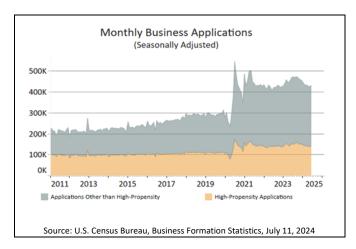
BUSINESS FORMATION STATISTICS, JUNE 2024

Release Number: CB24-113

July 11, 2024 — The U.S. Census Bureau announced the following seasonally adjusted business application and formation statistics for June 2024. The Business Application Series describe the business applications for tax IDs as indicated by applications for an Employer Identification Number (EIN) through filings of the IRS Form SS-4. The Business Formation Series describe employer business formations as indicated by the first instance of payroll tax liabilities for the corresponding business applications.

BUSINESS APPLICATIONS					
U.S. Business Applications:	JUN 2024	JUN 2024 / MAY 2024			
Total	431,246	1.7%°			
High-Propensity	138,678 0.3%°				
With Planned Wages	45,668 -1.7%°				
From Corporations	47,613	-1.3%°			
Next release: August 14, 2024					
(°) Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable.					
Data adjusted for seasonality.					
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Business Formation Statistics, July 11, 2024					



Business Applications - A	t a Glance				-	
		US	Northeast	Midwest	South	West
Total	JUN 2024	431,246	63,614	72,827	194,894	99,911
	JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+1.7%	+2.5%	+3.5%	+2.6%	-1.6%
High-Propensity	JUN 2024	138,678	22,905	22,061	59,250	34,462
	JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+0.3%	+2.8%	+1.7%	+0.4%	-2.2%
With Planned Wages	JUN 2024	45,668	6,588	8,064	19,625	11,391
	JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	-1.7%	+5.8%	+1.8%	-4.5%	-3.4%
From Corporations	JUN 2024	47,613	10,712	5,795	16,229	14,877
	JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	-1.3%	+2.2%	+0.9%	-3.6%	-2.0%

Details may not equal totals due to rounding. Regions defined by Census Bureau Geography Program. Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable.

Data adjusted for seasonality. Green Percentage changes are greater than zero (+). Red Percentage changes are less than zero (-). Z = absolute value < 0.05.

Business Applications

Business Applications for June 2024, adjusted for seasonal variation, were 431,246, an increase of 1.7 percent compared to May 2024.

Data Inquiries

Economic Indicators Division, Business Formation Statistics 301-763-2000 eid.bfs@census.gov



BUSINESS FORMATIONS					
U.S. Total Projected Business Formations:	JUN 2024	JUN 2024 / MAY 2024			
Within 4 Quarters	28,166	0.9%°			
Within 8 Quarters	38,666	2.2%°			
Next release: August 14, 2024 (°) Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable. Spliced - Data adjusted for seasonality. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Business Formation Statistics, July 11, 2024					



Projected Business Format	tions - At a Glance					
		US	Northeast	Midwest	South	West
Within 4 Quarters	JUN 2024	28,166	4,579	4,564	10,969	8,054
	JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+0.9%	+2.9%	+2.4%	+0.7%	-0.7%
Within 8 Quarters	JUN 2024	38,666	6,223	6,156	15,634	10,653
	JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+2.2%	+3.0%	+3.1%	+4.7%	-2.0%

Details may not equal totals due to rounding. Regions defined by Census Bureau Geography Program. Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable.

Data adjusted for seasonality. Green Percentage changes are greater than zero (+). Red Percentage changes are less than zero (-). Z = absolute value < 0.05.

Business Formations

Projected Business Formations (within 4 quarters) for June 2024, adjusted for seasonal variation, were 28,166, an increase of 0.9 percent compared to May 2024. The projected business formations are forward looking, providing an estimate of the number of new business startups that will appear from the cohort of business applications in a given month. It does not provide an estimate of the total number of business startups that appeared within a specific month. In other words, the Census Bureau is projecting that 28,166 new business startups with payroll tax liabilities will form within 4 quarters of application from all the business applications filed during June 2024. The 0.9 percent increase indicates that for June 2024 there will be 0.9 percent more businesses projected to form within 4 quarters of application, compared to the analogous projections for May 2024.

