FOR RELEASE AT 8:30 AM EDT, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 2016

MONTHLY ADVANCE ECONOMIC INDICATORS REPORT, AUGUST 2016

Release Number: CB16-168

September 29, 2016 — The U.S. Census Bureau announced the following international trade, wholesale inventories, and retail inventories advance statistics for August 2016:

	ADVANCE INTERNATIONAL TRADE: GOODS DEFICIT	ADVANCE WHOLESALE INVENTORIES	ADVANCE RETAIL INVENTORIES		
AUGUST 2016	\$58.4 Billion -0.6%°	\$589.3 Billion -0.1%*	\$605.2 Billion +0.5%		
JULY 2016	\$58.8 Billion	\$590.2 Billion (R)	\$602.0 Billion (R)		

Next release: October 26, 2016.

Advance International Trade in Goods

The international trade deficit was \$58.4 billion in August, down \$0.4 billion from \$58.8 billion in July. Exports of goods for August were \$124.6 billion, \$0.9 billion more than July exports. Imports of goods for August were \$183.0 billion, \$0.5 billion more than July imports.

Advance Wholesale Inventories

Wholesale inventories for August, adjusted for seasonal variations but not for price changes, were estimated at an end-of-month level of \$589.3 billion, down 0.1 percent (±0.4 percent)* from July 2016, and were virtually unchanged (±1.8 percent)* from August 2015. The June 2016 to July 2016 percentage change was revised from virtually unchanged (±0.4 percent)* to down 0.1 percent (±0.4 percent)*.

Advance Retail Inventories

Retail inventories for August, adjusted for seasonal variations but not for price changes, were estimated at an end-of-month level of \$605.2 billion, up 0.5 percent (\pm 0.2 percent) from July 2016, and were up 4.6 percent (\pm 0.5 percent) from August 2015. The June 2016 to July 2016 percentage change was revised from down 0.3 percent (\pm 0.2 percent) to down 0.2 percent (\pm 0.2 percent)*.

The September 2016 Advance report is scheduled for release on October 26, 2016. View the full schedule in the Economic Briefing Room: www.census.gov/economic-indicators/>.

Data Inquiries

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^{*} The 90 percent confidence interval includes zero. ° Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable.

All data adjusted for seasonality but not price changes. Source: U.S. Census Bureau; U.S. International Trade in Goods; Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey; Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

International Trade in Goods

Goods (Census Basis)

Data for goods on a Census basis are compiled from the documents collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection and reflect the movement of goods between foreign countries and the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They include government and non-government shipments of goods and exclude shipments between the United States and its territories and possessions; transactions with U.S. military, diplomatic, and consular installations abroad; U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces; personal and household effects of travelers; and in-transit shipments. Data for U.S. exports to Canada are derived from import data compiled by Canada. For more information on the data exchange and substitution please refer to the FT-900. The General Imports value reflects the total arrival of merchandise from foreign countries that immediately enters consumption channels, warehouses, or Foreign Trade Zones.

For imports, the value reported is the U.S. Customs and Border Protection appraised value of merchandise—generally, the price paid for merchandise for export to the United States. Import duties, freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in bringing merchandise to the United States are excluded.

Exports are valued at the free alongside ship value of merchandise at the U.S. port of export, based on the transaction price including inland freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in placing the merchandise alongside the carrier at the U.S. port of exportation.

Additional information on coverage and valuation are available in the Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics, <<u>www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#coverage</u>> and <<u>www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#valuation</u>>, respectively.

Non Sampling Errors

Goods data are a complete enumeration of documents collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection and are not subject to sampling errors. This report presents current month statistics which reflect nearly complete coverage. Current month statistics reflecting complete coverage will be published in the upcoming U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services report (FT-900). Statistics for other months shown reflect complete coverage and appear in the most recently published FT-900. Quality assurance procedures are performed at every stage of collection, processing, and tabulation. However, the data are still subject to several types of nonsampling errors. Information on nonsampling errors and other quality issues are available in the Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics, www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html.

The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that data users incorporate this information into their analyses, as nonsampling errors could impact the conclusion drawn from the results. For a detailed discussion of errors affecting the goods data, see U.S. Merchandise Trade Statistics: A Quality Profile (October 2014), available

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at <<u>www.census.gov/foreign-trade/aip/quality_profile10032014.pdf</u>> or from the Economic Indicators Division, U.S. Census Bureau.

