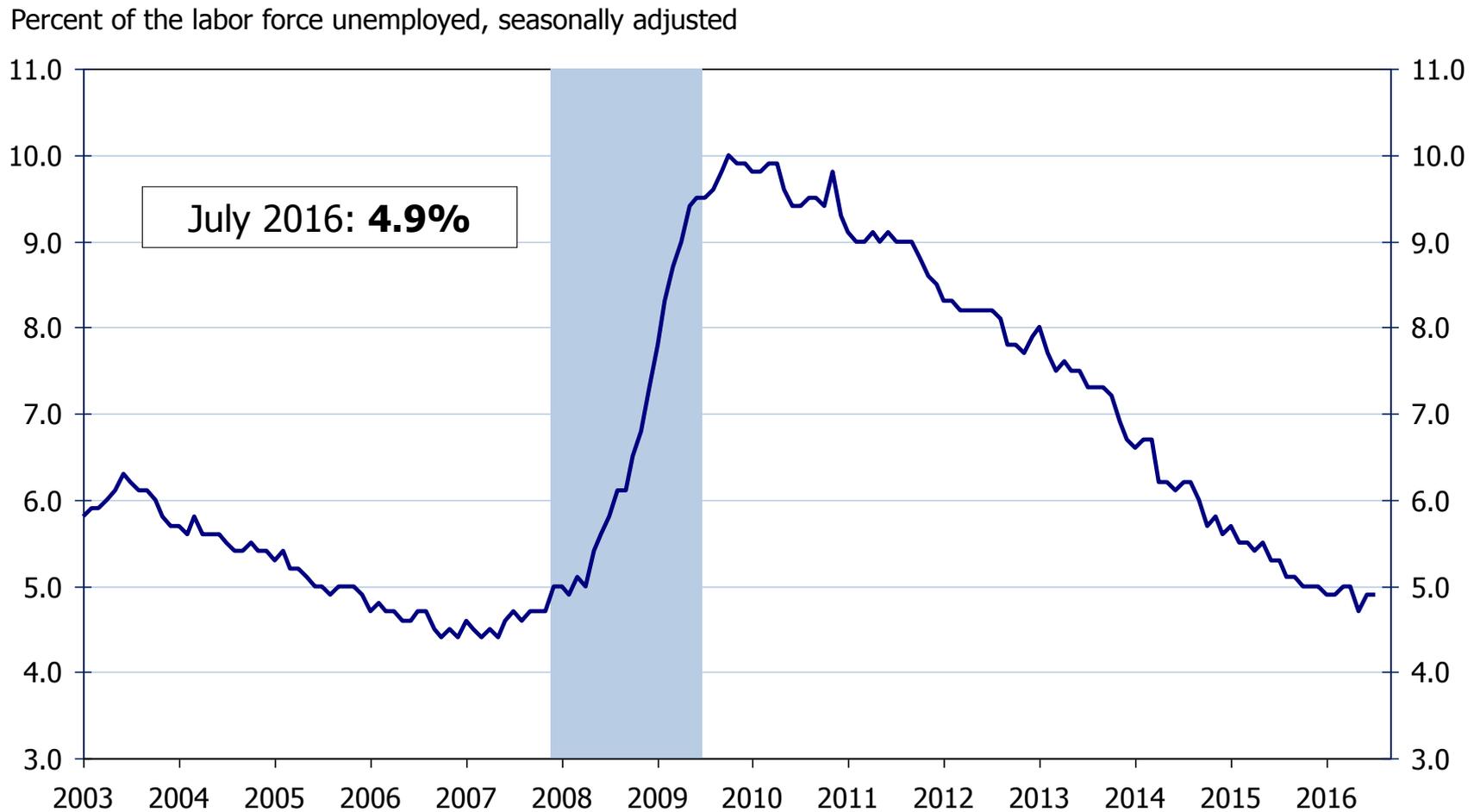


Unemployment rate unchanged in July; still above prerecession low point

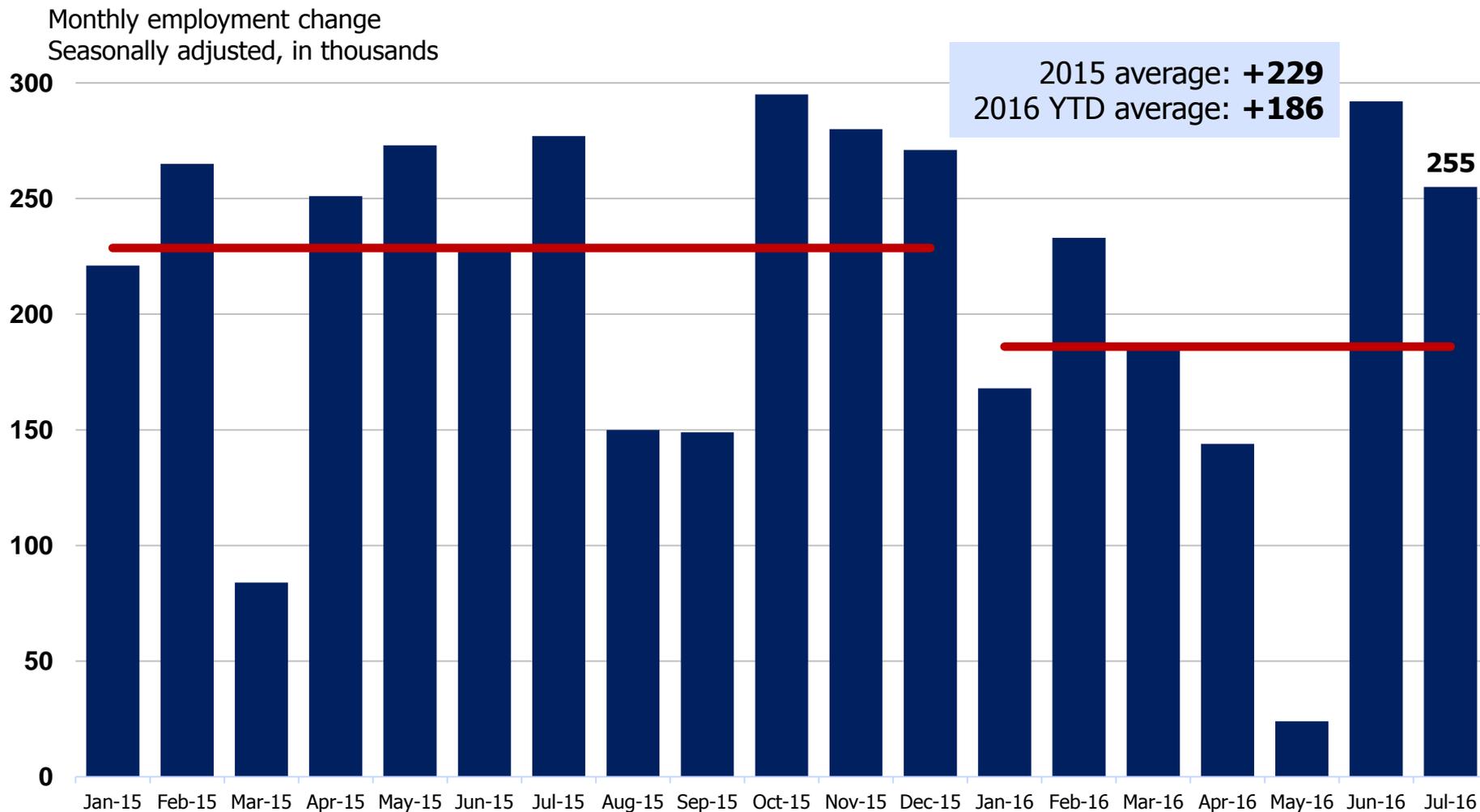


July 2016: **4.9%**

Note: Shaded area represents recession as determined by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER).
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, August 5, 2016.



