

Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Receipt for Households: 2018

American Community Survey Briefs

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INTRODUCTION

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is a federally funded program administered by states, which provides nutritional support to low-income individuals and households. This report presents data on SNAP receipt during 2018 at the national and state levels based on the 2018 American Community Survey (ACS) 1-year estimates.¹ In addition, this report presents historical comparisons dating back to 2005, when the ACS began collecting these data. The ACS identifies households in which one or more current members received SNAP during the past 12 months. Data are shown at the household level. If any person living at the sample address at the time of the interview received SNAP in the past 12 months, then the household is included in the estimate of SNAP participation.

SNAP RECEIPT IN 2018

Of the 122 million households in the United States in 2018, about 11.3 percent (14 million households) received SNAP benefits at some point during the year (Appendix Table 1).²

SNAP is a means-tested program, meaning that a person or household must have an income below a certain threshold to be eligible to receive benefits. The size of the SNAP benefit depends on household size, composition, and income. According to data from the Food and Nutrition Service (FNS), the average monthly household SNAP benefit in fiscal year 2018 was \$251.³

¹ The U.S. Census Bureau reviewed this data product for unauthorized disclosure of confidential information and has approved the disclosure avoidance practices applied to this release. CBDRB-FY20-POP001-0110.

² Estimates derived from the ACS differ from those provided by the FNS; see text box, "Differences Between Survey Data and Administrative Records" for a discussion.

³ See <<https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/resource-files/34SNAPmonthly-4.pdf>>.

What Is SNAP?

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the largest federal food assistance program. SNAP provides benefits to eligible low-income individuals and families via an Electronic Benefits Transfer (EBT) card. This card can be used like a debit card to purchase eligible food in authorized retail food stores.¹

The Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) of the U.S. Department of Agriculture administers SNAP through state and local welfare offices. Prior to 2008, SNAP was known as "food stamps."

¹ Eligible foods include fruits and vegetables, meat, poultry, fish, dairy products, breads, and cereals.

In 2018, New Mexico and West Virginia were among the states with the highest SNAP participation rates (17.3 percent and 16.6 percent, respectively).⁴ The state with the lowest participation rate was Wyoming (5.0 percent) (Appendix Table 1 and Figure 1).⁵

While some SNAP eligibility requirements vary across states, differences in household income and the percentage of households below the poverty line likely also explain some of the differences in participation rates between states. In 2018, 46.8 percent of SNAP households nationwide had incomes below the official poverty level (Table 2). The two states that were among the states with the highest rates of participation in SNAP (New Mexico and West Virginia) had median household incomes in 2018 that were below the national

⁴ The difference between the participation rates for New Mexico and West Virginia are not statistically significant.

⁵ Data for Puerto Rico were not included when comparing state data for this report.

Table 2.

Percentage of Households Receiving SNAP: 2018(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/code-lists.html>)

Characteristic	Total		Households receiving SNAP		Households not receiving SNAP	
	Percent	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Percent	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Percent	Margin of error ¹ (±)
Households	X	X	11.3	0.1	88.7	0.1
With one or more people in the household 60 years and over	40.3	0.1	35.7	0.2	40.9	0.1
No people in the household 60 years and over	59.7	0.1	64.3	0.2	59.1	0.1
HOUSEHOLD TYPE						
Married-couple family	47.9	0.1	24.7	0.2	50.8	0.1
Other family:	17.3	0.1	42.5	0.2	14.1	0.1
Male householder, no spouse present	4.9	0.1	8.0	0.1	4.6	0.1
Female householder, no spouse present	12.4	0.1	34.5	0.2	9.6	0.1
Nonfamily households	34.8	0.1	32.8	0.2	35.0	0.1
With children under 18 years	30.3	0.1	48.7	0.2	28.0	0.1
Married-couple family	19.7	0.1	16.5	0.2	20.1	0.1
Other family:	10.4	0.1	31.6	0.2	7.6	0.1
Male householder, no spouse present	2.7	0.1	5.2	0.1	2.4	0.1
Female householder, no spouse present	7.7	0.1	26.4	0.2	5.3	0.1
Nonfamily households	0.3	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.1
No children under 18 years	69.7	0.1	51.3	0.2	72.0	0.1
Married-couple family	28.1	0.1	8.2	0.1	30.7	0.1
Other family:	7.0	0.1	10.8	0.1	6.5	0.1
Male householder, no spouse present	2.3	0.1	2.8	0.1	2.2	0.1
Female householder, no spouse present	4.7	0.1	8.1	0.1	4.3	0.1
Nonfamily households	34.5	0.1	32.2	0.2	34.8	0.1
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS						
Below poverty level	12.7	0.1	46.8	0.3	8.4	0.1
At or above poverty level	87.3	0.1	53.2	0.3	91.6	0.1
DISABILITY STATUS						
With one or more people with a disability	25.5	0.1	46.6	0.2	22.8	0.1
With no persons with a disability	74.5	0.1	53.4	0.2	77.2	0.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER						
White alone	76.0	0.1	59.3	0.3	78.1	0.1
Black or African American alone	12.4	0.1	26.6	0.2	10.6	0.1
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	0.7	0.1	1.5	0.1	0.6	0.1
Asian alone	4.9	0.1	2.9	0.1	5.1	0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Some other race alone	3.6	0.1	6.4	0.1	3.3	0.1
Two or more races	2.2	0.1	3.2	0.1	2.1	0.1
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race) ²	13.5	0.1	22.3	0.2	12.3	0.1
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	67.0	0.1	45.0	0.2	69.8	0.1
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2018 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Median income	60,937	94	22,229	143	68,329	153
WORK STATUS						
Families (estimate)	79,241,578	137,610	9,250,475	55,217	69,991,103	146,460
No workers in past 12 months	14.9	0.1	21.0	0.2	14.1	0.1
1 worker in past 12 months	32.1	0.1	48.0	0.3	30.0	0.1
2 or more workers in past 12 months	53.0	0.1	30.9	0.3	55.9	0.1

X Not applicable.

