population of each State, the number of Representatives to be allocated among the States, and a method to use for the calculation.

APPORTIONMENT POPULATION

The apportionment population base always has included those persons who have established a residence in the United States. The first Census Act of 1790 established the concept of “usual residence” which has been applied in that and each subsequent census. (See appendix D for further discussion on “Enumeration and Residence Rules” for the 1990 census). Prior to 1870, the population base included the total free population of the States, three-fifths of the number of slaves, and excluded American Indians not taxed.

The 14th Amendment, ratified in 1868, removed the fractional count of the number of slaves from the procedure. In 1940, it was determined that there were no longer any American Indians who should be classed as “not taxed” (39 Op. Att’y. Gen. 518 (1940)).

In 1970 and 1990, certain segments of the overseas population (U.S. Armed Forces personnel, civilian U.S. Federal employees, and dependents of both groups) were allocated to their home States and included in the populations of those States for apportionment purposes only. These segments of the overseas population were not distributed to the political subdivisions of the States, nor included in other 1970 or 1990 census data products.

The 1990 apportionment population counts by State are presented in table A of this text. These counts were transmitted by the Secretary of Commerce to the President on December 26, 1990, and from the President to the Congress on January 3, 1991. The population base for the apportionment of each census is shown in table B of this text. Laws related to the census are codified in the *United States Code, Title 13*.

NUMBER OF REPRESENTATIVES

The Constitution set the number of Representatives at 65 from 1787 until the first enumeration in 1790. The first apportionment, based on the 1790 census, resulted in 105 members. From 1800 through 1840, the number of Representatives was determined by the ratio of the number of persons each was to represent (“fixed ratio”), although the way to handle fractional remainders changed. Therefore, the number of Representatives changed with that ratio, as well as with population growth and the admission of new States.

For the 1850 census and later apportionments, the number of seats was determined prior to the final apportionment (“fixed house size”); and thus, the ratio of persons each was to represent was the result of the calculations. In 1911, the House size was fixed at 433 with provision for the addition of one seat each for Arizona and New Mexico when they became States (U.S. Statutes at Large, 37 Stat 13, 14 (1911)). The House size, 435 members, has been unchanged since, except for a temporary increase to 437 at the time of admission of Alaska and Hawaii as States. The representation by State resulting from each apportionment is shown in table 3.

METHOD OF APPORTIONMENT

It is impossible to attain absolute mathematical equality in terms of the number of persons per Representative, or in the share each person has in a Representative, when seats are to be apportioned among States of varying population size and when there must be a whole number of Representatives per State. Proportional voting (fractional seats) has never been attempted in the U.S. House of Representatives. Laws concerning the method of apportionment are codified in the *United States Code, Title 2*.

Since the first apportionment following the 1790 census, there have been five basic methods used to apportion the House of Representatives.

1790 to 1830—The “Jefferson method” of greatest divisors (fixed ratio with rejected fractional remainders). Under this method, a ratio of persons to Representatives was selected; the population of each State was divided by that number of persons. The resulting whole number of the quotient was the number of Representatives each State received. Fractional remainders were not considered, no matter how large. Thus a State with a quotient of 3.99 received three

Representatives, the same number as a State with a quotient of 3.01. The size of the House of Representatives was not predetermined, but resulted from the calculation.

1840—The “Webster method” of major fractions (fixed ratio with retained major fractional remainders). This method was applied in the same way as the Jefferson method, except if a fractional remainder were greater than one-half, another seat would be assigned. Thus a State with a quotient of 3.51 received four Representatives, while a State with a quotient of 3.49 received three. In this method also, the size of the House of Representatives was not predetermined but resulted from the calculation.

1850-1900—The “Vinton” or “Hamilton” method established a predetermined number of Representatives for each apportionment, and divided the population of each State by a ratio determined by dividing the apportionment population of the United States by the total number of Representatives. The resulting whole number was assigned to each State, with an additional seat assigned, one at a time, to the States with the largest fractional remainders, up to the predetermined size of the House of Representatives. This method was subject to the “Alabama paradox,” in which a State could receive fewer representatives if the size of the House of Representatives was increased.

1910, 1930—The method of major fractions assigned seats similarly to the Webster method of 1840 by rounding fractional remainders using the arithmetic mean. The ratio was selected so that the result would be the predetermined size of the House of Representatives. In 1910, the House size was fixed at 433 with provision for the addition of one seat each for Arizona and New Mexico when they became States.

1940-1990—The “Hill” method of equal proportions assigns seats similarly to the Jefferson and Webster method, except it rounds fractional remainders of the quotient of the State population divided by the ratio differently. With this method an additional seat is assigned if the fraction exceeds the difference obtained by subtracting the integer part of the quotient from the geometric mean of this integer and the next consecutive integer. For example, a State with a quotient of 3.48 receives four Representatives, while a State with a quotient of 3.45 receives three Representatives, since $.48 > \sqrt{3 \times 4} - 3 > .45$. The size of the House of Representatives remained fixed at 435 (except when Alaska and Hawaii became States, there was a temporary addition of one seat for each until the apportionment following the 1960 census).

Following the 1990 census, two lawsuits concerning apportionment issues were filed in Federal Courts. The U.S. Supreme Court held that the method of equal proportions was constitutional; that the Congress had properly exercised its apportionment authority; and that the inclusion of U.S. Federal military and civilian personnel, and their dependents, in the apportionment populations of the States was constitutional. These cases were *United States Department of Commerce v. Montana* 112 S.Ct. 1415 (1992) and *Franklin v. Massachusetts* 112 S.Ct. 2767 (1992).

Additional information about apportionment of the U.S. House of Representatives may be obtained from the Chief, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-3400.