2016 pace of job growth slightly slower than in 2015

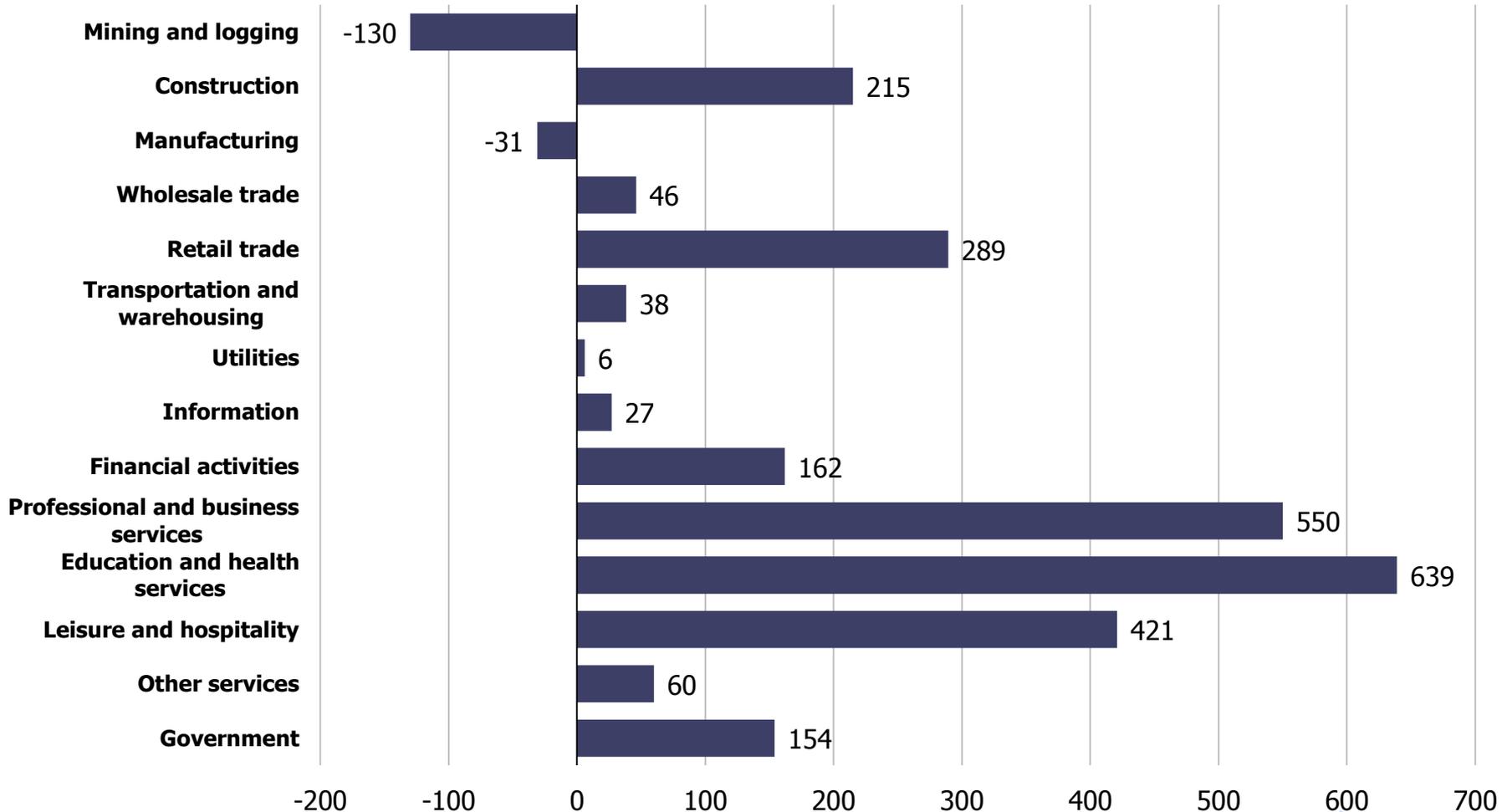


Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics program August 5, 2016. Latest two months of data are preliminary.