¹ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. When added to and subtracted from the estimate, the margin of error forms the 90 percent confidence interval.² People of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Hispanics can choose one or more race categories, including White, Black or African American, American Indian and Alaska Native, Asian, and Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2018 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates (Table S2201).

Both estimates show a change over time. The share of SNAP households containing at least one person aged 60 and over has increased since 2005, the first year for which these data are available. In 2005, 22.6 percent of SNAP households included at least one person aged 60 and over. This grew to 35.7 percent of SNAP households in 2018. In contrast, the share of SNAP households with at least one child under the age of 18 fell from 60.4 percent in 2005 to 48.7 percent in 2018 (Figure 2).

Another factor that affects SNAP eligibility is disability status. Households containing a disabled

person have more liberal eligibility requirements.⁶ About half of all SNAP households (46.6 percent) included at least one person with a disability in 2018, which is slightly lower than the rate in 2005 (53.9 percent) (Figure 2).

Only about one in four SNAP households included a married-couple family.⁷ About 35 percent

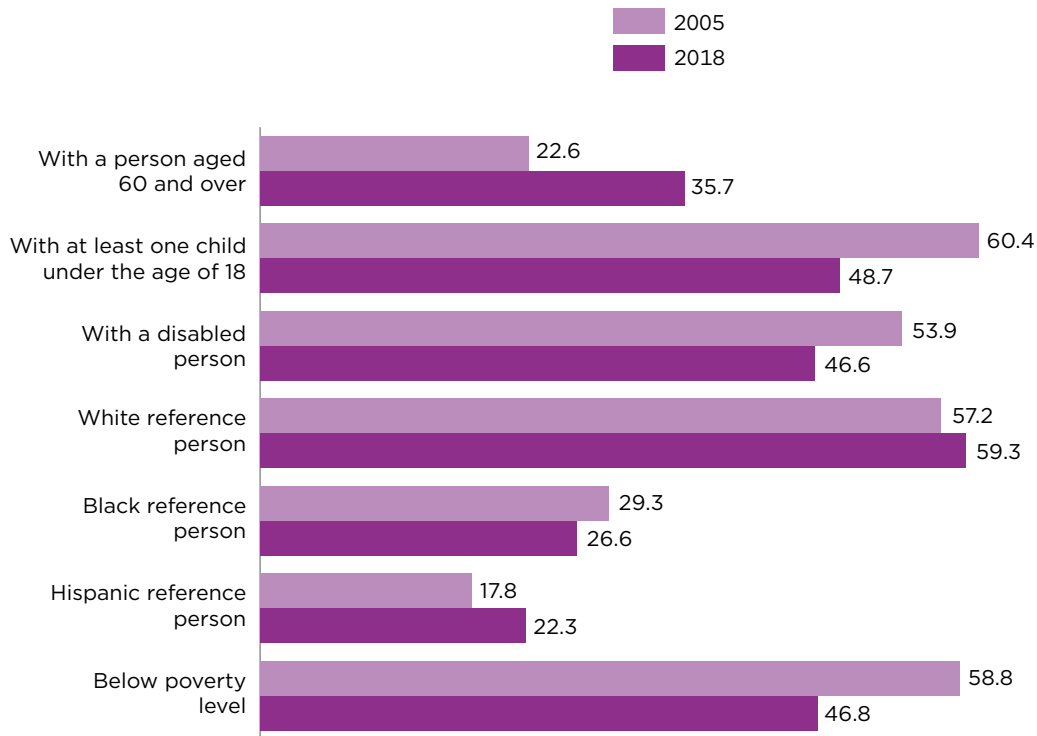
of SNAP households had a female reference person living with at least one other relative but with no spouse present.⁸ Another 32.8 percent of SNAP households were categorized as nonfamily households—households in which no one in the household is related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the reference person (Table 2).

⁶For more information, see <www.fns.usda.gov/snap/eligibility/elderly-disabled-special-rules>.

⁷A family consists of a householder (or the person in whose name the home is owned or rented) and one or more other people living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All people in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family.

⁸One person in each household is designated as the reference person. Usually this is the person, or one of the people, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented, and who is listed as “Person 1” on the survey questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member aged 15 and older can be designated.

Figure 2.
Share of SNAP Households by Economic and Demographic Characteristics: 2005 and 2018
(In percent)



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 and 2018 American Community Surveys, 1-Year Estimates (Table S2201).

CONCLUSION

The 2018 ACS data show that SNAP benefits a wide variety of families and households across the United States. SNAP is often the primary source of nutrition assistance for many low-income households.⁹ ACS data provide important information about these SNAP households and show how they have changed over time. Additional information on receipt since 2005 can be found in the appendix tables.

⁹ For more information, see <www.usda.gov/topics/food-and-nutrition>.

SOURCE AND ACCURACY

The data presented in this report are based on the ACS sample interviewed from January 2018 through December 2018 (2018 ACS) 1-year estimates. The estimates based on these samples describe the average values of person, household, and housing unit characteristics over this period of collection. The ACS is conducted every month, with SNAP participation data collected for the 12 months preceding the interview.

What Is the American Community Survey (ACS)?

The ACS is a nationwide survey designed to provide reliable and timely demographic, social, economic, and housing data for the nation, states, congressional districts, counties, places, and other localities every year. It has an annual sample size of about 3.5 million addresses across the United States and Puerto Rico and includes both housing units and group quarters (e.g., nursing facilities and prisons). The ACS is conducted in every county throughout the nation, and every municipio in Puerto Rico, where it is called the Puerto Rico Community Survey. Beginning in 2005, ACS data have been released annually for geographic areas with populations of 65,000 and greater. For information on the ACS sample design and other topics, visit <www.census.gov/acs>.

