MONTHLY ADVANCE ECONOMIC INDICATORS REPORT, DECEMBER 2022

Release Number: CB23-16

January 26, 2023 — The U.S. Census Bureau announced the following international trade, wholesale inventories, and retail inventories advance statistics for December 2022:

	ADVANCE INTERNATIONAL TRADE: GOODS DEFICIT		ADVA WHOLE INVENT	SALE	ADVANCE RETAIL INVENTORIES		
DECEMBER 2022	\$90.3 Billion	+8.8%°	\$934.1 Billion	+0.1%*	\$742.2 Billion	+0.5%	
NOVEMBER 2022	\$82.9 Billion		\$932.7 Billion (R)		\$738.2 Billion (R)		

Next release: February 28, 2023.

Advance International Trade in Goods

The international trade deficit was \$90.3 billion in December, up \$7.3 billion from \$82.9 billion in November. Exports of goods for December were \$166.8 billion, \$2.6 billion less than November exports. Imports of goods for December were \$257.1 billion, \$4.7 billion more than November imports.

Advance Wholesale Inventories

Wholesale inventories for December, adjusted for seasonal variations and trading day differences, but not for price changes, were estimated at an end-of-month level of \$934.1 billion, up 0.1 percent (±0.2 percent)* from November 2022, and were up 17.8 percent (±0.7 percent) from December 2021. The October 2022 to November 2022 percentage change was revised from up 1.0 percent (±0.4 percent) to up 0.9 percent (±0.4 percent).

Advance Retail Inventories

Retail inventories for December, adjusted for seasonal variations and trading day differences, but not for price changes, were estimated at an end-of-month level of \$742.2 billion, up 0.5 percent (±0.2 percent) from November 2022, and were up 13.9 percent (±0.5 percent) from December 2021. The October 2022 to November 2022 percentage change was revised from up 0.1 percent (±0.2 percent)* to virtually unchanged (±0.2 percent)*.

The January 2023 Advance report is scheduled for release on February 28, 2023. View the full schedule in the Economic Briefing Room: www.census.gov/economic-indicators/>. The full text and tables of this release can be found at www.census.gov/econ/indicators/>.

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^{*} The 90 percent confidence interval includes zero. There is insufficient evidence to conclude that the actual change is different from zero.

[°] Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable.

Data adjusted for seasonality but not price changes.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, January 26, 2023.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Intention to Revise: Revisions to the Wholesale and Retail adjusted and not adjusted monthly estimates are scheduled for release in March 2023 and April 2023, respectively. Estimates will be revised to reflect the results of the 2021 Annual Wholesale and Annual Retail Trade Surveys. Revisions to the Monthly Wholesale estimates will be reflected in the February 2023 Advance Economic Indicators release scheduled for March 28, 2023. Revisions to the Monthly Retail estimates will be reflected in the March 2023 Advance Economic Indicators release scheduled for April 26, 2023.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

International Trade in Goods

Goods (Census Basis)

Data for goods on a Census basis are compiled from the documents collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection and reflect the movement of goods between foreign countries and the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They include government and non-government shipments of goods and exclude shipments between the United States and its territories and possessions; transactions with U.S. military, diplomatic, and consular installations abroad; U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces; personal and household effects of travelers; and in-transit shipments. Data for U.S. exports to Canada are derived from import data compiled by Canada. For more information on the data exchange and substitution please refer to the FT-900. The General Imports value reflects the total arrival of merchandise from foreign countries that immediately enters consumption channels, warehouses, or Foreign Trade Zones.

For imports, the value reported is the U.S. Customs and Border Protection appraised value of merchandise—generally, the price paid for merchandise for export to the United States. Import duties, freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in bringing merchandise to the United States are excluded.

Exports are valued at the free alongside ship value of merchandise at the U.S. port of export, based on the transaction price including inland freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in placing the merchandise alongside the carrier at the U.S. port of exportation.

Additional information on coverage and valuation are available in the Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics, <www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#coverage> and <www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#valuation>, respectively.

