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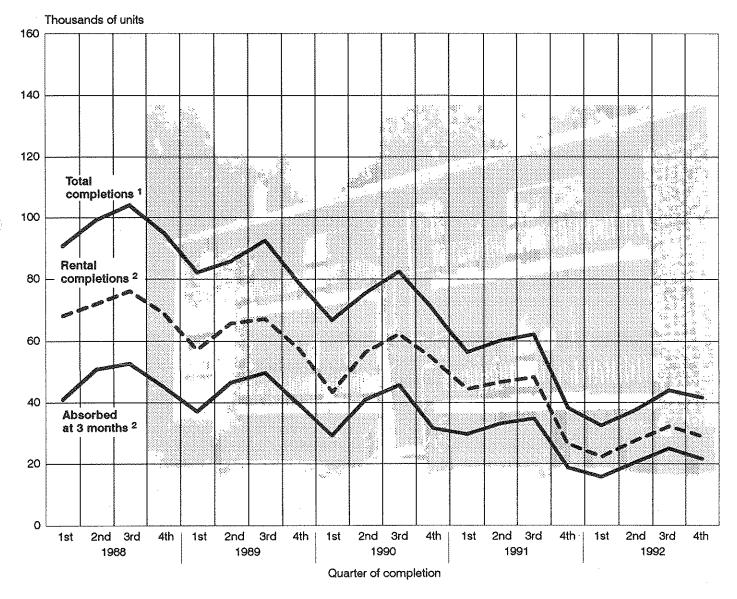
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Market Absorption of Apartments

H130-93Q1 Issued June 1993 First Quarter 1993—Absorptions (Completions in Fourth Quarter 1992)

Figure 1.

Units in Apartment Buildings Completed and Absorbed: 1988 to 1992



¹ All apartments.

Note: Limited to buildings with five or more units in permit-issuing places.

² Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished apartments.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

An estimated total of 41,500 apartments were completed in buildings with five units or more in the fourth quarter of 1992. This is not significantly different from the 43,900 apartments completed in the third quarter or the 38,300 apartments completed in the same (fourth) quarter of 1991 (table 11).

Approximately 28,800 of all completions were privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments, which is not significantly different from the 32,100 such units completed in the third quarter or from similar completions in the fourth quarter of 1991. Of these 28,800 units, an estimated 76 percent were absorbed (seasonally adjusted) 3 months after their completion. This is not significantly different than the revised 3-month seasonally adjusted rate of 74 percent for apartments completed in the third quarter of 1992 or the 73 percent completed in the same quarter last year (table 1).

All statistics in this report are limited to apartments in newly constructed buildings with five units or more. Estimates published for a given quarter are preliminary and are subject to revision in ensuing quarters and are finalized in the annual report.

Tables 1 through 4 and 9 are restricted to privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments. Table 5 is restricted to privately financed, nonsubsidized, cooperative and condominium apartments. Tables 6, 7, 8, and 10 are restricted to privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments. Table 11 is a summary table which includes all newly constructed apartments in buildings with five units or more. Absorption rates are based on the first time an apartment offered for rent is rented after completion, or the first time a cooperative or condominium apartment is sold after completion. If apartments intended to be sold as cooperative or condominium units are offered by the builder or building owner for rent they are counted as rental apartments.

The statistics in this report are based on a sample survey and consequently they are subject to sampling variability. Estimates derived from different samples would differ from one another. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples. Estimates of standard errors have been computed from the sample data and are presented in the tables. They allow us to construct interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average of the estimates from all possible samples. For all the change statements made in this report, 90-percent confidence intervals for statistical comparisons can be constructed by using the 90-percent deviate shown in the parentheses after the change; however, when a 90-percent confidence interval contains zero, we are uncertain whether or not the change has occurred. In addition, some of the statistical findings which are not part of the tables are also provided with a 90-percent deviate.

The not-seasonally-adjusted 3-month absorption rate for the 28,800 apartments completed in the fourth quarter of 1992 was 74 percent, about the same (±5 percent) as the revised not seasonally-adjusted 3-month rate of 77 percent for the 32,100 units completed in the third guarter of 1992. Apartments completed in the third quarter, which have been on the market for 6 months were 88 percent absorbed. This is lower (±4 percent) than the 6-month rate of 92 percent for units completed in the previous (second) quarter. Apartments which have been on the market for 9 months, those completed during April-June, were 96 percent absorbed, similar (±2 percent) to the 9-month rate for apartments completed in the first quarter of 1992. Apartments completed in the first quarter of 1992, which have been on the market for 12 months, were 98 percent absorbed (table 1).