Since 2018, all ACS data products are released on the U.S. Census Bureau's new data dissemination platform at <<https://data.census.gov>>. Data.census.gov is the new platform to access data and digital content from the Census Bureau. The centralized experience allows data users of all skill levels to search tables, visualize and download data, and create custom statistics. ACS data from 2010 forward are available on data.census.gov.

Differences Between Survey Data and Administrative Records

Each year the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) reports the number of households participating in the SNAP program. For fiscal year 2018, FNS reports 20.2 million households participating in the program.¹ There are a couple of factors that can explain the difference between the ACS estimates of the number of participating households and the FNS estimates: (1) The FNS definition of households does not align with the ACS definition. The ACS includes as a "household" all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. FNS defines a SNAP household as a person living alone or a group of people living together who buy food and make meals together. If an individual lives with other people, but they buy their own food and make their own meals, they may be able to apply for SNAP as a separate household. Therefore, there can be more than one SNAP household in an ACS household. (2) There is substantial research on the tendency for survey respondents to underreport participation in means-tested programs. For example, a recent study linking Current Population Survey Annual Social and Economic Supplement (CPS ASEC) data to SNAP administrative records found that 46 percent of SNAP recipients in administrative records did not report receipt on the CPS ASEC.² While there has been less research directly linking ACS data to SNAP administrative data, it is clear that there is substantial underreporting in the ACS as well.

¹ See <<https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/resource-files/34SNAPmonthly-4.pdf>>.

² Kathryn Shantz and Liana Fox, "Precision in Measurement: Using State-Level Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program and Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Administrative Records and the Transfer Income Model (TRIM3) to Evaluate Poverty Measurement," U.S. Census Bureau, Working Paper #SEHSD-WP2018-30, November 2018.

Appendix Table 1.

Number and Percentage of Households Receiving SNAP in the Past 12 Months by State: 2018(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/code-lists.html>)

Area	Households		SNAP receipt in 2018			
	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Number	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Percent	Margin of error ¹ (±)
United States	121,520,180	153,217	13,769,015	61,038	11.3	0.1
Alabama	1,855,184	11,821	247,434	7,931	13.3	0.4
Alaska	254,551	3,266	27,815	1,901	10.9	0.7
Arizona	2,614,298	11,305	271,775	7,947	10.4	0.3
Arkansas	1,156,347	7,393	131,342	5,544	11.4	0.5
California	13,072,122	21,485	1,114,465	18,430	8.5	0.1
Colorado	2,176,757	7,548	156,794	5,881	7.2	0.3
Connecticut	1,378,091	6,923	154,161	6,626	11.2	0.5
Delaware	367,671	3,933	41,515	3,341	11.3	0.9
District of Columbia	287,476	2,752	40,353	2,804	14.0	1.0
Florida	7,809,358	20,825	1,077,869	17,206	13.8	0.2
Georgia	3,803,012	14,400	453,168	11,157	11.9	0.3
Hawaii	455,309	4,541	45,590	3,301	10.0	0.7
Idaho	640,270	5,214	56,753	3,995	8.9	0.6
Illinois	4,864,864	12,677	599,358	11,724	12.3	0.2
Indiana	2,599,169	10,447	230,522	7,550	8.9	0.3
Iowa	1,267,873	7,772	122,222	4,311	9.6	0.3
Kansas	1,133,408	7,193	82,465	3,854	7.3	0.3
Kentucky	1,732,713	8,718	229,058	7,892	13.2	0.4
Louisiana	1,737,220	10,627	260,842	8,723	15.0	0.5
Maine	570,307	5,261	73,727	3,787	12.9	0.7
Maryland	2,215,935	9,432	208,654	7,163	9.4	0.3
Massachusetts	2,624,294	8,879	301,025	8,559	11.5	0.3
Michigan	3,957,466	12,369	498,793	8,957	12.6	0.2
Minnesota	2,194,452	6,925	160,758	4,844	7.3	0.2
Mississippi	1,108,630	9,640	164,100	7,024	14.8	0.6
Missouri	2,434,806	10,407	260,185	7,096	10.7	0.3
Montana	431,421	4,444	38,358	3,072	8.9	0.7
Nebraska	765,490	3,878	64,082	3,574	8.4	0.5
Nevada	1,129,810	6,479	126,476	4,410	11.2	0.4
New Hampshire	531,212	5,670	35,405	3,142	6.7	0.6
New Jersey	3,249,567	9,867	265,127	8,665	8.2	0.3
New Mexico	794,093	5,137	137,059	5,970	17.3	0.8
New York	7,367,015	16,617	1,072,330	15,005	14.6	0.2
North Carolina	4,011,462	16,617	465,045	11,837	11.6	0.3
North Dakota	319,355	4,442	22,273	2,175	7.0	0.7
Ohio	4,685,447	12,486	574,291	10,900	12.3	0.2
Oklahoma	1,485,310	6,108	185,838	5,850	12.5	0.4
Oregon	1,639,970	6,988	241,059	8,801	14.7	0.5
Pennsylvania	5,070,931	12,151	679,656	11,501	13.4	0.2
Rhode Island	406,573	4,965	62,734	4,312	15.4	1.0
South Carolina	1,927,991	12,233	220,112	7,622	11.4	0.4
South Dakota	345,449	3,406	28,102	2,079	8.1	0.6
Tennessee	2,603,140	11,640	337,798	9,385	13.0	0.4
Texas	9,776,083	21,679	1,166,233	20,236	11.9	0.2
Utah	998,891	5,079	64,722	4,087	6.5	0.4
Vermont	261,373	3,502	27,163	2,357	10.4	0.9
Virginia	3,175,524	13,138	251,693	9,340	7.9	0.3
Washington	2,895,575	9,139	320,915	9,377	11.1	0.3
West Virginia	734,703	6,052	122,014	5,305	16.6	0.7
Wisconsin	2,371,960	6,714	238,242	6,489	10.0	0.3
Wyoming	230,252	3,746	11,545	1,850	5.0	0.8
Puerto Rico	1,179,637	9,819	492,527	8,949	41.8	0.7

¹ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. When added to and subtracted from the estimate, the margin of error forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Note: Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. For full table, see Table S2201 for 2018 at <<https://data.census.gov>>. U.S. estimate and percent does not include data for Puerto Rico.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2018 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates and 2018 Puerto Rico Community Survey (Table S2201).

