# MONTHLY ADVANCE ECONOMIC INDICATORS REPORT, JULY 2023

Release Number: CB23-139

**August 30, 2023** — The U.S. Census Bureau announced the following international trade, wholesale inventories, and retail inventories advance statistics for July 2023:

	ADVANCE INTERNATIONAL TRADE: GOODS DEFICIT	ADVANCE WHOLESALE INVENTORIES	ADVANCE RETAIL INVENTORIES		
JULY 2023	\$91.2 Billion +2.6%°	\$903.1 Billion -0.1%*	\$784.1 Billion +0.3%		
JUNE 2023	\$88.8 Billion	\$904.0 Billion (R)	\$781.6 Billion (R)		

Next release: September 29, 2023.

#### **Advance International Trade in Goods**

The international trade deficit was \$91.2 billion in July, up \$2.3 billion from \$88.8 billion in June. Exports of goods for July were \$164.8 billion, \$2.4 billion more than June exports. Imports of goods for July were \$256.0 billion, \$4.7 billion more than June imports.

#### **Advance Wholesale Inventories**

Wholesale inventories for July, adjusted for seasonal variations and trading day differences, but not for price changes, were estimated at an end-of-month level of \$903.1 billion, down 0.1 percent (±0.2 percent)\* from June 2023, and were up 0.5 percent (±1.1 percent)\* from July 2022. The May 2023 to June 2023 percentage change was revised from down 0.5 percent (±0.2 percent) to down 0.7 percent (±0.2 percent).

#### **Advance Retail Inventories**

Retail inventories for July, adjusted for seasonal variations and trading day differences, but not for price changes, were estimated at an end-of-month level of \$784.1 billion, up 0.3 percent (±0.2 percent) from June 2023, and were up 4.5 percent (±0.7 percent) from July 2022. The May 2023 to June 2023 percentage change was revised from up 0.7 percent (±0.2 percent) to up 0.5 percent (±0.2 percent).

The August 2023 Advance report is scheduled for release on September 29, 2023. View the full schedule in the Economic Briefing Room: <a href="www.census.gov/economic-indicators/">www.census.gov/economic-indicators/</a>>. The full text and tables of this release can be found at <a href="www.census.gov/econ/indicators/">www.census.gov/econ/indicators/</a>>.

**Data Inquiries** 

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<sup>\*</sup> The 90 percent confidence interval includes zero. There is insufficient evidence to conclude that the actual change is different from zero.

<sup>°</sup> Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable.

Data adjusted for seasonality but not price changes.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, August 30, 2023.

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

### **International Trade in Goods**

# **Goods (Census Basis)**

Data for goods on a Census basis are compiled from the documents collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection and reflect the movement of goods between foreign countries and the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They include government and non-government shipments of goods and exclude shipments between the United States and its territories and possessions; transactions with U.S. military, diplomatic, and consular installations abroad; U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces; personal and household effects of travelers; and in-transit shipments. Data for U.S. exports to Canada are derived from import data compiled by Canada. For more information on the data exchange and substitution please refer to the FT-900. The General Imports value reflects the total arrival of merchandise from foreign countries that immediately enters consumption channels, warehouses, or Foreign Trade Zones.

For imports, the value reported is the U.S. Customs and Border Protection appraised value of merchandise—generally, the price paid for merchandise for export to the United States. Import duties, freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in bringing merchandise to the United States are excluded.

Exports are valued at the free alongside ship value of merchandise at the U.S. port of export, based on the transaction price including inland freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in placing the merchandise alongside the carrier at the U.S. port of exportation.

Additional information on coverage and valuation are available in the Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics, <www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#coverage> and <www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#valuation>, respectively.

## **Nonsampling Errors**

Goods data are a complete enumeration of documents collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection and are not subject to sampling errors. This report presents current month statistics which reflect nearly complete coverage. Current month statistics reflecting complete coverage will be published in the upcoming U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services report (FT-900). Statistics for other months shown reflect complete coverage and appear in the most recently published FT-900. Quality assurance procedures are performed at every stage of collection, processing, and tabulation. However, the data are still subject to several types of nonsampling errors. Information on nonsampling errors and other quality issues are available in the Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics, <a href="https://www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html">www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html</a>.

