MONTHLY ADVANCE ECONOMIC INDICATORS REPORT, OCTOBER 2022

Release Number: CB22-198

November 30, 2022 — The U.S. Census Bureau announced the following international trade, wholesale inventories, and retail inventories advance statistics for October 2022:

	ADVANCE INTERNATIONAL TRADE: GOODS DEFICIT	ADVANCE WHOLESALE INVENTORIES	ADVANCE RETAIL INVENTORIES				
OCTOBER 2022	\$99.0 Billion +7.7%°	\$925.8 Billion +0.8%	\$739.5 Billion -0.2% [*]				
SEPTEMBER 2022	\$91.9 Billion	\$918.8 Billion (R)	\$740.8 Billion (R)				
Next release: December 27, 2022. * The 90 percent confidence interval includes zero. There is insufficient evidence to conclude that the actual change is different from zero. * Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable. Data adjusted for seasonality but not price changes. Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, November 30, 2022.							

Advance International Trade in Goods

The international trade deficit was \$99.0 billion in October, up \$7.1 billion from \$91.9 billion in September. Exports of goods for October were \$173.7 billion, \$4.7 billion less than September exports. Imports of goods for October were \$272.7 billion, \$2.4 billion more than September imports.

Advance Wholesale Inventories

Wholesale inventories for October, adjusted for seasonal variations and trading day differences, but not for price changes, were estimated at an end-of-month level of \$925.8 billion, up 0.8 percent (±0.4 percent) from September 2022, and were up 22.1 percent (±0.9 percent) from October 2021. The August 2022 to September 2022 percentage change was unrevised from the preliminary estimate of up 0.6 percent (±0.4 percent).

Advance Retail Inventories

Retail inventories for October, adjusted for seasonal variations and trading day differences, but not for price changes, were estimated at an end-of-month level of \$739.5 billion, down 0.2 percent (±0.2 percent)* from September 2022, and were up 21.1 percent (±0.5 percent) from October 2021. The August 2022 to September 2022 percentage change was revised from up 0.4 percent (±0.2 percent) to down 0.1 percent (±0.2 percent)*.

The November 2022 Advance report is scheduled for release on December 27, 2022. View the full schedule in the Economic Briefing Room: <<u>www.census.gov/economic-indicators/</u>>. The full text and tables of this release can be found at <<u>www.census.gov/econ/indicators/</u>>.

Data Inquiries

International Trade Indicator Branch: 301-763-2311 eid.international.trade.data@census.gov Retail Indicator Branch: 301-763-2713 eid.retail.indicator.branch@census.gov Wholesale Indicator Branch: 301-763-6856 eid.wholesale.indicator.branch@census.gov Media Inquiries Public Information Office 301-763-3030 pio@census.gov



EXPLANATORY NOTES

International Trade in Goods

Goods (Census Basis)

Data for goods on a Census basis are compiled from the documents collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection and reflect the movement of goods between foreign countries and the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They include government and non-government shipments of goods and exclude shipments between the United States and its territories and possessions; transactions with U.S. military, diplomatic, and consular installations abroad; U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces; personal and household effects of travelers; and in-transit shipments. Data for U.S. exports to Canada are derived from import data compiled by Canada. For more information on the data exchange and substitution please refer to the FT-900. The General Imports value reflects the total arrival of merchandise from foreign countries that immediately enters consumption channels, warehouses, or Foreign Trade Zones.

For imports, the value reported is the U.S. Customs and Border Protection appraised value of merchandise generally, the price paid for merchandise for export to the United States. Import duties, freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in bringing merchandise to the United States are excluded.

Exports are valued at the free alongside ship value of merchandise at the U.S. port of export, based on the transaction price including inland freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in placing the merchandise alongside the carrier at the U.S. port of exportation.

Additional information on coverage and valuation are available in the Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics, <<u>www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#coverage</u>> and <<u>www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#coverage> and <<u>wwww.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#coverage> and <<u>wwww.census.gov/fo</u></u></u>

Nonsampling Errors

Goods data are a complete enumeration of documents collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection and are not subject to sampling errors. This report presents current month statistics which reflect nearly complete coverage. Current month statistics reflecting complete coverage will be published in the upcoming U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services report (FT-900). Statistics for other months shown reflect complete coverage and appear in the most recently published FT-900. Quality assurance procedures are performed at every stage of collection, processing, and tabulation. However, the data are still subject to several types of nonsampling errors. Information on nonsampling errors and other quality issues are available in the Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics, <www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html>.