The median asking rent for all privately financed, unfurnished units in buildings with five units or more completed in the fourth quarter of 1992 was \$564, similar (\pm \$60) to the \$580 asked for apartments completed in the third quarter. Apartments completed in the fourth quarter were larger, as measured by number of bedrooms, than those completed in the previous quarter. Seventy-four percent of fourth quarter completions had two bedrooms or more compared with (\pm 7 percent) 63 percent in the third quarter. The median asking rent for units with fewer than two bedrooms, \$510 (\pm \$77), and for units with two bedrooms or more, \$580 (\pm \$56), were also similar to median asking rent for the third quarter (tables 2 and 3).

About 81 percent of all privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished apartments were built inside Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) and 19 percent were built outside MSAs, neither estimate being statistically different from last quarter. Thirty percent of the unfurnished apartments completed in the fourth quarter were built inside central cities and 51 percent built in suburban areas. The regional breakdown of new apartments showed a higher percentage being built in the Midwest (40 percent) and the South (31 percent) than in the Northeast (9 percent) and West (19 percent). The 19 percent completed in the West was significantly lower (±12 percent) than the 32 percent completed in that region in the third quarter. There was no statistically significant difference between the third and fourth quarter percentages for any of the other regions (table 4).

Approximately 7,700 cooperative and condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more were completed in the fourth quarter of 1992, statistically unchanged (±2,760) from last quarter (all completions of these units in the fourth quarter were condominium apartments). They accounted for about 19 percent of all completions in buildings with five or more units. The 3-month absorption rate for these apartments was 71 percent, not statistically different from the 71 percent revised 3-month rate in the last quarter but higher (±6 percent) than the 3-month rate of 65 percent for cooperatives and condominiums built at the same time last year (table 5).

About 78 percent of the 7,700 new condominium units had two bedrooms, not statistically different from the third quarter. Two-bedroom condominium apartments were absorbed in 3 months at about the same (\pm 5 percent) rate, 72 percent, as last quarter. Units with fewer than 2 bedrooms were absorbed at a lower (\pm 15 percent) rate than last quarter while those with 3 bedrooms or more were absorbed in 3 months at a faster (\pm 10 percent) rate. The median asking price for condominiums built in the fourth quarter was \$109,300, similar (\pm \$38,900) to the \$116,900 asked in the third quarter (tables 6 and 7).

A large majority of condominium apartments were built inside MSAs (92 percent) with about the same percentage built in central cities (49 percent) and in the suburbs (43 percent). The 3-month absorption rate of 77 percent in the suburbs was higher than the rate in central cities, 66 percent (table 8).

An estimated total of 110,500 privately financed, unfurnished, rental units were completed in the last 12 months, and they had a median asking rent of \$588. About 89 (±8) percent of these apartments had been rented by the end of the first quarter of 1993 (table 9). The total number of condominium apartments completed in the last 12 months was about 30,400 with a median asking price of \$118,000. About 82 (±3) percent of these units were sold by the end of the first quarter of 1993 (table 10).

A total of 41,500 apartments were completed in all buildings with 5 units or more in the fourth quarter of 1992 (table 11). Most (69 (± 6) percent) of the units completed in the fourth quarter were the 28,800 privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments. Cooperative and condominium apartments accounted for 19 (± 4) percent of total fourth quarter completions. Almost no furnished units were completed in the fourth quarter.

Units in federally subsidized properties built under programs of the Department of Housing and Urban Development (Low Income Housing Assistance (Section 8), Senior Citizens Housing Direct Loans (Section 202), and all units in buildings containing apartments in the FHA rent supplement program) accounted for about 3 (±1) percent of total completions. About 3,600 apartments completed in the fourth quarter are not in the scope of the survey for the purpose of measuring absorption rates or characteristics and include time-sharing units, continuing care retirement units, and turnkey units (privately built for and sold to local public housing authorities subsequent to completion). The data on privately financed units include privately owned housing subsidized by State and local government.

NOTE TO DATA USERS

The Survey of Market Absorption (SOMA) adopted new ratio estimation procedures in 1990 to derive more accurate estimates of completions (see section on ESTIMATION). Caution must be used when making comparisons

using data in reports published after June 1991 (completions in the fourth quarter 1990) to data in reports published prior to March 1991 (completions in the third quarter 1990). Use the same caution when comparing annual data for completions in 1990 and later to years prior to 1990.

SAMPLE DESIGN

The Survey of Market Absorption is designed to provide data concerning the rate at which nonsubsidized and unfurnished privately financed units in buildings with five units or more are rented (or absorbed). In addition, data on characteristics of the units, such as rent and number of bedrooms, are collected.

