## Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units

2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments Completed in 2017 and
Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion)
By George T. Boyd
Issued July 2018


CEnSUS ${ }_{\text {United States }}{ }^{\circledR}$
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U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

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George T. Boyd prepared the Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units: 2017 Characteristics report under the direction of Robert R. Callis, Chief of the Financial and Marketing Branch. Edward J. Welniak, Assistant Division Chief for Housing Characteristics in the Social, Economic, and Housing Statistics Division provided overall direction.

Reita Glenn Hackett provided statistical review of all tables and figures contained in the report.

Sharonica L. Baker, Lisa A. Ferrer, Thomas A. Iseman, and Diane S.
Schwartz, under the direction of Jeffrey Stark, Chief of the Housing Surveys Programming Branch of the Demographic Surveys Division, processed the Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units: 2017 Characteristics data files.

Brian Shaffer, under the supervision of Danielle C. Neiman and Stephen E. Ash, of the Demographic Statistical Methods Division, conducted sample review.

Publication management, graphics design and composition, and editorial review for electronic media was performed by Faye E. Brock and Anthony Richards of the Census Bureau's Public Information Office, Graphic and Editorial Services Branch.

## Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units


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## INTRODUCTION

This report provides characteristics about units constructed in 2017 and absorbed during their first 3 months after completion, such as number of bedrooms, asking rent, and asking price. This publication is of value to builders, bankers, market analysts, land planners, and government officials trying to measure housing needs for over 45 years.

The estimates in this report are based on a survey conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau, for the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The sample consists of approximately 4,000 buildings with five or more housing units. Estimates published in this report are preliminary
and are subject to revision in the Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units Annual Absorption Report (H130) that will be released in April 2019. As with all surveys, estimates vary from actual values because of sampling variations or other factors. See Accuracy of the Estimates at the end of this report for more details.

## HIGHLIGHTS ${ }^{1}$

New construction: In 2017, approximately 286,000 privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments in buildings with five or more units were completed in permit-issuing areas in the United States. This was the highest number of units constructed since 1988
${ }^{1}$ Details may not sum to totals because of rounding.
when SOMA estimated 284,500 new unfurnished rental apartments (Tables 1 and 2; Figure 1).

Within 3 months of completion, 55 percent of the 286,000 unfurnished rental units constructed in 2017 were absorbed/rented (Tables 2 and 3).

Regions: In 2017, the largest percentage of the new, unfurnished rental completions was located in the South, accounting for 48 percent of the construction. The West followed with 23 percent. The lowest percentage of new unfurnished rental completions in 2017 was found in the Northeast and the Midwest which, at 15 percent each, did not differ significantly from each other (Table 1).

Table 1.
Unfurnished Apartments by Rent and Number of Bedrooms for the United States and by Region: 2017 Completions

| Characteristic | Number of unfurnished apartments |  |  |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | United States | Northeast | Midwest | South | West | United States | Northeast | Midwest | South | West |
| Total | 286,000 | 42,000 | 41,900 | 136,000 | 66,100 | 100 | 15 | 15 | 48 | 23 |
| ASKING RENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$850 | 18,000 | 300 | 3,000 | 13,300 | 1,400 | 6 | 1 | 7 | 10 | 2 |
| \$850 to \$1,049 | 29,600 | 1,100 | 8,900 | 16,900 | 2,700 | 10 | 3 | 21 | 13 | 4 |
| \$1,050 to \$1,249 | 37,700 | 900 | 8,000 | 21,600 | 7,200 | 13 | 2 | 19 | 16 | 11 |
| \$1,250 to \$1,449 | 41,400 | 2,200 | 6,100 | 23,400 | 9,800 | 15 | 5 | 15 | 17 | 15 |
| \$1,450 to \$1,649 | 32,500 | 2,000 | 3,600 | 19,900 | 7,000 | 11 | 5 | 9 | 15 | 11 |
| \$1,650 to \$1,849 | 26,000 | 4,600 | 2,200 | 13,000 | 6,200 | 9 | 11 | 5 | 10 | 9 |
| \$1,850 to \$2,049 | 21,100 | 4,700 | 2,500 | 9,200 | 4,800 | 7 | 11 | 6 | 7 | 7 |
| \$2,050 to \$2,249 | 13,300 | 2,200 | 1,100 | 4,900 | 5,100 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 8 |
| \$2,250 to \$2,449 | 16,100 | 6,300 | 1,700 | 3,500 | 4,600 | 6 | 15 | 4 | 3 | 7 |
| \$2,450 or more. | 50,100 | 17,700 | 4,800 | 10,300 | 17,300 | 18 | 42 | 12 | 8 | 26 |
| Median asking rent | \$1,550 | \$2,344 | \$1,285 | \$1,387 | \$1,811 | X | X | X | X | X |
| BEDROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No bedroom | 19,500 | 3,700 | 3,300 | 5,500 | 7,100 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 4 | 11 |
| 1 bedroom. | 136,100 | 19,000 | 20,000 | 68,600 | 28,500 | 48 | 45 | 48 | 50 | 43 |
| 2 bedrooms. | 113,100 | 17,300 | 15,200 | 53,900 | 26,600 | 40 | 41 | 36 | 40 | 40 |
| 3 bedrooms or more... | 17,300 | 2,000 | 3,300 | 8,100 | 3,900 | 6 | 5 | 8 | 6 | 6 |

X Not applicable.
Note: Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview, such as 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percentages are computed using unrounded data.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units-2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments Completed in 2017 and Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion).

Table 2.
Unfurnished Apartments and 3-Month Absorption Rate by Rent and Number of Bedrooms for the United States and by Region: 2017 Completions