The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that data users incorporate this information into their analyses, as nonsampling errors could impact the conclusion drawn from the results. For a detailed discussion of errors affecting the goods data, see U.S. Merchandise Trade Statistics: A Quality Profile (October 2014), available at

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<<u>www.census.gov/foreign-trade/aip/quality_profile10032014.pdf</u>> or from the Economic Indicators Division, U.S. Census Bureau.

Adjustments for Seasonal and Trading-Day Variations

Goods data are presented on a seasonally adjusted and not seasonally adjusted basis. Seasonally adjusted (and/or trading day adjusted data) are produced using X-13ARIMA-SEATS software to develop monthly adjustment factors. Goods data are initially classified under the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (Harmonized System), which is an internationally accepted standard for the commodity classification of traded goods. Combining trade into approximately 140 export and 140 import end-use categories makes it possible to examine goods according to their principal uses. These categories are used as the basis for computing the seasonal and trading-day adjusted data. These adjusted data are then summed to the six end-use aggregates for publication. For more information, visit the seasonal adjustment section of the Guide to Foreign Trade here: <<u>www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#seasonal</u>>.

Retail and Wholesale Inventories

National estimates of end-of-month inventories are based on data from the Monthly Retail Trade Survey and the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey. Additional information for each survey can be found at <<u>www.census.gov/retail</u>> and <<u>www.census.gov/wholesale</u>>. The advance estimates contained in this report are not incorporated into the full MRTS and MWTS time series.

The MRTS and MWTS samples selected to measure inventories consist of a stratified simple random sampling method of approximately 11,000 retail firms and 4,200 wholesale firms located in the United States. The retail and wholesale samples include firms of all sizes and are updated on a quarterly basis to account for new retail and wholesale firms, deaths, and other changes to the universe.

Data for nonresponding firms are imputed based on data for similar-sized firms classified in the same kind of business. For surveyed Retail companies, approximately 45.6 percent provided data for this reporting period resulting in a total quantity response rate of 60.1 percent. For surveyed Wholesale companies, approximately 55.4 percent provided data for this reporting period resulting in a total quantity response rate.

MRTS estimates cover companies with one or more establishments that sell merchandise and related services to final consumers. Nonemployers are represented in the retail estimates through benchmarking to prior annual survey estimates that include nonemployer sales based on administrative records.

MWTS estimates cover wholesale merchants who sell goods on their own account and include such businesses as wholesale merchants or jobbers, industrial distributors, exporters, and importers. Sales offices and branches maintained by manufacturing, refining, or mining firms for the purpose of marketing their products are not covered in this report. Also excluded is NAICS Industry Group 4251: Wholesale Electronic Markets and Agents and Brokers.

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Reliability of Estimates

Because the retail and wholesale estimates are based on a sample survey, they contain sampling error and nonsampling error.

Sampling error is the difference between the estimate and the result that would be obtained from a complete enumeration of the sampling frame conducted under the same survey conditions. This error occurs because only a subset of the entire sampling frame is measured in a sample survey. Standard errors and coefficients of variation are estimated measures of sampling variation.

The margin of sampling error gives a range about the estimate which is a 90 percent confidence interval. If, for example, the percentage change estimate is +1.2 percent and its estimated standard error is 0.9 percent, then the margin of sampling error is $\pm 1.753 \times 0.9$ percent or ± 1.6 percent, and the 90 percent confidence interval is -0.4 percent to +2.8 percent. If the interval contains 0, then one does not have sufficient evidence to conclude at the 90 percent confidence level that the change is different from zero and therefore the change is not statistically significant. Estimated changes are statistically significant unless otherwise noted. For a monthly total, the estimated coefficient of variation is given. The resulting confidence interval is the estimated value $\pm 1.753 \times CV \times$ (the estimated monthly total).

Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate. This type of error can occur because of nonresponse, insufficient coverage of the universe of businesses, mistakes in the recording and coding of data, and other errors of collection, response, coverage, or processing. Although nonsampling error is not measured directly, the Census Bureau employs quality control procedures throughout the process to minimize this type of error.

The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that individuals using retail and wholesale estimates incorporate this information into their analyses, as sampling error and nonsampling error could affect the conclusions drawn from the estimates.

Adjustments for Seasonal Variations

Concurrent seasonal adjustment is used to adjust the retail and wholesale inventories estimates for seasonal variations. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses all available unadjusted estimates as input to the X-13ARIMA-SEATS program. The factors derived from the program are applied to the retail and wholesale estimates of current and previous month inventories and for inventories estimates a year ago as well.

Statement Regarding COVID-19 Impact: The Census Bureau continues to monitor response and data quality and has determined that estimates in this release meet publication standards. For more information, see <<u>COVID-19</u> <u>FAQs</u>>.