The buildings selected for SOMA are those included in the Census Bureau's Survey of Construction (SOC).¹ For SOC, the United States is first divided into primary sampling units (PSU's) which are sampled on the basis of population and building permits. Next a sample of permitissuing places is selected within each sample PSU. Finally, all buildings with five units or more within sampled places, as well as a subsample of buildings with one to four units, are selected.

Each quarter, a sample of buildings with five or more housing units in the SOC sample reported as completed during that quarter come into sample for SOMA. Buildings completed in nonpermit-issuing areas are excluded from consideration. Information on the proportion of units absorbed 3, 6, 9, and 12 months after completion is obtained for units in buildings selected in a given quarter in each of the next four quarters.

Each quarter the absorption data for some buildings are received too late for inclusion in the report. These late data will be included in a revised table in the next quarterly report.

ESTIMATION

Beginning with the fourth quarter of 1990 completion data (the first quarter of 1991 absorptions), the estimation procedure was modified. The modified estimation procedure was also applied to the first, second, and third quarters of 1990 completions data so that 1990 annual estimates could be derived using the same methodology for four quarters. No additional re-estimation of past data is planned.

Prior to this change in the estimation procedure, unbiased estimates were formed by multiplying the counts for each building by its base weight (the inverse of its probability of selection) and then summing over all buildings. The final estimate was then obtained by multiplying the unbiased estimate by the following ratio estimate factor for the Nation as a whole:

¹See the January issue of "Housing Starts," Construction Reports, Series C20/92-1, for details of this survey.

total units in 5+ buildings in permit-issuing areas as estimated by the SOC for that quarter

total units in 5+ buildings as estimated by SOMA for that quarter.

For the modified estimation procedure, a separate ratio estimate factor shown as above is computed for each of the four Census regions. The final estimates for regions are obtained by multiplying the unbiased regional estimates by the corresponding ratio estimate factors. The final national estimate is obtained by summing the final regional estimates.

This procedure produces estimates of the units completed in a given quarter which are consistent with the published figures from the Housing Completions Series,² and also reduces, to some extent, the sampling variability of the estimates of totals.

It is assumed that the absorption rates and other characteristics of units not included in the interviewed group or not accounted for are identical to rates for units where data were obtained. The noninterviewed and not-accounted-for cases constitute less than 2 percent of the sample housing units in this survey.

RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

There are two types of possible errors associated with data from sample surveys: sampling and nonsampling errors. The following is a description of the sampling and nonsampling errors associated with SOMA.

Nonsampling Errors

In general, nonsampling errors can be attributed to many sources: inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample; definitional difficulties; differences in the interpretation of questions; inability or unwillingness of the respondents to provide correct information; and errors made in processing the data. These nonsampling errors also occur in complete censuses. Although no direct measurements of the biases have been obtained, it is believed that most of the important response and operational errors were detected in the course of reviewing the data for reasonableness and consistency.

Sampling Errors

The particular sample used for this survey is one of a large number of possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same sample design. Even if the same questionnaires, instructions, and interviewers were used, estimates from each of the different

²See "Housing Completions," Construction Reports, Series C22.

samples would differ from each other. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is defined as the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate attempts to provide a measure of this variation among the estimates from the possible samples and, thus, is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a sample approximates the average result of all possible samples.

As calculated for this survey, the standard error also partially measures the variation in the estimates due to response and interviewer errors (nonsampling errors), but it does not measure, as such, any systematic biases in the data. Therefore, the accuracy of the estimates depends on both the sampling and nonsampling error measured by the standard error, biases, and some additional nonsampling errors not measured by the standard error.

The sample estimate and its estimated standard error enable the user to construct confidence intervals, ranges that would include the average result of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these were surveyed under essentially the same general conditions, and an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample, then—

- Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval) would include the average result of all possible samples.
- Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate (i.e., 90-percent confidence interval) would include the average result of all possible samples.
- Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors low the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate (i.e., 95-percent confidence interval) would include the average result of all possible samples.

For very small estimates, the lower limit of the confidence interval may be negative. In this case, a better approximation to the true interval estimate can be achieved by restricting the interval estimate to positive values, that is, by changing the lower limit of the interval estimate to zero.

The average result of all possible samples either is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. However, for a particular sample, one can say with specified confidence that the average result of all possible samples is included in the constructed interval.

The conclusions stated in this report are considered significant at the 90-percent confidence level.

For example, table 2 of this report shows that there were 18,000 apartments with two bedrooms completed in the fourth quarter of 1992. The standard error of this estimate is 1,810. The 68-percent confidence interval as shown by

these data is from 16,190 to 19,810. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples.