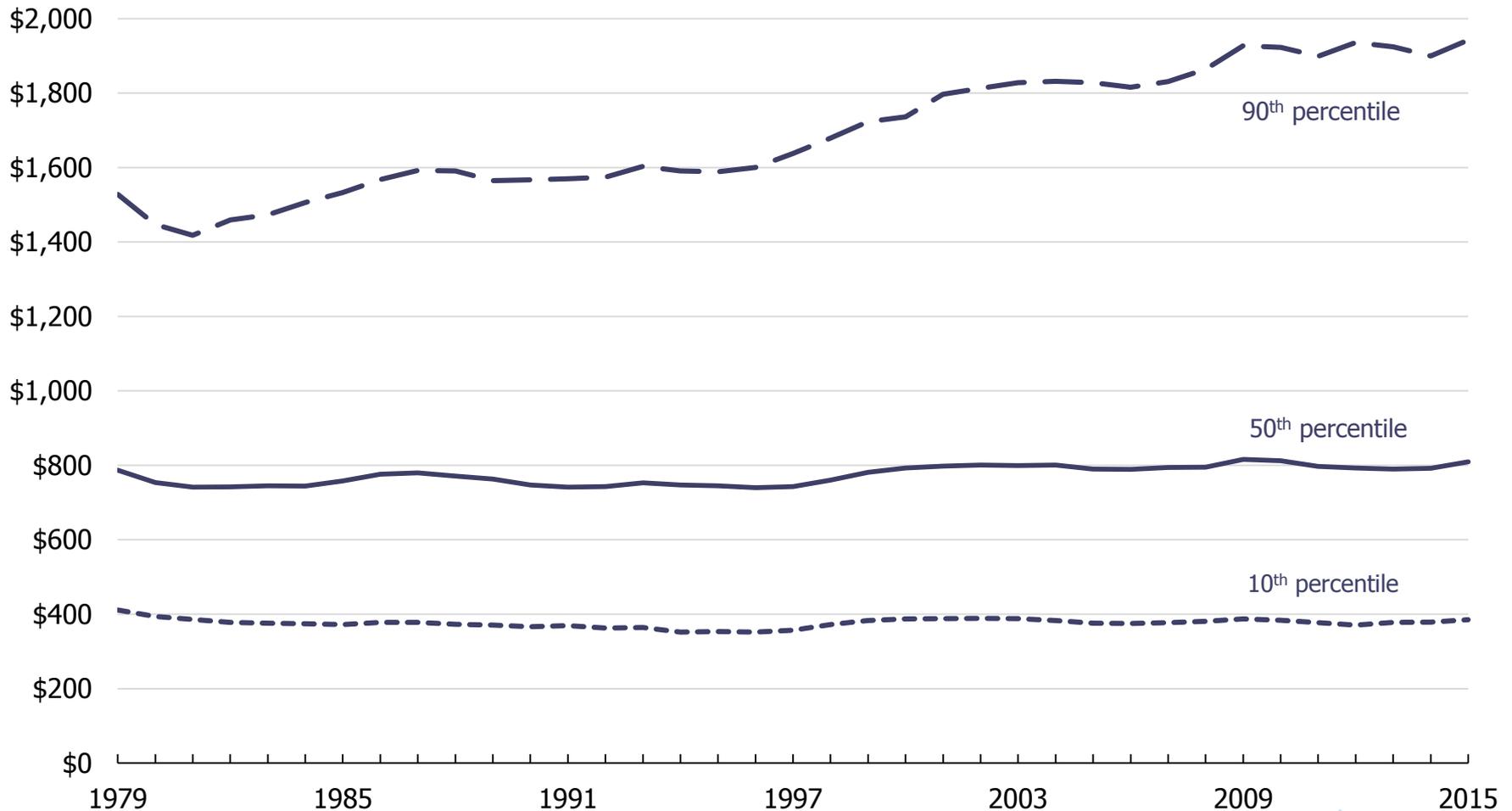
Health care and professional and business services lead job growth over the year; mining continues to decline

Over-the-year employment change by industry, July 2016, in thousands, seasonally adjusted

