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MONTHLY ADVANCE ECONOMIC INDICATORS REPORT, JULY 2018

Release Number: CB18-128

August 28, 2018 — The U.S. Census Bureau announced the following international trade, wholesale inventories, and retail inventories advance statistics for July 2018:

	ADVANCE INTERNATIONAL TRADE: GOODS DEFICIT	ADVANCE WHOLESALE INVENTORIES	ADVANCE RETAIL INVENTORIES		
JULY 2018	\$72.2 Billion +6.3%°	\$637.0 Billion +0.7%	\$637.7 Billion +0.4%		
JUNE 2018	\$67.9 Billion	\$632.9 Billion (R)	\$634.9 Billion (R)		

Next release: September 27, 2018.

Data adjusted for seasonality but not price changes.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, August 28, 2018.

Advance International Trade in Goods

The international trade deficit was \$72.2 billion in July, up \$4.3 billion from \$67.9 billion in June. Exports of goods for July were \$140.0 billion, \$2.5 billion less than June exports. Imports of goods for July were \$212.2 billion, \$1.8 billion more than June imports.

Advance Wholesale Inventories

Wholesale inventories for July, adjusted for seasonal variations but not for price changes, were estimated at an end-of-month level of \$637.0 billion, up 0.7 percent (\pm 0.2 percent) from June 2018, and were up 5.2 percent (\pm 3.9 percent) from July 2017. The May 2018 to June 2018 percentage change was unrevised from the preliminary estimate of up 0.1 percent (\pm 0.2 percent)*.

Advance Retail Inventories

Retail inventories for July, adjusted for seasonal variations but not for price changes, were estimated at an end-of-month level of \$637.7 billion, up 0.4 percent (\pm 0.2 percent) from June 2018, and were up 2.3 percent (\pm 1.6 percent) from July 2017. The May 2018 to June 2018 percentage change was revised from up 0.1 percent (\pm 0.2 percent)* to virtually unchanged (\pm 0.2 percent)*.

The August 2018 Advance report is scheduled for release on September 27, 2018. View the full schedule in the Economic Briefing Room: <<u>www.census.gov/economic-indicators/</u>>. The full text and tables of this release can be found at <<u>www.census.gov/econ/indicators/</u>>.

Data Inquiries

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^{*} The 90 percent confidence interval includes zero. There is insufficient evidence to conclude that the actual change is different from zero.

[°] Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

International Trade in Goods

Goods (Census Basis)

Data for goods on a Census basis are compiled from the documents collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection and reflect the movement of goods between foreign countries and the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They include government and non-government shipments of goods and exclude shipments between the United States and its territories and possessions; transactions with U.S. military, diplomatic, and consular installations abroad; U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces; personal and household effects of travelers; and in-transit shipments. Data for U.S. exports to Canada are derived from import data compiled by Canada. For more information on the data exchange and substitution please refer to the FT-900. The General Imports value reflects the total arrival of merchandise from foreign countries that immediately enters consumption channels, warehouses, or Foreign Trade Zones.

For imports, the value reported is the U.S. Customs and Border Protection appraised value of merchandise—generally, the price paid for merchandise for export to the United States. Import duties, freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in bringing merchandise to the United States are excluded.

Exports are valued at the free alongside ship value of merchandise at the U.S. port of export, based on the transaction price including inland freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in placing the merchandise alongside the carrier at the U.S. port of exportation.

Additional information on coverage and valuation are available in the Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics, < www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#valuation, respectively.

Nonsampling Errors

Goods data are a complete enumeration of documents collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection and are not subject to sampling errors. This report presents current month statistics which reflect nearly complete coverage. Current month statistics reflecting complete coverage will be published in the upcoming U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services report (FT-900). Statistics for other months shown reflect complete coverage and appear in the most recently published FT-900. Quality assurance procedures are performed at every stage of collection, processing, and tabulation. However, the data are still subject to several types of nonsampling errors. Information on nonsampling errors and other quality issues are available in the Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics, www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html.