Nonsampling Errors

Goods data are a complete enumeration of documents collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection and are not subject to sampling errors. This report presents current month statistics which reflect nearly complete coverage. Current month statistics reflecting complete coverage will be published in the upcoming U.S. International Trade in

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Goods and Services report (FT-900). Statistics for other months shown reflect complete coverage and appear in the most recently published FT-900. Quality assurance procedures are performed at every stage of collection, processing, and tabulation. However, the data are still subject to several types of nonsampling errors. Information on nonsampling errors and other quality issues are available in the Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics, www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html.

The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that data users incorporate this information into their analyses, as nonsampling errors could impact the conclusion drawn from the results. For a detailed discussion of errors affecting the goods data, see U.S. Merchandise Trade Statistics: A Quality Profile (October 2014), available at www.census.gov/foreign-trade/aip/quality_profile10032014.pdf or from the Economic Indicators Division, U.S. Census Bureau.

Adjustments for Seasonal and Trading-Day Variations

Retail and Wholesale Inventories

National estimates of end-of-month inventories are based on data from the Monthly Retail Trade Survey and the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey. Additional information for each survey can be found at <<u>www.census.gov/retail</u>> and <<u>www.census.gov/wholesale</u>>. The advance estimates contained in this report are not incorporated into the full MRTS and MWTS time series.

The MRTS and MWTS samples selected to measure inventories consist of a stratified simple random sampling method of approximately 11,000 retail firms and 4,200 wholesale firms located in the United States. The retail and wholesale samples include firms of all sizes and are updated on a quarterly basis to account for new retail and wholesale firms, deaths, and other changes to the universe.

Data for nonresponding firms are imputed based on data for similar-sized firms classified in the same kind of business. For surveyed Retail companies, approximately 42.6 percent provided data for this reporting period resulting in a total quantity response rate of 51.2 percent. For surveyed Wholesale companies, approximately 50.2 percent provided data for this reporting period resulting in a total quantity response rate of 50.5 percent.

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MRTS estimates cover companies with one or more establishments that sell merchandise and related services to final consumers. Nonemployers are represented in the retail estimates through benchmarking to prior annual survey estimates that include nonemployer sales based on administrative records.

MWTS estimates cover wholesale merchants who sell goods on their own account and include such businesses as wholesale merchants or jobbers, industrial distributors, exporters, and importers. Sales offices and branches maintained by manufacturing, refining, or mining firms for the purpose of marketing their products are not covered in this report. Also excluded is NAICS Industry Group 4251: Wholesale Electronic Markets and Agents and Brokers.

Reliability of Estimates

Because the retail and wholesale estimates are based on a sample survey, they contain sampling error and nonsampling error.

Sampling error is the difference between the estimate and the result that would be obtained from a complete enumeration of the sampling frame conducted under the same survey conditions. This error occurs because only a subset of the entire sampling frame is measured in a sample survey. Standard errors and coefficients of variation are estimated measures of sampling variation.

The margin of sampling error gives a range about the estimate which is a 90 percent confidence interval. If, for example, the percentage change estimate is ± 1.2 percent and its estimated standard error is 0.9 percent, then the margin of sampling error is $\pm 1.753 \times 0.9$ percent or ± 1.6 percent, and the 90 percent confidence interval is ± 0.4 percent to ± 1.8 percent. If the interval contains 0, then one does not have sufficient evidence to conclude at the 90 percent confidence level that the change is different from zero and therefore the change is not statistically significant. Estimated changes are statistically significant unless otherwise noted. For a monthly total, the estimated coefficient of variation is given. The resulting confidence interval is the estimated value $\pm 1.753 \times CV \times (the estimated monthly total)$.

Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate. This type of error can occur because of nonresponse, insufficient coverage of the universe of businesses, mistakes in the recording and coding of data, and other errors of collection, response, coverage, or processing. Although nonsampling error is not measured directly, the Census Bureau employs quality control procedures throughout the process to minimize this type of error.

The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that individuals using retail and wholesale estimates incorporate this information into their analyses, as sampling error and nonsampling error could affect the conclusions drawn from the estimates.

Adjustments for Seasonal Variations

Concurrent seasonal adjustment is used to adjust the retail and wholesale inventories estimates for seasonal variations. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses all available unadjusted estimates as input to the X-13ARIMA-

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SEATS program. The factors derived from the program are applied to the retail and wholesale estimates of current and previous month inventories and for inventories estimates a year ago as well.

