The female-to-male earnings ratio compares the median earnings of women working full-time, year-round to the median earnings of men working full-time, year-round. The 2019 female-to-male earnings ratio was 0.823, not statistically different from the 2018 ratio (0.816). Year-to-year changes in this ratio are not common. However, the female-to-male earnings ratio has increased 5.8 percent from 0.778 in 2007 (Figure 5).

Between 2018 and 2019, the total number of people with earnings increased by 2.2 million. The number of women with earnings increased by 1.3 million, while the number of men increased approximately 900,000. The number of full-time, year-round workers increased by approximately 1.2 million. The number of females who were full-time, year-round workers increased by about 1.2 million between 2018 and 2019, while the change for

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Note: The data for 2017 and beyond reflect the implementation of a new processing system. The data for 2013 and beyond reflect the implementation of the redesigned income questions. See Table A-7 for historical footnotes. The data points are placed at the midpoints of the respective years. Data on earnings of full-time, year-round workers are not readily available before 1960. Data are for people aged 14 and older for years prior to 1980. For more information on the CPI-U-RS dollar adjustment and recessions, see Appendix A. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar20.pdf>.