Statement Regarding Natural Disasters: For information on the impact of natural disasters, including hurricanes, on the compilation of this report, please see <<u>Wholesale Natural Disaster FAQs</u>> and <<u>Retail Natural Disaster FAQs</u>>.

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Data Availability

The Advance Economic Indicators Report is available at <<u>www.census.gov/econ/indicators/index.html</u>>. For archived versions of the Advance Economic Indicators Report please visit the Historical Data tab at the following: <<u>www.census.gov/econ/indicators/historical_data.html</u>>.

RESOURCES

API

The Census Bureau's application programming interface lets developers create custom apps to reach new users and makes key demographic, socio-economic and housing statistics more accessible than ever before.

FRED Mobile App



Receive the latest updates on the nation's key economic indicators by downloading the FRED App <<u>fred.stlouisfed.org/fred-mobile</u>> for both Apple and Android devices. FRED, the signature database of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, now incorporates the Census Bureau's 13 economic indicators.

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* The 90 percent confidence interval includes zero. There is insufficient statistical evidence to conclude that the actual change is different from zero.

° Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable for this survey.

(R) Revised from the last published Monthly Retail Trade Report and Monthly Wholesale Trade: Sales and Inventories Report

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Table 1. U.S. International Trade in Goods by Principal End-Use Category (1) In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to seasonal adjustment and rounding. (X) - Not applicable

		Goods - Census Basis (2)							
		Mor	nthly		Percent change				
	October 2022 (a)	September 2022	August 2022	October 2021	October 2022/ September 2022	September 2022/ August 2022	October 2022/ October 2021		
Seasonally Adjusted									
Balance	-99,002	-91,914	-85,766	-85,274	(X)	(X)	(
Exports	173,693	178,379	181,774	156,885	-2.6	-1.9	10		
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	14,106	13,601	15,735	14,811	3.7	-13.6	-4		
Industrial Supplies (3)	69,517	72,928	75,222	57,598	-4.7	-3.1	20		
Capital Goods	49,587	49,651	48,474	45,133	-0.1	2.4	9		
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	13,662	13,334	12,688	12,324	2.5	5.1	1		
Consumer Goods	19,500	21,526	21,611	20,822	-9.4	-0.4	-		
Other Goods	7,320	7,339	8,044	6,197	-0.3	-8.8	1		
Imports	272,694	270,293	267,540	242,159	0.9	1.0	1		
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	17,690	17,191	17,414	15,918	2.9	-1.3	1		
Industrial Supplies (3)	65,690	64,719	66,679	58,076	1.5	-2.9	1		
Capital Goods	74,420		71,646	65,038	-0.7	4.6	1		
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	35,680	-	34,287	27,439	2.2	1.8	3		
Consumer Goods	68,352	69,158	68,024	64,059	-1.2	1.7			
Other Goods	10,861	9,350	9,491	11,630	16.2	-1.5	-(
Not Seasonally Adjusted									
Balance	-102,512	-99,383	-101,993	-87,641	(X)	(X)			
Exports	179,900	176,027	181,631	163,682	2.2	-3.1			
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	16,745	12,980	14,548	17,090	29.0	-10.8	-		
Industrial Supplies (3)	69,212	70,679	75,811	57,734	-2.1	-6.8	1		
Capital Goods	51,291	49,734	48,578	47,131	3.1	2.4			
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	14,171	13,529	13,610	12,845	4.7	-0.6	1		
Consumer Goods	21,005	21,826	20,937	22,495	-3.8	4.2	-		
Other Goods	7,476	-	8,148	6,388	2.7	-10.7	1		
Imports	282,412	275,410	283,625	251,324	2.5	-2.9	1		
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	17,621	16,466	17,500	15,814	7.0	-5.9	1		
Industrial Supplies (3)	64,203	63,945	70,449	56,538	0.4	-9.2	1		
Capital Goods	76,817	76,173	75,035	66,904	0.8	1.5	1		
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	37,024	33,862	35,811	28,616	9.3	-5.4	2		
Consumer Goods	75,742	75,395	75,215	71,664	0.5	0.2			
Other Goods	11,005	9,569	9,615	11,786	15.0	-0.5	-		

(a) Advance statistics

(1) For a listing of the detail included in each end-use category, see <www.census.gov/foreign-trade/reference/codes/enduse/exeumstr.txt>.

(2) Data are presented on a Census basis. The information needed to convert to a balance of payment basis is not available.

(3) Includes petroleum and petroleum products.

NOTES:

* Current month statistics reflect nearly complete coverage; current month statistics reflecting complete coverage will be published in the upcoming U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services report (FT-900). Statistics for other months shown reflect complete coverage and appear in the most recently published FT-900.