Table A. Apportionment and Apportionment Population Based on the 1990 Census

States	Size of State delegation	Apportionment population	Resident population	United States population abroad
United States	435	¹ 249,022,783	248,709,873	922,819
Alabama	7	4,062,608	4,040,587	22,021
Alaska	1	551,947	550,043	1,904
Arizona	6	3,677,985	3,665,228	12,757
Arkansas	4	2,362,239	2,350,725	11,514
California	52	29,839,250	29,760,021	79,229
Colorado	6	3,307,912	3,294,394	13,518
Connecticut	6	3,295,669	3,287,116	8,553
Delaware	1	668,696	666,168	2,528
District of Columbia .....	...	...	606,900	3,009
Florida	23	13,003,362	12,937,926	65,436
Georgia	11	6,508,419	6,478,216	30,203
Hawaii	2	1,115,274	1,108,229	7,045
Idaho	2	1,011,986	1,006,749	5,237
Illinois	20	11,466,682	11,430,602	36,080
Indiana	10	5,564,228	5,544,159	20,069
Iowa	5	2,787,424	2,776,755	10,669
Kansas	4	2,485,600	2,477,574	8,026
Kentucky	6	3,698,969	3,685,296	13,673
Louisiana	7	4,238,216	4,219,973	18,243
Maine	2	1,233,223	1,227,928	5,295
Maryland	8	4,798,622	4,781,468	17,154
Massachusetts	10	6,029,051	6,016,425	12,626
Michigan	16	9,328,784	9,295,297	33,487
Minnesota	8	4,387,029	4,375,099	11,930
Mississippi	5	2,586,443	2,573,216	13,227
Missouri	9	5,137,804	5,117,073	20,731
Montana	1	803,655	799,065	4,590
Nebraska	3	1,584,617	1,578,385	6,232
Nevada	2	1,206,152	1,201,833	4,319
New Hampshire	2	1,113,915	1,109,252	4,663
New Jersey	13	7,748,634	7,730,188	18,446
New Mexico	3	1,521,779	1,515,069	6,710
New York	31	18,044,505	17,990,455	54,050
North Carolina	12	6,657,630	6,628,637	28,993
North Dakota	1	641,364	638,800	2,564
Ohio	19	10,887,325	10,847,115	40,210
Oklahoma	6	3,157,604	3,145,585	12,019
Oregon	5	2,853,733	2,842,321	11,412
Pennsylvania	21	11,924,710	11,881,643	43,067
Rhode Island	2	1,005,984	1,003,464	2,520
South Carolina	6	3,505,707	3,486,703	19,004
South Dakota	1	699,999	696,004	3,995
Tennessee	9	4,896,641	4,877,185	19,456
Texas	30	17,059,805	16,986,510	73,295
Utah	3	1,727,784	1,722,850	4,934
Vermont	1	564,964	562,758	2,206
Virginia	11	6,216,568	6,187,358	29,210
Washington	9	4,887,941	4,866,692	21,249
West Virginia	3	1,801,625	1,793,477	8,148
Wisconsin	9	4,906,745	4,891,769	14,976
Wyoming	1	455,975	453,588	2,387

¹The apportionment population does not include the resident or the overseas population for the District of Columbia.

Table B. Population Base for Apportionment and the Number of Representatives Apportioned: 1790 to 1990

Census year	Population base ¹	Number of Representatives ²	Ratio of apportionment population to Representative	Date of apportionment act
1990.....	249,022,783	435	³ 572,466	Nov. 15, 1941
1980.....	225,867,174	435	519,235	Nov. 15, 1941
1970.....	204,053,025	435	⁴ 469,088	Nov. 15, 1941
1960.....	178,559,217	435	410,481	Nov. 15, 1941
1950.....	149,895,183	435	344,587	Nov. 15, 1941
1940.....	131,006,184	435	301,164	Nov. 15, 1941
1930.....	122,093,455	435	280,675	June 18, 1929
1920 ⁵.....	...	435	...	...
1910.....	91,603,772	435	210,583	Aug. 8, 1911
1900.....	74,562,608	386	193,167	Jan. 16, 1901
1890.....	61,908,906	356	173,901	Feb. 7, 1891
1880.....	49,371,340	325	151,912	Feb. 25, 1882
1870.....	38,115,641	292	130,533	⁶ Feb. 2, 1872
1860.....	29,550,038	241	122,614	⁷ May 23, 1850
1850.....	21,766,691	234	93,020	⁸ May 23, 1850
1840.....	15,908,376	223	71,338	June 25, 1842
1830.....	11,930,987	240	49,712	May 22, 1832
1820.....	8,972,396	213	42,124	Mar. 7, 1822
1810.....	6,584,231	181	36,377	Dec. 21, 1811
1800.....	4,879,820	141	34,609	Jan. 14, 1802
1790.....	3,615,823	105	34,436	Apr. 14, 1792
Constitution.....	...	65	⁹ 30,000	1789

¹Excludes the population of District of Columbia; the population of the territories; prior to 1940, the number of American Indians not taxed; and, prior to 1870, two-fifths of the slave population. In 1990 and 1970, includes selected segments of Americans abroad.

²This figure is the actual number of Representatives apportioned at the beginning of each decade.

³Ratio of resident population to Representative in 1990 is 570,352.

⁴Ratio of resident population to Representative in 1970 is 465,468.

⁵No apportionment was made on the basis of the 1920 census.

⁶Amended by act of May 30, 1872.

⁷Amended by act of March 4, 1862.

⁸Amended by act of July 30, 1852.

⁹The minimum ratio of population to Representative, as stated in Article 1, Section 2 of the United States Constitution.

POPULATION AND GEOGRAPHIC CENTERS

INTRODUCTION

For the 1990 census, the Census Bureau has calculated the mean and median centers of population, as well as the geographic center of area, for the United States. These three centers are measures of the central tendency or average location of spatial distributions in much the same manner as a mean or median provides an average value of a univariate distribution of a population's age, or years of school completed.

The mean center of population, traditionally referred to as the center of population, is provided for the 1990 census and each census since 1790. The median center of population is provided for the 1990 census and each census since 1880. The geographic center of area is provided for the 1990 census. Details of the techniques for deriving each of these centers may be obtained from the Chief,

Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-7400.

MEAN CENTER OF POPULATION

The mean center of population is the point at which an imaginary, flat, weightless, and rigid map of the United States would balance if weights of identical value were placed on it so that each weight represented the location of one person on April 1, 1990.

The mean center of population based on the 1990 census results is located at latitude 37 degrees, 52 minutes, and 20 seconds North (37° 52' 20"N) and longitude 91 degrees, 12 minutes, and 55 seconds West (91° 12' 55"W), in Crawford County, Missouri. A commemorative marker is located in Steelville, the Crawford County seat, 9.7 miles northwest of the true center. See table A and the maps on pages IV-9 and IV-10.