| Characteristic | Number of unfurnished apartments |  |  |  |  | Percent absorbed within 3 months |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | United States | Northeast | Midwest | South | West | United States | Northeast | Midwest | South | West |
| Total | 286,000 | 42,000 | 41,900 | 136,000 | 66,100 | 55 | 56 | 55 | 51 | 63 |
| ASKING RENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$850 | 18,000 | 300 | 3,000 | 13,300 | 1,400 | 55 | 100 | 78 | 46 | 81 |
| \$850 to \$1,049 | 29,600 | 1,100 | 8,900 | 16,900 | 2,700 | 62 | 95 | 68 | 54 | 75 |
| \$1,050 to \$1,249 | 37,700 | 900 | 8,000 | 21,600 | 7,200 | 61 | 77 | 53 | 59 | 74 |
| \$1,250 to \$1,449 | 41,400 | 2,200 | 6,100 | 23,400 | 9,800 | 61 | 66 | 55 | 55 | 77 |
| \$1,450 to \$1,649 | 32,500 | 2,000 | 3,600 | 19,900 | 7,000 | 55 | 54 | 43 | 52 | 67 |
| \$1,650 to \$1,849 | 26,000 | 4,600 | 2,200 | 13,000 | 6,200 | 56 | 63 | 54 | 49 | 65 |
| \$1,850 to \$2,049 | 21,100 | 4,700 | 2,500 | 9,200 | 4,800 | 54 | 63 | 69 | 48 | 48 |
| \$2,050 to \$2,249 | 13,300 | 2,200 | 1,100 | 4,900 | 5,100 | 52 | 74 | 27 | 46 | 54 |
| \$2,250 to \$2,449 | 16,100 | 6,300 | 700 | 3,500 | 4,600 | 44 | 54 | 20 | 40 | 42 |
| \$2,450 or more. | 50,100 | 17,700 | 4,800 | 10,300 | 17,300 | 47 | 46 | 46 | 32 | 56 |
| Median asking rent | \$1,550 | \$2,344 | \$1,285 | \$1,387 | \$1,811 | \$1,478 | \$2,222 | \$1,205 | \$1,351 | \$1,651 |
| No bedroom | 19,500 | 3,700 | 3,300 | 5,500 | 7,100 | 51 | 52 | 55 | 48 | 51 |
| Less than \$1,850 | 12,700 | 1,100 | 2,800 | 4,600 | 3,600 | 57 | 75 | 64 | 50 | 60 |
| \$1,850 or more | 6,800 | 2,600 | 500 | 800 | 3,500 | 40 | 42 | 8 | 37 | 42 |
| Median asking rent | \$1,542 | +\$2,450 | \$986 | \$1,330 | \$1,845 | \$1,407 | \$2,113 | \$818 | \$1,261 | \$1,646 |
| 1 bedroom. | 136,100 | 19,000 | 20,000 | 68,600 | 28,500 | 54 | 59 | 50 | 51 | 60 |
| Less than \$850 | 10,400 | 100 | 1,600 | 7,700 | 1,000 | 56 | 100 | 75 | 49 | 76 |
| \$850 to \$1,049 | 19,600 | 700 | 5,000 | 12,700 | 1,200 | 58 | 100 | 69 | 51 | 65 |
| \$1,050 to \$1,249 | 23,200 | 300 | 3,900 | 14,600 | 4,400 | 58 | 62 | 41 | 58 | 72 |
| \$1,250 to \$1,449 | 17,900 | 600 | 2,500 | 11,600 | 3,300 | 61 | 79 | 50 | 60 | 70 |
| \$1,450 to \$1,649 | 12,700 | 1,300 | 1,100 | 7,800 | 2,500 | 48 | 36 | 26 | 51 | 52 |
| \$1,650 to \$1,849 | 11,600 | 3,700 | 400 | 4,900 | 2,600 | 53 | 68 | 27 | 42 | 57 |
| \$1,850 to \$2,049 | 10,100 | 2,400 | 1,400 | 3,900 | 2,300 | 60 | 93 | 82 | 40 | 46 |
| \$2,050 to \$2,249 | 5,800 | 800 | 600 | 1,700 | 2,600 | 46 | 81 | 13 | 31 | 51 |
| \$2,250 to \$2,449 | 6,000 | 1,500 | 1,600 | 500 | 2,400 | 38 | 61 | 17 | 28 | 40 |
| \$2,450 or more. | 18,700 | 7,500 | 2,000 | 3,100 | 6,100 | 44 | 39 | 35 | 23 | 63 |
| Median asking rent | \$1,415 | \$2,132 | \$1,226 | \$1,240 | \$1,787 | \$1,355 | \$1,951 | \$1,099 | \$1,217 | \$1,672 |
| 2 bedrooms. | 113,100 | 17,300 | 15,200 | 53,900 | 26,600 | 56 | 53 | 60 | 50 | 67 |
| Less than \$850 | 5,200 | 100 | 200 | 4,700 | 200 | 45 | 100 | 82 | 40 | 94 |
| \$850 to \$1,049 | 8,000 | 100 | 3,200 | 3,600 | 1,200 | 68 | 100 | 70 | 61 | 85 |
| \$1,050 to \$1,249 | 10,400 | 400 | 2,800 | 5,300 | 1,900 | 67 | 97 | 64 | 61 | 81 |
| \$1,250 to \$1,449 | 19,200 | 1,200 | 2,800 | 9,700 | 5,500 | 61 | 55 | 57 | 50 | 84 |
| \$1,450 to \$1,649 | 14,200 | 300 | 2,000 | 9,000 | 2,900 | 60 | 95 | 55 | 54 | 78 |
| \$1,650 to \$1,849 | 10,100 | 600 | 1,100 | 6,400 | 2,000 | 56 | 39 | 46 | 54 | 71 |
| \$1,850 to \$2,049 | 7,900 | 2,000 | 700 | 4,000 | 1,200 | 48 | 29 | 49 | 52 | 64 |
| \$2,050 to \$2,249 | 5,400 | 1,100 | 400 | 2,700 | 1,300 | 56 | 66 | 36 | 53 | 61 |
| \$2,250 to \$2,449 | 8,600 | 4,500 | Z | 2,500 | 1,500 | 46 | 51 | 51 | 39 | 42 |
| \$2,450 or more. | 24,000 | 6,900 | 2,100 | 6,100 | 8,900 | 49 | 55 | 61 | 34 | 52 |
| Median asking rent | \$1,643 | \$2,371 | \$1,357 | \$1,532 | \$1,810 | \$1,569 | \$2,380 | \$1,301 | \$1,507 | \$1,582 |
| 3 bedrooms or more. | 17,300 | 2,000 | 3,300 | 8,100 | 3,900 | 62 | 64 | 67 | 55 | 72 |
| Less than \$850 | 500 | Z | Z | 400 | Z | 55 | 100 | 100 | 52 | 100 |
| \$850 to \$1,049 | 300 | Z | Z | 200 | Z | 63 | 100 | Z | 61 | 100 |
| \$1,050 to \$1,249 | 1,700 | 100 | 1,000 | 500 | 100 | 63 | 100 | 70 | 46 | 58 |
| \$1,250 to \$1,449 | 1,600 | 100 | 700 | 700 | Z | 59 | 83 | 58 | 54 | 72 |
| \$1,450 to \$1,649 | 3,200 | 200 | 300 | 1,900 | 700 | 62 | 64 | 48 | 53 | 92 |
| \$1,650 to \$1,849 | 2,600 | Z | 600 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 73 | 100 | 80 | 61 | 82 |
| \$1,850 to \$2,049 | 1,700 | Z | 200 | 1,300 | 200 | 67 | 87 | 88 | 62 | 78 |
| \$2,050 to \$2,249 | 800 | 100 | Z | 500 | 200 | 70 | 78 | 76 | 64 | 82 |
| \$2,250 to \$2,449 | 800 | Z | 100 | 400 | 200 | 59 | 67 | 54 | 61 | 55 |
| \$2,450 or more. | 4,000 | 1,400 | 300 | 1,000 | 1,400 | 54 | 58 | 64 | 43 | 55 |
| Median asking rent . . | \$1,751 | +\$2,450 | \$1,429 | \$1,682 | \$1,868 | \$1,743 | +\$2,450 | \$1,441 | \$1,708 | \$1,796 |

+ The median is in the open-ended interval, thus cannot be calculated.
Z Represents zero or rounds to zero.
Note: Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments in buildings with five or more units. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview, such as 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percentages are computed using unrounded data.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units-2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments Completed in 2017 and Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion).

Table 3.
Unfurnished Apartments and 3-Month Absorption Rate by Rent and Number of Bedrooms for Geographic Areas: 2017 Completions

| Characteristic | Number of unfurnished apartments |  |  |  | Percent absorbed within 3 months |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | United States | Inside CBSA ${ }^{1}$ |  | Outside CBSA ${ }^{1}$ | United States | Inside CBSA ${ }^{1}$ |  | Outside CBSA ${ }^{1}$ |
|  |  | Inside principal city | Outside principal city |  |  | Inside principal city | Outside principal city |  |
| Total | 286,000 | 168,600 | 113,500 | 3,900 | 55 | 51 | 61 | 47 |
| ASKING RENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$850 | 18,000 | 8,600 | 9,400 | Z | 55 | 63 | 47 | Z |
| \$850 to \$1,049 | 29,600 | 19,200 | 10,300 | 100 | 62 | 58 | 69 | 60 |
| \$1,050 to \$1,249 | 37,700 | 19,900 | 17,300 | 500 | 61 | 52 | 70 | 91 |
| \$1,250 to \$1,449 | 41,400 | 23,200 | 17,600 | 600 | 61 | 52 | 70 | 100 |
| \$1,450 to \$1,649 | 32,500 | 18,400 | 13,900 | 100 | 55 | 50 | 60 | 100 |
| \$1,650 to \$1,849 | 26,000 | 13,600 | 11,300 | 1,100 | 56 | 52 | 63 | 26 |
| \$1,850 to \$2,049 | 21,100 | 11,200 | 8,500 | 1,400 | 54 | 49 | 66 | 17 |
| \$2,050 to \$2,249 | 13,300 | 9,400 | 3,900 | Z | 52 | 52 | 54 | Z |
| \$2,250 to \$2,449 | 16,100 | 7,000 | 9,100 | Z | 44 | 47 | 42 | Z |
| \$2,450 or more. | 50,100 | 38,000 | 12,100 | Z | 47 | 45 | 52 | Z |
| Median asking rent | \$1,550 | \$1,594 | \$1,482 | \$1,750 | \$1,478 | \$1,535 | \$1,430 | \$1,366 |
| No bedroom | 19,500 | 16,200 | 3,300 | Z | 51 | 51 | 54 | Z |
| Less than \$1,850 | 12,700 | 9,900 | 2,789 | Z | 57 | 59 | 55 | Z |
| \$1,850 or more. | 6,800 | 6,300 | 517 | Z | 40 | 39 | 47 | Z |
| Median asking rent | \$1,542 | \$1,593 | \$1,242 | \$950 | \$1,407 | \$1,434 | \$1,073 | \$1,170 |
| 1 bedroom. | 136,100 | 82,500 | 52,300 | 1,300 | 54 | 51 | 59 | 42 |
| Less than \$850 | 10,400 | 4,700 | 5,700 | Z | 56 | 68 | 46 | Z |
| \$850 to \$1,049 | 19,600 | 13,400 | 6,100 | 100 | 58 | 54 | 67 | 100 |
| \$1,050 to \$1,249 | 23,200 | 11,200 | 11,600 | 300 | 58 | 48 | 67 | 100 |
| \$1,250 to \$1,449 | 17,900 | 11,300 | 6,600 | Z | 61 | 56 | 70 | Z |
| \$1,450 to \$1,649 | 12,700 | 9,000 | 3,700 | Z | 48 | 50 | 43 | Z |
| \$1,650 to \$1,849 | 11,600 | 6,100 | 4,600 | 900 | 53 | 48 | 67 | 16 |
| \$1,850 to \$2,049 | 10,100 | 5,300 | 4,800 | Z | 60 | 49 | 72 | Z |
| \$2,050 to \$2,249 | 5,800 | 4,700 | 1,100 | Z | 46 | 47 | 38 | Z |
| \$2,250 to \$2,449 | 6,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | Z | 38 | 45 | 31 | Z |
| \$2,450 or more. | 18,700 | 13,700 | 5,000 | Z | 44 | 43 | 45 | Z |
| Median asking rent | \$1,415 | \$1,462 | \$1,331 | \$1,704 | \$1,355 | \$1,408 | \$1,289 | \$1,170 |
| 2 bedrooms. | 113,100 | 60,600 | 50,300 | 2,100 | 56 | 51 | 63 | 46 |
| Less than \$850 | 5,200 | 2,500 | 2,700 | Z | 45 | 41 | 49 | Z |
| \$850 to \$1,049 | 8,000 | 4,600 | 3,400 | Z | 68 | 67 | 70 | Z |
| \$1,050 to \$1,249 | 10,400 | 5,500 | 4,800 | 100 | 67 | 55 | 80 | 100 |
| \$1,250 to \$1,449 | 19,200 | 8,900 | 9,700 | 600 | 61 | 46 | 73 | 100 |
| \$1,450 to \$1,649 | 14,200 | 5,900 | 8,300 | Z | 60 | 53 | 65 | Z |
| \$1,650 to \$1,849 | 10,100 | 5,200 | 4,900 | Z | 56 | 54 | 58 | Z |
| \$1,850 to \$2,049 | 7,900 | 3,900 | 2,600 | 1,400 | 48 | 53 | 56 | 17 |
| \$2,050 to \$2,249 | 5,400 | 3,100 | 2,300 | Z | 56 | 54 | 59 | Z |
| \$2,250 to \$2,449 | 8,600 | 2,900 | 5,600 | Z | 46 | 46 | 45 | Z |
| \$2,450 or more. | 24,000 | 17,900 | 6,200 | Z | 49 | 46 | 57 | Z |
| Median asking rent | \$1,643 | \$1,756 | \$1,563 | \$1,897 | \$1,569 | \$1,712 | \$1,498 | \$1,371 |
| 3 bedrooms or more | 17,300 | 9,300 | 7,500 | 400 | 62 | 57 | 68 | 79 |
| Less than \$850 | 500 | 100 | 300 | Z | 55 | 100 | 39 | Z |
| \$850 to \$1,049 | 300 | 200 | 100 | Z | 63 | 64 | 59 | Z |
| \$1,050 to \$1,249 | 1,700 | 1,100 | 500 | 100 | 63 | 69 | 54 | 33 |
| \$1,250 to \$1,449 | 1,600 | 500 | 1,100 | Z | 59 | 57 | 60 | Z |
| \$1,450 to \$1,649 | 3,200 | 1,700 | 1,400 | 100 | 62 | 46 | 80 | 100 |
| \$1,650 to \$1,849 | 2,600 | 1,000 | 1,500 | 200 | 73 | 64 | 78 | 83 |
| \$1,850 to \$2,049 | 1,700 | 600 | 1,100 | Z | 67 | 69 | 66 | Z |
| \$2,050 to \$2,249 | 800 | 300 | 500 | Z | 70 | 80 | 63 | Z |
| \$2,250 to \$2,449 | 800 | 500 | 300 | Z | 59 | 56 | 65 | Z |
| \$2,450 or more. | 4,000 | 3,200 | 800 | Z | 54 | 51 | 65 | Z |
| Median asking rent | \$1,751 | \$1,860 | \$1,692 | \$1,626 | \$1,743 | \$1,834 | \$1,703 | \$1,642 |