Adjustments for Seasonal and Trading-Day Variations

Goods data are presented on a seasonally adjusted and not seasonally adjusted basis. Seasonally adjusted (and/or trading day adjusted data) are produced using X-13ARIMA-SEATS software to develop monthly adjustment factors. Goods data are initially classified under the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (Harmonized System), which is an internationally accepted standard for the commodity classification of traded goods. Combining trade into approximately 140 export and 140 import end-use categories makes it possible to examine goods according to their principal uses. These categories are used as the basis for computing the seasonal and trading-day adjusted data. These adjusted data are then summed to the six end-use aggregates for publication.

For more information, visit the seasonal adjustment section of the Guide to Foreign Trade here: www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#seasonal>

Retail and Wholesale Inventories

National estimates of end-of-month inventories are based on data from the Monthly Retail Trade Survey and the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey. Additional information for each survey can be found at <<u>www.census.gov/retail</u>> and <<u>www.census.gov/wholesale</u>>. The advance estimates contained in this report are not incorporated into the full MRTS and MWTS time series.

The MRTS and MWTS samples consist of a stratified simple random sampling method of approximately 10,000 retail firms and 4,200 wholesale firms located in the United States. The retail and wholesale samples include firms of all sizes and are updated on a quarterly basis to account for new retail and wholesale firms, deaths, and other changes to the universe.

Data for nonresponding firms are imputed based on data for similar-sized firms classified in the same kind of business. For surveyed Retail companies, approximately 50.1 percent provided data for this reporting period resulting in a total quantity response rate of 57.5 percent. For surveyed Wholesale companies, approximately 59.7 percent provided data for this reporting period resulting in a total quantity response rate of 60.3 percent.

MRTS estimates cover companies with one or more establishments that sell merchandise and related services to final consumers. Nonemployers are represented in the retail estimates through benchmarking to prior annual survey estimates that include nonemployer sales based on administrative records.

MWTS estimates cover wholesale merchants who sell goods on their own account and include such businesses as wholesale merchants or jobbers, industrial distributors, exporters, and importers. Sales offices and branches maintained by manufacturing, refining, or mining firms for the purpose of marketing their

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products are not covered in this report. Also excluded is NAICS Industry Group 4251: Wholesale Electronic Markets and Agents and Brokers.

Reliability of Estimates

Because the retail and wholesale estimates are based on a sample survey, they contain sampling error and nonsampling error.

Sampling error is the difference between the estimate and the result that would be obtained from a complete enumeration of the sampling frame conducted under the same survey conditions. This error occurs because only a subset of the entire sampling frame is measured in a sample survey. Standard errors and coefficients of variation are estimated measures of sampling variation.

The margin of sampling error gives a range about the estimate which is a 90 percent confidence interval. If, for example, the percentage change estimate is ± 1.2 percent and its estimated standard error is 0.9 percent, then the margin of sampling error is $\pm 1.753 \times 0.9$ percent or ± 1.6 percent, and the 90 percent confidence interval is ± 0.4 percent to ± 0.4 percent. If the interval contains 0, then one does not have sufficient evidence to conclude at the 90 percent confidence level that the change is different from zero and therefore the change is not statistically significant. Estimated changes are statistically significant unless otherwise noted. For a monthly total, the estimated coefficient of variation is given. The resulting confidence interval is the estimated value $\pm 1.753 \times CV \times ($ the estimated monthly total).

Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate. This type of error can occur because of nonresponse, insufficient coverage of the universe of businesses, mistakes in the recording and coding of data, and other errors of collection, response, coverage, or processing. Although nonsampling error is not measured directly, the Census Bureau employs quality control procedures throughout the process to minimize this type of error.

The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that individuals using retail and wholesale estimates incorporate this information into their analyses, as sampling error and nonsampling error could affect the conclusions drawn from the estimates.

Adjustments for Seasonal Variations

Concurrent seasonal adjustment is used to adjust the retail and wholesale inventories estimates for seasonal variations. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses all available unadjusted estimates as input to the X-13ARIMA-SEATS program. The factors derived from the program are applied to the retail and wholesale estimates of current and previous month inventories and for inventories estimates a year ago as well.