Statement Regarding COVID-19 Impact: The Census Bureau continues to monitor response and data quality and has determined that estimates in this release meet publication standards. For more information, see < COVID-19 FAQs>.

Statement Regarding Natural Disasters: For information on the impact of natural disasters, including hurricanes, on the compilation of this report, please see < Wholesale Natural Disaster FAQs > and < Retail Natural Disaster FAQs >.

Data Availability

The Advance Economic Indicators Report is available at <<u>www.census.gov/econ/indicators/index.html</u>>. For archived versions of the Advance Economic Indicators Report please visit the Historical Data tab at the following: <<u>www.census.gov/econ/indicators/historical_data.html</u>>.

RESOURCES

API

The Census Bureau's application programming interface lets developers create custom apps to reach new users and makes key demographic, socio-economic and housing statistics more accessible than ever before.

www.census.gov/developers>

FRED Mobile App



Receive the latest updates on the nation's key economic indicators by downloading the FRED App < fred.stlouisfed.org/fred-mobile> for both Apple and Android devices. FRED, the signature database of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, now incorporates the Census Bureau's 13 economic indicators.

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- * The 90 percent confidence interval includes zero. There is insufficient statistical evidence to conclude that the actual change is different from zero.
- ° Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable for this survey.

(R) Revised from the last published Monthly Retail Trade Report and Monthly Wholesale Trade: Sales and Inventories Report

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Table 1. U.S. International Trade in Goods by Principal End-Use Category (1) In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to seasonal adjustment and rounding. (X) - Not applicable

	Goods - Census Basis (2)							
	Monthly				Percent change			
	December	November	October	December	December 2022/	November 2022/	December 2022/	
	2022	2022	2022	2021	November 2022	October 2022	December 2021	
	(a)							
Seasonally Adjusted								
Balance	-90,268	-82,932	-98,640	-99,441	(X)	(X)	(X	
Exports	166,784	169,413	174,325	158,610	-1.6	-2.8	5.2	
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	14,228	13,546	14,142	14,296	5.0	-4.2	-0.	
Industrial Supplies (3)	62,851	66,249	69,862	58,900	-5.1	-5.2	6.	
Capital Goods	48,475	48,398	49,654	45,224	0.2	-2.5	7.3	
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	14,272	13,966	13,706	12,725	2.2	1.9	12.3	
Consumer Goods	20,066	20,412	19,541	21,906	-1.7	4.5	-8.4	
Other Goods	6,892	6,841	7,420	5,560	0.8	-7.8	24.0	
Imports	257,051	252,344	272,965	258,051	1.9	-7.6	-0.4	
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	16,740	16,723	17,701	15,845	0.1	-5.5	5.0	
Industrial Supplies (3)	59,542	62,114	65,824	61,050	-4.1	-5.6	-2.!	
Capital Goods	71,284	71,523	74,554	67,432	-0.3	-4.1	5.3	
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	35,328	32,294	35,566	30,329	9.4	-9.2	16.5	
Consumer Goods	63,746	59,775	68,551	71,683	6.6	-12.8	-11.3	
Other Goods	10,411	9,915	10,768	11,713	5.0	-7.9	-11.3	
Not Seasonally Adjusted								
Balance	-84,376	-85,492	-102,130	-98,376	(X)	(X)	(X	
Exports	168,310	170,691	180,563	159,510	-1.4	-5.5	5.!	
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	15,851	16,484	16,804	15,213	-3.8	-1.9	4	
Industrial Supplies (3)	62,699	65,196	69,556	58,893	-3.8	-6.3	6.5	
Capital Goods	50,503	47,647	51,359	47,188	6.0	-7.2	7.0	
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	12,990	13,872	14,216	11,572	-6.4	-2.4	12.3	
Consumer Goods	18,789	20,548	21,052	20,546	-8.6	-2.4	-8.	
Other Goods	7,477	6,944	7,576	6,099	7.7	-8.4	22.	
Imports	252,685	256,183	282,694	257,886	-1.4	-9.4	-2.	
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	16,385	16,466	17,630	15,838	-0.5	-6.6	3.	
Industrial Supplies (3)	56,952	60,319	64,338	59,399	-5.6	-6.2	-4.	
Capital Goods	72,669	72,652	76,953	69,823	0.0	-5.6	4.	
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	35,986	33,183	36,905	31,129	8.4	-10.1	15.	
Consumer Goods	60,532	63,332	75,956	69,838	-4.4	-16.6	-13.	
Other Goods	10,161	10,231	10,911	11,859	-0.7	-6.2	-14.	