Z Represents zero or rounds to zero.
${ }^{1}$ Core-Based Statistical Area.
Note: Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments in buildings with five or more units. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview, such as 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percentages are computed using unrounded data.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units-2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments Completed in 2017 and Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion).

Figure 1.
Unfurnished Rental Units: 1970 to 2017 Completions


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units.
Recession data: National Bureau of Economic Research, <www.nber.org>.

The West reported 63 percent of their unfurnished rental units absorbed within 3 months after completion and was 12 percentage points greater than the 51 percent reported in the South. However, the 63 percent in the West did not differ significantly from the 56 percent reported in the Northeast, nor the 55 percent 3-month absorption rate in the Midwest. There were no other significant differences detected among the 3-month absorption rates (Table 2;
Figure 2).

Figure 2.
Unfurnished Apartment Units and 3-Month Absorption Rates by Region: 2017 Completions (In percent)


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units.

Bedrooms (unfurnished apartments): One-bedroom units accounted for 48 percent, or 136,100 units, of the new rental construction in 2017. Only 7 percent (19,500 units) were designated as efficiencies/no-bedroom units and 6 percent $(17,300)$ were constructed with three or more bedrooms in 2017. There were no significant differences detected between these two percentages (Table 1; Figure 3).

There were no significant differences detected among the 3-month absorption rates for efficiencies/no-bedroom (51 percent), one-bedroom (54 percent), two-bedroom (56 percent), and three-or-morebedroom (62 percent) units built in 2017 (Table 3).

Rent (unfurnished apartments): The median monthly asking rent of $\$ 1,550$ for all unfurnished rental apartments completed in 2017 did not differ significantly from the $\$ 1,480$ median asking rent in 2016. ${ }^{2}$ Three months after completion, the absorption rates for units renting between $\$ 850$ to $\$ 1,049, \$ 1,050$ to $\$ 1,249$, and those renting for $\$ 1,250$ to $\$ 1,449$ (about 61 percent) were higher than the 3-month absorption rate of 44 percent for units with a rent range of $\$ 2,250$

[^0]Figure 3.

## Unfurnished Rental Apartments by Number of Bedrooms: 2017 Completions



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units.
to $\$ 2,449$, and the 47 percent renting for $\$ 2,450$ or more. There were no significant differences detected among the remaining 3-month absorption percentages by rent category (Tables 2 and 3 ).

Rent (number of bedrooms): The median asking rent of $\$ 1,751$ for a unit with three or more bedrooms in 2017 did not differ significantly from the $\$ 1,643$ median asking rent for units with two bedrooms. Additionally, both of these median asking rents did not differ significantly from the median asking rent for efficiency units of $\$ 1,542$. However, they were both higher than one-bedroom units with a
median asking rent of $\$ 1,415$ per month (Tables 2 and 3).

Rent (region): The median asking rent for units constructed in 2017 was highest in the Northeast region, where the median asking rent was $\$ 2,344$. The next highest asking rent was in the West at $\$ 1,811$. The South at $\$ 1,387$ and the Midwest at \$1,285 had the lowest median asking monthly rents (Table 2; Figure 4).

Core-Based Statistical Areas (CBSAs) (unfurnished apartments): Approximately 282,100 or 99 percent of the 286,000 unfurnished rental units constructed in 2017 were completed inside CBSAs

Figure 4.
Median Asking Rent by Region for Unfurnished Rental Apartments: 2017 Completions


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units

Figure 5.

## Distribution by <br> Geographical Areas in Unfurnished Rentals: 2017 Completions



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units.

Figure 6.
Distribution of Unfurnished Apartment Units Inside Core-Based Statistical Areas: 2017 Completions


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017
Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units
(Table 3; Figure 5). Of those units constructed inside CBSAs, approximately 60 percent of the units were built inside principal cities, and 40 percent were built outside principal cities. Approximately 3,900 or 1 percent of new rental units were constructed outside of CBSAs (Table 3; Figure 6).

Of the 113,500 units constructed outside principal cities of CBSAs, 61 percent were absorbed within 3 months of completion. This was 10 percentage points higher than the 51 percent absorption rate for the 168,600 units constructed inside principal cities. After 3 months, 47 percent of the 3,900 units constructed outside of CBSAs were absorbed. However, this absorption rate was not significantly different from the absorption rates for units

Table 4.
Unfurnished Apartments and 3-Month Absorption Rate by Units in Building and Number of Floors in Building: 2017 Completions

| Item | Total | Percent completed | Percent absorbed in 3 months |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 286,000 | 100 | 55 |
| 5 to 9 units. | 12,200 | 4 | 79 |
| 10 to 12 units | 14,700 | 5 | 76 |
| 13 to 19 units | 10,500 | 4 | 62 |
| 20 to 49 units | 92,500 | 32 | 58 |
| 50 to 99 units | 48,500 | 17 | 55 |
| 100 or more units. | 107,600 | 38 | 46 |
| Buildings with 1 or 2 floors . . . . . . . | 21,000 | 7 | 66 |
| 5 to 9 units. . | 8,300 | 3 | 77 |
| 10 to 12 units | 3,900 | 1 | 58 |
| 13 to 19 units | 4,600 | 2 | 55 |
| 20 to 49 units | 3,800 | 1 | 68 |
| 50 to 99 units | 400 | Z | 55 |
| 100 or more units. | Z | Z | Z |
| Buildings with 3 floors | 101,600 | 35 | 60 |
| 5 to 9 units. . | 2,600 | 1 | 87 |
| 10 to 12 units | 10,300 | 4 | 82 |
| 13 to 19 units | 5,100 | 2 | 67 |
| 20 to 49 units . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 66,500 | 23 | 58 |
| 50 to 99 units . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 11,900 | 4 | 46 |
| 100 or more units. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5,200 | 2 | 57 |
| Buildings with 4 or 5 floors . . . . . . . | 101,400 | 35 | 54 |
| 5 to 9 units. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,200 | Z | 75 |
| 10 to 12 units | 400 | Z | 87 |
| 13 to 19 units | 700 | Z | 62 |
| 20 to 49 units | 20,400 | 7 | 56 |
| 50 to 99 units | 31,100 | 11 | 58 |
| 100 or more units. . . . . . . . . . . | 47,600 | 17 | 49 |
| Buildings with 6 or more floors . ... | 61,900 | 22 | 45 |
| 5 to 9 units. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100 | Z | 69 |
| 10 to 12 units . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100 | Z | 81 |
| 13 to 19 units . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100 | Z | 88 |
| 20 to 49 units | 1,700 | 1 | 69 |
| 50 to 99 units | 5,100 | 2 | 61 |
| 100 or more units. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 54,800 | 19 | 42 |

Z Represents zero or rounds to zero.
${ }^{1}$ Does not include buildings not reporting number of floors.
Note: Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments in buildings with five or more units. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percentages are computed using unrounded data.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units-2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments Completed in 2017 and Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion).
constructed inside principal cities and those units constructed outside principal cities (Table 3).