Table A. Mean Center of Population of the United States: 1790 to 1990

Census year	North latitude	West longitude	Approximate location
United States:			
1990.....	37° 52' 20"	91° 12' 55"	In Crawford County, MO, 10 miles southeast of Steelville.
1980.....	38° 08' 13"	90° 34' 26"	In Jefferson County, MO, 1/4 mile west of DeSoto.
1970.....	38° 27' 47"	89° 42' 22"	In St. Clair County, IL, 5 miles east-southeast of Mascoutah.
1960.....	38° 35' 58"	89° 12' 35"	In Clinton County, IL, 6-1/2 miles northwest of Centralia.
1950.....	38° 48' 15"	88° 22' 08"	In Clay County, IL, 3 miles northeast of Louisville.
Conterminous United States:¹			
1950.....	38° 50' 21"	88° 09' 33"	In Richland County, IL, 8 miles north-northwest of Olney.
1940.....	38° 56' 54"	87° 22' 35"	In Sullivan County, IN, 2 miles southeast by east of Carlisle.
1930.....	39° 03' 45"	87° 08' 06"	In Greene County, IN, 3 miles northeast of Linton.
1920.....	39° 10' 21"	86° 43' 15"	In Owen County, IN, 8 miles south-southeast of Spencer.
1910.....	39° 10' 12"	86° 32' 20"	In Monroe County, IN, in the city of Bloomington, IN.
1900.....	39° 09' 36"	85° 48' 54"	In Bartholomew County, IN, 6 miles southeast of Columbus, IN.
1890.....	39° 11' 56"	85° 32' 53"	In Decatur County, IN, 20 miles east of Columbus, IN.
1880.....	39° 04' 08"	84° 39' 40"	In Boone County, KY, 8 miles west by south of Cincinnati, OH.
1870.....	39° 12' 00"	83° 35' 42"	In Highland County, OH, 48 miles east by north of Cincinnati.
1860.....	39° 00' 24"	82° 48' 48"	In Pike County, OH, 20 miles south by east of Chillicothe.
1850.....	38° 59' 00"	81° 19' 00"	In Wirt County, WV, 23 miles southeast of Parkersburg. ²
1840.....	39° 02' 00"	80° 18' 00"	In Upshur County, WV, 16 miles south of Clarksburg, WV. Upshur County was formed from parts of Barbour, Lewis, and Randolph Counties in 1851. ²
1830.....	38° 57' 54"	79° 16' 54"	In Grant County, WV, 19 miles west-southwest of Moorefield. Grant County was formed from part of Hardy County in 1866.
1820.....	39° 05' 42"	78° 33' 00"	In Hardy County, WV, 16 miles east of Moorefield, WV. ²
1810.....	39° 11' 30"	77° 37' 12"	In Loudoun County, VA, 40 miles northwest by west of Washington, DC.
1800.....	39° 16' 06"	76° 56' 30"	In Howard County, MD, 18 miles west of Baltimore, MD. Howard County was formed from part of Anne Arundel County, MD, in 1851.
1790.....	39° 16' 30"	76° 11' 12"	In Kent County, MD, 23 miles east of Baltimore, MD.

¹Conterminous United States excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

²West Virginia was set off from Virginia, Dec. 31, 1862, and admitted as a State June 19, 1863.

MEDIAN CENTER OF POPULATION

The median center is located at the intersection of two median lines, a north-south line (a meridian of longitude) constructed so that half of the Nation's population lives east and half lives west of it, and an east-west line (a parallel of latitude) selected so that half of the Nation's population lives north and half lives south of it.

The 1990 census median center of population is located at latitude 38 degrees, 57 minutes, and 55 seconds North (38° 57' 55" N), and longitude 86 degrees, 31 minutes, and 53 seconds West (86° 31' 53" W), in Marshall township, Lawrence County, Indiana, about 14 miles south of Bloomington. See table B and maps on pages IV-9 and IV-11.

GEOGRAPHIC CENTER OF AREA

The geographic center of area is the point at which the surface of the United States would balance if it were a plane of uniform weight per unit of area. That point is located in Butte County, South Dakota, as it has been since the 1960 census, after Alaska and Hawaii became States. The geographic center of the conterminous United States (48 States and the District of Columbia) is located in Smith County, Kansas. See map on page IV-9.

Table B. Median Center of Population of the United States: 1880 to 1990

Census year	North latitude	West longitude
United States:		
1990	38° 57' 55"	86° 31' 53"
1980	39° 18' 60"	86° 08' 15"
1970	39° 47' 43"	85° 31' 43"
1960	39° 56' 25"	85° 16' 60"
1950	40° 00' 12"	85° 02' 21"
Conterminous United States:		
1950	40° 00' 12"	84° 56' 51"
1940	40° 04' 18"	84° 40' 11"
1930	40° 11' 52"	84° 36' 35"
1920	40° 11' 52"	84° 43' 60"
1910	40° 07' 33"	85° 02' 00"
1900	40° 03' 32"	84° 49' 01"
1890	40° 02' 51"	84° 40' 01"
1880	39° 57' 00"	84° 07' 12"

Table 2. Population, Housing Units, Area Measurements, and Density: 1790 to 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." Density is computed using land area. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

United States	Population			Housing units			Area measurements				Density			
	Total	Change from preceding census		Total	Change from preceding census		Total area		Land area		Population per—		Housing units per—	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometers	Square miles	Square kilometer	Square mile	Square kilometer	Square mile
1990 (Apr. 1) -----	248 709 873	22 167 674	9.8	102 263 678	13 853 051	15.7	9 809 155	3 787 319	9 159 116	3 536 338	27.2	70.3	11.2	28.9
1980 (Apr. 1) -----	226 542 199	23 240 168	11.4	88 410 627	19 706 312	28.7	9 372 614	3 618 770	9 166 759	3 539 289	24.7	64.0	9.6	25.0
1970 (Apr. 1) -----	203 302 031	23 978 856	13.4	68 704 315	10 377 958	17.8	9 372 614	3 618 770	9 160 454	3 536 855	22.2	57.5	7.5	19.4
1960 (Apr. 1) -----	179 323 175	27 997 377	18.5	58 326 357	12 189 281	26.4	9 372 614	3 618 770	9 170 959	3 540 911	19.6	50.6	6.4	16.5
1950 (Apr. 1) -----	151 325 798	19 161 229	14.5	46 137 076	8 698 362	23.2	9 372 614	3 618 770	9 200 214	3 552 206	16.4	42.6	5.0	13.0
1940 (Apr. 1) -----	132 164 569	8 961 945	7.3	37 438 714	...	...	9 372 614	3 618 770	9 206 435	3 554 608	14.4	37.2	4.1	10.5
1930 (Apr. 1) -----	123 202 624	17 181 087	16.2	...	...	...	9 372 614	3 618 770	9 198 665	3 551 608	13.4	34.7	...	...
1920 (Jan. 1) -----	106 021 537	13 793 041	15.0	...	...	...	9 372 614	3 618 770	9 186 551	3 546 931	11.5	29.9	...	...
1910 (Apr. 15) -----	92 228 496	16 016 328	21.0	...	...	...	9 372 614	3 618 770	9 186 847	3 547 045	10.0	26.0	...	...
1900 (June 1) -----	76 212 168	13 232 402	21.0	...	...	...	9 372 614	3 618 770	9 187 543	3 547 314	8.3	21.5	...	...
1890 (June 1) -----	62 979 766	12 790 557	25.5	...	...	...	9 355 854	3 612 299	9 170 426	3 540 705	6.9	17.8	...	...
1880 (June 1) -----	50 189 209	11 630 838	30.2	...	...	...	9 355 854	3 612 299	9 170 426	3 540 705	5.5	14.2	...	...
1870 (June 1) -----	38 558 371	7 115 050	22.6	...	...	...	9 355 854	3 612 299	9 170 426	3 540 705	4.2	10.9	...	...
1860 (June 1) -----	31 443 321	8 251 445	35.6	...	...	...	7 825 154	3 021 295	7 691 368	2 969 640	4.1	10.6	...	...
1850 (June 1) -----	23 191 876	6 122 423	35.9	...	...	...	7 748 386	2 991 655	7 614 709	2 940 042	3.0	7.9	...	...
1840 (June 1) -----	17 069 453	4 203 433	32.7	...	...	...	4 642 710	1 792 552	4 531 107	1 749 462	3.8	9.8	...	...
1830 (June 1) -----	12 866 020	3 227 567	33.5	...	...	...	4 642 710	1 792 552	4 531 107	1 749 462	2.8	7.4	...	...
1820 (Aug. 7) -----	9 638 453	2 398 572	33.1	...	...	...	4 642 710	1 792 552	4 531 107	1 749 462	2.1	5.5	...	...
1810 (Aug. 6) -----	7 239 881	1 931 398	36.4	...	...	...	4 461 754	1 722 685	4 355 935	1 681 828	1.7	4.3	...	...
1800 (Aug. 4) -----	5 308 483	1 379 269	35.1	...	...	...	2 308 633	891 364	2 239 692	864 746	2.4	6.1	...	...
1790 (Aug. 2) -----	3 929 214	...	...	...	...	...	2 308 633	891 364	2 239 692	864 746	1.8	4.5	...	...