Appendix Table 2.

SNAP Receipt for the United States: 2005(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/code-lists.html>)

Characteristic	Total		Households receiving SNAP		Households not receiving SNAP	
	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)
Households	111,090,617	143,575	8,918,469	53,474	102,172,148	165,148
Percent with one or more people 60 years and over	30.3	0.1	22.6	0.2	31.0	0.1
Percent with children under 18 years	34.9	0.1	60.4	0.3	32.7	0.1
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS						
Below poverty level (percent)	13.1	0.1	58.8	0.3	9.1	0.1
DISABILITY STATUS						
With one or more people with a disability (percent)	27.8	0.1	53.9	0.3	25.6	0.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER (IN PERCENT)						
One race	98.8	0.1	98.0	0.1	98.8	0.1
White	78.1	0.1	57.2	0.3	79.9	0.1
Black or African American	11.8	0.1	29.3	0.2	10.3	0.1
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.8	0.1	1.7	0.1	0.7	0.1
Asian	3.7	0.1	2.0	0.1	3.8	0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Some other race	4.3	0.1	7.6	0.2	4.0	0.1
Two or more races	1.2	0.1	2.0	0.1	1.2	0.1
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	10.6	0.1	17.8	0.2	9.9	0.1
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	72.3	0.1	47.9	0.3	74.4	0.1
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2005 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Median income	46,242	104	13,879	111	49,861	122
WORK STATUS						
Families	74,341,149	183,254	6,528,962	44,824	67,812,187	197,972
No workers in past 12 months (percent)	13.1	0.1	22.9	0.3	12.1	0.1
1 worker in past 12 months (percent)	31.7	0.1	49.8	0.4	30.0	0.1
2 or more workers in past 12 months (percent)	55.2	0.1	27.4	0.4	57.9	0.1

¹ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. When added to and subtracted from the estimate, the margin of error forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Note: Previously published in American FactFinder, Table S2201.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates.

Appendix Table 3.

SNAP Receipt for the United States: 2006(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/code-lists.html>)

Characteristic	Total		Households receiving SNAP		Households not receiving SNAP	
	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)
Households	111,090,617	145,530	9,019,877	48,086	102,597,525	152,021
Percent with one or more people 60 years and over	30.8	0.1	23.6	0.2	31.4	0.1
Percent with children under 18 years	34.6	0.1	59.0	0.3	32.5	0.1
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS						
Below poverty level (percent)	12.7	0.1	56.9	0.3	8.9	0.1
DISABILITY STATUS						
With one or more people with a disability (percent)	27.7	0.1	54.1	0.3	25.4	0.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER (IN PERCENT)						
One race	98.7	0.1	97.9	0.1	98.8	0.1
White	77.9	0.1	57.6	0.3	79.7	0.1
Black or African American	11.7	0.1	28.7	0.3	10.2	0.1
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.7	0.1	1.6	0.1	0.6	0.1
Asian	3.7	0.1	2.0	0.1	3.9	0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Some other race	4.6	0.1	7.9	0.1	4.3	0.1
Two or more races	1.3	0.1	2.1	0.1	1.2	0.1
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	10.8	0.1	17.7	0.2	10.2	0.1
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	72.1	0.1	48.7	0.3	74.2	0.1
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2006 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Median income	48,451	82	14,773	114	51,796	60
WORK STATUS						
Families	74,564,066	148,862	6,532,025	40,685	68,032,041	147,467
No workers in past 12 months (percent)	12.9	0.1	22.5	0.3	12.0	0.1
1 worker in past 12 months (percent)	31.5	0.1	48.9	0.4	29.8	0.1
2 or more workers in past 12 months (percent)	55.5	0.1	28.6	0.3	58.1	0.1

¹ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. When added to and subtracted from the estimate, the margin of error forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Note: Previously published in American FactFinder, Table S2201.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates.

Appendix Table 4.

SNAP Receipt for the United States: 2007(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/code-lists.html>)

Characteristic	Total		Households receiving SNAP		Households not receiving SNAP	
	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)
Households	111,090,617	144,356	8,676,234	44,475	103,701,743	154,777
Percent with one or more people 60 years and over	31.5	0.1	24.0	0.2	32.1	0.1
Percent with children under 18 years	34.4	0.1	59.2	0.3	32.3	0.1
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS						
Below poverty level (percent)	12.3	0.1	58.4	0.3	8.5	0.1
DISABILITY STATUS						
With one or more people with a disability (percent)	27.5	0.1	55.1	0.3	25.2	0.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER (IN PERCENT)						
One race	98.6	0.1	97.7	0.1	98.7	0.1
White	77.8	0.1	57.6	0.2	79.5	0.1
Black or African American	11.8	0.1	28.6	0.2	10.4	0.1
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.7	0.1	1.6	0.1	0.6	0.1
Asian	3.7	0.1	2.0	0.1	3.9	0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Some other race	4.5	0.1	7.8	0.2	4.2	0.1
Two or more races	1.4	0.1	2.3	0.1	1.3	0.1
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	11.0	0.1	17.9	0.2	10.4	0.1
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	71.8	0.1	48.5	0.2	73.8	0.1
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2007 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Median income	50,740	75	14,807	102	54,154	101
WORK STATUS						
Families	75,119,260	150,790	6,254,260	40,337	68,865,000	153,424
No workers in past 12 months (percent)	12.9	0.1	23.1	0.3	12.0	0.1
1 worker in past 12 months (percent)	31.5	0.1	50.0	0.4	29.9	0.1
2 or more workers in past 12 months (percent)	55.5	0.1	26.9	0.3	58.1	0.1

¹ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. When added to and subtracted from the estimate, the margin of error forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Note: Previously published in American FactFinder, Table S2201.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2007 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates.