Number of floors (unfurnished apartments): Units constructed
in buildings with three floors, and those with four or five floors, each accounted for 35 percent of the 286,000 total rental apartment units constructed in 2017. Units in buildings with six or more floors
accounted for 22 percent, while units in buildings with one or two floors accounted for 7 percent of new construction in 2017 (Table 4; Figure 7).

Figure 7.
Percentage of Unfurnished Apartments by Number of Floors in Buildings With Five or More Units: 2017 Completions


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units.

Figure 8.
Percentage of Unfurnished Apartments by Units in Buildings With Five or More Units: 2017 Completions


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units.

There were no significant differences detected between the 66 percent 3-month absorption rate for units in buildings with one or two floors and the 60 percent 3-month absorption rate for units in buildings with three floors
in 2017. Both of these 3-month absorption rates were higher than the 45 percent 3 -month absorption rate for units in buildings with six or more floors. The 3-month absorption rate of 54 percent of units in buildings with four or five
floors was not significantly different from any absorption rate by number of floors (Table 4).

Units per building (unfurnished apartments): Units in buildings that contained 100 or more units accounted for approximately 38 percent of the 286,000 new unfurnished apartments constructed in 2017. Units in buildings containing 20 to 49 units accounted for 32 percent. This was followed by units in buildings with 50 to 99 units accounting for 17 percent of the construction. The lowest percentages were those with 5 to 9 units and 13 to 19 units at 4 percent each, and 5 percent in buildings with ten to 12 units. There were no significant differences detected among these three percentages for new construction in 2017 (Table 4; Figure 8).

After 3 months, absorption rates ranged from 46 percent in buildings with 100 or more units to 79 percent in buildings with 5 to 9 units (Table 4).

Utilities (unfurnished apartments): In 2017, approximately 8 percent of the 286,000 total apartment units constructed included electricity in the monthly rent, 15 percent included gas, 28 percent included water, and 31 percent included sewer service. The 3-month absorption rate was higher in units where gas was not included (59 percent) than where gas was included (47 percent) with rent (Table 5a).

Of the total unfurnished rental apartments, 92 percent provided individual laundry connections in each unit, 4 percent each reported shared laundry facilities, and 4 percent both individual and shared (laundry room) connections.

Table 5a.
UTILITIES—Unfurnished Apartments and Condominium Units and 3-Month Absorption Rates: 2017 Completions


X Not applicable.
Z Represents zero or rounds to zero.
${ }^{1}$ Rent or condominium fee.
${ }^{2}$ Provided by management.
${ }^{3}$ The difference in the percentage of units with a washer and dryer, and those units with a laundry connection is attributed to not-reported cases.

Note: Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments in buildings with five or more units. Data regarding features and utilities are collected at the initial interview, such as 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Percentages are computed using unrounded data.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units-2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments Completed in 2017 and Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion).

Table 5b.
AMENITIES—Unfurnished Apartments and Condominium Units and 3-Month Absorption Rates: 2017 Completions

| Characteristic | Unfurnished rental units |  |  | Condominium units |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Percent absorbed within 3 months | Number | Percent | Percent absorbed within 3 months |
| Total . . | 286,000 | 100 | 55 | 13,500 | 100 | 73 |
| INTERNET/WI-FI |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Available |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Included ${ }^{1}$ | 35,300 | 12 | 52 | 3,000 | 22 | 82 |
| At extra cost | 246,000 | 86 | 55 | 9,500 | 70 | 71 |
| Not available. | 4,600 | 2 | 47 | 700 | 5 | 75 |
| Not reported. | 100 | Z | X | 300 | 2 | X |
| CABLE/SATELLITE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Available |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Included ${ }^{1}$ | 22,100 | 8 | 54 | 2,100 | 16 | 86 |
| At extra cost | 259,500 | 91 | 55 | 10,300 | 76 | 71 |
| Not available. | 4,300 | 1 | 50 | 700 | 5 | 75 |
| Not reported. | Z | Z | X | 300 | 2 | X |
| PARKING |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Available |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Included ${ }^{1}$ | 207,800 | 73 | 54 | 9,200 | 69 | 77 |
| At extra cost | 31,700 | 11 | 59 | 1,600 | 12 | 67 |
| Not available. | 46,400 | 16 | 55 | 2,600 | 19 | 67 |
| Not reported. | 100 | Z | X | 100 | Z | X |
| SWIMMING POOLS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Available |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Included ${ }^{1}$. | 202,600 | 71 | 54 | 7,400 | 55 | 70 |
| At extra cost | 26,700 | 9 | 52 | 700 | 5 | 66 |
| Not available. | 56,600 | 20 | 58 | 5,200 | 39 | 80 |
| Not reported. . . . . . . . . | 100 | Z | $\times$ | 100 | Z | X |

X Not applicable
Z Represents zero or rounds to zero.
${ }^{1}$ Rent or condominium fee.
Note: Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments in buildings with five or more units. Data regarding features and utilities are collected at the initial interview, such as 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Percentages are computed using unrounded data.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units-2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments Completed in 2017 and Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion).

Washing machines and dryers were provided by management in 90 percent of all of the unfurnished rental apartments (Table 5a; Figure 9). After 3 months on the market, 55 percent of the units with laundry connections were absorbed. The percentage of units absorbed after 3 months where management provided a washer and dryer was 54 percent (Table $5 a)$.

There were no significant differences detected among the 3-month absorption rate of 70
percent for units with shared laundry connections and the 55 percent of those with available laundry connections (Table 5a).

Amenities (unfurnished apartments): Of the 286,000 unfurnished rental apartments constructed in 2017, Wi-Fi or Internet service was available in 98 percent of the units, and it was included in the monthly rent in 12 percent of those units. Cable or satellite service was available in 99 percent of the units, with 8 percent having it included in their
rent. Off-street parking was available to 84 percent of the units, with approximately 87 percent of those units having it included with their monthly rent. Approximately 80 percent had a swimming pool available, and of those 88 percent had the cost of a swimming pool included in their monthly rent (Table 5b; Figure 10).

There were no significant differences in the 3-month absorption rates for units that included amenities, such as Wi-Fi/Internet, cable/ satellite, or use of a swimming
pool, in the monthly rent versus those that charged a fee for those amenities (Table 5b).

New construction (condominiums and cooperatives): Approximately 14,000 condominium and cooperative apartments were constructed in 2017. This was approximately 4,700 fewer units compared to the 18,700 condominium and cooperative completions in 2016 (Table 6; Figure 11). Within 3 months after completion, 74 percent of the units had been absorbed. Of the 14,000 units constructed, 13,500 were built as condominiums (Table 7).

CBSAs (condominiums and cooperatives): In 2017, approximately 97 percent or 13,600 of the 14,000 condominium and cooperative units were constructed inside CBSAs with 3 percent being constructed outside CBSAs (Table 6). The largest proportion ( 64 percent) of all new units constructed was inside principal cities. Units constructed outside of principal cites accounted for 33 percent (Table 6; Figure 12).

The 3-month absorption rate for all condominium and cooperative units constructed inside CBSAs was 74 percent. There was no significant differences in the 3-month absorption rate of 72 percent for units constructed inside principal cities, and 79 percent for those constructed outside principal cities (Table 6).

New construction (condominiums): Condominiums accounted for approximately 13,500 or 4 percent of the total privately financed,

Figure 9.
Utilities Included With Rent/Purchase in Unfurnished Apartments and Condominium Units: 2017 Completions (In percent)


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units.

Figure 10.
Amenities Included With Rent/Purchase in Unfurnished Apartments and Condominium Units: 2017 Completions
(In percent)


[^1]Table 6.
Condominium and Cooperative Apartments and 3-Month Absorption Rate by Number of Bedrooms and Geography: 2017 Completions

| Characteristic | Number | Percent of total | Percent absorbed within 3 months | Median asking price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total . | 14,000 | 100 | 74 | \$499,800 |
| BEDROOMS |  |  |  |  |
| Fewer than 2 bedrooms | 2,800 | 20 | 69 | \$521,800 |
| 2 bedrooms. | 6,700 | 48 | 76 | \$437,300 |
| 3 bedrooms or more | 4,400 | 32 | 74 | \$664,500 |
| REGION |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 3,100 | 22 | 74 | +\$700,000 |
| Midwest | 1,800 | 13 | 79 | \$323,500 |
| South | 5,300 | 38 | 79 | \$451,400 |
| West | 3,800 | 27 | 64 | \$416,500 |
| GEOGRAPHIC AREA |  |  |  |  |
| Inside CBSA ${ }^{1}$. | 13,600 | 97 | 74 | \$507,100 |
| Inside principal city | 9,000 | 64 | 72 | \$662,600 |
| Outside principal city | 4,600 | 33 | 79 | \$324,300 |
| Outside CBSA ${ }^{1}$. . . . . . . | 400 | 3 | 60 | \$415,000 |

+ The median is in the open-ended interval, thus cannot be calculated.
${ }^{1}$ Core-Based Statistical Area.
Note: Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments in buildings with five or more units. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview, such as 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percentages are computed using unrounded data.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units-2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments Completed in 2017 and Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion).