The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that data users incorporate this information into their analyses, as nonsampling errors could impact the conclusion drawn from the results. For a detailed discussion of errors affecting the goods data, see U.S. Merchandise Trade Statistics: A Quality Profile (October 2014), available at

**Data Inquiries** 

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< www.census.gov/foreign-trade/aip/quality\_profile10032014.pdf > or from the Economic Indicators Division, U.S. Census Bureau.

# **Adjustments for Seasonal and Trading-Day Variations**

Goods data are presented on a seasonally adjusted and not seasonally adjusted basis. Seasonally adjusted (and/or trading day adjusted data) are produced using X-13ARIMA-SEATS software to develop monthly adjustment factors. Goods data are initially classified under the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (Harmonized System), which is an internationally accepted standard for the commodity classification of traded goods. Combining trade into approximately 140 export and 140 import end-use categories makes it possible to examine goods according to their principal uses. These categories are used as the basis for computing the seasonal and trading-day adjusted data. These adjusted data are then summed to the six end-use aggregates for publication. For more information, visit the seasonal adjustment section of the Guide to Foreign Trade here:

<a href="mailto:www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#seasonal">www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#seasonal</a>>.

## **Retail and Wholesale Inventories**

National estimates of end-of-month inventories are based on data from the Monthly Retail Trade Survey and the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey. Additional information for each survey can be found at <<u>www.census.gov/retail</u>> and <<u>www.census.gov/wholesale</u>>. The advance estimates contained in this report are not incorporated into the full MRTS and MWTS time series.

The MRTS and MWTS samples selected to measure inventories consist of a stratified simple random sampling method of approximately 11,000 retail firms and 4,200 wholesale firms located in the United States. The retail and wholesale samples include firms of all sizes and are updated on a quarterly basis to account for new retail and wholesale firms, deaths, and other changes to the universe.

Data for nonresponding firms are imputed based on data for similar-sized firms classified in the same kind of business. For surveyed Retail companies, approximately 45.4 percent provided data for this reporting period resulting in a total quantity response rate of 58.6 percent. For surveyed Wholesale companies, approximately 57.1 percent provided data for this reporting period resulting in a total quantity response rate of 62.0 percent.

MRTS estimates cover companies with one or more establishments that sell merchandise and related services to final consumers. Nonemployers are represented in the retail estimates through benchmarking to prior annual survey estimates that include nonemployer sales based on administrative records.

MWTS estimates cover wholesale merchants who sell goods on their own account and include such businesses as wholesale merchants or jobbers, industrial distributors, exporters, and importers. Sales offices and branches maintained by manufacturing, refining, or mining firms for the purpose of marketing their products are not covered in this report. Also excluded is NAICS Industry Group 4251: Wholesale Electronic Markets and Agents and Brokers.

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## **Reliability of Estimates**

Because the retail and wholesale estimates are based on a sample survey, they contain sampling error and nonsampling error.

Sampling error is the difference between the estimate and the result that would be obtained from a complete enumeration of the sampling frame conducted under the same survey conditions. This error occurs because only a subset of the entire sampling frame is measured in a sample survey. Standard errors and coefficients of variation are estimated measures of sampling variation.

The margin of sampling error gives a range about the estimate which is a 90 percent confidence interval. If, for example, the percentage change estimate is  $\pm 1.2$  percent and its estimated standard error is 0.9 percent, then the margin of sampling error is  $\pm 1.753 \times 0.9$  percent or  $\pm 1.6$  percent, and the 90 percent confidence interval is  $\pm 0.4$  percent to  $\pm 0.4$  percent. If the interval contains 0, then one does not have sufficient evidence to conclude at the 90 percent confidence level that the change is different from zero and therefore the change is not statistically significant. Estimated changes are statistically significant unless otherwise noted. For a monthly total, the estimated coefficient of variation is given. The resulting confidence interval is the estimated value  $\pm 1.753 \times CV \times (the estimated monthly total)$ .

Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate. This type of error can occur because of nonresponse, insufficient coverage of the universe of businesses, mistakes in the recording and coding of data, and other errors of collection, response, coverage, or processing. Although nonsampling error is not measured directly, the Census Bureau employs quality control procedures throughout the process to minimize this type of error.

The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that individuals using retail and wholesale estimates incorporate this information into their analyses, as sampling error and nonsampling error could affect the conclusions drawn from the estimates.

#### **Adjustments for Seasonal Variations**

Concurrent seasonal adjustment is used to adjust the retail and wholesale inventories estimates for seasonal variations. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses all available unadjusted estimates as input to the X-13ARIMA-SEATS program. The factors derived from the program are applied to the retail and wholesale estimates of current and previous month inventories and for inventories estimates a year ago as well.