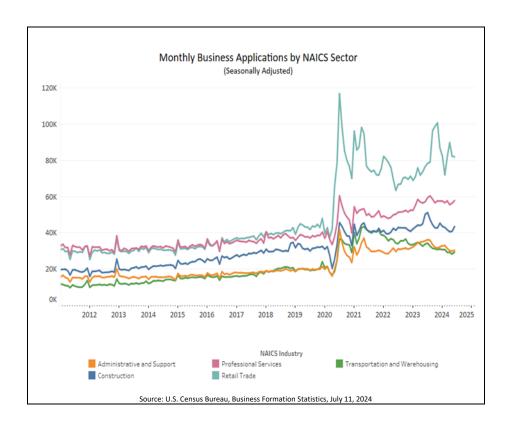
Data Inquiries
Economic Indicators Division, Business Formation Statistics
301-763-2000
eid.bfs@census.gov

Media Inquiries
Public Information Office
301-763-3030
pio@census.gov



U.S. Department of Commerce U.S. CENSUS BUREAU census.gov Statistics on actual business formations are available up to the latest quarter for which administrative data identifies employer business startup activity based on first payroll observation, currently the fourth quarter of 2021. Given the forward-looking nature of business formations, the Census Bureau can only state actual business formations within 4 quarters up to December 2020, and business formations within 8 quarters up to December 2019. Projected business formations within 4 quarters start in January 2021 and projected business formations within 8 quarters start in January 2020 and both end in June 2024. The most recent quarter for which administrative data on payroll is available is updated annually in the twelfth month based on new data on actual business formations.

For more information, see the explanatory notes later in this release or visit https://www.census.gov/econ/bfs/technicaldocumentation/methodology.html>.



Data InquiriesEconomic Indicators Division, Business Formation Statistics 301-763-2000
eid.bfs@census.gov