2 UNITED STATES SUMMARY

POPULATION AND HOUSING UNIT COUNTS

Table 3. Apportionment of Membership of the House of Representatives: 1789 to 1990

[Includes Representatives assigned to newly admitted States after the apportionment acts as follows: 1790, 1; 1800, 1; 1810, 5; 1830, 2; 1840, 9; 1850, 3; 1860, 2; 1870, 1; 1880, 7; 1890, 1; 1900, 5; and 1950, 2. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

United States Region and Division State	1990	1980	1970	1960	1950	1940	1930	1920	1910	1900	1890
United States	435	435	435	435	437	435	435	435	435	391	357
REGION AND DIVISION											
Northeast	88	95	104	108	115	120	122	123	123	108	99
New England	23	24	25	25	28	28	29	32	32	29	27
Middle Atlantic	65	71	79	83	87	92	93	91	91	79	72
Midwest	105	113	121	125	129	131	137	143	143	136	128
East North Central	74	80	86	88	87	87	90	86	86	82	78
West North Central	31	33	35	37	42	44	47	57	57	54	50
South	149	142	134	133	134	135	133	136	136	126	112
South Atlantic	75	69	65	63	60	56	54	56	56	53	50
East South Central	27	28	27	29	32	35	34	39	39	38	37
West South Central	47	45	42	41	42	44	45	41	41	35	25
West	93	85	76	69	59	49	43	33	33	21	18
Mountain	24	24	19	17	16	16	14	14	14	8	7
Pacific	69	61	57	52	43	33	29	19	19	13	11
STATE											
New England	23	24	25	25	28	28	29	32	32	29	27
Maine	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
New Hampshire	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Vermont	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Massachusetts	10	11	12	12	14	14	15	16	16	14	13
Rhode Island	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	2
Connecticut	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	4
Middle Atlantic	65	71	79	83	87	92	93	91	91	79	72
New York	31	34	39	41	43	45	45	43	43	37	34
New Jersey	13	14	15	15	14	14	14	12	12	10	8
Pennsylvania	21	23	25	27	30	33	34	36	36	32	30
East North Central	74	80	86	88	87	87	90	86	86	82	78
Ohio	19	21	23	24	23	23	24	22	22	21	21
Indiana	10	10	11	11	11	11	12	13	13	13	13
Illinois	20	22	24	24	25	26	27	27	27	25	22
Michigan	16	18	19	19	18	17	17	13	13	12	12
Wisconsin	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	10
West North Central	31	33	35	37	42	44	47	57	57	54	50
Minnesota	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	10	10	9	7
Iowa	5	6	6	7	8	8	9	11	11	11	11
Missouri	9	9	10	10	11	13	13	16	16	16	15
North Dakota	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	1
South Dakota	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	2
Nebraska	3	3	3	3	4	4	5	6	6	6	6
Kansas	4	5	5	5	6	6	7	8	8	8	8
South Atlantic	75	69	65	63	60	56	54	56	56	53	50
Delaware	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Maryland	8	8	8	8	7	6	6	6	6	6	6
District of Columbia .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Virginia	11	10	10	10	10	9	9	10	10	10	10
West Virginia	3	4	4	5	6	6	6	6	6	4	4
North Carolina	12	11	11	11	12	12	11	10	10	10	9
South Carolina	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7
Georgia	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	12	12	11	11
Florida	23	19	15	12	8	6	5	4	4	3	2
East South Central	27	28	27	29	32	35	34	39	39	38	37
Kentucky	6	7	7	7	8	9	9	11	11	11	11
Tennessee	9	9	8	9	9	10	9	10	10	10	10
Alabama	7	7	7	8	9	9	9	10	10	9	9
Mississippi	5	5	5	5	6	7	7	8	8	8	7
West South Central	47	45	42	41	42	44	45	41	41	35	25
Arkansas	4	4	4	4	6	7	7	7	7	7	6
Louisiana	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	6
Oklahoma	6	6	6	6	6	8	9	8	8	5	...
Texas	30	27	24	23	22	21	21	18	18	16	13
Mountain	24	24	19	17	16	16	14	14	14	8	7
Montana	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Idaho	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Wyoming	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colorado	6	6	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	2
New Mexico	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	...	...
Arizona	6	5	4	3	2	2	1	1	1	...	...
Utah	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Nevada	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pacific	69	61	57	52	43	33	29	19	19	13	11
Washington	9	8	7	7	7	6	6	5	5	3	2
Oregon	5	5	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	2	2
California	52	45	43	38	30	23	20	11	11	8	7
Alaska	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hawaii	2	2	2	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

Table 3. Apportionment of Membership of the House of Representatives: 1789 to 1990 —Con.