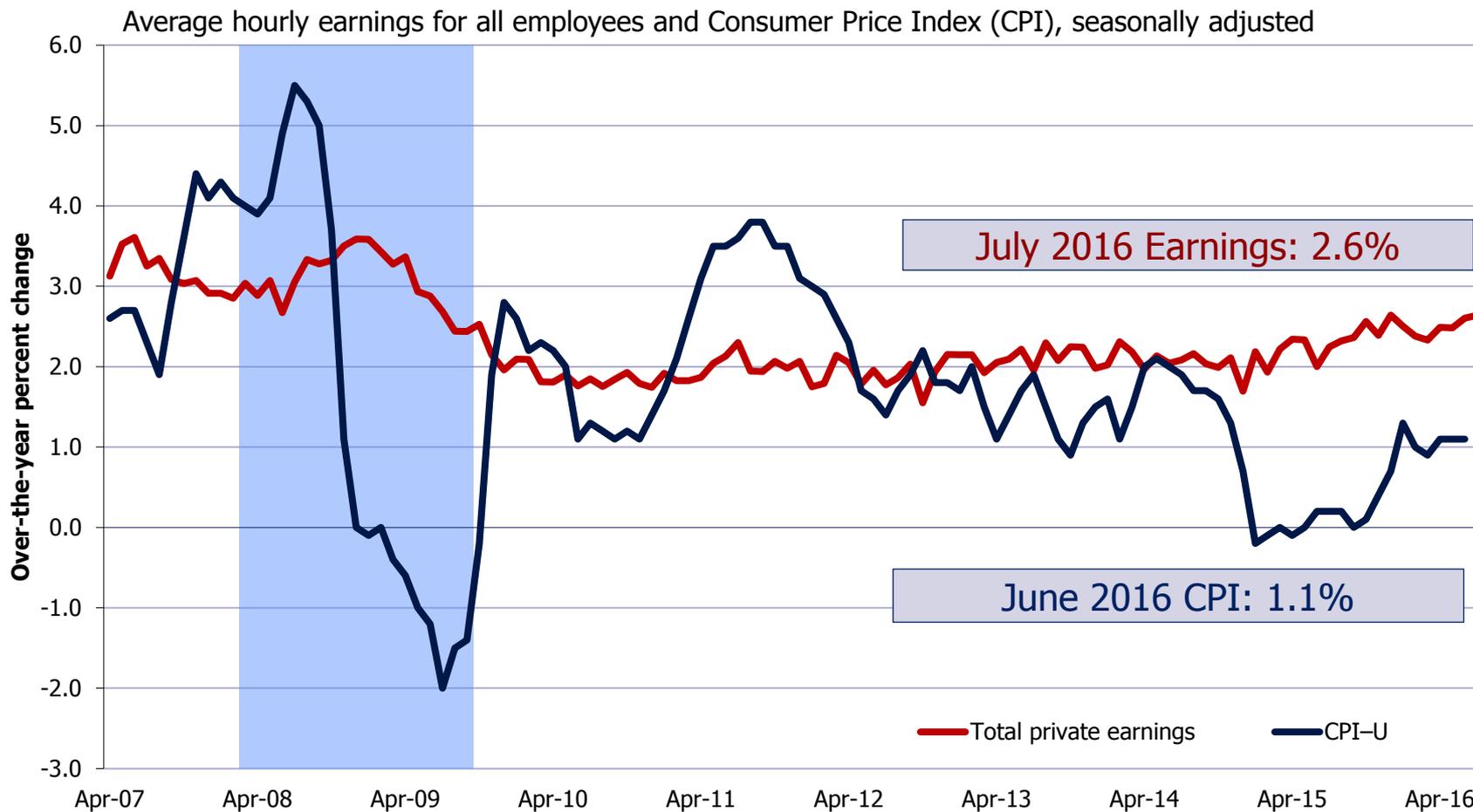


Real earnings increased for highest earners since 1979, unchanged for lowest earners

Selected percentiles of usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers age 16 and older, in 2015 dollars



For the past 2 years earnings growth has outpaced inflation



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics survey, August 5, 2016.

Consumer Price Index, CPI-U (1982-84 = 100)

Shaded area represents recession as denoted by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER).



Price changes vary—even among the foods on your breakfast plate