Data Availability

The Advance Economic Indicators Report is available at <<u>www.census.gov/econ/indicators/index.html</u>>. For archived versions of the Advance Economic Indicators Report please visit the Historical Data tab at the following: <<u>census.gov/econ/indicators/historical_data.html</u>>.

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America's Economy Mobile App

The America's Economy app provides real-time updates for 19 key economic indicators released from the U.S. Census Bureau, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Bureau of Economic Analysis.

<www.census.gov/mobile/economy/>

API

The Census Bureau's application programming interface lets developers create custom apps to reach new users and makes key demographic, socio-economic and housing statistics more accessible than ever before. www.census.gov/developers/



- * The 90 percent confidence interval includes zero. In such cases, there is insufficient statistical evidence to conclude that the actual change is different from zero.
- $^{\circ}$ Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable for this survey.
- (R) Revised from the last published Monthly Retail Trade Report and Monthly Wholesale Trade: Sales and Inventories Report



Table 1. U.S. International Trade in Goods by Principal End-Use Category (1) In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to seasonal adjustment and rounding. (X) - Not applicable

	Goods - Census Basis (2)							
		Mon	thly		Percent change			
	August 2016	July 2016	June 2016	August 2015	August 2016/ July 2016	July 2016/ June 2016	August 2016/ August 2015	
	(a)							
Seasonally Adjusted								
Balance	-58,402	-58,776	-64,302	-64,401	(X)	(X)	(X	
Exports	124,607	123,710	120,090	123,751	0.7	3.0	0.7	
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	14,167	14,680	10,955	10,703	-3.5	34.0	32.	
Industrial Supplies (3)	34,394	32,878	32,433	34,842	4.6	1.4	-1.	
Capital Goods	42,158	42,801	43,028	44,560	-1.5	-0.5	-5.4	
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	12,923	12,520	12,155	12,775	3.2	3.0	1.3	
Consumer Goods	16,091	15,980	15,995	15,932	0.7	-0.1	1.0	
Other Goods	4,873	4,852	5,525	4,939	0.4	-12.2	-1.3	
Imports	183,008	182,486	184,392	188,152	0.3	-1.0	-2.7	
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	10,897	10,660	10,459	10,620	2.2	1.9	2.0	
Industrial Supplies (3)	37,974	38,845	38,457	39,562	-2.2	1.0	-4.0	
Capital Goods	50,124	49,010	49,732	50,155	2.3	-1.5	-0.3	
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	28,598	28,364	28,431	29,496	0.8	-0.2	-3.0	
Consumer Goods	47,793	48,307	49,799	50,616	-1.1	-3.0	-5.6	
Other Goods	7,622	7,300	7,514	7,704	4.4	-2.9	-1.3	
Not Seasonally Adjusted								
Balance	-70,505	-65,789	-63,594	-67,251	(X)	(X)	(X	
Exports	122,812	116,148	125,208	122,684	5.7	-7.2	0.3	
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	10,943	10,481	9,597	9,588	4.4	9.2	14.	
Industrial Supplies (3)	35,477	32,624	33,112	35,383	8.7	-1.5	0.3	
Capital Goods	42,493	42,119	45,405	44,586	0.9	-7.2	-4.	
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	13,620	11,000	13,013	13,156	23.8	-15.5	3.	
Consumer Goods	15,396	15,084	18,547	15,020	2.1	-18.7	2.	
Other Goods	4,884	4,842	5,535	4,951	0.9	-12.5	-1.	
Imports	193,317	181,937	188,801	189,936	6.3	-3.6	1.8	
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	10,873	10,263	10,752	10,234	6.0	-4.6	6.2	
Industrial Supplies (3)	40,488	39,812	39,786	40,395	1.7	0.1	0.2	
Capital Goods	52,057	48,980	52,143	49,830	6.3	-6.1	4.5	
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	30,080	26,970	29,230	30,100	11.5	-7.7	-0.3	
Consumer Goods	52,297	48,887	49,127	52,145	7.0	-0.5	0.3	
Other Goods	7,521	7,024	7,762	7,231	7.1	-9.5	4.0	

⁽a) Advance statistics

NOTES:

⁽¹⁾ For a listing of the detail included in each end-use category, see www.census.gov/foreign-trade/reference/codes/enduse/exeumstr.txt.