Figure 11.
Condominium and Cooperative Units: 1970 to 2017 Completions


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 1970 to 2017 Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units.
Recession data: National Bureau of Economic Research, <www.nber.org>.

Table 7.
Condominium Apartments and 3-Month Absorption Rate by Asking Price, Number of Bedrooms, Region, and Geographic Area: 2017 Completions

| Characteristic | Number | Percent of total | Percent absorbed within 3 months | Median asking price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 13,500 | 100 | 73 | \$514,400 |
| ASKING PRICE |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$200,000 | 1,100 | 8 | 66 | X |
| \$200,000 to \$249,999. | 1,100 | 8 | 62 | X |
| \$250,000 to \$299,999 | 600 | 4 | 69 | X |
| \$300,000 to \$349,999 | 1,300 | 10 | 85 | X |
| \$350,000 to \$399,999 | 1,000 | 8 | 75 | X |
| \$400,000 to \$449,999. | 800 | 6 | 74 | X |
| \$450,000 to \$499,999 | 600 | 5 | 80 | X |
| \$500,000 to \$549,999 | 700 | 5 | 84 | X |
| \$550,000 to \$599,999 | 400 | 3 | 78 | X |
| \$600,000 to \$649,999 | 500 | 4 | 84 | X |
| \$650,000 to \$699,999. | 1,100 | 8 | 80 | X |
| \$700,000 or more. | 4,400 | 32 | 68 | X |
| BEDROOMS |  |  |  |  |
| Fewer than 2 bedrooms. | 2,800 | 21 | 68 | \$527,100 |
| 2 bedrooms or more | 10,700 | 80 | 75 | \$500,900 |
| 2 bedrooms. | 6,300 | 47 | 75 | \$455,100 |
| 3 bedrooms or more | 4,400 | 33 | 74 | \$667,100 |
| REGION |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 3,100 | 23 | 74 | +\$700,000 |
| Midwest | 1,400 | 11 | 74 | \$345,200 |
| South | 5,200 | 38 | 80 | \$455,100 |
| West. | 3,800 | 28 | 64 | \$416,500 |
| GEOGRAPHIC AREA |  |  |  |  |
| Inside CBSA ${ }^{1}$. | 13,100 | 97 | 74 | \$524,300 |
| Inside Principal City. | 8,700 | 64 | 71 | \$668,400 |
| Outside Principal City . | 4,400 | 33 | 79 | \$329,300 |
| Outside CBSA ${ }^{1}$. . . . . . . | 400 | 3 | 60 | \$415,000 |

+ The median is in the open-ended interval, thus cannot be calculated.
X Not applicable.
${ }^{1}$ Core-Based Statistical Area.
Note: Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments in buildings with five or more units. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview, such as 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percentages are computed using unrounded data.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units-2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments Completed in 2017 and Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion).
nonsubsidized, units in buildings with five or more units completed in 2017. After 3 months on the market, 73 percent of the units had been sold/absorbed (Table 7).

Bedrooms (condominiums): In 2017, the approximately 10,700 units with two or more bedrooms accounted for 80 percent of
condominium apartment construction (Table 7; Figure 13). There were no significant differences detected among the 3-month absorption rates for condominiums based on number of bedrooms. After 3 months, 68 percent of the 2,800 condominium units with less than two bedrooms had been absorbed. This percentage
did not differ significantly from the 75 percent 3-month absorption rate for units with two bedrooms or more (Table 7).

Asking price (condominiums): The median asking price for all new condominium apartments built in 2017 was $\$ 514,400$. This figure could not be compared

Table 8.
Furnished Apartments and 3-Month Absorption Rate by Asking Rent, Number of Bedrooms, Region, and Geographic Area: 2017 Completions

| Characteristic | Number | Percent of total | Percent absorbed within 3 months | Median asking rent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 10,200 | 100 | 66 | \$1,210 |
| ASKING RENT |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$1,850 | 6,200 | 60 | 71 | \$960 |
| \$1,850 or more. | 4,000 | 40 | 59 | +\$2,450 |
| BEDROOMS |  |  |  |  |
| Fewer than 2 bedrooms. | 3,100 | 31 | 55 | Z |
| 2 bedrooms or more. | 7,000 | 69 | 71 | Z |
| REGION |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 500 | 8 | 63 | +\$2,450 |
| Midwest | 2,300 | 17 | 69 | \$946 |
| South | 4,000 | 40 | 73 | \$1,118 |
| West | 3,400 | 35 | 56 | \$1,933 |
| GEOGRAPHIC AREA |  |  |  |  |
| Inside CBSA ${ }^{1}$. | 10,100 | 100 | 67 | \$1,214 |
| Inside Principal City. | 6,900 | 62 | 62 | \$1,569 |
| Outside Principal City . . . . . | 3,200 | 38 | 76 | \$915 |
| Outside CBSA ${ }^{1}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100 | Z | Z | \$1,150 |

+ The median is in the open-ended interval, thus cannot be calculated.
Z Represents zero or rounds to zero.
${ }^{1}$ Core-Based Statistical Area.
Note: Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments in buildings with five or more units. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview, such as 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percentages are computed using unrounded data.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units-2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments Completed in 2017 and Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion).

Figure 12.
Distributions in Core-Based Statistical Area: 2017 Condominium/ Cooperatives Completions


Note: Details may not sum to total because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017
Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units.

Figure 13.
Number of Bedrooms in Condominium Units: 2017 Completions
(In percent)


[^2]to the 2016 median asking price, which exceeded the upper range of $\$ 700,000$-plus. ${ }^{3,4}$ In 2017, the median asking price for new condominiums built in the Northeast also exceeded the $\$ 700,000$ upper limit of the SOMA cost range and thus, could not be compared to the other regions. The median asking price in the South ( $\$ 455,100$ ) was not significantly different from the $\$ 416,500$ median asking price in the West. However, it was higher than the $\$ 345,200$ reported in the Midwest. There were no statistical differences detected in the median asking price for condominiums constructed in the Midwest and West (Table 7; Figure 14).

Overall, 73 percent of all condominium apartments were absorbed within 3 months after completion. There were no significant differences in the 3-month absorption rate by asking price (Table 7).

Regions (condominiums): In 2017, the highest percentage of condominium construction was reported in the South at 38 percent. The West (28 percent) and the Northeast (23 percent) did not differ significantly, however, both along with the percentage constructed in the South, were higher than the 11 percent reported in the Midwest. For absorption rates, there were no statistical differences among the regions (Table 7; Figure 15).

Utilities (condominium apartments): Of the 13,500 condominium units constructed in 2017, approximately 2 percent included electricity in the condominium fees, 19 percent included gas, 39

[^3]Figure 14.

## Median Asking Price of Condominium Units by Region: 2017 Completions



+ The median is in the open-ended interval, thus cannot be calculated.
${ }^{1}$ Median asking price greater than the SOMA upper limit range category of \$700,000 or more.
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units.

Figure 15.
Condominium Units and 3-Month Absorption Rates by Region: 2017 Completions (In percent)


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units.
percent included water, and 51 percent included sewer service. Of the condominiums completed in 2017 , approximately 96 percent provided individual laundry connections in all units, 2 percent reported shared laundry facilities, and 2 percent reported both
shared and individual connections (Table 5a; Figure 9).

Washing machines and dryers were available to 81 percent of the condominium apartments completed in 2017. There were no significant differences detected in the

Table 9.
Total Apartments in Buildings With Five or More Units: 1970 to 2017 Completions