Similarly, we could conclude that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within the interval from 15,104 to 20,896 (using 1.6 times the standard error) with 90 percent confidence.

Figure 2.
Percent of New Unfurnished Rental Apartments
Completed, by Rent Class

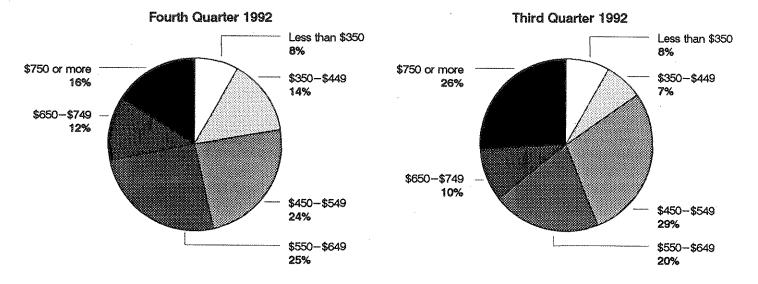
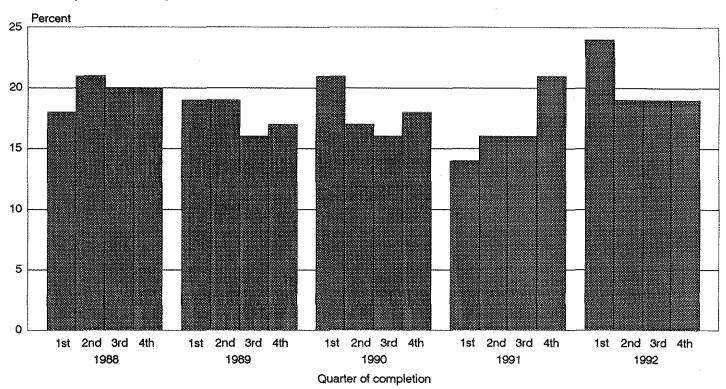


Figure 3.

Cooperative and Condominium Apartment Completions as Percent of Total Apartment Completions: 1988 to 1992



Note: Limited to buildings with five or more units in permit-issuing places.

Table 1. Absorption Rates of Privately Financed, Nonsubsidized, Unfurnished Rental Apartments: 1987 to 1992 (Buildings with five units or more.)

	To unfurr	ished	Seaso adjus ren	ted—			Not seaso	onally adjus	ted—rente	ed within-		
	aparti comp		within 3 months		3 months		6 months		9 months		12 months	
Quarter of completion	Number	Stan- dard error* (number of apart- ments)	Percent	Stan- dard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stan- dard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stan- dard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stan- dard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Standard error* (per- centage points)
1992												
October-December ^p July-September April-June January-March	28,800 '32,100 '27,400 22,100	2,370 2,740 3,000 2,140	76 '74 71 73	0.0 0.0 2.5 2.3	74 '77 74 70	2.5 2.0 2.6 2.2	(NA) 88 92 89	(NA) 1.5 1.9 1.6	(NA) (NA) 96 96	(NA) (NA) 0.9 0.4	(NA) (NA) (NA) 98	(NA) (NA) (NA) 0.2
1991]				[]		
October-December July-September April-June January-March	26,400 48,200 46,500 44,200	2,390 3,140 2,880 2,610	73 70 68 70	3.6 2.6 3.2 2.3	70 72 71 67	3.5 2.7 3.3 2.2	85 86 87 87	2.5 1.5 1.7 1.0	92 93 93 95	1.9 0.8 0.7 0.5	95 97 97 98	1.3 0.5 0.5 0.3
1990								:				
October-December July-September April-June January-March	54,100 61,400 55,400 43,300	3,560 3,420 2,900 2,620	60 67 69 71	2.7 3.8 1.7 2.2	58 69 73 67	2.6 3.8 1.7 2.1	78 85 88 88	1.8 2.1 1.1 1.0	90 93 94 95	1.4 1.1 0.8 0.5	95 96 97 96	0.8 1.1 0.6 0.4
1989									'			
October-December July-September April-June January-March	57,300 67,200 65,700 56,200	3,860 3,830 3,830 3,610	71 72 67 69	2.4 2.3 1.6 2.0	69 74 71 65	2.3 2.4 1.7 1.9	86 86 87 87	1.6 2.2 1.2 1.0	94 92 92 94	0.8 2.1 1.0 0.8	97 96 96 96	0.7 1.2 0.9 0.6
1988				ļ								
October-December July-September April-June January-March	68,800 75,600 72,000 68,100	4,850 5,470 4,450 3,870	67 67 65 63	3.2 2.6 1.4 2.0	65 68 70 60	2.6 1.5	83 83 86 82	2.9 1.9 1.2 1.0	91 93 92 90	2.5 0.7 1.0 0.9	93 97 95 95	2.3 0.3 0.7 0.7
1987												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	77,000 89,300 81,600 97,700	4,670 4,240 4,760 4,620	65 62 64 60	2.2	63 63 68 58	2.4 1.4	83 80 87 80	1.3 2.4 0.7 2.6	92 87 93 88	2.0	96 93 96 92	0.5 1.4 0.4 2.4

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3.