[Includes Representatives assigned to newly admitted States after the apportionment acts as follows: 1790, 1; 1800, 1; 1810, 5; 1830, 2; 1840, 9; 1850, 3; 1860, 2; 1870, 1; 1880, 7; 1890, 1; 1900, 5; and 1950, 2. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

United States Region and Division State	1880	1870	1860	1850	1840	1830	1820	1810	1800	1790	1789
United States -----	332	293	243	237	232	242	213	186	142	106	65
REGION AND DIVISION											
Northeast -----	95	95	87	92	94	112	105	97	76	57	35
New England -----	26	28	27	29	31	38	39	41	35	29	17
Middle Atlantic -----	69	67	60	63	63	74	66	56	41	28	18
Midwest -----	117	98	75	59	50	32	19	8	1	...	...
East North Central -----	74	69	56	48	43	30	18	8	1	...	...
West North Central -----	43	29	19	11	7	2	1	...	...	...	...
South -----	107	93	76	83	86	98	89	81	65	49	30
South Atlantic -----	49	43	36	43	47	61	61	62	56	46	30
East South Central -----	36	34	28	32	32	33	25	18	9	3	...
West South Central -----	22	16	12	8	7	4	3	1	...	...	...
West -----	13	7	5	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mountain -----	5	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pacific -----	8	5	4	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
STATE											
New England -----	26	28	27	29	31	38	39	41	35	29	17
Maine -----	4	5	5	6	7	8	7	...	...	...	...
New Hampshire -----	2	3	3	3	4	5	6	6	5	4	3
Vermont -----	2	3	3	3	4	5	5	6	4	2	...
Massachusetts -----	12	11	10	11	10	12	13	20	17	14	8
Rhode Island -----	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Connecticut -----	4	4	4	4	4	6	6	7	7	7	5
Middle Atlantic -----	69	67	60	63	63	74	66	56	41	28	18
New York -----	34	33	31	33	34	40	34	27	17	10	6
New Jersey -----	7	7	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	5	4
Pennsylvania -----	28	27	24	25	24	28	26	23	18	13	8
East North Central -----	74	69	56	48	43	30	18	8	1	...	...
Ohio -----	21	20	19	21	21	19	14	6	1	...	...
Indiana -----	13	13	11	11	10	7	3	1	...	...	...
Illinois -----	20	19	14	9	7	3	1	...	...	...	...
Michigan -----	11	9	6	4	3	1	...	...	...	...	...
Wisconsin -----	9	8	6	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
West North Central -----	43	29	19	11	7	2	1	...	...	...	...
Minnesota -----	5	3	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Iowa -----	11	9	6	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Missouri -----	14	13	9	7	5	2	1	...	...	...	...
North Dakota -----	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
South Dakota -----	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nebraska -----	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kansas -----	7	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
South Atlantic -----	49	43	36	43	47	61	61	62	56	46	30
Delaware -----	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1
Maryland -----	6	6	5	6	6	8	9	9	9	8	6
District of Columbia -----	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Virginia -----	10	9	11	13	15	21	22	23	22	19	10
West Virginia -----	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
North Carolina -----	9	8	7	8	9	13	13	13	12	10	5
South Carolina -----	7	5	4	6	7	9	9	9	8	6	5
Georgia -----	10	9	7	8	8	9	7	6	4	2	3
Florida -----	2	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East South Central -----	36	34	28	32	32	33	25	18	9	3	...
Kentucky -----	11	10	9	10	10	13	12	10	6	2	...
Tennessee -----	10	10	8	10	11	13	9	6	3	1	...
Alabama -----	8	8	6	7	7	5	3	1	...	...	...
Mississippi -----	7	6	5	5	4	2	1	1	...	...	...
West South Central -----	22	16	12	8	7	4	3	1	...	...	...
Arkansas -----	5	4	3	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
Louisiana -----	6	6	5	4	4	3	3	1	...	...	...
Oklahoma -----	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Texas -----	11	6	4	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mountain -----	5	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Montana -----	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Idaho -----	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wyoming -----	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colorado -----	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New Mexico -----	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arizona -----	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Utah -----	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nevada -----	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pacific -----	8	5	4	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Washington -----	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oregon -----	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
California -----	6	4	3	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Alaska -----	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hawaii -----	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Table 4. Population: 1790 to 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

United States Urban and Rural	United States			Urban				Rural			Percent of total population	
	Total population	Change from preceding census		Number of places of 2,500 or more	Change from preceding census		Population	Change from preceding census		Urban	Rural	
		Population	Percent		Population	Percent		Population	Percent			
Current urban definition:												
1990 (Apr. 1) -----	248 709 873	22 167 674	9.8	8 510	187 053 487	20 002 495	12.0	61 656 386	2 161 573	3.6	75.2	24.8
1980 (Apr. 1) -----	r226 542 199	23 240 168	11.4	7 749	167 050 992	17 404 375	11.6	59 494 813	5 929 504	11.1	73.7	26.3
1970 (Apr. 1) -----	203 302 031	23 978 856	13.4	r6 433	r149 646 617	24 377 867	19.5	r53 565 309	-489 116	-9	73.6	26.3
1960 (Apr. 1) -----	179 323 175	27 997 377	18.5	5 445	125 268 750	28 421 933	29.3	54 045 425	-424 556	-8	69.9	30.1
1950 (Apr. 1) -----	151 325 798	19 161 229	14.5	4 307	96 846 817	...	...	54 478 981	...	...	64.0	36.0
Previous urban definition:												
1960 (Apr. 1) -----	179 323 175	27 997 377	18.5	5 023	113 063 593	22 935 399	25.4	66 259 582	5 061 978	8.3	63.1	36.9
1950 (Apr. 1) -----	151 325 798	19 161 229	14.5	4 077	90 128 194	15 422 856	20.6	61 197 604	3 738 373	6.5	59.6	40.4
1940 (Apr. 1) -----	132 164 569	8 961 945	7.3	3 485	74 705 338	5 544 739	8.0	57 459 231	3 417 206	6.3	56.5	43.5
1930 (Apr. 1) -----	123 202 624	17 181 087	16.2	3 183	69 160 599	14 907 317	27.5	54 042 025	2 273 770	4.4	56.1	43.9
1920 (Jan. 1) -----	106 021 537	13 793 041	15.0	2 728	54 253 282	12 189 281	29.0	51 768 255	1 603 760	3.2	51.2	48.8
1910 (Apr. 15) -----	92 228 496	16 016 328	21.0	2 269	42 064 001	11 849 169	39.2	50 164 495	4 176 159	9.1	45.6	54.4
1900 (June 1) -----	76 212 168	13 232 402	21.0	1 743	30 214 832	8 108 567	36.7	45 997 336	5 123 835	12.5	39.6	60.4
1890 (June 1) -----	62 979 766	12 790 557	25.5	1 351	22 106 265	7 976 530	56.5	40 873 501	4 814 027	13.4	35.1	64.9
1880 (June 1) -----	50 189 209	11 630 838	30.2	940	14 129 735	4 227 374	42.7	36 059 474	7 403 464	25.8	28.2	71.8
1870 (June 1) -----	38 558 371	7 115 050	22.6	663	9 902 361	3 685 843	59.3	28 656 010	3 429 207	13.6	25.7	74.3
1860 (June 1) -----	31 443 321	8 251 445	35.6	392	6 216 518	2 642 022	73.9	25 226 803	5 609 423	28.6	19.8	80.2
1850 (June 1) -----	23 191 876	6 128 523	35.9	r237	r3 574 496	1 729 441	93.7	r19 617 380	4 399 082	28.9	15.4	84.6
1840 (June 1) -----	17 063 353	4 202 651	32.7	131	1 845 055	717 808	63.7	15 218 298	3 484 843	29.7	10.8	89.2
1830 (June 1) -----	12 860 702	3 222 249	33.4	90	1 127 247	433 992	62.6	11 733 455	2 788 257	31.2	8.8	91.2
1820 (Aug. 7) -----	9 638 453	2 398 572	33.1	61	693 255	167 796	31.9	8 945 198	2 230 776	33.2	7.2	92.8
1810 (Aug. 6) -----	7 239 881	1 931 398	36.4	46	525 459	203 088	63.0	6 714 422	1 728 310	34.7	7.3	92.7
1800 (Aug. 4) -----	5 308 483	1 379 269	35.1	33	322 371	120 716	59.9	4 986 112	1 258 553	33.8	6.1	93.9
1790 (Aug. 2) -----	3 929 214	...	...	24	201 655	...	...	3 727 559	...	...	5.1	94.9