Appendix Table 5.

SNAP Receipt for the United States: 2008(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/code-lists.html>)

Characteristic	Total		Households receiving SNAP		Households not receiving SNAP	
	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)
Households	111,090,617	146,859	9,769,112	47,178	103,332,217	151,665
Percent with one or more people 60 years and over.	32.3	0.1	24.7	0.2	33.0	0.1
Percent with children under 18 years.	33.9	0.1	57.9	0.3	31.6	0.1
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS						
Below poverty level (percent)	12.6	0.1	55.1	0.3	8.6	0.1
DISABILITY STATUS						
With one or more people with a disability (percent).	24.3	0.1	47.4	0.3	22.2	0.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER (IN PERCENT)						
One race	98.6	0.1	97.6	0.1	98.7	0.1
White	78.7	0.1	60.1	0.3	80.5	0.1
Black or African American	11.8	0.1	27.8	0.2	10.3	0.1
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.7	0.1	1.5	0.1	0.6	0.1
Asian	3.8	0.1	2.1	0.1	3.9	0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Some other race	3.5	0.1	6.0	0.1	3.3	0.1
Two or more races	1.4	0.1	2.4	0.1	1.3	0.1
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	11.2	0.1	18.2	0.2	10.5	0.1
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	71.6	0.1	49.1	0.3	73.7	0.1
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2008 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Median income.	52,029	73	16,637	101	56,215	88
WORK STATUS						
Families	75,030,551	141,041	6,993,311	44,978	68,037,240	138,175
No workers in past 12 months (percent).	12.8	0.1	21.8	0.3	11.9	0.1
1 worker in past 12 months (percent).	31.7	0.1	49.8	0.3	29.9	0.1
2 or more workers in past 12 months (percent).	55.4	0.1	28.4	0.2	58.2	0.1

¹ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. When added to and subtracted from the estimate, the margin of error forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Note: Previously published in American FactFinder, Table S2201.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2008 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates.

Appendix Table 6.

SNAP Receipt for the United States: 2009(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/code-lists.html>)

Characteristic	Total		Households receiving SNAP		Households not receiving SNAP	
	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)
Households	111,090,617	161,397	11,707,519	48,656	101,908,710	165,854
Percent with one or more people 60 years and over	33.0	0.1	24.3	0.2	34.0	0.1
Percent with children under 18 years	33.5	0.1	57.6	0.2	30.8	0.1
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS						
Below poverty level (percent)	13.4	0.1	54.2	0.2	8.8	0.1
DISABILITY STATUS						
With one or more people with a disability (percent)	24.3	0.1	45.6	0.3	21.9	0.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER (IN PERCENT)						
One race	98.5	0.1	97.5	0.1	98.6	0.1
White	78.6	0.1	60.3	0.2	80.7	0.1
Black or African American	11.9	0.1	27.3	0.2	10.1	0.1
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.7	0.1	1.5	0.1	0.6	0.1
Asian	3.8	0.1	2.1	0.1	4.0	0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Some other race	3.4	0.1	6.1	0.1	3.1	0.1
Two or more races	1.5	0.1	2.5	0.1	1.4	0.1
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	11.2	0.1	18.8	0.2	10.3	0.1
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	71.4	0.1	49.0	0.2	73.9	0.1
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2009 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Median income	50,221	74	16,903	96	54,864	89
WORK STATUS						
Families	75,530,746	133,877	8,468,089	45,023	67,062,657	138,277
No workers in past 12 months (percent)	13.7	0.1	22.9	0.3	12.5	0.1
1 worker in past 12 months (percent)	32.4	0.1	48.7	0.3	30.3	0.1
2 or more workers in past 12 months (percent)	53.9	0.1	28.4	0.2	57.2	0.1

¹ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. When added to and subtracted from the estimate, the margin of error forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Note: Previously published in American FactFinder, Table S2201.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates.

Appendix Table 7.

SNAP Receipt for the United States: 2010(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/code-lists.html>)

Characteristic	Total		Households receiving SNAP		Households not receiving SNAP	
	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)
Households	114,567,419	163,249	13,608,177	58,796	100,959,242	154,700
Percent with one or more people 60 years and over	34.1	0.1	24.7	0.2	35.4	0.1
Percent with children under 18 years	33.1	0.1	56.7	0.2	29.9	0.1
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS						
Below poverty level (percent)	14.0	0.1	52.3	0.2	8.9	0.1
DISABILITY STATUS						
With one or more people with a disability (percent)	24.3	0.1	43.8	0.2	21.7	0.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER (IN PERCENT)						
One race	98.3	0.1	97.3	0.1	98.5	0.1
White	78.2	0.1	61.0	0.2	80.5	0.1
Black or African American	12.0	0.1	26.4	0.2	10.1	0.1
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.7	0.1	1.5	0.1	0.6	0.1
Asian	4.0	0.1	2.2	0.1	4.2	0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Some other race	3.3	0.1	6.2	0.1	3.0	0.1
Two or more races	1.7	0.1	2.7	0.1	1.5	0.1
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	11.6	0.1	20.1	0.2	10.4	0.1
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	70.6	0.1	48.5	0.2	73.5	0.1
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2010 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Median income	50,046	64	17,912	115	55,187	79
WORK STATUS						
Families	76,089,045	141,318	9,866,444	47,019	66,222,601	137,116
No workers in past 12 months (percent)	14.7	0.1	24.1	0.2	13.3	0.1
1 worker in past 12 months (percent)	33.4	0.1	47.6	0.3	31.3	0.1
2 or more workers in past 12 months (percent)	51.9	0.1	28.3	0.2	55.4	0.1

¹ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. When added to and subtracted from the estimate, the margin of error forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Note: This table is adapted from annual table S2201 on <www.data.census.gov>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates (Table S2201).

Appendix Table 8.