NA Not available.

PPreliminary.

'Revised.

Table 2. Characteristics of Unfurnished Apartments Completed During the Fourth Quarter of 1992 and Rented Within 3 Months (Preliminary)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

(Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.)

	Total unfi apartments		Percent of	total units	Percent rente mont	
ltem	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Percent	Standard error* i (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)
Total	28,800	2,370	100	(X)	74	2.5
RENT CLASS		·		·		
Less than \$350 \$350 to \$449 \$450 to \$549 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 or more Median asking rent Fewer than two bedrooms. Less than \$350 \$350 to \$449 \$450 to \$549 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 or more Median asking rent	2,400 4,100 6,900 7,100 3,500 4,700 \$564 7,500 1,500 1,000 2,100 1,200 1,000 800 \$510	1,040 910 1,320 1,530 630 \$23 960 810 290 720 140 120 80 \$33	8 14 24 25 12 16 (X) 26 5 4 7 4 4 3 (X)	3.4 3.0 3.9 4.6 2.0 2.4 (X) 2.6 2.7 1.0 2.3 0.7 0.6 0.4 (X)	95 62 85 69 77 65 \$551 79 92 59 95 63 81 64 \$501	2.7 8.5 3.8 7.2 2.7 2.1 \$29 3.2 4.8 11.6 2.2 2.1 1.0 0.9
Two bedrooms or more Less than \$350 \$350 to \$449 \$450 to \$549 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 or more Median asking rent BEDROOMS	21,300 900 3,100 4,800 5,900 2,500 1,600 2,400 \$580	1,930 680 940 1,170 1,560 620 180 370 \$23	74 3 11 17 21 9 5 8 (X)	2.6 2.3 3.2 3.9 4.7 1.9 0.8 1.5 (X)	73 99 63 80 71 76 65 66 \$573	3.3 0.9 10.6 4.6 8.8 4.0 4.1 2.8 \$28
No bedroom	400 7,100 18,000 3,400	100 940 1,810 880	1 25 62 12	0.4 2.5 3.3 3.0	78 80 72 74	5.7 3.4 3.7 7.9

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3.

X Not applicable.

Table 3. Characteristics of Unfurnished Apartments Completed During the Third Quarter of 1992 and Rented Within 3 Months (Revised)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

(Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.)

	Total unf apartments		Percent of	total units	Percent rent mon	
Item	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)
Total	32,100	2,740	100	(X)	77	2.0
RENT CLASS						
Less than \$350 \$350 to \$449 \$450 to \$549 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 or more Median asking rent	2,500 2,300 9,300 6,500 3,200 8,300 \$580	1,030 590 1,430 1,200 420 690 \$30	8 7 29 20 10 26 (X)	3.0 1.6 3.0 3.2 1.2 2.9 (X)	83 79 85 76 66 72 \$563	6.7 4.8 3.5 2.1 5.5 2.9 \$32
Fewer than two bedrooms. Less than \$350 \$350 to \$449 \$450 to \$549 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 or more Median asking rent	11,900 2,000 1,600 3,300 1,500 1,500 2,100 \$522	1,650 940 580 990 150 240 360 \$35	37 6 5 10 5 7 (X)	3.5 2.8 1.6 2.7 0.6 0.8 1.3 (X)	75 80 81 85 74 65 57 \$507	3.3 7.1 6.2 4.5 1.4 4.3 6.3 \$37
Two bedrooms or more Less than \$350 \$350 to \$449 \$450 to \$549 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 or more Median asking rent	20,200 600 6,000 5,000 1,700 2,600 3,500 \$606	1,860 340 120 1,190 1,220 250 420 300 \$26	63 2 19 16 5 8 11 (X)	3.5 1.0 0.4 3.3 3.3 0.6 1.4 1.3 (X)	79 94 74 85 77 67 84 73 \$597	2.1 3.8 5.8 4.9 2.8 7.1 2.7 2.0 \$28
BEDROOMS						
No bedroom 1 bedroom. 2 bedrooms. 3 bedrooms or more.	800 11,100 16,300 3,800	470 1,470 1,570 560	3 35 51 12	1.4 3.2 3.5 1.3	62 76 77 86	22.9 3.0 2.0 3.0

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3.