The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that data users incorporate this information into their analyses, as nonsampling errors could impact the conclusion drawn from the results. For a detailed discussion of errors

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affecting the goods data, see U.S. Merchandise Trade Statistics: A Quality Profile (October 2014), available at <www.census.gov/foreign-trade/aip/quality profile10032014.pdf> or from the Economic Indicators Division, U.S. Census Bureau.

Adjustments for Seasonal and Trading-Day Variations

Goods data are presented on a seasonally adjusted and not seasonally adjusted basis. Seasonally adjusted (and/or trading day adjusted data) are produced using X-13ARIMA-SEATS software to develop monthly adjustment factors. Goods data are initially classified under the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (Harmonized System), which is an internationally accepted standard for the commodity classification of traded goods. Combining trade into approximately 140 export and 140 import end-use categories makes it possible to examine goods according to their principal uses. These categories are used as the basis for computing the seasonal and trading-day adjusted data. These adjusted data are then summed to the six end-use aggregates for publication.

For more information, visit the seasonal adjustment section of the Guide to Foreign Trade here: <www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#seasonal>

Retail and Wholesale Inventories

National estimates of end-of-month inventories are based on data from the Monthly Retail Trade Survey and the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey. Additional information for each survey can be found at <www.census.gov/retail> and <www.census.gov/wholesale>. The advance estimates contained in this report are not incorporated into the full MRTS and MWTS time series.

The MRTS and MWTS samples selected to measure inventories consist of a stratified simple random sampling method of approximately 11,000 retail firms and 4,200 wholesale firms located in the United States. The retail and wholesale samples include firms of all sizes and are updated on a quarterly basis to account for new retail and wholesale firms, deaths, and other changes to the universe.

Data for nonresponding firms are imputed based on data for similar-sized firms classified in the same kind of business. For surveyed Retail companies, approximately 48.4 percent provided data for this reporting period resulting in a total quantity response rate of 60.5 percent. For surveyed Wholesale companies, approximately 54.8 percent provided data for this reporting period resulting in a total quantity response rate of 57.2 percent.

MRTS estimates cover companies with one or more establishments that sell merchandise and related services to final consumers. Nonemployers are represented in the retail estimates through benchmarking to prior annual survey estimates that include nonemployer sales based on administrative records.

MWTS estimates cover wholesale merchants who sell goods on their own account and include such businesses as wholesale merchants or jobbers, industrial distributors, exporters, and importers. Sales offices

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and branches maintained by manufacturing, refining, or mining firms for the purpose of marketing their products are not covered in this report. Also excluded is NAICS Industry Group 4251: Wholesale Electronic Markets and Agents and Brokers.

Reliability of Estimates

Because the retail and wholesale estimates are based on a sample survey, they contain sampling error and nonsampling error.

Sampling error is the difference between the estimate and the result that would be obtained from a complete enumeration of the sampling frame conducted under the same survey conditions. This error occurs because only a subset of the entire sampling frame is measured in a sample survey. Standard errors and coefficients of variation are estimated measures of sampling variation.

The margin of sampling error gives a range about the estimate which is a 90 percent confidence interval. If, for example, the percentage change estimate is +1.2 percent and its estimated standard error is 0.9 percent, then the margin of sampling error is $\pm 1.753 \times 0.9$ percent or ± 1.6 percent, and the 90 percent confidence interval is -0.4 percent to ± 2.8 percent. If the interval contains 0, then one does not have sufficient evidence to conclude at the 90 percent confidence level that the change is different from zero and therefore the change is not statistically significant. Estimated changes are statistically significant unless otherwise noted. For a monthly total, the estimated coefficient of variation is given. The resulting confidence interval is the estimated value $\pm 1.753 \times CV \times ($ the estimated monthly total).

Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate. This type of error can occur because of nonresponse, insufficient coverage of the universe of businesses, mistakes in the recording and coding of data, and other errors of collection, response, coverage, or processing. Although nonsampling error is not measured directly, the Census Bureau employs quality control procedures throughout the process to minimize this type of error.

The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that individuals using retail and wholesale estimates incorporate this information into their analyses, as sampling error and nonsampling error could affect the conclusions drawn from the estimates.