⁽²⁾ Data are presented on a Census basis. The information needed to convert to a balance of payment basis is not available.

⁽³⁾ Includes petroleum and petroleum products.

^{*} Current month statistics reflect nearly complete coverage; current month statistics reflecting complete coverage will be published in the upcoming U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services report (FT-900). Statistics for other months shown reflect complete coverage and appear in the most recently published FT-900.

^{*} For information on data sources, nonsampling errors, and definitions, see the explanatory notes in this release or at www.census.gov/econ/indicators/advance_report.pdf.

Table 2. Levels and Percent Changes for Inventories

Inventories estimates are shown in millions of dollars. Estimates are based on data from the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey and the Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

		Invent	cories		
Monthly			Percent change		
August	July	August	August 2016/	July 2016/	August 2016
2016	2016	2015	July 2016	June 2016	August 2015
(a)	(r)	(r)			
589,311	590,193	589,507	-0.1	-0.1	0.
356,443	355,941	363,221	0.1	0.3	-1.
232,868	234,252	226,286	-0.6	-0.8	2.
605,156	601,950	578,307	0.5	-0.2	4.
393,200	392,143	385,429	0.3	-0.4	2.
211,956	209,807	192,878	1.0	0.0	9.
579,007	585,280	579,333	-1.1	0.1	-0.
356,895	358,672	363,617	-0.5	1.1	-1.
222,112	226,608	215,716	-2.0	-1.3	3.
590,442	586,297	564,749	0.7	-1.5	4.
388,541	383,445	380,932	1.3	-0.4	2.
201,901	202,852	183,817	-0.5	-3.5	9.
	2016 (a) 589,311 356,443 232,868 605,156 393,200 211,956 579,007 356,895 222,112 590,442 388,541	August 2016 (a) 2016 (r) 2016 (a) 2016 (r) 2016	Monthly August July August 2016 (a) (r) (r) 589,311 590,193 589,507 356,443 355,941 363,221 232,868 234,252 226,286 605,156 601,950 578,307 393,200 392,143 385,429 211,956 209,807 192,878 579,007 585,280 579,333 356,895 358,672 363,617 222,112 226,608 215,716 590,442 586,297 564,749 388,541 383,445 380,932	Monthly	Monthly Percent change August 2016 (a) July 2016 (r) August 2016 (r) July 2016 July 2016 July 2016 June 2016 589,311 590,193 589,507 (r) 589,507 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.3 -0.3 -0.4 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.8 -0.8 -0.8 -0.8 -0.8 -0.8

⁽a) Advance estimate

See footnotes and notes at the end of Table 3.

Table 3. Estimated Measures of Sampling Variability

Estimates are shown as percents and are based on data from the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey and the Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

	Inventories						
		Monthly		Standard Error of			
	Coef	fficient of Varia	ation	Percent Change			
	August	July	August	August 2016/	July 2016/	August 2016/	
	2016	2016	2015	July 2016	June 2016	August 2015	
	(a)	(r)	(r)				
Merchant wholesale ² trade, total	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.2	0.2	1.0	
Durable goods	1.7	1.8	2.0	0.2	0.2	0.9	
Nondurable goods	2.4	2.3	1.6	0.3	0.3	1.7	
Retail trade, total	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.3	
Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.3	
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	1.5	1.5	1.3	0.3	0.2	1.0	

⁽a) Advance estimate

NOTES:

Estimated measures of sampling variability are based on estimates not adjusted for seasonal variation. Additional information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, sample design, and definitions may be found at http://www.census.gov/wholesale/www/how_surveys_are_collected/monthly_methodology.html for wholesale and at http://www.census.gov/retail/mrts/how_surveys_are_collected.html for retail.

⁽r) Revised estimate

⁽r) Revised estimate

⁽¹⁾ Estimates are concurrently adjusted for seasonal variation, but not for price changes. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses all available not adjusted estimates as input to the X-13ARIMA-SEATS program. The factors derived from the program are used in calculating all seasonally adjusted estimates shown in this table.

⁽²⁾ The 2007 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) defines merchant wholesalers as including manufacturers' sales branches and offices. However, the estimates included in this release exclude manufacturers' sales branches and offices. Note that this is not a change in coverage from prior releases and is consistent with the description used in the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey data products.