X Not applicable.

Table 4. Unfurnished Apartments Completed During the Fourth Quarter of 1992, by Geographic Area Not Seasonally Adjusted

(Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding asking rent are collected at the initial interview. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.)

		Total unf apartments			Percent of	total units	Percent rented within 3 months	
Geographic area	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Median asking rent	Standard error* (dollars)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)
United States, total	28,800	2,370	\$564	\$23	100	(X)	74	2.5
Inside MSA In central city Not in central city Outside MSA	23,300 8,500 14,700 5,600	1,220	\$582 \$630 \$563 \$518	\$37 \$56 \$46 \$92	81 30 51 19	9.6 5.5 7.2 9.6	76 77 76 67	2.4 1.8 3.6 6.6
Northeast Midwest South West	2,600 11,700 9,000 5,500	1,780 2,660 1,700 770	\$383 \$553 \$560 \$699	\$133 \$46 \$62 \$55	9 40 31 19	6.0 7.8 5.7 3.3	75 80 74 64	13.2 4.1 4.6 2.9

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3. X

X Not applicable.

Table 5. **Absorption Rates of Cooperative and Condominium Apartments: 1987 to 1992**Not Seasonally Adjusted

(Buildings with five units or more.)

	and cond	operative dominium		f all units			P:	ercent abso	rbed withi	n		
		ments oleted	in buildings with 5 units or more		3 months		6 months		9 months		12 months	
Quarter of completion	Number	Stan- dard error* (number of apart- ments)	Percent	Stan- dard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stan- dard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stan- dard error* (percent- age points	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (per- centage points)
1992												
October-December ^P July-September	7,700 '8,200 7,200 7,800	1,160 1,280 2,120 950	19 19 19 24	3.0 3.1 5.5 3.1	71 '71 69 64	1.8 2.8 5.5 2.4	(NA) 86 82 74	(NA) 1.9 3.5 2.0	(NA) (NA) 87 80	(NA) (NA) 3.3 2.1	(NA) (NA) (NA) 84	(NA) (NA) (NA) 1.8
1991								ĺ			ĺ	
October-December July-September April-June January-March	7,900 9,900 9,800 7,700	940 1,050 1,180 1,200	21 16 16 14	3.1 3.0 2.6 2.3	65 59 55 62	3.3 4.1 5.7 3.7	79 72 74 73	2.2 2.3 5.2 4.2	85 78 80 80	1.6 1.9 2.8 4.9	89 85 84 88	1.7 1.4 2.7 3.0
1990												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	12,400 12,900 12,800 14,500	1,490 1,630 1,900 3,110	18 16 17 21	2.2 2.2 2.3 4.4	58 60 53 69	4.2 3.9 2.9 4.8	72 75 67 81	3.4 2.7 3.9 3.8	78 83 74 86	3.4 1.9 3.7 3.3	82 89 79 89	2.9 1.2 3.5 3.5
1989									•			
October-December July-September April-June January-March	13,100 15,100 15,900 15,600	1,370 1,930 1,790 1,700	17 16 19 19	2.0 2.2 2.4 2.4	65 66 70 64	5.6 4.7 2.9 5.2	75 75 79 77	5.1 4.4 3.0 6.3	81 81 83 82	3.5 4.2 3.2 5.6	83 85 87 87	3.5 3.9 3.0 3.4
1988												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	18,700 20,400 21,000 16,200	3,940 3,010 2,810 2,150	20 20 21 18	4.0 4.0 2.7 2.4	70 56 63 69	1.3 5.9 7.1 6.5	79 68 75 85	2.8 6.0 7.0 1.7	85 72 86 89	3.7 6.3 1.9 1.8	87 77 89 91	3.9 6.5 2.0 1.6
1987					ļ							
October-December July-September April-June January-March	25,700 19,000 27,000 20,600	3,310 2,810 4,190 3,210	23 16 23 16	3.2 2.0 3.2 5.2	72 66 78 78	4.2 2.9 3.1 5.5	80 77 87 88	3.6 2.9 1.8 2.1	85 83 90 92	3.4 3.0 1.4 1.5	91 89 93 94	2.2 2.7 1.0 1.2

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3.

NA Not available.

Preliminary.

'Revised.

Table 6. Characteristics of Condominium Apartments Completed During the Fourth Quarter of 1992 and Sold Within 3 Months (Preliminary)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

(Privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking price are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.)

