CLASS OF POPULATION.			1900-1910		TION.	
	1910	1900	Number.	Per cent.	1910	1900
Total population . White. Negro. Indian. Chinese. Japanese. All other Hindus s Koreans. Filipinos Maoris	71,531 72,157 3,175 2,545 462	75, 994, 575 66, 809, 196 8, 833, 994 237, 196 89, 863 24, 326	15, 977, 691 14, 922, 761 993, 769 28, 487 —18, 332 47, 831 3, 175	21.0 22.3 11.2 12.0 -20.4 196.6	100.0 88.9 10.7 0.3 0.1 0.1 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	100.0 87.9 11.6 0.3 0.1 (2)
Total native Total foreign born		65,653,299 10,341,276	12,803,081 3,174,610	19.5 30.7	85.3 14.7	86.4 13.6
Total white. Native Native parentage. Foreign parentage. Mixed parentage Foreign born.	81, 731, 957 68, 386, 412 49, 488, 575 12, 916, 311 5, 981, 526 13, 345, 545	66, 809, 196 56, 595, 379 40, 949, 362 10, 632, 280 5, 013, 737 10, 213, 817	14,922,761 11,791,033 8,539,213 2,284,031 967,789 8,131,728	22.3 20.8 20.9 21.5 19.3 30.7	88,9 74.4 53.8 14.0 6.5 14.5	87.9 74.5 53.9 14.0 6.6 13.4
¹ A minus sign (—) denotes decrease. ² Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent. ³ Pure-blood Hindus belong ethnically to the Caucasian or white race and in several instances have been officially declared to be white by the United States courts in naturalization proceedings. In the United States, however, the popular conception of the term "white" is doubtless largely determined by the fact that the whites in this country are almost exclusively Caucasians of European origin and in view of the fact that the Hindus, whether pure-blood or not, represent a civilization distinctly different from that of Europe, it was thought proper to classify them with non-white Asiatics.						

NUMBER.

PER CENT

DISTRIBU-

INCREASE: 1 1900-1910

Table 2