| Year | Total | Unfurnished |  | Furnished |  | Condominiums and cooperatives |  | Subsidized and tax credit ${ }^{1}$ |  | Other units ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| 2017 | 346,900 | 286,000 | 82 | 10,200 | 3 | 14,000 | 4 | 34,900 | 10 | 1,900 | 1 |
| 2016 | 311,000 | 264,100 | 85 | 4,300 | 1 | 18,700 | 6 | 20,600 | 7 | 3,300 | 1 |
| 2015 | 310,300 | 259,500 | 84 | 7,000 | 2 | 12,100 | 4 | 30,500 | 10 | 1,400 | Z |
| 2014 | 255,700 | 210,800 | 82 | 7,900 | 3 | 7,000 | 3 | 26,400 | 10 | 3,500 | 1 |
| 2013 | 186,200 | 134,200 | 72 | 3,300 | 2 | 7,400 | 4 | 38,600 | 21 | 2,700 | 1 |
| 2012 | 157,600 | 104,500 | 66 | 3,700 | 2 | 6,500 | 4 | 34,400 | 22 | 8,500 | 5 |
| 2011 | 129,900 | 74,700 | 57 | 1,300 | 1 | 11,300 | 9 | 36,300 | 28 | 6,300 | 5 |
| 2010 | 146,500 | 89,100 | 61 | 1,100 | 1 | 19,100 | 13 | 31,400 | 21 | 5,800 | 4 |
| 2009 | 259,700 | 163,000 | 63 | 1,900 | 1 | 38,200 | 15 | 44,300 | 17 | 12,400 | 5 |
| 2008 | 276,600 | 146,400 | 53 | 2,800 | 1 | 69,800 | 26 | 49,100 | 18 | 8,500 | 3 |
| 2007 | 253,000 | 104,800 | 41 | 1,200 | Z | 91,000 | 36 | 46,700 | 18 | 9,200 | 4 |
| 2006 | 283,500 | 116,400 | 41 | 3,300 | 1 | 104,600 | 37 | 51,900 | 19 | 7,300 | 3 |
| 2005 | 258,000 | 111,900 | 43 | 5,400 | 2 | 81,800 | 32 | 45,200 | 18 | 13,600 | 5 |
| 2004 | 285,500 | 155,000 | 54 | 4,400 | 2 | 59,600 | 21 | 55,700 | 20 | 10,800 | 4 |
| 2003 | 261,400 | 167,800 | 64 | 2,200 | 1 | 41,900 | 16 | 37,800 | 15 | 11,300 | 4 |
| 2002 | 288,100 | 204,100 | 71 | 3,100 | 1 | 37,400 | 13 | 32,100 | 11 | 11,500 | 4 |
| 2001 | 281,000 | 193,100 | 69 | 4,500 | , | 45,700 | 16 | 26,700 | 10 | 11,100 | 4 |
| 2000 . | 300,000 | 226,200 | 75 | 2,900 | 1 | 36,100 | 12 | 24,400 | 8 | 10,500 | 3 |
| 1999 | 291,800 | 225,900 | 77 | 7,700 | 3 | 34,200 | 12 | 13,600 | 5 | 10,400 | 4 |
| 1998 | 273,900 | 209,900 | 77 | 3,000 | 1 | 34,500 | 13 | 20,000 | 7 | 6,600 | 2 |
| 1997 | 247,100 | 189,200 | 77 | 3,000 | 1 | 35,800 | 15 | 14,100 | 6 | 5,000 | 2 |
| 1996 | 251,300 | 191,300 | 76 | 2,400 | 1 | 36,900 | 15 | 14,200 | 6 | 6,400 | 3 |
| 1995 | 212,400 | 155,000 | 73 | 1,600 | 1 | 36,400 | 17 | 13,700 | 6 | 5,700 | 3 |
| 1994 | 154,900 | 104,000 | 67 | 1,100 | 1 | 34,400 | 22 | 11,800 | 8 | 3,600 | 2 |
| 1993 | 124,800 | 77,200 | 62 | 2,700 | 2 | 32,000 | 26 | 7,700 | 6 | 5,200 | 4 |
| 1992 | 155,200 | 110,200 | 71 | 700 | z | 31,100 | 20 | 7,000 | 5 | 6,000 | 4 |
| 1991 | 216,500 | 165,300 | 76 | 2,800 | 1 | 35,300 | 16 | 9,600 | 4 | 3,500 | 2 |
| 1990 . | 294,400 | 214,300 | 73 | 2,900 | 1 | 52,600 | 18 | 13,800 | 5 | 10,800 | 4 |
| 1989 | 337,900 | 246,400 | 73 | 4,900 | 1 | 59,700 | 18 | 19,800 | 6 | 7,200 | 2 |
| 1988 | 388,600 | 284,500 | 73 | 4,300 | 1 | 76,200 | 20 | 15,200 | 4 | 8,400 | 2 |
| 1987 | 474,200 | 345,600 | 73 | 7,900 | 2 | 92,300 | 19 | 17,000 | 4 | 11,300 | 2 |
| 1986 | 550,200 | 407,600 | 74 | 11,600 | 2 | 101,700 | 18 | 23,300 | 4 | 6,000 | 1 |
| 1985 | 533,300 | 364,500 | 68 | 7,400 | 1 | 135,800 | 25 | 12,000 | 2 | 13,700 | 3 |
| 1984 | 506,000 | 313,200 | 62 | 9,800 | 2 | 143,600 | 28 | 28,500 | 6 | 10,700 | 2 |
| 1983 | 370,700 | 191,500 | 52 | 4,700 | 1 | 111,800 | 30 | 47,700 | 13 | 15,100 | 4 |
| 1982 | 288,200 | 117,000 | 41 | 5,400 | 2 | 107,900 | 37 | 48,000 | 17 | 10,000 | 3 |
| 1981 | 332,500 | 135,400 | 41 | 6,000 | 2 | 112,600 | 34 | 66,100 | 20 | 12,500 | 4 |
| 1980. | 418,900 | 196,100 | 47 | 9,700 | 2 | 122,800 | 29 | 79,900 | 19 | 10,500 | 3 |
| 1979 | 439,300 | 241,200 | 55 | 12,100 | 3 | 91,800 | 21 | 87,500 | 20 | 6,700 | 2 |
| 1978 | 362,700 | 228,700 | 63 | 11,200 | 3 | 54,500 | 15 | 54,100 | 15 | 14,300 | 4 |
| 1977 | 289,400 | 195,600 | 68 | 16,200 | 6 | 43,000 | 15 | 26,000 | 9 | 8,700 | 3 |
| 1976 | 258,200 | 157,000 | 61 | 12,800 | 5 | 46,300 | 18 | 32,000 | 12 | 10,000 | 4 |
| 1975 | 371,400 | 223,100 | 60 | 11,100 | 3 | 84,600 | 23 | 38,900 | 10 | 13,800 | 4 |
| 1974 | 685,400 | 405,500 | 59 | 20,700 | 3 | 159,000 | 23 | 75,400 | 11 | 25,000 | 4 |
| 1973 | 774,800 | 531,700 | 69 | 36,200 | 5 | 98,100 | 13 | 82,000 | 11 | 26,800 | 3 |
| 1972 | 718,200 | 497,900 | 69 | 37,700 | 5 | 57,300 | 8 | 93,800 | 13 | 31,400 | 4 |
| 1971 | 583,400 | 334,400 | 57 | 32,200 | 6 | 49,100 | 8 | 104,800 | 18 | 63,000 | 11 |
| 1970 | 526,000 | 328,400 | 62 | 48,200 | 9 | 72,500 | 14 | 55,900 | 11 | 21,000 | 4 |

Z Represents zero or rounds to zero.
${ }^{1}$ Subsidized housing programs include: Project-based Section 8, Public Housing, grants to the elderly, direct loans and grants to the disabled, rental assistance programs, HOME program, Community Development Block Grants, and the U.S. Department of Agriculture multifamily rural housing program.

2 "Other units" includes time-sharing units, continuing care retirement units, and turnkey housing (privately built for and sold to local public housing authorities subject to completion).

Note: Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Percentages are computed using unrounded data.
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units-2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments Completed in 2017 and Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion).

Figure 16.
Furnished Apartment Units: 1980 to 2017 Completions


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units. Recession data: National Bureau of Economic Research, <www.nber.org>.

3-month absorption rates between units that included utilities in the condominium fees and those that did not (Table 5a; Figure 9).

Amenities (condominium apartments): Wi-Fi or Internet service was available to 92 percent of the condominium apartments completed in 2017. However, only 24 percent of those units where Wi-Fi was available included it in their condominium fees. Cable or satellite service was available in 92 percent of the condominium apartments, with 17 percent of those units having it included in their condominium fees. Offstreet parking was included in the condominium fees for 69 percent of all condominium apartments. Approximately 60 percent of all condominium apartments had a swimming pool, and of those, 91 percent included it in their condominium fees (Table 5b; Figure 10).

Of the condominium units that did not include the cost of a swimming pool in their fees, 66 percent were absorbed within 3 months. This figure did not differ significantly from the 3-month absorption rate of 70 percent for those where the swimming pool fees were included in the condominium fees. However, after 3 months on the market, 80 percent of the condominium units where a swimming pool was not available were absorbed.

There were no significant differences in the 3-month absorption rates based on whether a unit did or did not include amenities such as Wi-Fi/Internet, cable/satellite, or off-street parking (Table 5b).

Furnished apartment units: There were approximately 10,200 furnished apartment units constructed in 2017. This was approximately double the 4,300 reported in 2016 (Table 8; Figure 16).

The median asking rent for a furnished unit in 2017 was \$1,210. This was lower than the $\$ 1,550$ asking rent for an unfurnished unit constructed in 2017. After 3 months, 66 percent of the 10,200 furnished apartment units were rented (Table 8). This percentage did not differ significantly compared to the 3-month absorption rate of 55 percent for unfurnished rental units (Tables 2 and 8).

All apartments (summary): In 2017, there were approximately 346,900 apartments constructed in residential buildings with five or more units. This was the highest number recorded by SOMA since 1989, when 337,900 privately financed, nonsubsidized, units in buildings with five or more units were constructed. Of the 346,900 units, 82 percent were designated as nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments; 10 percent were subsidized and tax-credit units; 4 percent were condominiums and

Figure 17.
Buildings With Five or More Units: 1970 to 2017 Completions


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 1970 to 2017 Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units.
Recession data: National Bureau of Economic Research, <www.nber.org>.
cooperatives; 3 percent were furnished rental units; and 1 percent were not in the scope of the survey (Table 9; Figure 17). ${ }^{5}$

## CHARACTERISTICS OF THE DATA

All statistics from the SOMA refer to apartments in newly constructed buildings with five or more units. Absorption rates reflect the first time an apartment is rented after completion or the first time a condominium or cooperative apartment is sold after completion. If apartments initially intended to be sold as condominium or cooperative units are offered by the builder or building owner for rent instead, they are counted as rental apartments. Units categorized as subsidized and tax credited are those built under two HUD programs (Section 8, Low Income Housing Assistance and Section 202, Senior Citizens Housing Direct Loans) and all units in buildings containing

[^4]apartments in the Federal Housing Administration rent supplement program. The data on privately financed units include privately owned housing subsidized by state and local governments. Other units include time-share units, continuing-care retirement units, and turnkey units (privately built for and sold to local public housing authorities after completion) and are considered to be outside the scope of the survey.