Table 16. Population: 1790 to 1990

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

United States Region and Division State	1990	1980	1970	1960	1950	1940	1930	1920	1910	1900
United States	248 709 873	r26 542 199	203 302 031	179 323 175	151 325 798	132 164 569	123 202 624	106 021 537	92 228 496	76 212 168
REGION AND DIVISION										
Northeast	50 809 229	r49 136 816	49 060 514	44 677 819	39 477 986	35 976 777	34 427 091	29 662 053	25 868 573	21 046 695
New England	13 206 943	r12 348 920	11 847 245	10 509 367	9 314 453	8 437 290	8 166 341	7 400 909	6 552 681	5 592 017
Middle Atlantic	37 602 286	r36 787 896	37 213 269	34 168 452	30 163 533	27 539 487	26 260 750	22 261 144	19 315 892	15 454 678
Midwest	59 668 632	r58 866 998	56 590 294	51 619 139	44 460 762	40 143 332	38 594 100	34 019 792	29 888 542	26 333 004
East North Central	42 008 942	r41 682 908	40 262 747	36 225 024	30 399 368	26 626 342	25 297 185	21 475 543	18 250 621	15 985 581
West North Central	17 659 690	r17 184 090	16 327 547	15 394 115	14 061 394	13 516 990	13 296 915	12 544 249	11 637 921	10 347 423
South	85 445 930	r75 367 068	62 812 980	54 973 113	47 197 088	41 665 901	37 857 633	33 125 803	29 389 330	24 523 527
South Atlantic	43 566 853	r36 957 453	30 678 826	25 971 732	21 182 335	17 823 151	15 793 589	13 990 272	12 194 895	10 443 480
East South Central	15 176 284	r14 666 142	12 808 077	12 050 126	11 477 181	10 778 225	9 887 214	8 893 307	8 409 901	7 547 757
West South Central	26 702 793	r23 743 473	19 326 077	16 951 255	14 537 572	13 064 525	12 176 830	10 242 224	8 784 534	6 532 290
West	52 786 082	r43 171 317	34 838 243	28 053 104	20 189 962	14 378 559	12 323 800	9 213 889	7 082 051	4 308 942
Mountain	13 658 776	r11 371 502	8 289 901	6 855 060	5 074 998	4 150 003	3 701 789	3 336 101	2 633 517	1 985 581
Pacific	39 127 306	r31 799 815	26 548 342	21 198 044	15 114 964	10 228 556	8 622 011	5 877 788	4 448 534	2 634 285
STATE										
New England	13 206 943	r12 348 920	11 847 245	10 509 367	9 314 453	8 437 290	8 166 341	7 400 909	6 552 681	5 592 017
Maine	1 227 928	r1 125 043	993 722	969 265	913 774	847 226	797 423	768 014	742 371	694 466
New Hampshire	1 109 252	r1 020 610	737 681	606 921	533 242	491 524	465 293	443 083	430 572	411 588
Vermont	562 758	r511 456	444 732	389 881	377 747	359 231	359 611	352 428	355 956	343 641
Massachusetts	6 016 425	r5 737 093	5 689 170	5 148 578	4 690 514	4 316 721	4 249 614	3 852 356	3 366 416	2 805 346
Rhode Island	1 003 464	r947 154	949 723	859 488	791 896	713 346	687 497	604 397	542 610	428 556
Connecticut	3 287 116	r3 107 564	3 032 217	2 535 234	2 007 280	1 709 242	1 606 903	1 380 631	1 114 756	908 420
Middle Atlantic	37 602 286	r36 787 896	37 213 269	34 168 452	30 163 533	27 539 487	26 260 750	22 261 144	19 315 892	15 454 678
New York	17 990 455	r17 558 165	18 241 391	16 782 304	14 830 192	13 479 142	12 588 066	10 385 227	9 113 614	7 268 894
New Jersey	7 730 188	r7 365 011	7 171 112	6 066 782	4 835 329	4 160 165	4 041 334	3 155 900	2 537 167	1 883 669
Pennsylvania	11 881 643	r11 864 720	11 800 766	11 319 366	10 498 012	9 900 180	9 631 350	8 720 017	7 665 111	6 302 115
East North Central	42 008 942	r41 682 908	40 262 747	36 225 024	30 399 368	26 626 342	25 297 185	21 475 543	18 250 621	15 985 581
Ohio	10 847 115	r10 797 603	10 657 423	9 706 397	7 946 627	6 907 612	6 646 697	5 759 394	4 767 121	4 157 545
Indiana	5 544 159	r5 490 210	5 195 392	4 662 498	3 934 224	3 427 796	3 238 503	2 930 390	2 700 876	2 516 462
Illinois	11 430 602	r11 427 409	11 110 285	10 081 158	8 712 176	7 897 241	7 630 854	6 485 280	5 638 591	4 821 550
Michigan	9 295 297	r9 262 044	8 881 826	7 823 194	6 371 766	5 256 106	4 842 325	3 668 412	2 810 173	2 426 282
Wisconsin	4 891 769	r4 705 642	4 417 821	3 951 777	3 434 575	3 137 587	2 939 006	2 632 067	2 333 860	2 069 042
West North Central	17 659 690	r17 184 090	16 327 547	15 394 115	14 061 394	13 516 990	13 296 915	12 544 249	11 637 921	10 347 423