	Total con apartments		Percent of	total units	Percent sold within 3 months		
ltem	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	
Total	7,700	1,160	100	(X)	71	1.8	
PRICE CLASS							
Less than \$50,000. \$50,000 to \$74,999. \$75,000 to \$99,999. \$100,000 to \$149,999. \$150,000 to \$199,999. \$200,000 or more Median asking price		60 420 310 730 90 130 \$14,810	1 18 25 36 12 9 (X)	0.7 4.3 2.7 5.9 1.8 1.7 (X)	69 80 77 70 56 60 \$103,100	25.2 4.2 2.8 1.5 1.7 6.8 \$16,010	
BEDROOMS							
Fewer than 2 bedrooms. 2 bedrooms. 3 bedrooms or more.	500 6,000 1,200	120 980 240	7 78 15	1.0 2.7 2.9	58 72 71	3.7 1.8 2.3	

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3.

Table 7. Characteristics of Condominium Apartments Completed During the Third Quarter of 1992 and Sold Within 3 Months (Revised)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

(Privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking price are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.)

	Total conc apartments		Percent of	total units	Percent sold within 3 months		
ltem	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	
Total	8,200	1,280	100	(X)	70	2.9	
PRICE CLASS			i e				
Less than \$50,000. \$50,000 to \$74,999. \$75,000 to \$99,999. \$100,000 to \$149,999. \$150,000 to \$199,999. \$200,000 or more Median asking price	(Z) 1,900 1,400 2,300 1,100 1,400 \$116,900	(Z) 520 290 830 350 340 \$19,280	(Z) 23 17 29 14 17 (X)	(Z) 5.6 3.4 7.5 3.2 4.4 (X)	(Z) 77 69 70 63 68 \$113,500	(Z) 3.5 8.7 4.5 3.4 5.8 \$18,870	
BEDROOMS							
Fewer than 2 bedrooms	600 5,700 1,900	180 1,110 190	7 70 23	2.3 7.6 7.4	73 73 61	8.6 2.5 5.5	

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3.

X Not applicable.

Table 8. Condominium Apartments Completed During the Fourth Quarter of 1992 by Geographic Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

(Privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding asking price are collected at the initial interview. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.)

		Total con- apartments			Percent of	total units	Percent rented within 3 months	
Geographic area	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Median asking price	Standard error* (dollars)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)
United States, total	7,700	1,160	\$109,300	\$14,810	100	(X)	71	1.8
Inside MSA In central city Not in central city Outside MSA		1,100 920 510 540	\$108,700 \$117,100 \$100,100 \$112,500	\$16,440 \$27,460 \$15,400 \$45,400	92 49 43 8	6.7 7.5 6.8 6.7	71 66 77 72	1.7 2.9 1.5 10.9
Northeast	1,100 1,000 2,200 3,300	270	\$98,800 \$101,800 \$86,200 \$140,600	\$34,660 \$21,050 \$12,500 \$19,650	15 13 29 43	9.8 3.6 6.0 7.4	72 82 78 63	2.3 3.0 4.1 2.9

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3. X Not applicable.

Table 9. Characteristics of Unfurnished Apartments Completed in the Last Four Quarters and Reported as Rented and Remaining For Rent in the First Quarter of 1993

(Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.)

Item	Total unfur- nished apartments completed in last 4 quarters	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Apartments rented prior to 1st quarter 1993	Standard error* (number of apart- ments)	Apartments	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Apartments remaining for rent at end of 1st quarter 1993	Standard error* (number of apartments)
Total	110,500	5,020	71,300	4,640	26,600	2,370	12,500	1,130
RENT CLASS								
Less than \$350 \$350 to \$449 \$450 to \$549 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 or more Median asking rent	13,200 24,300 21,600 12,400 29,500	2,360 1,830 2,470 2,230 940 2,080 \$16	6,500 8,500 15,800 12,400 7,000 21,100 \$589	1,590 2,400 1,670 620	2,600 2,800 6,500 6,000 3,800 4,900 \$573	1,150 710 1,320 1,240 640 340 \$28	1,900 2,000 3,100 1,500	200 550 450 760 190 330 \$25
BEDROOMS								
Fewer than 2 bedrooms		3,190 3,640 1,330	27,000 37,100 7,100	; -,-	8,000 15,800 2,800	1,240 1,810 900	,	380 1,020 290

Note: These data are for completions in the first through fourth quarters of 1992.