* For information on data sources, nonsampling errors, and definitions, see the explanatory notes in this release or at

<www.census.gov/econ/indicators/advance report.pdf>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, November 30, 2022.

Table 2. Levels and Percent Changes for Inventories

Inventories estimates are shown in millions of dollars. Estimates are based on data from the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey and the Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

Inventories							
	Monthly		Percent change				
October	September	October	October 2022/	September 2022/	October 2022/		
2022	2022	2021	September 2022	August 2022	October 2021		
(a)	(r)	(r)					
925,818	918,832	758,049	0.8	0.6	22.:		
567,230	561,540	453,182	1.0	1.0	25.2		
358,588	357,292	304,867	0.4	-0.1	17.		
739,516	740,821	610,886	-0.2	-0.1	21.:		
545,006	547,178	464,181	-0.4	-0.9	17		
194,510	193,643	146,705	0.4	2.3	32.		
927,330	910,204	760,855	1.9	1.3	21.		
569,605	563,653	455,020	1.1	0.8	25.		
357,725	346,551	305,835	3.2	2.0	17.		
765,094	745,360	633,152	2.6	2.5	20.		
572,126	556,323	487,715	2.8	2.3	17.		
192,968	189,037	145,437	2.1	3.3	32.		
	2022 (a) 925,818 567,230 358,588 739,516 545,006 194,510 927,330 569,605 357,725 765,094 572,126	October September 2022 (a) (r) 925,818 918,832 567,230 561,540 358,588 357,292 739,516 740,821 545,006 547,178 194,510 193,643 927,330 910,204 569,605 563,653 357,725 346,551 765,094 745,360 572,126 556,323	October 2022 September 2022 October 2021 (a) (r) 2021 (a) (r) (r) 925,818 918,832 758,049 567,230 561,540 453,182 358,588 357,292 304,867 739,516 740,821 610,886 545,006 547,178 464,181 194,510 193,643 146,705 927,330 910,204 760,855 569,605 563,653 455,020 357,725 346,551 305,835 765,094 745,360 633,152 572,126 556,323 487,715	Monthly October September October September 2022/ 2022 2022 2021 September 2022/ (a) (r) (r) September 2022 (a) (a)	Monthly Percent change October September October September 2022/ September 2022/ September 2022/ August 2022 (a) (r) (r) September 2022/ September 2022/ August 2022 (a) (r) (r) September 2022/ September 2022/ August 2022 (a) (r) (r) September 2022/ September 2022/ August 2022 (a) (r) (r) September 2022/ September 2022/ August 2022 (a) (r) (r) (r) September 2022/ September 2022/ 925,818 918,832 758,049 0.8 0.6 567,230 561,540 453,182 1.0 1.0 358,588 357,292 304,867 0.4 -0.1 739,516 740,821 610,886 -0.2 -0.1 545,006 547,178 464,181 -0.4 -0.9 194,510 193,643 146,705 0.4 2.3 927,330		

(a) Advance estimate

(r) Revised estimate

See footnotes and notes at the end of Table 3.

Table 3. Estimated Measures of Sampling Variability

Estimates are shown as percents and are based on data from the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey and the Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

	Inventories						
		Monthly		Standard Error of			
	Coe	fficient of Varia	ation	Percent Change			
	October	October September Oct		October 2022/	September 2022/	October 2022/	
	2022	2022	2021	September 2022	August 2022	October 2021	
	(a)	(r)	(r)				
Merchant wholesale ² trade, total	1.8	1.8	1.7	0.2	0.2	0.5	
Durable goods	2.7	2.7	2.5	0.2	0.2	0.7	
Nondurable goods	1.7	1.6	1.4	0.6	0.3	0.9	
Retail trade, total	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	
Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	1.6	1.6	1.5	0.2	0.3	1.0	

(a) Advance estimate (r) Revised estimate

(1) Estimates are concurrently adjusted for seasonal variation and trading day differences, but not for price changes. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses all available not adjusted estimates as input to the X-13ARIMA-SEATS program. The factors derived from the program are used in calculating all seasonally adjusted estimates shown in this table.

(2) The 2012 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) defines merchant wholesalers as including manufacturers' sales branches and offices. However, the estimates included in this release exclude manufacturers' sales branches and offices. Note that this is not a change in coverage from prior releases and is consistent with the description used in the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey data products.

NOTES:

Estimated measures of sampling variability are based on estimates not adjusted for seasonal variation. Additional information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, sample design, and definitions may be found at

<www.census.gov/wholesale/www/how_surveys_are_collected/monthly_methodology.html> for wholesale and at <www.census.gov/retail/mrts/how_surveys_are_collected.html> for retail.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, November 30, 2022.