Business Applications by Industry - At a Glance



11	C
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21: Mining	11: Agriculture	JUN 2024	3,413
JUN 2024 MAY 2024 -4.8%		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	-2.7%
22: Utilities	21: Mining	JUN 2024	474
JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +0.9%		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	-4.8%
23: Construction	22: Utilities	JUN 2024	655
JUN 2024 MAY 2024 +6.5%		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+0.9%
31-33: Manufacturing	23: Construction	JUN 2024	43,496
A2: Wholesale Trade		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+6.5%
42: Wholesale Trade JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 4-0.9% 44-45: Retail Trade JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 48-0.3% 48-49: Transportation and Warehousing JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 43.8% 51: Information JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 52: Finance and Insurance JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 18,719 JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 10,6% 54: Professional Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 10,6% 55: Management of Companies JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 10,72 56: Administrative and Support JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 10,72 56: Educational Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 10,9% 61: Educational Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 10,9% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 11,7% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 11,7% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 11,7% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 11,7% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 11,7% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 11,7% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 12,5% 72: Accommodation and Food Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 12,5% 72: Accommodation and Food Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 12,5% 72: Accommodation and Food Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 12,5% 72: Accommodation and Food Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 12,5% 72: Accommodation and Food Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 10,8% Unclassified JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 10,8% Unclassified	31-33: Manufacturing	JUN 2024	5,975
JUN 2024 MAY 2024 -0.9%		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	-1.6%
A4-45: Retail Trade	42: Wholesale Trade	JUN 2024	9,023
JUN 2024 MAY 2024 -0.3%		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	-0.9%
Section Sect	44-45: Retail Trade	JUN 2024	82,049
Signature Sign		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	-0.3%
51: Information JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 7,606 JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +1.7% 52: Finance and Insurance JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 18,719 JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +1.8% 53: Real Estate JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +0.6% 54: Professional Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +7.85 JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +2.6% 55: Management of Companies JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +7.2% 56: Administrative and Support JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +1.0% 61: Educational Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +1.0% 61: Educational Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -1.7% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +3.1% 71: Arts and Entertainment JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +2.5% 72: Accommodation and Food Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +2.5% 81: Other Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -0.2% 81: Other Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +0.8% Unclassified JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +0.8%	48-49: Transportation and Warehousing	JUN 2024	29,344
Signature Sign		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+3.8%
52: Finance and Insurance JUN 2024 MAY 2024 H1.8% 53: Real Estate JUN 2024 MAY 2024 H0.6% 54: Professional Services JUN 2024 MAY 2024 H0.6% 55: Management of Companies JUN 2024 MAY 2024 H7.2% 56: Administrative and Support JUN 2024 MAY 2024 H1.0% 61: Educational Services JUN 2024 MAY 2024 H1.0% 61: Educational Services JUN 2024 MAY 2024 H1.0% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance JUN 2024 MAY 2024 H3.1% 71: Arts and Entertainment JUN 2024 MAY 2024 H2.684 H2.684 JUN 2024 MAY 2024 H2.5% 72: Accommodation and Food Services JUN 2024 MAY 2024 H2.5% 81: Other Services JUN 2024 MAY 2024 H0.2% Unclassified JUN 2024 MAY 2024 H0.8% Unclassified JUN 2024 MAY 2024 H0.8% Unclassified JUN 2024 MAY 2024 H0.8%	51: Information	JUN 2024	7,606
JUN 2024 MAY 2024 +1.8%		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+1.7%
53: Real Estate JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 21,287 54: Professional Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 57,855 JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +2.6% 55: Management of Companies JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 4,762 JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +7.2% 56: Administrative and Support JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 30,293 JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +1.0% 61: Educational Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -1.7% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -1.7% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +3.1% 71: Arts and Entertainment JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +2.5% 72: Accommodation and Food Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -0.2% 81: Other Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -0.2% 81: Other Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +0.8% Unclassified JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +0.8%	52: Finance and Insurance	JUN 2024	18,719
JUN 2024 / MAY 2024		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+1.8%
54: Professional Services JUN 2024 57,855 JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 42.6% 55: Management of Companies JUN 2024 4,762 JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 47.2% 30,293 56: Administrative and Support JUN 2024 MAY 2024 41.0% 61: Educational Services JUN 2024 MAY 2024 6,082 JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -1.7% -1.7% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance JUN 2024 MAY 2024 43.1% 71: Arts and Entertainment JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 42.5% 72: Accommodation and Food Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -0.2% 81: Other Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -0.2% 81: Other Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -0.2% Unclassified JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -0.8% Unclassified JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -0.8%	53: Real Estate	JUN 2024	21,287
JUN 2024 MAY 2024 +2.6%		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+0.6%
55: Management of Companies JUN 2024 4,762 JUN 2024 MAY 2024 +7.2% 56: Administrative and Support JUN 2024 30,293 JUN 2024 MAY 2024 +1.0% 61: Educational Services JUN 2024 6,082 JUN 2024 MAY 2024 -1.7% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance JUN 2024 27,742 JUN 2024 MAY 2024 +3.1% 71: Arts and Entertainment JUN 2024 12,684 JUN 2024 MAY 2024 +2.5% 72: Accommodation and Food Services JUN 2024 MAY 2024 81: Other Services JUN 2024 MAY 2024 40.8% JUN 2024 MAY 2024 40.8% JUN 2024 MAY 2024 40.8% JUN 2024 MAY 2024 12,344	54: Professional Services	JUN 2024	57,855
JUN 2024 MAY 2024 +7.2%		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+2.6%
56: Administrative and Support JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 30,293 61: Educational Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 6,082 JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -1.7% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 27,742 JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +3.1% 71: Arts and Entertainment JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +2.5% 72: Accommodation and Food Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -0.2% 81: Other Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -0.2% Unclassified JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +0.8% Unclassified JUN 2024 12,344	55: Management of Companies	JUN 2024	4,762
JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +1.0%		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+7.2%
61: Educational Services JUN 2024 6,082 JUN 2024 MAY 2024 62: Health Care and Social Assistance JUN 2024 MAY 2024 71: Arts and Entertainment JUN 2024 MAY 2024 72: Accommodation and Food Services JUN 2024 MAY 2024 72: Accommodation and Food Services JUN 2024 MAY 2024 81: Other Services JUN 2024 MAY 2024 70.2% 81: Other Services JUN 2024 MAY 2024 JUN 2024 MAY 2024 40.8% JUN 2024 MAY 2024 40.8% JUN 2024 JUN 2024 JUN 2024 JUN 2024 MAY 2024 JUN 2024 MAY 2024 40.8%	56: Administrative and Support	JUN 2024	30,293
JUN 2024 MAY 2024 -1.7%		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+1.0%
62: Health Care and Social Assistance JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +3.1% 71: Arts and Entertainment JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +2.5% 72: Accommodation and Food Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +2.5% 81: Other Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -0.2% 81: Other Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +0.8% Unclassified JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +0.8%	61: Educational Services	JUN 2024	6,082
JUN 2024 MAY 2024 +3.1%		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	-1.7%
71: Arts and Entertainment 71: Arts and Entertainment 71: Arts and Entertainment 71: Arts and Entertainment 72: Accommodation and Food Services 73: Accommodation and Food Services 74: Accommodation and Food Services 75: Accommodation and Food Services 76: Accommodation and Food Services 77: Accommodation and Food Services 77: Accommodation and Food Services 77: Accommodation and Food Services 78: Accomm	62: Health Care and Social Assistance	JUN 2024	27,742
JUN 2024 MAY 2024 +2.5%		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+3.1%
72: Accommodation and Food Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 81: Other Services JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 34,646 JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 40.8% Unclassified JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 12,344	71: Arts and Entertainment	JUN 2024	12,684
JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 -0.2% 81: Other Services JUN 2024 34,646 JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +0.8% Unclassified JUN 2024 12,344		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+2.5%
81: Other Services JUN 2024 34,646 JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +0.8% Unclassified JUN 2024 12,344	72: Accommodation and Food Services	JUN 2024	22,795
JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +0.8% Unclassified JUN 2024 12,344		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	-0.2%
Unclassified JUN 2024 12,344	81: Other Services	JUN 2024	34,646
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+0.8%
JUN 2024 / MAY 2024 +1.6%	Unclassified	JUN 2024	12,344
		JUN 2024 / MAY 2024	+1.6%