Minnesota	4 375 099	r4 075 970	3 806 103	3 413 864	2 982 483	2 792 300	2 563 953	2 387 125	2 175 708	1 751 394
Iowa	2 776 755	r2 913 808	2 825 368	2 757 537	2 621 073	2 538 268	2 470 393	2 404 021	2 224 771	2 231 853
Missouri	5 117 073	r4 916 766	4 677 623	4 319 813	3 954 653	3 784 664	3 629 367	3 404 055	3 293 335	3 106 665
North Dakota	839 800	r652 717	617 792	632 446	619 636	641 935	680 845	646 872	577 056	319 146
South Dakota	696 004	r690 768	666 257	680 514	652 740	642 961	662 849	636 547	583 888	401 570
Nebraska	1 578 385	r1 569 825	1 485 333	1 411 330	1 325 510	1 315 834	1 377 963	1 296 372	1 192 214	1 066 300
Kansas	2 477 574	r2 364 236	2 249 071	2 178 611	1 905 299	1 801 028	1 880 999	1 769 257	1 690 949	1 470 495
South Atlantic	43 566 853	r36 957 453	30 678 826	25 971 732	21 182 335	17 823 151	15 793 589	13 990 272	12 194 895	10 443 480
Delaware	866 168	r594 338	548 104	446 292	318 085	266 505	230 380	223 003	202 322	184 735
Maryland	4 781 468	r4 216 933	3 923 897	3 100 689	2 343 001	1 821 244	1 631 526	1 499 661	1 295 346	1 188 044
District of Columbia	606 900	r638 432	756 668	763 956	802 178	663 091	486 869	437 571	331 069	278 718
Virginia	6 187 358	r5 346 797	4 651 448	3 968 949	3 318 680	2 677 773	2 421 851	2 309 187	2 061 612	1 854 184
West Virginia	1 793 477	r1 950 186	1 744 237	1 860 421	2 005 552	1 901 974	1 729 205	1 463 701	1 221 119	958 800
North Carolina	6 628 637	r5 880 095	5 084 411	4 556 155	4 061 929	3 571 623	3 170 276	2 559 123	2 206 287	1 893 810
South Carolina	3 486 703	r3 120 729	2 590 713	2 382 594	2 117 027	1 899 804	1 730 765	1 683 724	1 515 400	1 340 316
Georgia	6 478 216	r5 462 982	4 587 930	3 943 116	3 444 578	3 123 723	2 908 506	2 895 832	2 609 121	2 216 331
Florida	12 937 926	r9 746 961	6 791 418	4 951 560	2 771 305	1 897 414	1 468 211	968 470	752 619	528 542
East South Central	15 176 284	r14 666 142	12 808 077	12 050 126	11 477 181	10 778 225	9 887 214	8 893 307	8 409 901	7 547 757
Kentucky	3 685 296	r3 660 324	3 220 711	3 038 156	2 944 806	2 845 627	2 814 589	2 416 630	2 289 905	2 147 174
Tennessee	4 877 185	r4 591 023	3 926 018	3 567 089	3 291 718	2 915 841	2 616 556	2 337 885	2 184 789	2 020 616
Alabama	4 040 587	r3 894 025	3 444 354	3 266 740	3 061 743	2 832 961	2 646 248	2 348 174	2 138 093	1 828 697
Mississippi	2 573 216	r2 520 770	2 216 994	2 178 141	2 078 914	2 183 796	2 009 821	1 790 618	1 797 114	1 551 270
West South Central	26 702 793	r23 743 473	19 326 077	16 951 255	14 537 572	13 064 525	12 176 830	10 242 224	8 784 534	6 532 290
Arkansas	2 350 725	r2 286 357	1 923 322	1 786 272	1 909 511	1 949 387	1 854 482	1 752 204	1 574 449	1 311 564
Louisiana	4 219 973	r4 206 116	3 644 637	3 257 022	2 683 516	2 363 880	2 101 593	1 798 509	1 656 388	1 381 625
Oklahoma	3 145 585	r3 025 487	2 559 463	2 328 284	2 233 351	2 336 434	2 396 040	2 028 283	1 657 155	790 391
Texas	16 986 510	r14 225 513	11 198 655	9 579 677	7 711 194	6 414 824	5 824 715	4 663 228	3 896 542	3 048 710
Mountain	13 658 776	r11 371 502	8 289 901	6 855 060	5 074 998	4 150 003	3 701 789	3 336 101	2 633 517	1 674 657
Montana	799 065	r786 690	694 409	674 676	591 024	559 456	537 606	548 889	376 053	243 329
Idaho	1 006 749	r944 127	713 015	667 191	588 637	524 873	445 032	431 866	325 594	161 772
Wyoming	453 588	r469 557	332 416	330 066	290 529	250 742	225 565	194 402	145 965	92 531
Colorado	3 294 394	r2 889 735	2 209 596	1 753 947	1 325 089	1 123 296	1 035 791	939 629	799 024	539 700
New Mexico	1 515 069	r1 303 302	1 017 055	951 023	861 187	531 818	423 317	360 350	327 301	195 310
Arizona	3 665 228	r2 716 546	1 775 399	1 302 161	749 587	499 261	435 573	334 162	204 354	122 931
Utah	1 722 850	r1 461 037	1 059 273	890 627	688 862	550 310	507 847	449 396	373 351	276 749
Nevada	1 201 833	r800 508	488 738	285 278	160 083	110 247	91 058	77 407	81 875	42 335
Pacific	39 127 306	r31 799 815	26 548 342	21 198 044	15 114 964	10 228 556	8 622 011	5 877 788	4 448 534	2 634 285
Washington	4 866 692	r4 132 353	3 413 244	2 853 214						