Adjustments for Seasonal Variations

Concurrent seasonal adjustment is used to adjust the retail and wholesale inventories estimates for seasonal variations. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses all available unadjusted estimates as input to the X-13ARIMA-SEATS program. The factors derived from the program are applied to the retail and wholesale estimates of current and previous month inventories and for inventories estimates a year ago as well.

Data Availability

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The Advance Economic Indicators Report is available at <<u>www.census.gov/econ/indicators/index.html</u>>. For archived versions of the Advance Economic Indicators Report please visit the Historical Data tab at the following: <<u>census.gov/econ/indicators/historical_data.html</u>>.

RESOURCES

API

The Census Bureau's application programming interface lets developers create custom apps to reach new users and makes key demographic, socio-economic and housing statistics more accessible than ever before. www.census.gov/developers/

FRED Mobile App



Receive the latest updates on the nation's key economic indicators by downloading the FRED App https://fred.stlouisfed.org/fred-mobile/ for both Apple and Android devices. FRED, the signature database of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, now incorporates the Census Bureau's 13 economic indicators.

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- * The 90 percent confidence interval includes zero. There is insufficient statistical evidence to conclude that the actual change is different from zero.
- ° Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable for this survey.
- (R) Revised from the last published Monthly Retail Trade Report and Monthly Wholesale Trade: Sales and Inventories Report

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Table 1. U.S. International Trade in Goods by Principal End-Use Category (1) In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to seasonal adjustment and rounding. (X) - Not applicable

	Goods - Census Basis (2)							
	Monthly					Percent change		
	July 2018	June	May	July	July 2018/	June 2018/	July 2018/	
	(a)	2018	2018	2017	June 2018	May 2018	July 2017	
Seasonally Adjusted								
Balance	-72,197	-67,920	-64,688	-64,457	(X)	(X)	(×	
Exports	140,020	142,481	144,208	127,909	-1.7	-1.2	9.	
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	13,115	14,063	14,106	11,653	-6.7	-0.3	12.	
Industrial Supplies (3)	46,344	46,335	44,374	37,564	0.0	4.4	23.	
Capital Goods	46,468	47,280	48,173	44,746	-1.7	-1.9	3.	
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	13,011	12,850	13,559	12,882	1.3	-5.2	1.	
Consumer Goods	15,959	16,362	17,795	15,924	-2.5	-8.1	0.	
Other Goods	5,123	5,591	6,201	5,140	-8.4	-9.8	-0.	
Imports	212,218	210,401	208,896	192,366	0.9	0.7	10.	
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	12,432	12,175	12,380	11,614	2.1	-1.7	7.	
Industrial Supplies (3)	49,198	48,751	47,856	40,623	0.9	1.9	21.	
Capital Goods	57,992	57,494	58,976	53,902	0.9	-2.5	7.	
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	30,700	30,211	29,701	29,531	1.6	1.7	4.	
Consumer Goods	52,587	53,390	51,424	48,734	-1.5	3.8	7.	
Other Goods	9,310	8,380	8,560	7,963	11.1	-2.1	16.	
Not Seasonally Adjusted								
Balance	-83,580	-67,657	-72,009	-69,903	(X)	(X)	(X	
Exports	133,301	145,110	144,593	122,140	-8.1	0.4	9.	
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	10,894	11,082	11,408	10,171	-1.7	-2.9	7.	
Industrial Supplies (3)	46,214	46,247	45,953	37,406	-0.1	0.6	23.	
Capital Goods	44,905	49,593	48,527	43,521	-9.5	2.2	3.	
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	11,589	13,568	14,741	11,398	-14.6	-8.0	1.	
Consumer Goods	14,689	18,898	17,722	14,614	-22.3	6.6	0.	
Other Goods	5,009	5,723	6,242	5,031	-12.5	-8.3	-0.	
Imports	216,881	212,767	216,602	192,044	1.9	-1.8	12.	
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	12,239	12,161	13,099	11,239	0.6	-7.2	8.	
Industrial Supplies (3)	51,969	50,320	50,949	41,846	3.3	-1.2	24.	
Capital Goods	59,702	59,642	60,864	54,295	0.1	-2.0	10.	
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	29,319	30,459	30,229	27,937	-3.7	0.8	4.	
Consumer Goods	54,532	51,726	52,662	49,148	5.4	-1.8	11.	
Other Goods	9,120	8,458	8,799	7,579	7.8	-3.9	20.	