SNAP Receipt for the United States: 2011

(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/code-lists.html>)

Characteristic	Total		Households receiving SNAP		Households not receiving SNAP	
	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)
Households	114,991,725	179,541	14,944,642	59,743	100,047,083	167,034
Percent with one or more people 60 years and over	34.8	0.1	25.5	0.2	36.2	0.1
Percent with children under 18 years	32.7	0.1	55.2	0.2	29.4	0.1
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS						
Below poverty level (percent)	14.6	0.1	52.8	0.2	8.9	0.1
DISABILITY STATUS						
With one or more people with a disability (percent)	24.6	0.1	43.5	0.2	21.8	0.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER (IN PERCENT)						
One race	98.3	0.1	97.3	0.1	98.4	0.1
White	78.0	0.1	61.2	0.2	80.5	0.1
Black or African American	12.1	0.1	26.1	0.2	10.0	0.1
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.7	0.1	1.4	0.1	0.6	0.1
Asian	4.0	0.1	2.3	0.1	4.3	0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Some other race	3.3	0.1	6.2	0.1	2.9	0.1
Two or more races	1.7	0.1	2.7	0.1	1.6	0.1
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	11.9	0.1	20.1	0.2	10.6	0.1
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	70.2	0.1	48.7	0.2	73.4	0.1
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2011 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Median income	50,502	73	18,014	95	56,458	92
WORK STATUS						
Families	76,084,006	144,469	10,684,424	52,797	65,399,582	136,279
No workers in past 12 months (percent)	15.1	0.1	24.1	0.2	13.6	0.1
1 worker in past 12 months (percent)	33.7	0.1	47.8	0.3	31.4	0.1
2 or more workers in past 12 months (percent)	51.2	0.1	28.1	0.2	55.0	0.1

¹ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. When added to and subtracted from the estimate, the margin of error forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Note: This table is adapted from annual table S2201 on <www.data.census.gov>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2011 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates (Table S2201).

Appendix Table 9.

SNAP Receipt for the United States: 2012(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/code-lists.html>)

Characteristic	Total		Households receiving SNAP		Households not receiving SNAP	
	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)
Households	115,969,540	150,555	15,814,499	58,089	100,155,041	149,039
Percent with one or more people 60 years and over	35.6	0.1	26.7	0.2	37.0	0.1
Percent with children under 18 years	32.4	0.1	54.1	0.2	28.9	0.1
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS						
Below poverty level (percent)	14.7	0.1	52.0	0.2	8.8	0.1
DISABILITY STATUS						
With one or more people with a disability (percent)	24.6	0.1	43.7	0.2	21.6	0.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER (IN PERCENT)						
One race	98.2	0.1	97.2	0.1	98.4	0.1
White	77.8	0.1	61.1	0.2	80.5	0.1
Black or African American	12.1	0.1	26.1	0.2	9.9	0.1
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.7	0.1	1.4	0.1	0.6	0.1
Asian	4.2	0.1	2.4	0.1	4.4	0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Some other race	3.3	0.1	6.1	0.1	2.9	0.1
Two or more races	1.8	0.1	2.8	0.1	1.6	0.1
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	12.1	0.1	20.8	0.1	10.7	0.1
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	69.8	0.1	47.9	0.2	73.2	0.1
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2012 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Median income	51,371	53	18,681	97	58,013	95
WORK STATUS						
Families	76,509,262	122,329	11,231,002	51,168	65,278,260	121,004
No workers in past 12 months (percent)	15.1	0.1	23.3	0.2	13.6	0.1
1 worker in past 12 months (percent)	33.6	0.1	48.0	0.2	31.1	0.1
2 or more workers in past 12 months (percent)	51.4	0.1	28.7	0.2	55.3	0.1

¹ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. When added to and subtracted from the estimate, the margin of error forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates (Table S2201).

Appendix Table 10.

SNAP Receipt for the United States: 2013(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/code-lists.html>)

Characteristic	Total		Households receiving SNAP		Households not receiving SNAP	
	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)
Households	116,291,033	141,632	15,684,115	56,168	100,606,918	146,979
Percent with one or more people 60 years and over	36.4	0.1	27.5	0.2	37.8	0.1
Percent with children under 18 years	32.1	0.1	54.0	0.2	28.7	0.1
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS						
Below poverty level (percent)	14.7	0.1	51.4	0.2	9.0	0.1
DISABILITY STATUS						
With one or more people with a disability (percent)	25.5	0.1	43.7	0.2	22.6	0.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER (IN PERCENT)						
One race	98.2	0.1	97.2	0.1	98.3	0.1
White	77.6	0.1	61.0	0.2	80.2	0.1
Black or African American	12.1	0.1	26.1	0.2	10.0	0.1
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.7	0.1	1.4	0.1	0.6	0.1
Asian	4.3	0.1	2.5	0.1	4.6	0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Some other race	3.3	0.1	6.2	0.1	2.9	0.1
Two or more races	1.8	0.1	2.8	0.1	1.7	0.1
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	12.2	0.1	21.1	0.2	10.8	0.1
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	69.4	0.1	47.5	0.2	72.8	0.1
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2013 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Median income	52,250	65	19,422	102	59,274	106
WORK STATUS						
Families	76,680,463	129,862	11,137,102	47,301	65,543,361	135,271
No workers in past 12 months (percent)	14.9	0.1	22.4	0.2	13.7	0.1
1 worker in past 12 months (percent)	33.7	0.1	48.1	0.2	31.2	0.1
2 or more workers in past 12 months (percent)	51.4	0.1	29.5	0.2	55.1	0.1

¹ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. When added to and subtracted from the estimate, the margin of error forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates (Table S2201).

Appendix Table 11.