Table 16. **Population: 1790 to 1990** —Con.

[For information concerning historical counts, see "User Notes." For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

United States Region and Division State	1890	1880	1870	1860	1850	1840	1830	1820	1810	1800	1790
United States	62 979 766	50 189 209	38 558 371	31 443 321	23 191 876	17 063 353	12 860 702	9 638 453	7 239 881	5 308 483	3 929 214
REGION AND DIVISION											
Northeast	17 406 969	14 507 407	12 298 730	10 594 268	8 626 851	6 761 082	5 542 381	4 359 916	3 486 675	2 635 576	1 968 040
New England	4 700 749	4 010 529	3 487 924	3 135 283	2 728 116	2 234 822	1 954 717	1 660 071	1 471 973	1 233 011	1 009 408
Middle Atlantic	12 706 220	10 496 878	8 810 806	7 458 985	5 898 735	4 526 260	3 587 664	2 699 845	2 014 702	1 402 565	958 632
Midwest	22 410 417	17 364 111	12 981 111	9 096 716	5 403 595	3 351 542	1 610 473	859 305	292 107	51 006	...
East North Central	13 478 305	11 206 668	9 124 517	6 926 884	4 523 260	2 924 728	1 470 018	792 719	272 324	51 006	...
West North Central	8 932 112	6 157 443	3 856 594	2 169 832	880 335	426 814	140 455	66 586	19 783	...	...
South	20 028 059	16 516 568	12 288 020	11 133 361	8 982 612	6 950 729	5 707 848	4 419 232	3 461 099	2 621 901	1 961 174
South Atlantic	8 857 922	7 597 197	5 853 610	5 364 703	4 679 090	3 925 299	3 645 752	3 061 663	2 674 891	2 286 494	1 851 806
East South Central	6 429 154	5 585 151	4 404 445	4 020 991	3 363 271	2 575 445	1 815 969	1 190 489	708 590	335 407	109 368
West South Central	4 740 983	3 334 220	2 029 965	1 747 667	940 251	449 985	246 127	167 680	77 618	...	...
West	3 134 321	1 801 123	990 510	618 976	178 818	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mountain	1 213 935	653 119	315 385	174 923	72 927	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pacific	1 920 386	1 148 004	675 125	444 053	105 891	...	...	...	...	...	...
STATE											
New England	4 700 749	4 010 529	3 487 924	3 135 283	2 728 116	2 234 822	1 954 717	1 660 071	1 471 973	1 233 011	1 009 408
Maine	661 086	648 936	626 915	628 279	583 169	501 793	399 455	298 335	228 705	151 719	96 540
New Hampshire	376 530	346 991	318 300	328 073	317 976	284 574	269 328	244 161	214 460	183 858	141 885
Vermont	332 422	332 286	330 551	315 098	314 120	291 948	280 852	235 981	217 895	154 465	85 425
Massachusetts	2 238 947	1 783 085	1 457 351	1 231 066	994 514	737 899	610 408	523 287	472 040	422 845	378 787
Rhode Island	345 506	276 531	217 353	174 620	147 545	108 830	97 199	83 059	76 931	69 122	68 825
Connecticut	746 258	622 700	537 454	460 147	370 792	309 978	297 675	275 248	261 942	251 002	237 946
Middle Atlantic	12 706 220	10 496 878	8 810 806	7 458 985	5 898 735	4 526 260	3 587 664	2 699 845	2 014 702	1 402 565	958 632
New York	6 003 174	5 082 871	4 382 759	3 880 735	3 097 394	2 428 921	1 918 608	1 372 812	959 049	589 051	340 120
New Jersey	1 444 933	1 131 116	906 096	672 035	489 555	373 306	320 823	277 575	245 562	211 149	184 139
Pennsylvania	5 258 113	4 282 891	3 521 915	2 906 215	2 311 786	1 724 033	1 348 233	1 049 458	810 091	602 365	434 373
East North Central	13 478 305	11 206 668	9 124 517	6 926 884	4 523 260	2 924 728	1 470 018	792 719	272 324	51 006	...
Ohio	3 672 329	3 198 062	2 665 260	2 339 511	1 980 329	1 519 467	937 903	581 434	230 760	45 365	...
Indiana	2 192 404	1 978 301	1 680 637	1 350 428	989 416	685 866	343 031	147 718	24 520	5 641	...
Illinois	3 826 352	3 077 871	2 539 891	1 711 951	851 470	476 183	157 445	55 211	12 282	...	...
Michigan	2 093 890	1 636 937	1 184 059	749 113	397 854	212 267	31 639	8 896	4 762	...	...
Wisconsin	1 693 330	1 315 497	1 054 670	775 881	305 391	30 945	...	...	...	...	...
West North Central	8 932 112	6 157 443	3 856 594	2 169 832	880 335	426 814	140 455	66 586	19 783	...	...
Minnesota	1 310 283	780 773	439 706	172 023	6 077	...	...	...	...	...	...
Iowa	1 912 297	1 624 615	1 194 020	674 913	192 914	43 112	...	...	...	...	...
Missouri	2 679 185	2 168 380	1 721 295	1 182 012	682 044	383 702	140 455	66 586	19 783	...	...
North Dakota	190 983	36 909	2 405	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
South Dakota	348 600	98 268	11 776	4 837	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nebraska	1 062 656	452 402	122 983	28 841	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kansas	1 428 108	996 096	364 399	107 206	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
South Atlantic	8 857 922	7 597 197	5 853 610	5 364 703	4 679 090	3 925 299	3 645 752	3 061 063	2 674 891	2 286 494	1 851 806
Delaware	168 493	146 008	125 015	112 216	91 532	78 085	76 748	72 749	72 674	64 273	59 096
Maryland	1 042 390	934 943	780 894	687 049	583 034	470 019	407 040	350 380	380 546	341 548	319 728
District of Columbia	230 392	177 624	131 700	75 080	51 687	33 745	30 261	23 336	15 471	8 144	...
Virginia	1 655 980	1 512 565	1 225 163	1 219 630	1 119 348	1 025 227	1 044 054	938 261	877 883	807 557	691 737
West Virginia	762 934	618 457	442 014	376 888	302 313	224 537	176 924	136 808	105 469	78 592	55 873
North Carolina	1 617 949	1 399 750	1 071 361	992 822	869 039	753 419	737 987	638 829	555 500	478 103	393 751
South Carolina	1 151 149	995 577	705 606	703 708	668 507	594 398	581 185	502 741	415 115	345 591	249 073
Georgia	1 837 353	1 542 180	1 184 109	1 057 286	906 185	691 392	516 823	340 989	252 433	162 686	82 548
Florida	391 422	269 493	187 748	140 424	87 445	54 477	34 730	...	...	...	...
East South Central	6 429 154	5 585 151	4 404 445	4 020 991	3 363 271	2 575 445	1 815 969	1 190 489	708 590	335 407	109 368
Kentucky	1 858 635	1 648 690	1 321 011	1 155 684	982 405	779 828	687 917	564 317	406 511	220 955	73 677
Tennessee	1 767 518	1 542 359	1 258 520	1 109 801	1 002 717	829 210	681 904	422 823	261 727	105 802	35 691
Alabama	1 513 401	1 262 505	996 982	964 201	771 823	590 756	309 527	127 901	9 046	1 250	...
Mississippi	1 289 600	1 131 597	827 922	791 305	606 526	375 651	136 621	75 448	31 306	7 600	...
West South Central	4 740 983	3 334 220	2 029 965	1 747 667	940 251	449 985	246 127	167 680	77 618	...	...
Arkansas	1 128 211	802 525	484 471	435 450	209 897	97 574	30 388	14 273	1 062	...	...
Louisiana	1 118 588	939 946	726 915	708 002	517 762	352 411	215 739	153 407	76 556	...	...
Oklahoma	258 657	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Texas	2 235 527	1 591 749	818 579	604 215	212 592	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mountain	1 213 935	653 119	315 385	174 923	72 927	...	...	...	...	...	...
Montana	142 924	39 159	20 595	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Idaho	88 548	32 610	14 999	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wyoming	62 555	20 789	9 118	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colorado	413 249	194 327	93 864	34 277	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New Mexico	160 282	119 565	91 874	93 516	61 547	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arizona	88 243	40 440	9 658	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Utah	210 779	143 963	86 786	40 273	11 380	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nevada	47 355	62 266	42 491	6 857	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pacific	1 920 386	1 148 004	675 125	444 053	105 891	...	...	...	...	...	...
Washington	357 232	75 116	23 955	11 594	1 201	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oregon	317 704	174 768	90 223	52 465	12 093	...	...	...	...	...	...
California	1 213 398	864 694	560 247	379 994	92 597	...	...	...	...	...	...
Alaska	32 052	33 426	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hawaii .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...