⁽a) Advance statistics

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, August 28, 2018.

⁽¹⁾ For a listing of the detail included in each end-use category, see < www.census.gov/foreign-trade/reference/codes/enduse/exeumstr.txt>.

⁽²⁾ Data are presented on a Census basis. The information needed to convert to a balance of payment basis is not available.

⁽³⁾ Includes petroleum and petroleum products.

^{*} Current month statistics reflect nearly complete coverage; current month statistics reflecting complete coverage will be published in the upcoming U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services report (FT-900). Statistics for other months shown reflect complete coverage and appear in the most recently

^{*} For information on data sources, nonsampling errors, and definitions, see the explanatory notes in this release or at <www.census.gov/econ/indicators/advance_report.pdf>.

Table 2. Levels and Percent Changes for Inventories

Inventories estimates are shown in millions of dollars. Estimates are based on data from the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey and the Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

	Inventories						
		Monthly		Percent change			
	July	June	July	July 2018/	June 2018/	July 2018/	
	2018	2018	2017	June 2018	May 2018	July 2017	
	(a)	(r)	(r)				
Adjusted ¹							
Merchant wholesale ² trade, total	637,039	632,871	605,810	0.7	0.1	5.2	
Durable goods	387,753	384,147	364,470	0.9	0.9	6.4	
Nondurable goods	249,286	248,724	241,340	0.2	-1.0	3.3	
Retail trade, total	637,655	634,899	623,615	0.4	0.0	2.3	
Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	408.792	408.292	400,574	0.1	0.0	2.1	
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	228,863	226,607	223,041	1.0	0.0	2.6	
Not Adjusted							
Merchant wholesale ² trade, total	629,778	626,272	599,657	0.6	-0.1	5.0	
Durable goods	391,284	384,005	367,592	1.9	0.8	6.4	
Nondurable goods	238,494	242,267	232,065	-1.6	-1.4	2.8	
Retail trade, total	621,945	628,378	608,301	-1.0	0.0	2.2	
Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	399,186	400,076	391,237	-0.2	0.1	2.0	
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	222,759	228,302	217,064	-2.4	-0.2	2.6	
·							

⁽a) Advance estimate

See footnotes and notes at the end of Table 3.

Table 3. Estimated Measures of Sampling Variability

Estimates are shown as percents and are based on data from the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey and the Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

	Inventories						
		Monthly		Standard Error of			
	Coefficient of Variation			Percent Change			
	July	June	July	July 2018/	June 2018/	July 2018/	
	2018	2018	2017	June 2018	May 2018	July 2017	
	(a)	(r)	(r)				
Merchant wholesale ² trade, total	1.4	1.4	1.5	0.1	0.1	2.:	
Durable goods	2.2	2.1	1.7	0.2	0.2	3.0	
Nondurable goods	1.3	1.4	2.1	0.2	0.2	2.	
Retail trade, total	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.9	
Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.9	
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	1.4	1.4	1.6	0.3	0.2	1.	

⁽a) Advance estimate (r) Revised estimate

NOTES:

Estimated measures of sampling variability are based on estimates not adjusted for seasonal variation. Additional information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, sample design, and definitions may be found at

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, August 28, 2018.

⁽r) Revised estimate

⁽¹⁾ Estimates are concurrently adjusted for seasonal variation, but not for price changes. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses all available not adjusted estimates as input to the X-13ARIMA-SEATS program. The factors derived from the program are used in calculating all seasonally adjusted estimates shown in this table.

⁽²⁾ The 2012 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) defines merchant wholesalers as including manufacturers' sales branches and offices. However, the estimates included in this release exclude manufacturers' sales branches and offices. Note that this is not a change in coverage from prior releases and is consistent with the description used in the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey data products.