Details may not equal totals due to rounding. Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable. Data adjusted for seasonality, except for Utilities (22).

Green Percentage changes are greater than zero (+). Red Percentage changes are less than zero (-). Z = absolute value < 0.05.

Data Inquiries

Economic Indicators Division, Business Formation Statistics 301-763-2000 eid.bfs@census.gov



Business Applications by Industry

The Census Bureau classifies BFS data by industry using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). NAICS codes are assigned using a variety of sources. A Census Bureau-developed automated industry-coding program first attempts to assign NAICS codes to all new EIN applications received from the IRS. The automated industry-coding program is based on established patterns in the business name and descriptions provided on the EIN applications. This auto-coding process assigned NAICS codes to over 80% of all incoming EIN applications in 2020. For applications that did not receive a NAICS code during the autocoding process, BFS staff use a Census-developed machine learning algorithm to assign NAICS codes where possible. NAICS codes are revised each year for the previous five years as part of the BFS annual update process when more accurate and detailed NAICS codes may be available from the Social Security Administration, the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and the Census Bureau's Business Register. There are a small number of EIN applications where there is not enough information available to assign a NAICS code through any source.

For more information on the Census Bureau automated industry-coding program, please visit < https://www.census.gov/econ/bfs/pdf/naics_improvement.pdf. For more information on the machine learning algorithm, please visit https://www.census.gov/econ/bfs/pdf/beacon.pdf.

GENERAL INFORMATION

On May 13, 2019, the IRS implemented a change in Form SS-4 requiring a social security number (SSN) or an individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) for the responsible party indicated in the EIN application. The change will prevent entities using their existing EINs to apply for additional EINs. For more information on the requirement change, please visit https://www.irs.gov/newsroom/irs-revises-ein-application-process-seeks-to-enhance-security. The form field that the change applies to is not one that the Census Bureau receives and it is not used in the analysis. As a result, we cannot necessarily draw any conclusions on the impact of this change on BFS.

Release Schedule

The July 2024 Business Formation Statistics Report is scheduled for release on August 14, 2024. View the full schedule in the Economic Briefing Room: https://www.census.gov/economic-indicators/>. Further information on BFS, including additional series and the full time span of the series listed above, can be found at https://www.census.gov/econ/bfs>.

Data Inquiries

Economic Indicators Division, Business Formation Statistics 301-763-2000 eid.bfs@census.gov

Media Inquiries
Public Information Office
301-763-3030
pio@census.gov



U.S. Department of Commerce U.S. CENSUS BUREAU census.gov

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Business Formation Statistics (BFS) are a standard data product of the U.S. Census Bureau developed in research collaboration with economists affiliated with Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta, University of Maryland, and University of Notre Dame.