(a) Advance statistics

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, January 26, 2023.

⁽¹⁾ For a listing of the detail included in each end-use category, see < www.census.gov/foreign-trade/reference/codes/enduse/exeumstr.txt>.

⁽²⁾ Data are presented on a Census basis. The information needed to convert to a balance of payment basis is not available.

⁽³⁾ Includes petroleum and petroleum products.

^{*} Current month statistics reflect nearly complete coverage; current month statistics reflecting complete coverage will be published in the upcoming U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services report (FT-900). Statistics for other months shown reflect complete coverage and appear in the most recently

^{*} For information on data sources, nonsampling errors, and definitions, see the explanatory notes in this release or at <www.census.gov/econ/indicators/advance_report.pdf>.

Table 2. Levels and Percent Changes for Inventories

Inventories estimates are shown in millions of dollars. Estimates are based on data from the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey and the Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

	Inventories						
		Monthly		Percent change			
	December	November	December	December 2022/	November 2022/	December 2022/	
	2022	2022	2021	November 2022	October 2022	December 2021	
	(a)	(r)	(r)				
<u>Adjusted</u> ¹							
Merchant wholesale ² trade, total	934,073	932,749	793,131	0.1	0.9	17.8	
Durable goods	579,058	571,911	479,910	1.2	1.1	20.7	
Nondurable goods	355,015	360,838	313,221	-1.6	0.6	13.3	
Retail trade, total	742,236	738,182	651,426	0.5	0.0	13.9	
Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	543,206	541,345	489,312	0.3	-0.4	11.0	
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	199,030	196,837	162,114	1.1	1.1	22.8	
Not Adjusted							
Merchant wholesale ² trade, total	935,259	937,602	795,937	-0.2	1.2	17.5	
Durable goods	571,144	572,137	472,710	-0.2	0.7	20.8	
Nondurable goods	364,115	365,465	323,227	-0.4	1.9	12.6	
Retail trade, total	733,162	769,208	645,073	-4.7	0.5	13.7	
Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	532,425	570,126	480,730	-6.6	-0.3	10.8	
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	200,737	199,082	164,343	0.8	3.1	22.1	

⁽a) Advance estimate

See footnotes and notes at the end of Table 3.

Table 3. Estimated Measures of Sampling Variability

Estimates are shown as percents and are based on data from the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey and the Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

		Inventories						
		Monthly		Standard Error of				
	Coe	fficient of Varia	ation	Percent Change				
	December	December November De		December 2022/	November 2022/	December 2022/		
	2022	2022	2021	November 2022	October 2022	December 2021		
	(a)	(r)	(r)					
Merchant wholesale ² trade, total Durable goods Nondurable goods	1.9 2.8 1.7	1.8 2.7 1.8	2.7	0.1 0.1 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.3	0.4 0.6 0.8		
Retail trade, total Total (excl. motor veh. & parts) Motor vehicle & parts dealers	1.0 1.1 1.8	0.9 1.1 1.7	1.0 1.1 1.6	0.1 0.1 0.3	0.1 0.1 0.4	0.3 0.2 1.1		

⁽a) Advance estimate (r) Revised estimate

NOTES:

Estimated measures of sampling variability are based on estimates not adjusted for seasonal variation. Additional information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, sample design, and definitions may be found at

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, January 26, 2023.

⁽r) Revised estimate

⁽¹⁾ Estimates are concurrently adjusted for seasonal variation and trading day differences, but not for price changes. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses all available not adjusted estimates as input to the X-13ARIMA-SEATS program. The factors derived from the program are used in calculating all seasonally adjusted estimates shown in this table.

⁽²⁾ The 2012 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) defines merchant wholesalers as including manufacturers' sales branches and offices. However, the estimates included in this release exclude manufacturers' sales branches and offices. Note that this is not a change in coverage from prior releases and is consistent with the description used in the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey data products.