SNAP Receipt for the United States: 2014(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/code-lists.html>)

Characteristic	Total		Households receiving SNAP		Households not receiving SNAP	
	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Estimate	Margin of error ¹ (±)
Households	117,259,427	146,938	15,496,341	60,208	101,763,086	152,009
Percent with one or more people 60 years and over	37.3	0.1	29.0	0.2	38.5	0.1
Percent with children under 18 years	31.7	0.1	52.9	0.2	28.5	0.1
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS						
Below poverty level (percent)	14.5	0.1	51.3	0.2	8.9	0.1
DISABILITY STATUS						
With one or more people with a disability (percent)	25.6	0.1	44.3	0.2	22.7	0.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER (IN PERCENT)						
One race	98.1	0.1	97.2	0.1	98.3	0.1
White	77.2	0.1	60.5	0.2	79.8	0.1
Black or African American	12.2	0.1	26.1	0.2	10.1	0.1
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.7	0.1	1.4	0.1	0.6	0.1
Asian	4.5	0.1	2.6	0.1	4.7	0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Some other race	3.4	0.1	6.2	0.1	3.0	0.1
Two or more races	1.9	0.1	2.8	0.1	1.7	0.1
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	12.5	0.1	21.2	0.1	11.2	0.1
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	68.8	0.1	47.0	0.2	72.1	0.1
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2014 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Median income	53,657	93	19,620	93	60,628	72
WORK STATUS						
Families	77,152,072	126,112	10,869,566	51,501	66,282,506	125,539
No workers in past 12 months (percent)	14.9	0.1	22.3	0.2	13.7	0.1
1 worker in past 12 months (percent)	33.3	0.1	47.9	0.3	30.9	0.1
2 or more workers in past 12 months (percent)	51.7	0.1	29.8	0.2	55.3	0.1

¹ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. When added to and subtracted from the estimate, the margin of error forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2014 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates (Table S2201).

Appendix Table 12.

SNAP Receipt for the United States: 2015(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/code-lists.html>)

Characteristic	Total		Households receiving SNAP		Households not receiving SNAP	
	Percent	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Percent	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Percent	Margin of error ¹ (±)
Households	X	X	12.8	0.1	87.2	0.1
With one or more people in the household 60 years and over	38.0	0.1	30.5	0.2	39.2	0.1
No people in the household 60 years and over.	62.0	0.1	69.5	0.2	60.8	0.1
HOUSEHOLD TYPE						
Married-couple family	48.0	0.1	25.8	0.2	51.2	0.1
Other family:	17.6	0.1	43.8	0.2	13.8	0.1
Male householder, no spouse present	4.8	0.1	8.1	0.1	4.4	0.1
Female householder, no spouse present.	12.8	0.1	35.7	0.2	9.4	0.1
Nonfamily households	34.4	0.1	30.4	0.2	35.0	0.1
With children under 18 years.	31.4	0.1	52.1	0.2	28.3	0.1
Married-couple family.	20.2	0.1	18.0	0.1	20.5	0.1
Other family:	10.9	0.1	33.5	0.2	7.6	0.1
Male householder, no spouse present	2.7	0.1	5.5	0.1	2.3	0.1
Female householder, no spouse present.	8.2	0.1	27.9	0.2	5.2	0.1
Nonfamily households	0.3	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.2	0.1
No children under 18 years	68.6	0.1	47.9	0.2	71.7	0.1
Married-couple family.	27.8	0.1	7.8	0.1	30.7	0.1
Other family:	6.7	0.1	10.3	0.1	6.2	0.1
Male householder, no spouse present	2.1	0.1	2.6	0.1	2.1	0.1
Female householder, no spouse present.	4.6	0.1	7.8	0.1	4.1	0.1
Nonfamily households	34.1	0.1	29.7	0.2	34.8	0.1
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS						
Below poverty level.	13.8	0.1	49.3	0.2	8.6	0.1
At or above poverty level.	86.2	0.1	50.7	0.2	91.4	0.1
DISABILITY STATUS						
With one or more people with a disability.	25.5	0.1	44.6	0.2	22.7	0.1
With no persons with a disability.	74.5	0.1	55.4	0.2	77.3	0.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER						
White alone.	77.0	0.1	60.4	0.2	79.4	0.1
Black or African American alone	12.3	0.1	26.2	0.2	10.2	0.1
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	0.7	0.1	1.4	0.1	0.6	0.1
Asian alone	4.5	0.1	2.7	0.1	4.8	0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Some other race alone	3.4	0.1	6.3	0.1	3.0	0.1
Two or more races.	1.9	0.1	2.9	0.1	1.8	0.1
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	12.7	0.1	21.9	0.2	11.4	0.1
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	68.4	0.1	46.3	0.2	71.6	0.1
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2015 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Median income.	55,775	85	20,490	101	62,093	76
WORK STATUS						
Families (estimate)	77,530,756	136,900	10,558,861	49,258	66,971,895	143,514
No workers in past 12 months	14.9	0.1	21.7	0.2	13.9	0.1
1 worker in past 12 months.	33.0	0.1	47.9	0.2	30.7	0.1
2 or more workers in past 12 months.	52.0	0.1	30.4	0.2	55.4	0.1

X Not applicable.

¹ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. When added to and subtracted from the estimate, the margin of error forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates (Table S2201).

Appendix Table 13.