Business Formation Statistics (BFS) provide timely and high-frequency data on business applications and employer business formations. BFS measure business initiation activity (Business Application Series) as indicated by applications for an Employer Identification Number (EIN) on the IRS Form SS-4. BFS also provide information on actual and projected employer business formations (Business Formation Series) that originate from these applications, based on the record of first payroll tax liability for an EIN. In addition, BFS contain measures of delay in business starts as indicated by the average duration between the application for an EIN and the transition to an employer business.

BFS currently cover the period starting from July 2004 onwards at a monthly frequency. The data are available nationally, regionally, and by individual states.

Business Application Series

These series describe the business applications for tax IDs as indicated by applications for an Employer Identification Number (EIN) through filings of IRS Form SS-4. Business applications are presented in four different series reflecting different subsets of the applications for an EIN. All business applications series cover the period from July 2004 onwards.

- Business Applications (BA): The core business applications series that correspond to a subset of
 all applications for an EIN. This series includes all applications for an EIN, except for applications
 for tax liens, estates, and trusts, applications outside of the 50 states and the District of
 Columbia or those with no state-county geocodes, applications with certain NAICS codes in
 sector 11 (agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting) or 92 (public administration) that have low
 transition rates, and applications in certain industries (i.e. private households, certain financial
 services, civic and social organizations).
- **High-Propensity Business Applications (HBA)**: Business Applications (BA) that have a high-propensity of turning into businesses with payroll. The identification of high-propensity applications is based on the characteristics of applications revealed on the IRS Form SS-4 that are associated with a high rate of business formation. High-propensity applications include applications: (a) from a corporate entity, (b) that indicate they are hiring employees, (c) that provide a first wages-paid date (planned wages); or (d) that have a NAICS industry code in

Data Inquiries

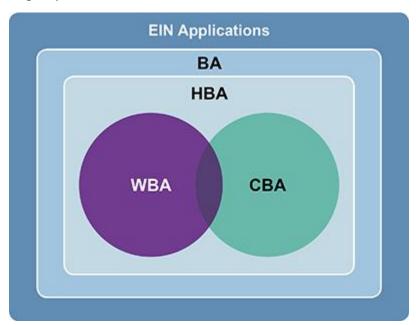
Economic Indicators Division, Business Formation Statistics 301-763-2000 eid.bfs@census.gov



accommodation and food services (72) or in portions of construction (237, 238), manufacturing (312, 321, 322, 332), retail (44, 452), professional, scientific, and technical services (5411, 5413), educational services (6111), and health care (621, 623).

- Business Applications with Planned Wages (WBA): High-Propensity Business Applications
 (HBA) that indicate a first wages-paid date on the IRS Form SS-4. The indication of a wages-paid
 date is associated with a high likelihood of transitioning into a business with payroll.
- Business Applications from Corporations (CBA): High-Propensity Business Applications (HBA)
 from a corporation or personal service corporation, based on the legal form of organization
 stated in the IRS Form SS-4. Similar to the WBA series, this series is important primarily because
 it consists of a set of applications that have a high rate of transitioning into businesses with
 payroll.

The following is a graphical representation (Venn diagram) of the relationship between the four business applications series (BA, HBA, WBA, CBA) and EIN applications. This graph does not represent the actual relative sizes of different groups.



Data Inquiries

Economic Indicators Division, Business Formation Statistics 301-763-2000

eid.bfs@census.gov



Business Formation Series

These series describe employer business formations as indicated by the first instance of payroll tax liabilities for the corresponding business applications. The business formation series are forward-looking in the sense that they measure new business formations from the month of business application in any given quarter. Two series are provided: the first describes transitions within the next four quarters (12 months), and the second within the next eight quarters (24 months). Payroll information is only available on a quarterly basis so it is only possible to look ahead in terms of quarters. All business formation series start in July 2004, the earliest month for which the data on business applications are available.