Tables 1, 2, 3, and 4 are restricted to privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments. Table 7 is restricted to privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominiums only, while Table 8 is limited to privately financed, nonsubsidized furnished apartments only. Table 9 is a historical summary of the totals for all types of newly constructed apartments in buildings with five or more units. Estimates published in this report are preliminary and are subject to revision in the H130, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units-2019 Annual

Report-2018 Absorptions (2017 Completions).

Additionally, SOMA tabulates and reports absorption rates for units based on their CBSA. CBSAs include an urban center of at least 10,000 people and adjacent areas that are socioeconomically tied to the urban center by commuting. The term "CBSA" refers collectively to both metropolitan statistical areas and micropolitan areas. Micropolitan areas are based around Census Bureau-defined urban clusters of at least 10,000 and fewer than 50,000 people. Absorption rates within the CBSAs are further divided into "Inside Principal City" and "Outside Principal City."

Principal cities of a CBSA are the largest incorporated places with a population of at least 10,000 in the CBSA. If there is no such place present in the CBSA, the largest incorporated place or censusdesignated place (CDP) in the CBSA is termed the "Principal City." Principal cities also include
any additional incorporated place or CDP with a population of at least 250,000 or in which 100,000 or more persons work.

## SAMPLE DESIGN

The Census Bureau designed the survey to provide data concerning the rate at which privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished units in buildings with five or more units are rented or sold (absorbed). In addition, the survey collects data on characteristics such as number of bedrooms, asking rent, and asking price.

Buildings for the survey came from those included in the Census Bureau's Survey of Construction (SOC). ${ }^{6}$ For the SOC, the United States is first divided into primary sampling units (PSUs), which are stratified based on population and building permits. The PSUs to be used for the survey are then randomly selected from each stratum. Next, a sample of geographic locations that issue permits is chosen within each of the selected PSUs. All newly constructed buildings with five or more units within sampled places and a subsample of buildings with one to four units are included in the SOC.

For the SOMA, the Census Bureau selects a sample of buildings with five or more units that have been reported in the SOC sample as having been completed during that quarter. The SOMA does not include buildings in areas that do not issue permits. In each of the subsequent four quarters, the proportion of units in the quarterly sample that are sold or rented (absorbed) are recorded, providing

[^5]data for absorption rates 3, 6, 9, and 12 months after completion.

## ESTIMATION

Beginning with data on completions in the fourth quarter of 1990 (which formed the base for absorptions in the first quarter of 1991), the Census Bureau modified the estimation procedure and applied the new estimation procedure to new estimates for the other three quarters of 1990 to derive estimates using the same methodology for four quarters. The Census Bureau did not perform any additional reestimation of past data.

Using the original estimation procedure, the Census Bureau created design-unbiased quarterly estimates by multiplying the counts for each building by its base weight (the inverse of its probability of selection) and then summing over all buildings. Multiplying the design-unbiased estimate by the following ratio-estimate factor for the country as a whole provides the following estimate:
"Total units in buildings with five or more units in permit-issuing areas as estimated by the SOC for that quarter divided by total units in buildings with five or more units as estimated by the SOMA for that quarter."

Beginning with January 2001 completions, the SOC revised its methodology for estimating the number of units completed for five or more multiunit structures. See <www.census.gov/ftp/pub/const /www/new_methodology_const .html> for these changes. Thus, caution is required when comparing data from 2001 and forward to any estimates prior to 2001.

In the modified estimation procedure, instead of applying a single ratio-estimate factor for the entire country, the Census Bureau computes separate ratio-estimate factors for each of the four geographic regions. Multiplying the unbiased regional estimates by the corresponding ratio-estimate factors provides the final estimates for regions. The Census Bureau obtains the final estimates for the country by summing the final regional estimates.

This procedure produces estimates of the units completed in a given quarter that are consistent with published figures from the SOC and reduces, to some extent, the sampling variability of the estimates of totals. Annual absorption rates are obtained by computing a weighted average of the four quarterly estimates.

Absorption rates and other characteristics of units not included or accounted for in the interviewed group, are assumed to be identical to rates for units about which data were obtained. The noninterviewed and not-accounted-for cases constitute less than 2 percent of the sample housing units in this survey.

A survey interview is complete once the field representative collects information for the bedrooms. SOMA does not include data for subsidized units, therefore, if any unit is subsidized by Section 8 or receives any government assistance, the interview is then complete.

An interview is considered a sufficient partial interview when at least the building type (Unfurnished Rental, Furnished Rental, Cooperative, Condominium, or Owned or Leased by a Public Housing Agency) is recorded.

The response rates for SOMA are calculated by dividing the number of building interviews by the number of eligible buildings (Table 10):
$\frac{\text { Interviews }}{\substack{\text { Interviews plus } \\ \text { Type A noninterviews }}} \times 100$

As of first quarter 2017 completions quarterly report, other units (i.e., turnkey, time-share, continuing-care retirement units) have been counted as completed interviews in the response rate.

## NOTE TO DATA USERS

The SOMA adopted new ratio estimation procedures in 1990 to derive more accurate estimates of completions. ${ }^{7}$ This new procedure was used for the first time in processing annual data for 1990. Please use caution when comparing completions in 1990 and following years with those in earlier years.

## ACCURACY OF THE ESTIMATES

The SOMA is a sample survey and consequently all statistics in this report are subject to sampling variability. Estimates derived from different samples would differ from these.

Two types of possible errors are associated with data from sample surveys: nonsampling and sampling.

## Nonsampling Errors

In general, nonsampling errors can be attributed to many sources: inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, difficulties with definitions, differences in interpretation of questions, inability or unwillingness of

[^6]Table 10.
Sample Sizes and Weighted Response Rates by Quarter of Completion: 2017

| 2017 Completions | Eligible |  | Ineligible | Weighted response rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Interviews | Noninterviews |  |  |
| Total | 4,036 | 193 | 81 | 96.8 |
| First quarter | 951 | 15 | 6 | 98.7 |
| Second quarter | 1,090 | 44 | 8 | 97.7 |
| Third quarter. . | 1,127 | 45 | 32 | 98.0 |
| Fourth quarter .... | 868 | 89 | 35 | 92.4 |

the respondents to provide correct information, and data processing errors. Although no direct measurements of any bias that might result from nonsampling errors has been obtained, the Census Bureau thinks that most of the important response and operational errors were detected during review of the data for reasonableness and consistency.

## Sampling Errors

The particular sample used for this survey is one of many possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same design. Even if the same questionnaires, instructions, and interviewers were used, estimates from different samples would likely differ from each other. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is defined as the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate provides a measure of this variation and thus, is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a sample approximates the average result from all possible samples.

If all possible samples were selected, if each was surveyed under the same general conditions, and if an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample, then:

- Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard
error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate (i.e., the 68 percent confidence interval) would include the average result from all possible samples.
- Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 standard errors below the estimate to 1.645 standard errors above the estimate (i.e., the 90 percent confidence interval or margin of error) would include the average result from all possible samples.
- Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate (i.e., the 95 percent confidence) would include the average result from all possible samples.

This report uses a 90 percent confidence level as its standard for statistical significance.

For very small estimates, the lower limit of the confidence interval may be negative. In this case, a better approximation to the true interval estimate can be achieved by restricting the interval estimate to positive values, that is, by changing the lower limit of the interval estimate to zero.

The reliability of an estimated absorption rate (i.e., a percentage) computed by using sample
data for both the numerator and denominator depends on both the size of the rate and the size of the total on which the rate is based. Estimated rates of this kind are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerators of the rates, particularly if the rates are 50 percent or more.

In this report, Tables $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B} 1$, and B2 present approximations to the standard errors of various estimates shown. Table A presents standard errors for estimated totals and Tables B1 and B2 present standard errors for estimated percentages for rental apartments and condominiums, respectively. To derive standard errors that would be applicable to a wide variety of items and could be prepared at moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. As a result, the tables of standard errors provide an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard errors, rather than the precise standard error for any specific item. Standard errors for values not shown in Tables A, B1, or B2 can be obtained by linear interpolation.

## ILLUSTRATIVE USE OF THE STANDARD ERROR TABLES

Table 2 of this report shows that in 2017, there were approximately 136,100 new privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments in buildings with five or more units constructed in permit-issuing areas constructed with one bedroom. Table A shows the standard error of this size to be approximately 6,054 using linear interpolation (see Example A-1). To obtain the margin of error, multiply 6,054 by 1.645 . The margin of error around this estimate is 9,959. Thus, the 90 percent confidence
interval shown by these data is from 126,141 to 146,059 . The true value of these one-bedroom units completed in 2017 may or may not be included in this computed interval, but one can say through repeated sampling, 90 percent of the constructed intervals contain the true number of units.