**Statement Regarding Natural Disasters:** For information on the impact of natural disasters, including hurricanes, on the compilation of this report, please see < <u>Wholesale Natural Disaster FAQs</u>> and < <u>Retail Natural Disaster FAQs</u>>.

## **Data Availability**

The Advance Economic Indicators Report is available at <<u>www.census.gov/econ/indicators/index.html</u>>. For archived versions of the Advance Economic Indicators Report please visit the Historical Data tab at the following: <<u>www.census.gov/econ/indicators/historical\_data.html</u>>.

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#### **RESOURCES**

#### API

The Census Bureau's application programming interface lets developers create custom apps to reach new users and makes key demographic, socio-economic and housing statistics more accessible than ever before. <a href="https://www.census.gov/developers">www.census.gov/developers</a>>

## **FRED Mobile App**



Receive the latest updates on the nation's key economic indicators by downloading the FRED App < <a href="fred.stlouisfed.org/fred-mobile">fred.stlouisfed.org/fred-mobile</a>> for both Apple and Android devices. FRED, the signature database of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, now incorporates the Census Bureau's 13 economic indicators.

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- \* The 90 percent confidence interval includes zero. There is insufficient statistical evidence to conclude that the actual change is different from zero.
- ° Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable for this survey.

(R) Revised from the last published Monthly Retail Trade Report and Monthly Wholesale Trade: Sales and Inventories Report

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Table 1. U.S. International Trade in Goods by Principal End-Use Category (1) In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to seasonal adjustment and rounding. (X) - Not applicable

	Goods - Census Basis (2)								
	Monthly				Percent change				
	July 2023	June 2023	May 2023	July 2022	July 2023/ June 2023	June 2023/ May 2023	July 2023/ July 2022		
	(a)	2023	2023	2022	Julic 2025	Widy 2023	July 2022		
Seasonally Adjusted									
Balance	-91,175	-88,829	-91,603	-89,629	(X)	(X)	()		
Exports	164,789	162,428	162,531	180,767	1.5	-0.1	-8		
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	12,345	12,427	12,417	15,284	-0.7	0.1	-19		
Industrial Supplies (3)	57,727	56,415	57,114	76,162	2.3	-1.2	-24		
Capital Goods	49,552	49,792	49,037	48,161	-0.5	1.5	2.		
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	16,736	15,169	15,223	14,164	10.3	-0.4	18.		
Consumer Goods	21,290	21,197	21,579	20,355	0.4	-1.8	4.		
Other Goods	7,140	7,428	7,160	6,641	-3.9	3.7	7.		
Imports	255,964	251,257	254,134	270,395	1.9	-1.1	-5.		
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	16,881	16,232	15,911	16,965	4.0	2.0	-0.		
Industrial Supplies (3)	52,287	54,139	56,312	70,716	-3.4	-3.9	-26		
Capital Goods	71,427	69,441	71,713	72,799	2.9	-3.2	-1.		
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	39,658	38,664	37,365	33,054	2.6	3.5	20.		
Consumer Goods	64,477	61,941	61,498	67,215	4.1	0.7	-4.		
Other Goods	11,235	10,841	11,335	9,646	3.6	-4.4	16.		
Not Seasonally Adjusted									
Balance	-96,253	-90,881	-97,221	-95,011	(X)	(X)	()		
Exports	159,134	167,232	167,128	175,897	-4.8	0.1	-9.		
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	11,272	11,736	12,616	13,571	-4.0	-7.0	-16.		
Industrial Supplies (3)	57,979	57,927	59,787	76,658	0.1	-3.1	-24.		
Capital Goods	48,386	52,005	48,916	47,624	-7.0	6.3	1.		
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	15,003	15,536	16,448	12,823	-3.4	-5.5	17.		
Consumer Goods	19,545	22,459	22,055	18,704	-13.0	1.8	4.		
Other Goods	6,949	7,568	7,305	6,517	-8.2	3.6	6.		
Imports	255,387	258,114	264,349	270,907	-1.1	-2.4	-5.		
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	16,640	16,747	17,377	16,688	-0.6	-3.6	-0.		
Industrial Supplies (3)	54,336	56,915	60,832	72,938	-4.5	-6.4	-25		
Capital Goods	71,280	72,941	73,821	72,614	-2.3	-1.2	-1		
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	38,400	38,985	38,312	32,105	-1.5	1.8	19.		
Consumer Goods	64,072	61,614	62,624	67,368	4.0	-1.6	-4.		
Other Goods	10,661	10,912	11,384	9,195	-2.3	-4.1	15.		