- Business Formations within 4 Quarters (BF4Q): This series provides the number of employer
 businesses that originate from Business Applications (BA) within four quarters from the month
 of application. By definition, the end-point of this series is determined by the most recent
 quarter for which the administrative data identifies employer business startup activity based on
 first payroll observation.
- Projected Business Formations within 4 Quarters (PBF4Q): The projected number of employer businesses that originate from Business Applications (BA) within four quarters from the month of application. The projections are based on an econometric model that generates estimates of the likelihood that a business application turns into an employer business. For the details of the model, see the working paper https://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2018/adrm/bfs-FEB2018.html. The projected business formation series cover the period for which the actual number of business formations within 4 quarters is not yet available. Combining the projected series with the actual business formations (the BF4Q series) results in an up-to-date, forward-looking business formation series.
- Spliced Business Formations within 4 Quarters (SBF4Q): This series combines (splices) BF4Q and PBF4Q to provide the entire time series for the actual and projected business formations within 4 quarters.
- Business Formations within 8 Quarters (BF8Q): The number of employer businesses that
 originate from Business Applications (BA) within eight quarters from the month of application,
 similar to the BF4Q series. Again, the end-point of this series is determined by the most recent
 quarter for which the administrative data identifies employer business startup activity based on
 first payroll observation.
- Projected Business Formations within 8 Quarters (PBF8Q): The projected number of employer

Data Inquiries

Economic Indicators Division, Business Formation Statistics 301-763-2000 eid.bfs@census.gov



businesses that originate from Business Applications (BA) within eight quarters from the month of application, similar to the PBF4Q series. The projected business formation series cover the period for which the actual business formations within 8 quarters are not yet available.

- Spliced Business Formations within 8 Quarters (SBF8Q): This series combines (splices) BF8Q and PBF8Q to provide the entire time series for the actual and projected business formations within 8 quarters.
- Average Duration (in Quarters) from Business Application to Formation within 4 Quarters
 (DUR4Q): A measure of delay between business application and formation, measured as the
 average duration (in quarters) between the quarter in which the month of business application
 falls and the quarter of business formation, conditional on business formation within four
 quarters. These series span the same period as BF4Q.
- Average Duration (in Quarters) from Business Application to Formation within 8 Quarters
 (DUR8Q): A measure of delay between business application and formation, similar to the
 DUR4Q series. The difference is that the window for business formation is eight quarters, rather
 than four. The series span the same period as BF8Q.

Description of Seasonal Adjustment

Because of strong seasonality detected in most of the business application and formation series, all series are provided with and without seasonal adjustment. In the case of the duration series (DUR4Q and DUR8Q), seasonality is not significant in general. Therefore, no seasonally adjusted duration series are provided. All data, with the exception of the industry data, is seasonally adjusted at the state level and summed to create seasonally adjusted United States total and regional data. Industry data, except for Utilities (22), is seasonally adjusted at the national level to create adjusted United States total data. Seasonal adjustment is performed using the X-13ARIMA-SEATS seasonal adjustment program of the US Census Bureau. Users can implement their own seasonal adjustment methods using the unadjusted data.

Reliability of Estimates

The statistics presented in this release are based on administrative data and therefore are not subject to sampling error. There is also projection error associated with the projected business formation series. The statistics may also be subject to non-sampling error. Non-sampling error occurs because accurate information cannot always be obtained. There are many potential contributors to nonsampling error — misreporting, mistakes in recording and coding responses, misinterpretation of questions, and other errors

Data Inquiries

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of collection, response, coverage, or processing. Though nonsampling error is not measured directly, the Census Bureau employs quality control procedures throughout the process to minimize this type of error.

Notes

Technical documentation for these statistics and specific recommendations for interpreting these statistics are described on the product's webpage https://www.census.gov/econ/bfs>.

The Census Bureau has reviewed this data product to ensure appropriate access, use, and disclosure avoidance protection of the confidential source data (Project No. P-7515311, Disclosure Review Board (DRB) approval number: CBDRB-FY24-0150).

RESOURCES

API

The Census Bureau's application programming interface lets developers create custom apps to reach new users and makes key demographic, socio-economic and housing statistics more accessible than ever before.

<https://www.census.gov/data/developers.html>

FRED Mobile App



Receive the latest updates on the nation's key economic indicators by downloading the FRED App < https://fred.stlouisfed.org/fred-mobile/ for both Apple and

Android devices. FRED, the signature database of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, now incorporates the Census Bureau's 13 economic indicators.

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