Table 2 also shows that the rate of absorption after 3 months for these 1-bedroom units built is 54 percent. Table B-1 shows the standard error on a 54 percent rate on a base 136,100 to be approximately 2.93 percentage points using linear interpolation (see Example B-1). The margin of error for the absorption rate of 54 percent is 4.82 ( $2.93 \times 1.645$ ). Thus, the 90 percent confidence interval shown by these data is from 49.2 to 58.8 .

Table 2 also illustrates that the median asking rent for all new privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments in buildings with five or more units built as 1-bedroom units to be $\$ 1,415$. The margin of error of this median is about \$74.

Several statistics are needed to calculate the standard error of a median.

- The base of the median-the estimated number of units for which the median has been calculated. In this example, 136,100.
- The estimated standard error from Table B-1 of a 50 percent characteristic on the base of the median ( $\sigma 50$ percent)-in this example (see Example B-2), the estimated standard error of a 50 percent characteristic with the base of 136,100 is about 2.97 percent.
- The length of the interval that contains the median. In
this example, the median lies between $\$ 1,250$ and $\$ 1,449$. The length of the interval is $\$ 200$.
- The estimated proportion of the base falling in the interval that contains the median-in this example, 13.2 percent ( 17,900 units renting for $\$ 1,250$ to \$1,449 divided by 136,100 total units times $100=13.2$ percent).

The standard error of the median is obtained by using the following approximation:

Standard error of median $=\sigma 50$ percent $x$ length of interval containing the sample median divided by the estimated proportion of the base falling within the interval containing the sample median.

For this example, the standard error of the median of $\$ 1,415$ :
$2.97 \times 200 / 13.2=\$ 45$
Therefore, 1.645 standard errors ( $45 \times 1.645$ ), equals $\$ 74$. Consequently, an approximate 90 percent confidence interval for the median asking rent of $\$ 1,415$ is between $\$ 1,341$ and $\$ 1,489$ ( $\$ 1,415$ plus or minus $\$ 74$ ).

## CONTACT INFORMATION

For further information on the Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units data or questions regarding these data, please contact:

George T. Boyd, Statistician
Financial and Market
Characteristics Branch
Social, Economic, and Housing
Statistics Division
Washington, DC 20233-8500
or send e-mail to:
[george.t.boyd@census.gov](mailto:george.t.boyd@census.gov).

Table A.
Standard Errors for Estimates of Apartments in Buildings With Five Units or More: 2017 Completions

| All units, unfurnished apartments, <br> furnished apartments |  | Condominiums and coops |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Estimated number | Standard error | Estimated number | Standard error |
| 300 | 370 | 300 | 180 |
| 500 | 480 | 500 | 240 |
| 800 | 600 | 800 | 300 |
| 1,300 | 770 | 1,300 | 380 |
| 2,100 | 970 | 2,100 | 480 |
| 3,400 | 1,240 | 3,400 | 610 |
| 5,500 | 1,570 | 7,500 | 760 |
| 8,900 | 1,990 | 8,900 | 960 |
| 14,400 | 2,510 | 14,400 | 1,180 |
| 23,300 | 3,150 | $\times$ | $\times$ |
| 37,700 | 3,910 | $\times$ | $\times$ |
| 61,000 | 4,790 | $\times$ | $\times$ |
| 98,700 | 5,680 | $\times$ | $\times$ |
| 159,700 | 6,290 | $\times$ | $\times$ |
| 258,400 | 5,550 | $\times$ | $\times$ |
| 347,000 | 1,200 |  | $\times$ |

X Not applicable
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units-2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments Completed in 2017 and Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion).

Table B-1.
Standard Errors of Estimated Percentages for All Units, Unfurnished Apartments, and Furnished Apartments: 2017 Completions

| Estimated <br> percent- <br> ages | 300 | 500 | 800 | 1,300 | 2,100 | 3,400 | 5,500 | 8,900 | 14,400 | 23,300 | 37,700 | 61,000 | 98,700 | 159,700 | 258,400 | 347,000 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 98 or $2 \ldots$. | 17.2 | 13.4 | 10.6 | 8.3 | 6.5 | 5.1 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| 95 or $5 \ldots$ | 26.8 | 20.8 | 16.4 | 12.9 | 10.1 | 8.0 | 6.3 | 4.9 | 3.9 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.8 |
| 90 or $10 \ldots$ | 37.0 | 28.6 | 22.6 | 17.8 | 14.0 | 11.0 | 8.6 | 6.8 | 5.3 | 4.2 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.1 |
| 80 or $20 \ldots$ | 49.3 | 38.2 | 30.2 | 23.7 | 18.6 | 14.6 | 11.5 | 9.0 | 7.1 | 5.6 | 4.4 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.4 |
| 75 or $25 \ldots$ | 53.3 | 41.3 | 32.7 | 25.6 | 20.2 | 15.8 | 12.5 | 9.8 | 7.7 | 6.1 | 4.8 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 1.6 |
| 60 or $40 \ldots$ | 60.3 | 46.7 | 37.0 | 29.0 | 22.8 | 17.9 | 14.1 | 11.1 | 8.7 | 6.8 | 5.4 | 4.2 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 1.8 |
| $50 \ldots \ldots$. | 61.6 | 47.7 | 37.7 | 29.6 | 23.3 | 18.3 | 14.4 | 11.3 | 8.9 | 7.0 | 5.5 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 1.8 |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units-2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments Completed in 2017 and Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion).

Table B2.
Standard Errors of Estimated Percentages for Condominiums and Cooperatives: 2017 Completions

| Estimated percentages | 300 | 500 | 800 | 1,300 | 2,100 | 3,400 | 5,500 | 8,900 | 14,400 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 98 or 2 | 8.5 | 6.6 | 5.2 | 4.1 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.2 |
| 95 or 5 | 13.3 | 10.3 | 8.1 | 6.4 | 5.0 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 1.9 |
| 90 or 10 | 18.3 | 14.1 | 11.2 | 8.8 | 6.9 | 5.4 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 2.6 |
| 80 or 20 | 24.3 | 18.9 | 14.9 | 11.7 | 9.2 | 7.2 | 5.7 | 4.5 | 3.5 |
| 75 or 25 | 26.3 | 20.4 | 16.1 | 12.7 | 10.0 | 7.8 | 6.2 | 4.8 | 3.8 |
| 60 or 40 | 29.8 | 23.1 | 18.3 | 14.3 | 11.3 | 8.9 | 7.0 | 5.5 | 4.3 |
| 50.............. | 30.4 | 23.6 | 18.6 | 14.6 | 11.5 | 9.0 | 7.1 | 5.6 | 4.4 |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units-2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments Completed in 2017 and Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion).

Example A.

## Interpolative Testing <br> 2018 Characteristics Report <br> (2018 Absorptions for 2017 Completions)

From Table 3: One-Bedroom Units
Total number of unfurnished One-bedroom apartment units $=136,100$

If 98,700 has a value of 5,680 And 159,700 has a value of 6,290 Then 136,100 has a value of 6,054

Confidence level: $6,054 \times 1.645$
Computed standard error $=9,959$
Lower limit: 126,141
Upper limit: 146,059
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of
New Multifamily Units-2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments
Completed in 2017 and Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion).

Example B-1.
Interpolative Testing
2018 Characteristics Report
(2018 Absorptions for 2017 Completions)

Units: One-bedroom units with absorption rate of 54 percent after 3 months, based on 136,100 unfurnished apartment units.

60 percent
If 98,700 has a value of 3.3 And 159,700 has a value of 2.6 Then 136,100 has a value of 2.87

50 percent
If 98,700 has a value of 3.4 And 159,700 has a value of 2.7 Then 136,100 has a value of 2.97

54 percent
If 60 has a value of 2.87 And 50 has a value of 2.97 Then 54 has a value of 2.93

Confidence interval: $2.93 \times 1.645$
Computed margin of error $=4.82$
54 percent
Lower limit: 49.18
Upper limit: 58.82
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units-2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments Completed in 2017 and Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion).

Example B-2.
Interpol Testing
2018 Characteristics Report
(2018 Absorptions for 2017 Completions)
136,100 units at $\$ 1,415$
o50 percent
If 98,700 has a value of 3.4 And 159,700 has a value of 2.7
Then 136,100 has a value of 2.9708
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units- 2018 Characteristics Report (Apartments Completed in 2017 and Absorbed During Their First 3 Months After Completion).


[^0]:    ${ }^{2}$ The $\$ 1,480$ median asking rent figure is from Table 3 of the 2018 Annual Absorption Report (2017 Absorptions for 2016 Completions) and is not inflation-adjusted.

[^1]:    Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units.

[^2]:    Note: Details may not sum to total because of rounding.
    Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 Survey of Market Absorption of New Multifamily Units

[^3]:    ${ }^{3}$ Median asking price figure from Table 7 of the 2018 Annual Absorption Report (2017 Absorptions for 2016 Completions).
    ${ }^{4}$ The questionnaire asks 12 selling price range categories from less than $\$ 200,000$ to $\$ 700,000$ or more.

[^4]:    ${ }^{5}$ Examples of out-of-scope units: turnkey, time share, and continuing care

[^5]:    ${ }^{6}$ See <www.census.gov/const/www /newresconstdoc.html\#sample> for further details on the SOC sample design.

[^6]:    ${ }^{7}$ See Estimation section.