(a) Advance statistics

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, August 30, 2023.

<sup>(1)</sup> For a listing of the detail included in each end-use category, see < www.census.gov/foreign-trade/reference/codes/enduse/exeumstr.txt>.

<sup>(2)</sup> Data are presented on a Census basis. The information needed to convert to a balance of payment basis is not available.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes petroleum and petroleum products.

<sup>\*</sup> Current month statistics reflect nearly complete coverage; current month statistics reflecting complete coverage will be published in the upcoming U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services report (FT-900). Statistics for other months shown reflect complete coverage and appear in the most recently

<sup>\*</sup> For information on data sources, nonsampling errors, and definitions, see the explanatory notes in this release or at <www.census.gov/econ/indicators/advance\_report.pdf>.

# Table 2. Levels and Percent Changes for Inventories

Inventories estimates are shown in millions of dollars. Estimates are based on data from the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey and the Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

	Inventories						
	Monthly			Percent change			
	July	June	July	July 2023/	June 2023/	July 2023/	
	2023	2023	2022	June 2023	May 2023	July 2022	
	(a)	(r)	(r)				
<u>Adjusted</u> <sup>1</sup>							
Merchant wholesale <sup>2</sup> trade, total	903,128	903,962	898,269	-0.1	-0.7	0.5	
Durable goods	562,130	563,573	534,498	-0.3	-0.3	5.2	
Nondurable goods	340,998	340,389	363,771	0.2	-1.2	-6.3	
Retail trade, total	784,051	781,648	750,583	0.3	0.5	4.5	
Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	561,304	560,905	568,580	0.1	0.2	-1.3	
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	222,747	220,743	182,003	0.9	1.3	22.4	
Not Adjusted							
Merchant wholesale <sup>2</sup> trade, total	890,225	895,209	883,184	-0.6	-1.0	0.8	
Durable goods	566,489	565,195	538,849	0.2	-0.2	5.1	
Nondurable goods	323,736	330,014	344,335	-1.9	-2.3	-6.0	
Retail trade, total	767,480	775,900	733,556	-1.1	0.6	4.6	
Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	548,905	552,165	555,726	-0.6	0.1	-1.2	
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	218,575	223,735	177,830	-2.3	1.7	22.9	

<sup>(</sup>a) Advance estimate

See footnotes and notes at the end of Table 3.

# Table 3. Estimated Measures of Sampling Variability

Estimates are shown as percents and are based on data from the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey and the Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

	Inventories						
		Monthly		Standard Error of			
	Coefficient of Variation			Percent Change			
	July	June	July	July 2023/	June 2023/	July 2023/	
	2023	2023	2022	June 2023	May 2023	July 2022	
	(a)	(r)	(r)				
Merchant wholesale <sup>2</sup> trade, total Durable goods	2.1 3.0	2.1 3.0		0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1	0.6 0.8	
Nondurable goods	1.7	1.7	1.5	0.2	0.3	0.8	
Retail trade, total Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	1.2 1.5	1.3 1.5	0.9 1.1	0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1	0.4 0.4	
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	1.7	1.7	1.6	0.2	0.2	1.0	

<sup>(</sup>a) Advance estimate (r) Revised estimate

#### NOTES:

Estimated measures of sampling variability are based on estimates not adjusted for seasonal variation. Additional information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, sample design, and definitions may be found at

<www.census.gov/wholesale/www/how\_surveys\_are\_collected/monthly\_methodology.html> for wholesale and at <www.census.gov/retail/mrts/how\_surveys\_are\_collected.html> for retail.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, August 30, 2023.

<sup>(</sup>r) Revised estimate

<sup>(1)</sup> Estimates are concurrently adjusted for seasonal variation and trading day differences, but not for price changes. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses all available not adjusted estimates as input to the X-13ARIMA-SEATS program. The factors derived from the program are used in calculating all seasonally adjusted estimates shown in this table.

<sup>(2)</sup> The 2012 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) defines merchant wholesalers as including manufacturers' sales branches and offices. However, the estimates included in this release exclude manufacturers' sales branches and offices. Note that this is not a change in coverage from prior releases and is consistent with the description used in the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey data products.