SNAP Receipt for the United States: 2016(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/code-lists.html>)

Characteristic	Total		Households receiving SNAP		Households not receiving SNAP	
	Percent	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Percent	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Percent	Margin of error ¹ (±)
Households	X	X	12.4	0.1	87.6	0.1
With one or more people in the household 60 years and over	38.9	0.1	32.2	0.2	39.8	0.1
No people in the household 60 years and over.	61.1	0.1	67.8	0.2	60.2	0.1
HOUSEHOLD TYPE						
Married-couple family	47.9	0.1	25.7	0.2	51.1	0.1
Other family:	17.5	0.1	43.1	0.2	13.9	0.1
Male householder, no spouse present	4.9	0.1	8.0	0.1	4.4	0.1
Female householder, no spouse present.	12.6	0.1	35.1	0.2	9.5	0.1
Nonfamily households	34.6	0.1	31.2	0.2	35.0	0.1
With children under 18 years.	31.1	0.1	50.8	0.2	28.3	0.1
Married-couple family.	20.1	0.1	17.6	0.2	20.5	0.1
Other family:	10.7	0.1	32.6	0.2	7.6	0.1
Male householder, no spouse present	2.7	0.1	5.4	0.1	2.3	0.1
Female householder, no spouse present.	8.0	0.1	27.2	0.2	5.3	0.1
Nonfamily households	0.3	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.1
No children under 18 years	68.9	0.1	49.2	0.2	71.7	0.1
Married-couple family.	27.8	0.1	8.2	0.1	30.6	0.1
Other family:	6.8	0.1	10.5	0.1	6.3	0.1
Male householder, no spouse present	2.2	0.1	2.7	0.1	2.1	0.1
Female householder, no spouse present.	4.7	0.1	7.8	0.1	4.2	0.1
Nonfamily households	34.3	0.1	30.6	0.2	34.8	0.1
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS						
Below poverty level.	13.4	0.1	47.7	0.3	8.6	0.1
At or above poverty level.	86.6	0.1	52.3	0.3	91.4	0.1
DISABILITY STATUS						
With one or more people with a disability.	25.8	0.1	45.8	0.2	22.9	0.1
With no persons with a disability.	74.2	0.1	54.2	0.2	77.1	0.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER						
White alone.	76.6	0.1	60.0	0.2	79.0	0.1
Black or African American alone	12.3	0.1	25.9	0.2	10.4	0.1
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	0.7	0.1	1.4	0.1	0.6	0.1
Asian alone	4.6	0.1	2.8	0.1	4.9	0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Some other race alone	3.6	0.1	6.7	0.1	3.2	0.1
Two or more races.	2.0	0.1	3.0	0.1	1.9	0.1
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	12.9	0.1	22.2	0.2	11.6	0.1
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	68.0	0.1	46.0	0.2	71.1	0.1
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2016 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Median income.	55,617	115	21,230	116	64,130	101
WORK STATUS						
Families (estimate)	77,785,962	125,088	10,155,743	57,586	67,630,219	137,530
No workers in past 12 months	14.8	0.1	20.9	0.2	13.9	0.1
1 worker in past 12 months.	32.7	0.1	47.9	0.2	30.4	0.1
2 or more workers in past 12 months.	52.5	0.1	31.1	0.3	55.8	0.1

X Not applicable.

¹ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. When added to and subtracted from the estimate, the margin of error forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates (Table S2201).

Appendix Table 14.

SNAP Receipt for the United States: 2017(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/code-lists.html>)

Characteristic	Total		Households receiving SNAP		Households not receiving SNAP	
	Percent	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Percent	Margin of error ¹ (±)	Percent	Margin of error ¹ (±)
Households	X	X	11.7	0.1	88.3	0.1
With one or more people in the household 60 years and over	39.5	0.1	33.8	0.2	40.3	0.1
No people in the household 60 years and over.	60.5	0.1	66.2	0.2	59.7	0.1
HOUSEHOLD TYPE						
Married-couple family	48.2	0.1	25.3	0.2	51.2	0.1
Other family:	17.3	0.1	42.7	0.2	13.9	0.1
Male householder, no spouse present	4.9	0.1	8.0	0.1	4.5	0.1
Female householder, no spouse present.	12.4	0.1	34.7	0.2	9.4	0.1
Nonfamily households	34.5	0.1	32.0	0.2	34.8	0.1
With children under 18 years.	30.8	0.1	50.1	0.2	28.2	0.1
Married-couple family	20.0	0.1	17.1	0.2	20.4	0.1
Other family:	10.5	0.1	32.3	0.2	7.6	0.1
Male householder, no spouse present	2.7	0.1	5.3	0.1	2.3	0.1
Female householder, no spouse present.	7.8	0.1	27.0	0.2	5.2	0.1
Nonfamily households	0.3	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.1
No children under 18 years	69.2	0.1	49.9	0.2	71.8	0.1
Married-couple family	28.1	0.1	8.1	0.1	30.8	0.1
Other family:	6.8	0.1	10.4	0.1	6.4	0.1
Male householder, no spouse present	2.2	0.1	2.7	0.1	2.1	0.1
Female householder, no spouse present.	4.6	0.1	7.7	0.1	4.2	0.1
Nonfamily households	34.2	0.1	31.4	0.2	34.6	0.1
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS						
Below poverty level.	13.0	0.1	47.2	0.2	8.4	0.1
At or above poverty level.	87.0	0.1	52.8	0.2	91.6	0.1
DISABILITY STATUS						
With one or more people with a disability.	25.6	0.1	46.1	0.2	22.8	0.1
With no persons with a disability.	74.4	0.1	53.9	0.2	77.2	0.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER						
White alone.	76.3	0.1	59.7	0.2	78.5	0.1
Black or African American alone	12.3	0.1	26.4	0.2	10.5	0.1
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	0.7	0.1	1.5	0.1	0.6	0.1
Asian alone	4.8	0.1	2.9	0.1	5.0	0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Some other race alone	3.7	0.1	6.4	0.1	3.3	0.1
Two or more races.	2.1	0.1	3.0	0.1	1.9	0.1
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	13.2	0.1	22.0	0.2	12.0	0.1
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	67.5	0.1	45.7	0.2	70.4	0.1
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2017 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Median income.	60,336	86	21,647	101	66,352	102
WORK STATUS						
Families (estimate)	78,631,163	144,258	9,574,484	56,346	36,056,679	150,220
No workers in past 12 months	14.8	0.1	21.2	0.2	13.9	0.1
1 worker in past 12 months.	32.3	0.1	47.7	0.3	30.2	0.1
2 or more workers in past 12 months.	52.9	0.1	31.1	0.2	55.9	0.1

X Not applicable.

¹ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. When added to and subtracted from the estimate, the margin of error forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates (Table S2201).