Table 10. Characteristics of Condominium Apartments Completed in the Last Four Quarters and Reported as Sold and Remaining For Sale in the First Quarter of 1993

(Privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking price are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.)

ltem	Total con- dominiums completed in last 4 quarters	Standard error* (number of apart- ments)	Condomin- iums sold prior to 1st quarter 1993	Standard error* (number of apart- ments)	Condomini- ums sold in 1st quarter 1993	Standard error* (number of apart- ments)	Condominiums remaining for sale at end of 1st quarter 1993	
Total	30,400	4,140	17,600	2,730	7,300	880	5,500	630
PRICE CLASS								
Less than \$50,000 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 or more Median asking price	5,600 5,600 9,500 4,400 4,700	260 1,210 730 3,770 730 560 \$15,430	500 3,800 3,100 5,500 2,400 2,400 \$112,900	220 710 350 2,550 450 250 \$17,600	800 600	50 390 320 700 110 80 \$12,870	(Z) 400 500 1,600 1,200 1,700 \$157,600	(Z) 100 80 510 100 330 \$18,620
BEDROOMS								
Fewer than 2 bedrooms	22,200	290 4,040 860	1,500 13,200 2,900	l .	400 5,400 1,500	90 820 300	1,100 3,700 700	50 620 70

Note: These data are for completions in the first through fourth quarters of 1992.

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3.

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3. Z Fewer than 50 units.

Table 11. Apartments Completed in Buildings With Five Units or More: 1987 to 1992

(Data may not add to total due to rounding.)

Quarter of completion		artments oleted	Unfurnished rental apartments		rer	Furnished rental apartments		Cooperatives and condominiums		erally dized	Other ¹	
	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*	Number	Stand- ard error*
1992												,
October-December ^p July-September April-June January-March	41,500 43,900 37,400 32,300	2,470 2,930 2,290 2,340	28,800 '32,100 '27,400 22,100	2,370 2,740 3,000 2,140	(Z) 500 100 100	(Z) 300 10	7,700 '8,200 7,200 7,800	1,160 1,280 2,120 950	1,300 1,900 1,800 2,000	270 - 520 770	3,600 '1,100 '900 '300	2,030 0 0 0
1991												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	38,300 62,000 60,000 56,200	2,070 2,850 3,230 2,570	26,400 48,200 46,500 44,200	2,390 3,140 2,880 2,610	(Z) 1,100 600 1,100	(Z) 800 60 1,630	7,900 9,900 9,800 7,700	940 1,050 1,180 1,200	3,100 2,100 2,200 2,200	1,300 410 650 630	800 700 1,000 1,100	320 250 120 560
1990												
October-December July-September	70,300 82,200 75,200 66,600	3,650 4,040 3,250 3,210	54,100 61,400 55,400 43,300	3,560 3,420 2,900 2,640	600 1,700 (Z) 600	30 560 (Z) 80	12,400 12,900 12,800 14,500	1,490 1,630 1,900 3,110	2,500 2,500 2,700 6,200	590 780 1,220 3,030	700 3,800 4,400 1,900	90 1,350 1,610 330
1989												
October-December July-September	78,500 92,300 85,600 81,500	3,890 3,400 2,770 3,820	57,300 67,200 65,700 56,200	3,860 3,830 3,440 3,610	500 2,800 1,100 600	230 1,910 120 80	13,100 15,100 15,900 15,600	1,370 1,930 1,920 1,700	5,900 4,900 2,400 6,600	3,070 1,010 620 2,320	1,800 2,500 500 2,500	740 280 80 560
1988	[[
October-December July-September April-June January-March	95,000 104,000 99,100 90,500	4,770 4,840 3,620 3,620	68,800 75,600 72,000 68,100	4,850 5,470 4,450 3,870	1,100 2,500 200 400	90 1,360 80 40	18,700 20,400 21,000 16,200	3,940 3,010 2,810 2,150	3,300 3,100 4,100 4,700	1,030 1,030 1,310 1,900	3,100 2,500 1,700 1,100	1,580 780 440 90
1987]			j								
October-December July-September	110,000 119,900 117,800 126,400	3,620 5,140 5,140 5,140	77,000 89,300 81,600 97,700	4,640 4,240 4,760 4,620	100 3,800 2,600 1,400	530	25,700 19,000 27,000 20,600	3,310 2,810 4,190 3,210	4,200 5,900 3,200 3,700	1,320 2,000 3,300 1,310	3,000 2,000 3,300 3,000	1,580 520 880 1,160

^{*} Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3. P Preliminary. Revised. Z Fewer than 50 units.

¹Other includes time-sharing units, continuing care retirement units, and turnkey housing (privately built for and sold to local public housing authorities subsequent to completion).

current housing reports

Data on housing vacancies and housing characteristics

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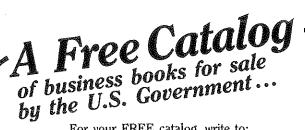
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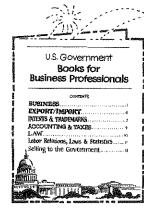
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